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empire. He brought his bride to Mackinaw where he built the first house, a spacious and handsome mansion at that time, well furnished and the library filled with many valuable books, globes and works of art. He also had a large store filled with goods, a garden of several acres enclosed by a high pallisade of cedar posts with a gate secured by a strong lock, and a farm on the opposite side of the island, known up till 1846 as the Mitchell farm. The original residence is still standing and is one of the show places of that famous summer resort. This is the house made famous in Mrs. Woolson's story of "Annie," and here Dr. and Mrs. Mitchell raised a large family of sons and daughters, thirteen children, all long since dead. Nearly all received a liberal education, being sent abroad to be educated. The eldest son was a Lieutenant in the Royal Navy and was lost at sea. The second son studied medicine in England and died of a fever in Montreal while on his way home. Another son was a fine mathematician. Two of the daughters married officers in the British army. viz.: Louisa, who married Lieut.-Col. James Matthew Hamilton of the 5th Reg. in 1794, and Elizabeth who became the wife of Capt. L. M. Wardrope of the 81st Reg., 1816, while Jessie, a third daughter, in 1806, married Major Lewis Crawford who commanded the militia at the siege of Mackinaw in 1814. After the British relinquished Mackinaw for the first time in 1796 he was stationed at Fort Watkins for a number of years returning to the former post after its capture by the Canadians in 1812. When Mackinaw was turned over to the Americans for the second time, in 1815, Dr. Mitchell who was a loyal British subject gave his Mackinaw property to his youngest son, William, who married Miss Sophia Crawford, an American lady, in 1827, and removed with the British garrison to the new post at Drummond Island. When the new survey relegated that island to the U.S. territory Dr. Mitchell removed with the British forces to Penetanguishene in 1828 where he spent the remainder of his days, dying in 1830 at the ripe age of 80 years. His remains rest in a nameless grave on the Mitchell farm, now known as the Robb farm. Wm. Mitchell, his youngest son, who never lived in Canada, moved to Green Bay, Wisconsin, and died while on a visit to Chicago at the age of 80 years.

The famous Dr. James Anderson, Surgeon General to the East Indian army at Madras, was an uncle of Surgeon David Mitchell, being his mother's brother, and Mrs. Dr. Turnbull was his step-sister. Dr. Anderson was noted for the zeal and