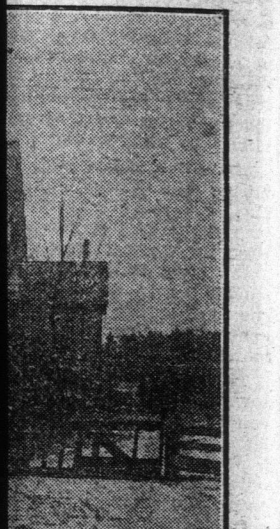


edge and the Press —
"Liar of Prejudice," He
room When the Jury's

language was good, and
to the judge for not giv-
trial. He said they had
condemned last Febru-
Halifax Herald. Every-
of the law, press and peo-
judged against him.
guilty of the dreadful of-
not guilty," he said with
of an innocent of the awful
which I am charged."
up his excited and bitter
saying: "I am tired
of the altar of prej-
udice."



MURDER TOOK PLACE

heard Stanley patiently,
him he had had a fair
no doubt he was guilty,
the verdict of the jury
then passed the senten-
on him as follows:—
taken from hence to the
penitentiary in Windsor jail,
then to the place of execu-
tion on the 10th day of August, 1906,
between the hours of one
morning and high noon,
Lord have mercy on your

THE
POLICY
and Makes Charges
the Government in
Only Last a Week.

act the government and
be glad to hear them.
suggested none. Mr.
country knew the con-
public lands had been
under the present gov-
ment, which alienated
to be land administration
ment. He would not
of the opposition
need for further im-
to promote the growth

claimed that timber
properly disposed of. In
conservatives gave
timber rights for north-
western companies. Be-
lieves had been sold fifty
for fifteen thousand
equal amount to Melish
twenty thousand dol-
lars had alienated
of timber for \$125,
dinars only 5,248 miles,
and therefor \$453,947.
complained that a
of an acre had been too
the Saskatchewan Co.
Olivier had been, with
wanted a million acres
suit against the govern-
ment to take back land
a half an acre. The
going to vote for Mr.
of confidence resolu-
ment for the way it
of the lands were the
me of them, who were
supporters of the con-
ment, which alienated
of western lands to
of tied up half of the
domain for twenty
of the old govern-
ment settlers being
west. The operations
government had re-
the west with thrift.

SPAIN'S NEW QUEEN CALMLY WATCHED ROYAL BULL FIGHT

Although Another Attack was Expected on the Lives of King Alfonso and His Bride, Everything Passed Off Quietly—The Event Was Disappointing to the Spaniards.

MADRID, June 2.—The royal bull-fight this afternoon was the climax of the great fetes and for the time being Madrid forgot the horrors of the attempt on the lives of the royal couple, amid the brilliancy and excitement of this national pastime.

It was feared there would be another outrage at the event, but everything passed off very quietly. King Alfonso and Queen Victoria were continuously the centre of enthusiastic popular ovations.

The amphitheatre presented a wonderful scene of vibrating color. The arena was carpeted with flowers, which a sharp wind carried about in eddies until the ring was cleared for the combat. Around the circle rising tier on tier, were seated thousands of persons with the royal box dominating the spectacle.

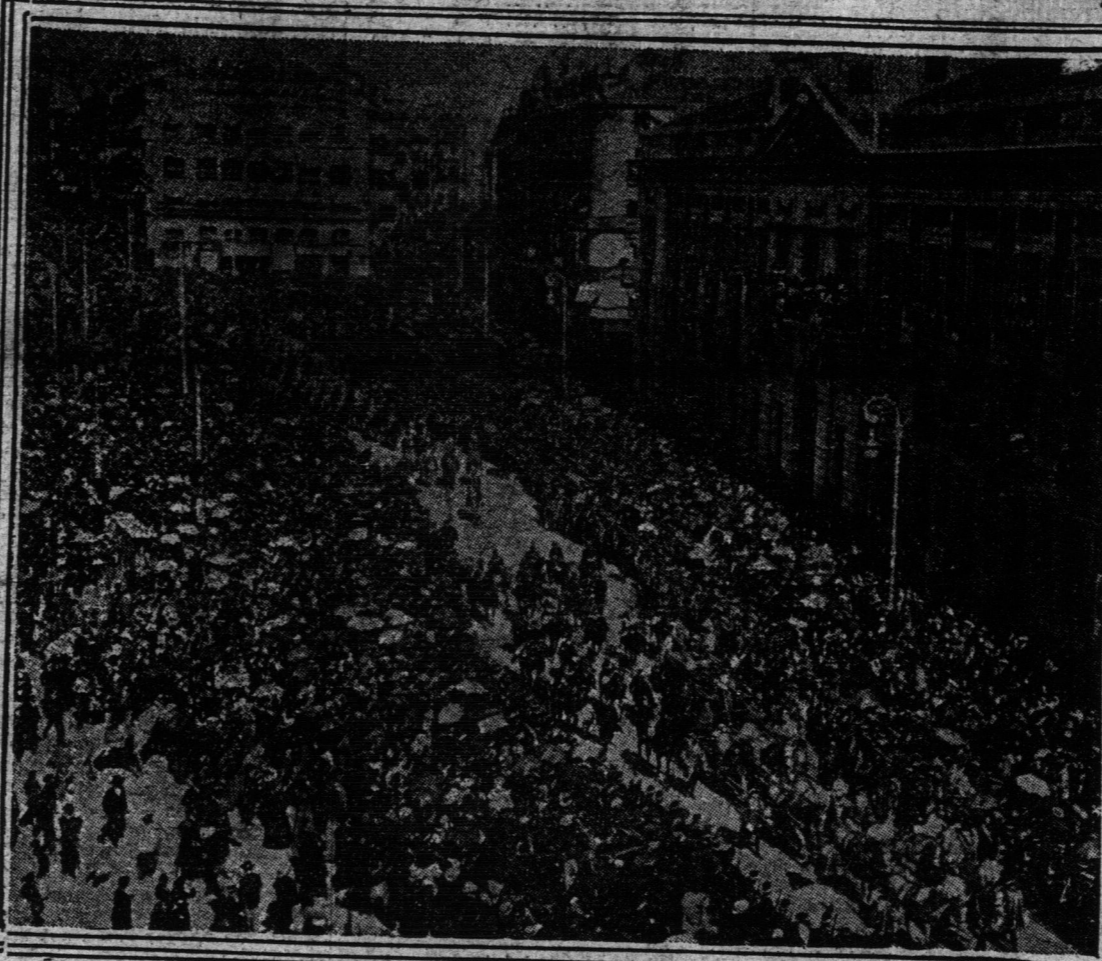
At four o'clock King Alfonso and Queen Victoria entered their box and looked out upon the shouting multitude. Much sympathy was felt for the queen undergoing this further ordeal. The bull fight itself was a disappointment to the Spaniards, as some of the usual blood curdling features were omitted, probably as a concession to the queen. She witnessed the scene without a least outward evidence of emotion. One mad-dogged bull literally tore a horse to pieces under the railing of the royal box from which Victoria looked down without shrinking. Eight bulls were dispatched, four of them by cavaliers chosen from the first families of Spain.

The British official delegation did not attend the bull fight, owing to the susceptibilities of the British public against this kind of sport. Most of the prince's envoys were present. The American special envoys P. W. Whitridge, Minister Collier and Miss Whitridge attended.

Tonight the king and queen received the princes and envoys at the palace, the reception taking the place of the royal ball, which was cancelled because of the recent calamity. A reward of \$5,000 has been offered for the apprehension of the author of the bomb outrage. There is not the slightest clue to his identity. Judge Vallo today interrogated Robert Hamilton, the Englishman suspected, for an hour, after which he was released, as his innocence was clear. The arrest of the Englishman is causing a deep undercurrent of British resentment and has also revived the animosity of the ignorant Spaniards against the British, as the latter blindly assert that Queen Victoria's coming to Madrid was the main cause of the attempt on the king's life. The proprietor of the boarding house at which Mercedes, the chief suspect, stop-ped, has recognized him by a photograph as being a noted anarchist named Navarro, who was one of the suspects after the attempt on the Spanish king's life when his majesty visited Paris last year.

The programme for the royal bull fight was unusually elaborate, for be-

Scene in Madrid's Square Where Throngs Cheered The Royal Sovereigns After Their Escape



Crowd in the Puerta del Sol

MADRID, June 4.—The military review was followed by a musical competition this afternoon and a gala ball tonight at the palace of the Duchess Fernandina, which was attended by the members of the Spanish royal family and the visiting princes and envoys.

The newspapers of Madrid are chiefly giving their attention to the need of measures for the protection of society against anarchy, but point out the difficulties which even the freest countries, such as the United States and France, have experienced in re-

NORTH ATLANTIC TRADING CO'S SECRET WILL BE KEPT

Parliament Decides Government Must Keep Sifton's Promise to the Company—Laurier Offered to Show R. L. Borden the Names—Government Majority Was Forty-Eight.

(Special to the Sun.)
OTTAWA, June 4.—The house today discussed a proposal to summon W. T. R. Preston before the bar of the house to tell who comprise the North Atlantic Trading Company, to which Canada has been paying a subsidy of \$5 a head for agricultural immigrants from continental Europe.

In support of this Mr. Monk reviewed the evidence given before the committee. Parliament was able to compel recalcitrant witnesses to answer questions. Mr. Preston had said he could give the names, but would not, as they had been given to him under the seal of secrecy, he would not. Mr. Monk said it was beyond the authority of the representative of the government to make such a contract with secrecy as an element. The contract provided that agents should obey the laws of the countries in which they operated. Therefore it was not necessary to keep their names.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in reply, said there was no question as to parliament's power to compel the evidence. But Mr. Preston had answered all questions but one. He could not give the names because the relations with them were made on the pledge that their names should not be disclosed. The agricultural committee had deemed it advisable to force Mr. Preston to disclose the names. Sir Wilfrid had always taken the position that it was well to support the decision of committees unless public interest dictated otherwise. It was not known if the names of the firm, which had been sending immigrants to Canada were made known to the governments of the continental countries in which they were operating would prosecute them. If the minister authorized the pledge of secrecy to be given was to blame, than the government was to blame, but he submitted with all deference to the position that if there was anything in which any British country prides itself was that its word once given was not to be broken. That was the position this government took in the matter.

The opposition wanted the names of the company, which had been carried by 95 to 47, a majority of 48. Mr. Bourassa, Mr. Verville and Mr. La-vergne of Montmagny voted against the amendment.

Sir Wilfrid made a brief statement of the ministerial changes before adjournment. Mr. Borden asked if the government intended to bring in a bill to amend the ministerial pension act. Sir Wilfrid said it did.

HON. H. R. EMMERSON SPEAKS IN MONCTON

Optimistic Views in Regard to the Future of the Town—The I. C. R. Shops

MONCTON, June 4.—At a banquet held in the evening tonight under the auspices of the Christian Brotherhood of the First Baptist church H. R. Emerson, minister of railways and canals, made glowing prophecies as to Moncton's future and also spoke in reference to the rebuilding of the new I. C. R. workshops, making the definite announcement that plans for the new buildings were now in Moncton and the call for tenders for the erection of the new shops for the I. C. R. would probably be issued tomorrow.

The first of the new buildings to be erected, Mr. Emerson said, will be a concrete car repair shop. "As for the reconstruction of the shops and works at Moncton," said the speaker, "if I had given up every time there was a cold breath and blast of opposition against me we would not be calling for tenders tomorrow, and I want to say in very fact that two hundred and fifty acres of land have been purchased for the purpose of constructing large works and extending tracks and making great railway yards to prepare for the future that is sure to come in connection with the trans-continental."

Mr. Emerson delivered an eloquent speech, dealing briefly with the different railway topics and extolling the work of Christian brotherhood in connection with the railway. The banquet was one of the most successful ever held in Moncton, being attended by more than eight hundred people, including a large number from outside points. Among the speakers were Mayor Sleeves, H. J. Logan, M. E. Amherst, Rev. S. W. Cummings, of Amherst, and Rev. G. E. Whitehouse, organizer of the brotherhood. Every one of the speakers referred in laudatory terms to the splendid work which the brotherhood was doing.

Plans for the future were discussed by Pastor Whitehouse in an eloquent address, in which he prophesied a great future for the organization and in a few years a ten or fifteen thousand dollar hall.

An orchestra was present and a musical programme carried out.

CANADA SHOULD SELECT HER POPULATION FOR WEST, SAYS HON. J. J. HILL; NO NEED TO HURRY

Railroad Magnate Tells of Plans of His Company in Regard to Railroad Building in Canada—Only Squaring Things Up With the C. P. R.—Refers to Essentials of a Good Harbor—A Farming Population More Patriotic Than Any Other.

(Special to the Sun.)
OTTAWA, June 4.—J. J. Hill, head of the Great Northern railway of the United States, was the guest of the Canadian Club today, and spoke on railroad building in the United States and Canada. He said Canada had almost all the available space for population that was left. "You have in the Northwest all that is left of the unoccupied land in the world, the man who followed the plow, the nearer the level one got with a railway the easier the law of gravitation was overcome. The grade of a railway fixes its ability to earn money, and it was of just as much importance to the public to have a railway with a low grade as it was to have the St. Lawrence river dredged, or to have a harbor deepened. Level railroads and deep harbors were the essentials of today. Would anybody undertake to build a great city on a harbor where the depth of water was only 15 or 20 feet? Fifty years ago that was sur-prised. But today you could not do it with less than 35 feet. We have sent out ships from Seattle," observed Mr. Hill, "drawing that depth of water."

"What we expect to do in the Canadian northwest," continued Mr. Hill, "is to furnish railway accommodation to that part of the country between Winnipeg and the Rocky Mountains. When we reach Winnipeg we connect with the Grand Trunk Pacific or the C. P. R., and we will be happy with either. We expect to get a line from the Pacific to Whitepoint on the Grand Trunk Pacific does."

The Canadian Pacific has from twenty-one hundred to twenty-two hundred miles of railroad in the United States and no one has protested. Our building this line through the Canadian Northwest will even things up a little better. We want you to give us room according to our belt."

Mr. Hill referred to the construction of the Georgian Bay canal, the cost of which he had been told would be only from fifty to fifty-five millions and allow ships drawing twenty-two feet of water to go from Lake Huron and tons, which represents four hundred thousand bushels. This is three thousand dollars freight on a cargo each trip. That kind of shipping would be very remunerative. Not only the wheat from the Canadian Northwest but the grain of the United States from all points north of Kansas City would come this way easier than any other way during the season of open navigation.

Mr. Hill advised Canadians to stop stoppage feeding the Northwest, as it was now in a position to grow up strong and healthy without material assistance. "Keep your old flag flying to the last tatter. Your record in a good one and it will always be bettered by keeping in view the fact that men who build and are building Canada are those who follow the plow. They are the men to make a nation strong and vigorous."

BISHOP KINGDON RESTING EASIER

CHARLOTTETOWN'S WELCOME TO ALBANI

FRÉDERICTON, N. B., June 4.—Bishop Kingdon this evening is resting a little more comfortably this afternoon; he rallied somewhat and his pulse became steadier, but his condition still remains critical. The early morning hours are the most anxious ones since his illness. His lordship's vitality has gradually grown less and less strong in mind. He is kept as quiet as possible, and none are allowed to enter his room outside of his physician and nurse. His daughter arrived from Windsor on this evening's train, accompanied by Mrs. Street, the wife of the sub-dean, who went to Saint John this morning to meet her. Her arrival is unknown to the bishop and will not likely be made known, as in his present condition the least excitement may have bad results.

(Special to the Sun.)
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., June 4.—Never has Charlottetown been the scene of so successful an entertainment as the Albanian concert here this evening. Market hall, the largest auditorium in the province, was completely filled, including all the standing room and seats on the stage. The vast audience, which represented the entire island, was most appreciative, and the concert was a great success artistically as it met surely have been financially. Charlottetown feels proud of the reception which has been accorded the great prima donna here, and it must have compared favorably with that received in other places.

When Albany arrived Saturday night, a demonstration was tendered her by over 4,000 citizens, headed by the 4th Regiment Band. The street from the station to the hotel was lined with the cheering thousands. On arriving at the hotel, Madame Albanian appeared on the balcony and waved her thanks to the thousands below, who gave three hearty cheers for the great Canadian singer. The party leave in the morning for Wolfville, where the last concert in the Canadian tour will be given.

STOLE I. C. R. TIES, GOT ONE MONTH IN JAIL

(Special to the Sun.)
QUEBEC, June 4.—Complaints have been made of late that a large number of new railway ties belonging to the Intercolonial, had been disappearing, and on Saturday Chief Detective Williams, of the I. C. R., visited three residents of St. Jean, Chrysostrone, who were brought before Judge Chauveau and sent to jail for one month, without the option of a fine.

CHICAGO, June 4.—Following the message of President Roosevelt to congress, Commissioner of Health Whelan announced that he will at once order a sanitary inspection of the stock yards.

SCREEN DOORS

Do not let the Flies catch you unawares.
If your screen doors and windows are on early think of the trouble saved.
Sizes—2-8x6-8, 2-10x6, 10, 3x7
Prices—75c., \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 each
SCREEN DOOR SETS.
Including—1 Pair of Hinges and Screws, 1 Brass Door Pull, 1 Brass Hook and Eye, 20c. each.
Screen Door Checks, 70c. each.
Mallory Door Fasteners for Keeping the Door Shut, 20c. each.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Limited, MARKET SQUARE, ST. JOHN, N. B.