to vote or refrain from voting at such election, shall be deemed guilty of the offence of treating, and shall forfeit the sum of any person who shall sue for the same with full costs of suit; and every voter who shall corruptly accept or take any such meat. drink. entertainment or provision, shall be incapable of voting at such election, and his vote if given, shall be utterly void and of none effect.

Persons using violence, or intimidation at elections. to be guilty of undue influence. Penalty.

VI. Every person who shall, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, make use of or threaten to make use of any force, violence or restraint, or inflict or threaten the infliction by himself or by or through any other person of any injury, damage, harm 10 or loss, or in any manner practice intimidation upon, or against any nerson, in order to induce or compel such person to vote or refrain from voting or on account of such person having voted or refrained from voting at any election, or who shall impede, prevent, or otherwise interfere with the free exercise of the franchise of any voter, or shall thereby 15 compel, induce, or prevail upon any voter either to give or refrain from giving, his vote at any election, shall be deemed to have committed the offence of unduc influence, and shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall also be liable to forfeit the sum of dollars to any person who shall sue for the same, together with full costs of suit.

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Persons not. excused from answering before Committees, etc., on the ground that answers may criminate them.

VII. No person shall be excused from answering any question put to him in any action, suit, or other proceeding in any Court, or before any Judge, Commissioner, or Select Committee, touching or concerning any election, or the conduct of any person thereat, or in relation thereto, on the ground of any privilege, or on the ground that the answer to such 25 question will tend to criminate such person; but no answer given by any person claiming to be excused on the ground of privilege, or on the ground that such answer will tend to criminate him, shall be used in any criminal proceeding against such person, if the Judge, Commissioner, or Chairman of the Committee, shall give to the witness a cer- 30 tificate that he claimed the right to be excused on either of the grounds aforesaid, and made full and true answers to the satisfaction of the Judge, Commissioner, or Committee.

Hiring vehicles to convey voters to be unlawful. Penalty.

VIII. And whereas doubts may arise as to whether the hiring of teams and vehicles to convey electors to and from the Polls, and the paying of Rail- 35 way Fares and other expenses of voters, be or be not according to Law, it is declared and enacted, that the hiring or paying for any team, carriage, cab, or vehicle, by any candidate, or by any person on his behalf, to convey voters to or from the Poll at any election, or the payment by any candidate or by any person on his behalf of the travelling or other expenses of 40 any voter in going to or returning from any election, shall be illegal acts, and the person so offending shall forfeit the sum of \$30 for each offence, to any person who shall sue for the same, together with full costs of suit.

Non-bribery declaration to be made by Candidates.

IX. Every candidate at any Election of a Member or Members to serve 45 in Parliament shall, on or before the day of nomination, make and subscribe before a Justice of the Peace, or before the Returning Officer, a solemn declaration in the form of schedule A to this Act.

Refusal to be a disqualifica-

X. Every candidate who shall neglect or refuse to make and deliver, or cause to be delivered the said declaration to the Returning Officer 50 on or before the day of nomination as aforesaid, shall be deemed to be disqualified and incapable of being elected or returned at such election,