

any new Regulations and Table or Tables of Fees ; and that all such Rules, Regulations, and Fees, after the same shall have been so made and established or altered, from time to time be entered or enrolled in the Public Books or Records of the said Courts, so far as such Practice and Fees shall relate or apply to each of such Courts respectively.

II. And be it further enacted, That a Copy of every Table of Fees so to be from time to time made and established or altered, shall be laid before the House of Commons within three calendar months next after the making and establishment or alteration thereof respectively, if Parliament shall be then sitting, and if not, then within one calendar month next after the subsequent meeting of Parliament.

III. And be it further enacted, that the several Fees so to be established, and no other, shall, from and after the making and establishment thereof, and the entry and enrollment thereof as aforesaid, be deemed and taken to be the lawful Fees of the several Judges, Officers, Ministers and Practitioners of the said respective Courts ; and such Fees only shall and may be demanded, received and taken accordingly.

IV. And to the intent that all such Regulations and Fees may be promulgated and publicly made known, be it further enacted, That the Judge and Registrar of every such Court shall cause to be kept constantly hung up and preserved in some conspicuous part of every such Court, and in the Office of the Registrar, a copy of the Table of Fees so to be from time to time ordained and established in such Courts respectively, so that the said Table may be seen and read by all persons having any business in any such Court and Office respectively ; and that the books or records containing the entries of the said Regulations and Tables of Fees, as the same shall be in force, shall be at all seasonable times open to the inspection of the Practitioners and Suitors in every such Court.

V. And be it further enacted, that in all cases in which proceedings may be had in any of the said Vice Admiralty Courts, if any person shall feel himself aggrieved by the charges made by any of the Officers or Practitioners therein, and the allowance thereof by such Vice Admiralty Court, by reason that such charges are not warranted by the Tables hereinbefore mentioned, it shall be lawful for such person or his agent, under the Regulations to be established in pursuance of the powers given by this Act, by summary application to the High Court of Admiralty, to have the said charges taxed by the authority thereof.

VI. And whereas in certain cases doubts may arise as to the Jurisdiction of Vice Admiralty Courts in His Majesty's Possessions abroad, with respect to suits for seamen's wages, pilotage, bottomry, damage to a ship by collision, contempt in breach of the Regulations and Instructions relating to His Majesty's Service at sea, salvage, and Droits of Admiralty : Be it therefore enacted, That in all cases where a ship or vessel, or the Master thereof, shall come within the local limits of any Vice Admiralty Court, it shall be lawful for any person to commence proceedings in any of the suits hereinbefore mentioned in such Vice Admiralty Court, notwithstanding the cause of action may have arisen out of the local limits of such Court, and to carry on the same in the same manner as if the cause of action had arisen within the said limits.

At the Court of St. James's, the 27th day of June, 1832.

PRESENT :

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS there was this day read at the Board a Memorial from the Right Honorable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, dated the 19th instant, in the words following, viz :—

“Whereas by an Act passed in the second year of Your Majesty's Reign for the regulation of the practice to be observed in the Suits and Proceedings in the Courts