### Cuts Cost of Construction

Taxpavers everywhere have found that lower construction and main tenance costs result from using the Adams Grader, which, by leaning all its weight against the load, moves muck more diet with less power. The

### ADAMS ADJUSTABLE Leaning Wheel GRADER

dirt with less power (mold heard seem and without side draft on the power than any other grader of same length blade

The economy and efficiency of the ADAMS Adjustable Leaning Wheel Grader can be PROVED by TEST on your own reads, before n sale is made. Write for free, illustrated





# Take NO Chance!

#### Be Sure You Are Right Then Go Ahead

If you raise a crop it will have to be threshed, so you cannot afford to take any chances on an old "has been" feeder on your separator. You need the BEST, for the success of threshing depends upon the feeding. PROPER FEEDING results in fast work, freedom from break downs and delays, and assures a successful finish to the year's work. Don't take our word for it—read what the users of the GARDEN CITY FEEDER have to say

Maple Creek, Sask., Nov. 27, 1917

The Garden City Feeder Co., Ltd., Regina, Sask.

The Carrier City Feeder Co., Ltd., Regina, Sask.

Dec See:

Your Sector close all Set claim it to do. I am well astalled with the sector I got less fail. I have threshed all keeps of grain, and it does the work fine. It feeds the machine sector lines a major can feed it. I have had no notion social no engine, and it is just as good as now I have hassined with all hinds of feeders, and the Cention Con Laster as the Seat one. It cannot be been in do fire agott. I have no cleaning up to do after I am finished with a ph.

Last gitter to offere all fireshermen to put on a Cention.

Assert sector.

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Can you say as much for the feeder on your machine?

## THE GARDEN CITY FEEDER CO. Limited

BESHEL SASK

BRUCE DAVISON CO. GARDINER MACHINE CO. Saskatgon, Sask

Particular & STUNKOE CO., Star Strike Stewary, Alex.

We are exclusive agenticles the CostWELL BELT GOYDE SEND ESP FINE CATALOGUE

# Managing The Hired Man

Those are some of the letters re-reived in the competition on The Management of Hired Help. They outline methods that practical farm-ers have found successful in securing and retaining satisfactory hired belp.

We have simmered the method of hiring farm hands down to about the following: Make a written statement of the work to be done. State all details or as many as will give a clear distinct idea of what is to be done, such as the time to feed teams and harness them; time of breakfast; time to begin milking, to feed-phogs and calves; time to start work on the field and to quit for houn; time allowed for dinner; crived in the continue to be in field in the differnoon and quit; time for and retaining satisfactors.

and quit; time for supper, milking, chores and bed-

and quit; time for and retaining satis supper, milking, chores and bedtime. Stipulate that there is to be no running about nights except Saturday night, and that no smoking, drinking or low language is allowed. Be very particular about wages for trial month if a stranger is hired; also for harvest and threshing, two months or by the day. Discount if he fails to fill his time. Make the statement very full, varying it to suit skilled and unskilled and semi-skilled labor; limited to six, seven, eight or nine months or for a year or a number of years. When the applicant has read it, say just how much will be paid for this kind of work. Make the wages all that can be given. Do not auction off the job nor accept an offer. Do the business along recognized business lines—"that is our price for the work." It will easily be seen that this plan begets confidence in the applicant; that he has to do business along business lines. It helps to stop a man hawking about and setting himself up at auction. We find it helps matters very much in making a permanent contract. Men who accept a job on such terms are men who will do the best they can, fill in their time honorably and stay for years. Our last man stayed five years and was more stimulated by the ideal business way of dealing than by any other consideration. At the end of a year he had a "chunk" of cash and put it out at interest at eight per cent. This inspired him to save. He was liberal all the same. He became popular with the young folks. At the end of five years his interest was \$225, and now he is at interest at eight per cent. This inspired him to save. He was liberal all the same. He became popular with the young folks. At the end of five years his interest was \$225, and now he is married and has a quarter section. This is the second young man who stayed five years and is making good. They saved nothing until they hired under the above plan. We have a young fellow under development at present. He has been with us two years and will stay on, barring conscription, when he becomes of age. The plan gets us good, steady men and boys. Of course, when they have proved up and become a unit of the farm, the plan becomes flexible and they become as interested in everything as we are.

How to Treat a Hired Man.

Treat hired men humanly. They are not brutes. They have failings of course. Most men have a finer nature; deep, inward thoughts, sentiments, ambitions to excel and to please; fears lest they are not doing the best they can or ought to do. Inwardly a hired man is asking questions. "There, I've broken off a plow from the gang, struck a sunken stone, horses rather wild, what will the boss say?" He naturally worries, feels bad, can't afford to pay for it; a horrid phalanx of thoughts

what will the boss say?" He naturally worries, feels bad, can't afford to pay for it; a horrid phalanx of thoughts rave in his inner self. What is to be done in such a case? Of course, the boss will be "riled," annoyed, perhaps a "little mad." The man detects this, cote a little rattled makes a muse in boss will be "riled," annoyed, perhaps a "little mad." The man detects this, gets a little rattled, makes a muss in explaining matters and so on. The boss. The first thing for him to do is to get perfect control of himself. Speak not a word. Give the man a chance to explain the accident exactly as it happened; size up the situation and say, "It is near noon, put the team in and feed them. Go to the shop and you'll find a new standard. By that time I'll he back. If not, take off the mould board and put it on the standard and I'll be here in time to help put the whole on the frame." Do not find a word of fault or scold in any way. The man was not to blame, and if he was,

treated thus, he will take care next time it will not be his fault. The chances are the man will become intensely in-terested and painstaking in all his work. He at once feels he is a valued unit in his employer's business. There are many ways of handling men and many things to leave absolutely undone or unsaid. A man at times goes we or unsaid. A man at times goes far as to lose confidence in himself, comes disgusted with his work. "It

not properly done" he mutters to him-self, "I'll never learn to plow right." See to it that he gets a word or so of en-

right. See to it that he gets a factory hired belp. word or so of encouragement. He sure not to spoof or flatter. It is no good and will do harm. Just give him a little heartfelt praise. Take hold of the plow and go around. Show and explain the defects and show how to remedy them. Compare the good points of his furrow slice with yours. This kind of encouragement establishes a man's confidence in himself; perhaps shows him that he is on the right line and so on. Give praise, but do it in such a way that it does not go direct. Speak it to his friend or to someone who will be sure to communicate it to him. Whenever extra jobs have been done and so on, make him a present, a premium other than cash. Last spring an elderly hen of ours suddenly came from "nowhere" with fifteen fluffs, B.P.R.'s; one was lame. Says Mrs. F.: "Harold, if you rear that chick it will be yours." He immediately took over the care of the lot. "Lamey" became a laying pullet. Harold drove a bargain with Mrs. F. and got a big fat rooster. Mrs. F. dressed and stuffed it for him to take to Winnipeg for his and his mother's Christmas dinner. That boy's pride, cestacy and exuberance were unbounded. A \$100 bill would not have given him a tenth part of that pleasure. Such attentions have a sort of enthusing affect on human nature. Be sure, however, that such recognitions have been merited, not earned. There are a few things that must not, under any circumstances, be done. Do not seold, find fault or rate. Do not "bully," irritably order, and so on. Simply treat a hired man as a partner, for after all, such he is. A great many enclaved.

find fault or rate. Do not "bully," irritably order, and so on. Simply treat a hired man as a partner, for after all, such he is. A great many employers full short by airing the faults and shortcomings of their help before children, neighbors, even gossips. It should be an absolute law of the employer that it must not be done. The "airing" is sure to find its way to the ears of the "aired," not in its simple form but magnificiently embellished. Such is dreadfully annoying and discouraging to the man. Nothing simple form but magnificiently embellished. Such is dreadfully annoying and discouraging to the man. Nothing will upset him like that. He does not get it in anything like a truthful form. As he turns it over in his mind he adds to its exaggerations. Even if he outwardly appears to turn it down, set it aside, it unnerves him physically, mentally, morally. If of a low and weak moral stamina, he will worry even to becoming unbalanced mentally and may go so far as to wreak some kind of vengeance. All men have some redeeming features. Therefore, praise the good, but smother the bad. Praises given to merit will lift a man, a platoon, a battalion, a regiment, an army to trimmph and victory. This system is the greatest force today in holding the belligerent armies face to face on the battlefields of Europe. Praetice it on the hired help on the farm.

Sask.

CONSIDERATE TREATMENT PAYS

CONSIDERATE TREATMENT PAYS
(Second Pr.ze Article).

I have had good success as regards hired help and that is my reason for writing this letter. One reason for my success, I was a hired man myself and I think the years I worked out did me a great deal of good. Now I want to say right here with all seriousness the hired man is the most important problem farmers have. Find a satisfied hired man and you will find a prosperous farmer and vice versa. Remember I speak from a hired man's point of view. A hired man exercises a great

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March 20,

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