

CONSERVATIVE POPULAR VOTE REDUCED

Special to the Ontario. Toronto, August 3rd, 1914.—That the vote polled by the Conservative government at the recent Provincial election was less than 54% of the total is shown by deduction from the figures which have just been issued by the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery. The Conservatives received 218,160 votes or slightly less than 54% of the total; the Liberals received 198,169 votes or about 43%; third party candidates, 16,159 votes or slightly less than 4%. The total vote cast was approximately 402,450 as compared with 355,738 in the Provincial General Election of 1911.

The attention of politicians throughout the province is being focussed upon the fact that if proportional representation were in force in this Province the Liberals would have 48 seats in the next house instead of 25; the Independents 4 instead of 2; the Conservatives 59 instead of 84. This would give the government a majority of only six after the appointment of the speaker.

In preparation of these statistics Liberal and Temperance votes have been counted in the same column inasmuch as practically every avowed temperance candidate was directly or indirectly endorsed by the Liberal Executives in the constituency in which they ran. In Toronto, where elections have two votes, only one vote is counted for each elector, and that the highest vote in each riding. The disparity between the aggregate votes in 1914 and 1911—about 107,000—is to a certain extent due to the fact that three years ago there were 18 acclamations and on June 29 there were 4, but if the 1914 figures are counted in for the 18 acclamations of 1911 and the 1911 figures added in for the 4 acclamations this year—which is probably the fairest way of treating the question—it will be seen that this year's vote is about 65,000 in actual figures more than three years ago.

Also it is worthy of notice that the recent provincial vote is within approximately 1% of that same vote which was cast three years ago during the reciprocity campaign and there was only one acclamation in that election. Thus it is observed that this vote is the largest ever polled in any Provincial election in this Province, exceeding, if allowances are made for acclamations, by almost 45,000 the total vote in 1905 which was the record up to that time.

ADDRESS AT MEDICAL ASS'N.

We have been requested to publish the following address delivered at the last meeting of the Ontario Medical Association by the president, Chas. F. McGillivray, M.A., M.B., Whitby:

Sir James Wilton, in his short address at the opening ceremonies of the new general hospital, announced that the Provincial legislature had decided to appoint a commission to investigate the whole subject of medical education and the practice of medicine in the province. Two most important questions over which so many words have been said, viz., medical education and what constitutes the practice of medicine, "firm medicine," and Sir James in his announcement, "will include all plans or means of alleviating or curing human defects, disorders, diseases or wounds. The powers of the commission will include the right to inquire into the College of Physicians and Surgeons, of all universities, colleges and schools and the teaching therein; also of the osteopaths, dentists, opticians, Christian Scientists and members of any other class or order engaged in the practice of any branch of medicine." This announcement of the Premier was a most satisfying one. Whether or not such a commission would be helpful in solving the vexed problem of what is absolutely essential in the way of medical education of the future practitioner is very doubtful, for the view of those physicians graduated by the College of Physicians and Surgeons and the views of the irregular practitioner are as far apart as the poles. Let me illustrate the difference by a concrete example of two boys from my own town in small communities. It is easy to follow the career of our boys, Orl. B., passed up through the high school, matriculated into Queen's University, took two years in Arts, then took the double course of Arts and Medicine and graduated this year B.A. and M.D. At the end of his six years' university course, standing on the threshold of the practice of medicine, knowing his own limitations and disadvantages, conscious of how little he knows of the great field of medicine, he knows which way before him, much of which is still a veritable terra incognita. He has resolved on an inter-visit of study and has become an internic of one of the Montreal hospitals. The other young man, C. D., barely reached the fourth reader in the Public School, never got within walking distance of the High School, went into life, got married, married a nurse, is said to have taken a six months' course in Chiropraxy by correspondence. Then hung out his shingle in one of our flourishing western towns as a full-fledged, duly qualified Chiropractor, and in the case of the former young man, conscious of his own limitations, but bold, aggressive, cock-

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sure; the poet's maxim: "A little learning is a dangerous thing. Drink deep or taste not the Pierian Spring" does not appeal to him, and, worst of all, he is recognized by the people as a regularly qualified practitioner. How long will this deplorable difference in the medical education or lack of medical education of the regular and irregular practitioner be allowed to continue? Down through the centuries the medical profession has claimed to be, and has prided itself on being one of the learned professions and this claim down to the present time has been universally recognized as a just claim. How long will the world continue to recognize us as one of the learned professions if the door to our profession is wide open to all who have little or no primary education before the study of medicine is begun and whose technical studies are practically negligible. Let us keep our ideals high, let us strive to live up to the reputations that the centuries have given us.

NOTE—Our Dominion is being invaded by several mushroom medical cults or concerns which claim their origin in the United States. Flexner's Reports for the Carnegie Foundation researches have established the low grade condition of such commercialized medical (?) cults. When we consider the high standard of our medical courses established by our eight universities in the Dominion it is a wonder to educated and thinking men why the correspondence and other graduates of bogus U.S. medical cults are allowed to place "Dr." before their names and practise, when an M.D. of Toronto or Queen's University, if not the possessor of the license of our Provincial College of Physicians and Surgeons would be fined or imprisoned. We blame Sir James for allowing such notions to invade or exist in this our enlightened Province. He would not allow a lawyer, such as to practise law in Ontario.

WELL-KNOWN HOTEL HAS BEEN CLOSED

Thursday last witnessed the closing of the Victoria Hotel, one of the oldest hotels in Tweed, one that might well be termed the daddy of all inns on the road extending from the extreme north to the city of Belleville. Erected over 50 years ago as a licensed house by Mr. Lacroix, of the province of Quebec and it continued so until the advent of local option, since which time it has been conducted as a boarding place, affording excellent accommodation to the farmers both in serving meals and furnishing shed room for horses. In succession the license and ownership of the property passed from Mr. Lacroix into the hands of the late W. O'Connor, the late Felix Gabourie, the late Gustavus Spencer, R. Coulter, Thos. Sexsmith and Levi Bradshaw. Since the local option measure was passed in Tweed Mr. Bradshaw sold to F. W. Cournoyer who afterwards re-sold to Simon. Morrow. Shortly after Mr. Morrow leased the premises to Mr. John Provost who continued furnishing accommodation to the public up to Thursday last when the ownership of the place was transferred to Mr. Felix Raabotte who will have the building remodelled and made into a garage and show rooms, thus closing a public house a place that will be missed in no small degree by a big percentage of the people residing to the north and east of Tweed. The building is by no means a palatial one, but by the many years of accommodation it afforded for its farmers and it is feared by many of our merchants that the closing of its doors and yards may seriously affect trade from the sections above mentioned. Metaphorically speaking, the Victoria Hotel was a veritable free and easy, go as you please, and home of the friends, where a warm welcome was offered to one and all great and small, where as good meals were served as was ever tacked beneath the belt of any one that ever went down the pike, and where the farming population could crowd the waiting rooms in cold weather and toast their shins by a constantly warm hearth without a dissenting murmur being heard from the proprietor, which made for it a most popular stopping place and one that will be greatly missed by its former patrons.—Tweed Advocate

An Oil That is Famous—Through Canada was not the birthplace of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, it is the home of that famous compound. From here its good name was spread to Central and South America, the West Indies, Australia and New Zealand. That is far afield enough to attest its excellence, for in all these countries it is on sale and in demand. Mrs. C. M. B. Holton left for Portland, Maine, today, thence she will go to New York

RUSSIANS IN GERMANY.

Kaiser's Officials Complain of Violation of Assurances. BERLIN, Aug. 3.—An official statement issued yesterday says: "In consequence of a Russian attack on German territory, Germany is in a state of war with Russia."

"The French reply to the German representations is of an unsatisfactory character. "Moreover, France has mobilized, and an outbreak of war with France must, therefore, be reckoned with any day or any moment."

Another statement declares that Russia has invaded Germany during a time of peace, "in flagrant contradiction of Russia's peaceful assurances."

"The Russian column which crossed the frontier at Schwiden was accompanied by artillery. "Two squadrons of Russian Cossacks are riding in the direction of Johannesburg, in East Prussia, fifteen miles from the frontier."

"The Russian patrol which entered near Eichenheid attacked the German guard at the railroad bridge over the Warthe. The attack was repulsed. Two Germans were slightly wounded. "The above information was given out by the Imperial Staff. The staff at the same time said that the invasion near Schwiden showed that war had actually begun. "A French aviator has been dropping bombs from an aeroplane in the neighborhood of Nuremberg, Bavaria, according to an announcement made by the military authorities yesterday. In making this announcement the authorities added that this action was a crime against the rights of man, as there has been no declaration of war.

ITALY STEPS OUT.

She Is Not Bound to Help in Offensive War She Says. PARIS, Aug. 3.—A despatch from Rome says that Italy formally notified the German Ambassador there yesterday evening that she will remain neutral. The text of the despatch follows: "It is authoritatively announced that the Marquis di San Giuliano, Italian Foreign Minister, has informed the German Ambassador at Rome that Italy will remain neutral, her obligations under the Triple Alliance treaty applying only to a defensive war. Italy, therefore, considers herself released from her Austria-Hungary, support by Germany, being essentially an offensive war."

The Cabinet Council yesterday ratified Italy's declaration of neutrality. A further despatch from Chisasso says the Italian Government is undecided whether actively to participate in the struggle, or to remain neutral if the situation permits, making, meanwhile, sub-rosa, all military and naval preparations for defence or possible offence, notwithstanding the strong agitation by the Socialists, who favor abstention, even from preparations. The Socialists challenge the Government, saying that if only one soldier or sailor is sent against France at this time such a revolution will explode throughout Italy as to overthrow the present state of things.

AEROPLANE BROUGHT DOWN.

German Soldiers Succeed in Hitting French Machine. BERLIN, Aug. 3.—A French aeroplane was brought down by German marksmen at Wesel in frontier yesterday.

Saturday night several other hostile air craft were seen in the Rhine province. One was observed flying from Kerpich in the direction of Andernach, 10 miles northwest of Hohenfels. Others were sighted near Duere flying in the direction of Cologne.

Saturday night a hotelkeeper in Kochem and his son tried to blow up the Prussian state railroad tunnel at Kochem. The attempt failed and the men were shot and killed.

Wesel, where the aeroplane was shot down, is about 140 miles from the northeastern frontier of France. While a train was crossing a bridge at Thorn yesterday a passenger tried to throw a bomb from the window of a coach, probably with the hope of destroying the bridge. He was arrested.

JAPAN IS WITH BRITAIN.

She Will Defend Far Eastern Interests Against Attack. TOKIO, Aug. 3.—The Japanese navy has been prepared to meet any emergency, and the Minister of Marine, Vice-Admiral Rokuro Yoshino, Saturday went to Nikko to consult the Emperor on the international situation. In the meantime the second battle squadron had assembled at the naval station, Sasebo.

A Fair Warning.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—In regard to the Far East, the Japanese Ambassador in London said Saturday that as long as the warships belonging to the nations composing the Triple Alliance remained at Tsing-Tau Japan would take no action against them, but should they attack British interests or should Tsing-Tau be attacked, a situation would arise which would be dealt with by Japan in the spirit of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance.

German Liner Is Due.

VANCOUVER, B.C., Aug. 3.—The only German liner in the vicinity of Vancouver is the Saxonia, which is now in Seattle harbor and due in Vancouver this week with a thousand tons of oriental cargo. It is expected that under the present circumstances she will remain in Seattle harbor.

German Beaten Off.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—A late despatch from Paris says that two officers and twenty men of a German patrol were killed at Longwy, and that the German attack was repulsed.

PRICES to MAKE QUICK SALES



Ladies' & Children's Half Price & Less

We have reached the season of the year when space is more valuable to us than goods. The New Fall Goods are arriving and all lines of Summer Goods must be cleared. That's why we offer Ladies', Misses' and Children's Wash Dresses, Shirt Waists, Middy Waists, White Wear, Gowns and Skirts, etc., for the First Week of August at Half Regular Prices.

Dresses, White Skirts, Komper, Waists, Only 39c These are all Wash Garments for Girls, from 1 to 8 years, the Cucie Waists being for Girls from 8 to 14 years, Garments that sold up to \$1.25 each, and we clear this lot during the first week of August, your choice, only 39c each.

Shirt Waists, Gowns, Dressing Sacques and Middy Waists on sale only 69c each This is simply a Clearing Sale Price at which we offer Ladies' White Shirt Waists, White Gambrie Night Gowns, and Girls' Middy Waists, Blue and Cardinal trimmed, Garments from \$1.00 to \$1.50 each, to clear the first week of August, only 69c each.

30 Ladies' and Misses' Dresses, White and Colored, All New Styles, \$4.00 to \$17.50, to Clear at 1-3 Off Regular Prices There are only 30 of these New Dresses, in Ladies' and Misses' sizes, in Crepes, Muslins, Ratines, Cords and Broches, all this season's Best Summer Dresses, at every price from \$4.00 to \$17.50 each, with a large variety of medium prices, and we place this entire lot on sale, Monday, August 3rd at 1-3 off Regular Prices.

White Dresses Half Price We have just a few, about 15 in all. Girls' White Dresses for sizes from 10 to 14 years of age, regular prices from \$4.00 to \$6.00 or clear your choice, Half Price.

New Fall Costumes We are now showing our first shipment of New Fall Costumes, very smart styles of the "Northway Make," most reliable of all Ladies' Costumes, in Style, Fit and Finish. Prices \$17.50 to \$27.50 each.

Ladies' Lisle Hose 35c pr. At this special price, we are clearing a lot of Ladies' Black Silk Lisle Stockings, double sole, toes and heels, in fact they are regular 50c Stocking, on sale for only 35c or 3 pair for \$1.00.

Yard Wide Dress Silks Half Price We have a number of pieces of 36 inch dress Silks, in black and colored grounds in stripe and fancy figured designs, also a few 36 inch shot Silks and 42 inch Satin Foulards, all \$1.25 dress Silks, to clear at 63c yard.

Wash Dresses Less Than Half Price We have one clearing lot of Ladies' and Misses' colored house dresses, also a few colored null dresses, made of the best wash materials and dresses that is sold regularly at \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00 and \$6.50, and we place this lot on sale, for the first week of August. Your choice, \$1.39 each.

Sinclair's First Week of August Sale Sinclair's Prices for Quick Sale

A WINTER SCENE IN THE SCHUSTER CO., LTD., LUMBER YARD. All the Best Grades of LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES, DOORS, FINISH Always on Hand.

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Visit Our Show Room. When in need of first-class Plumbing, Heating or Gas Fitting call on J. H. DeMarsh HAROLD. Harold—we are sorry to report that Mrs. Wm. Rannels who is about 80 years of age had the misfortune to break her arm above the elbow. We hope for a speedy recovery.

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LATEST BRITISH MOBILIS WARD LIKE London Aug. 3.—The French also scored a victory engagement at a port on the L. A corp of French forces the town. with machine the advance. The Uhlans ch were unable to ing fire of the reed in disc of dead on t were among French also to ers. GERMANY FI London Au that the Ger through the R ing in a weste RUSSIANS Rome Aug reported to be mo GERMANY CL London Au the French has issued throwing on ability for the anything whic that Germany and that the t not left Paris Three Ger France. The Rev. F Toronto, fath roche and of ceasing the p Methodist On CANADA Na America's G Acres of Ma Exhibits by Exhibits by Grenadi Dragons' Auto-Polo Circus and Dozen Show Boy Scouts Canada's BA Greatest ever pres Paintings fr United Educational Goods in Pr Athletic Sp Aero-Hydro Grand Wat Creator Score of oth Dozen Band Chesapeake Biggest M Peace Year Internat 10 Bands Aug. 29 TOI