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SUN PRINTING COMPANY.

ALFRED MARKHAM,

# THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN

ST. JOHN, N. B., JULY 4, 1900.

DOMINION DAY.

The thirty-third anniversary of the confederation of the Canadian provinces finds the people of the dominion with additional cause to congratulate each other, and to praise the widom and foresight of those who conceived and consummated the union. That union was necessary to the best development of a national life on the northern half of this continent, and to the growth of that broader imperial sentiment which now pervades the minds of men in all parts of aler Majesty's realm.

When we pause to consider the as pect of affairs in the empire thirty odd years ago, and make a comparison with the conditions of today, we find abundant cause for pride and thankfulness. Not that the record of the intervening years is unmarred by error, but because the summing up shows that the empire has gained in all that makes for the general welfare, has gained in prestige among the nations and has strengthened the and the west that gold, silver and lead bonds which unite the mother country to her colonies and dependencies. We have drawn appreciably nearer the time when some of these colonies will development. be regarded as sister nations, in the greatest federation the world has

known. We are inclined to dwell especially upon the events of the past year, and ish that the Montreal Witness dethe imperial movement. But that year has only gathered up at a fortui- because a department of the governtous moment the forces which have ment was responsible. been in process of development for many years, and has revealed to us and to the world the vast significance of those influences, operating over a world-wide area, and tending steadenthusiasm for the empire which a very foolish course, for the longer characterized the opening of the recent war.

Canada has entered upon a new relation with the mother country and the rest of the empire. The blood covenant scaled on South African veldt and kop has opened a new era in imperial history.

In Canada the national anniversaryfinds the people generally prosperous, and looking hopefully to the future. Differences of political opinion we have and must have, and divergent views respecting matters of public policy of administration. But it is possible to differ strenuously from a government as to a policy or a measure, and argue that a change is needed, without overlooking or minimizing the fact that the genius of our people cannot be destroyed by legislative enactment or overcome by faulty administration. It is good to be a citizen of Canada, since nowhere is citizenship associated with more of real freedom in every department of worthy effort.

ABUSED FOR LOYALTY.

The collector of customs at St. Johns, Quebec, has been attacked by two French-Canadian journals because he resented the pro-Boer talk of some of his neighbors. Collector Wood has will even exceed that of last season. felt it necessary to take note of the attack, and has written the following stinging letter to the St. John's News :

Sir,-After reading the attack made upon me in a recent number of the Canadian Francais, of this town, and the exaggerated statement in La Patrie, of the 26th instant, it becomes recessary for me to place myself in a proper light before those people whose respect I covet.

Living in a community where onehalf of the citizens at least are Boer sympathizers, who have talked treason every day since the war in South Africa began, and have gloated over Africa began, and have gloated over every misfortune that has befallen the British arms, it is not to be wondered that a man, who was born a loyal British subject, and has continued to

whould become enreged at

npathizers say that the govern-nt had no right to send men to uth Africa; that our brave soldler had no busine not one of them would ever re-British hung several like him in and that they ought to have

Now, if the "cap fits" the editor of Canada Francais or any others who read this, he or they are at liberty

alor Relietier, Dr. Fiset, and the her brave French Canadian boys to went to South Africa; whose acoms have been such that all loyal itish subjects are justly proud of

clusion I may say that I have a civil servant for more than en years, and have been sober and attentive to my business, and have not lefrauded the government to the value of a farthing, and if under these circumstances the government sees fit to miss me from the service because I am loyal and have lived up to the oath of allegiance which I have taken, and am unwilling to listen to disloyal talk without protesting against it, I must submit, but I shall not hang my head in shame, nor be obliged to seek a refuge in a foreign country.

WHEAT CROP GUTLOOK IMPROV-ING.

Bradstreets, Toronto, in its review on June 30th says of the Manitoba

Showers through the wheat belt in Manitcba have improved the crop outlook, but Winnipeg business firms are satisfied that the damage already done will greatly impair the general outlook for trade. The opinion that the wheat crop will be reduced about 50 per cent. appears to be pretty unanimous. Many farmers have ploughed up their wheat felds. The implement and machinery men report that their business will suffer considerably. Interest rates are firmer. In southwestern and western parts of Manitoba, in the Dauphin and Swan river districts, and in the Territories there has been enough rain to ensure better crops than can be hoped for in other sections of Manitoba.

Timber News of Liverpool says that timber merchants have put off chartering so long in the hope of getting lower rates that there is now an extremely active demand for tonnage, especially for the Baltic, although Canadian trade also figures in the case. Freights have sharply advanced, and much higher rates prevail than those of a few menths ago.

A Montreal trade paper states that it is the opinion of English and American experts who have been looking over the ground in both Nova Scotia fancy, and the mineral wealth of the dominion is destined to have a great

When some members of parliament recently visited the new harbor works at Montreal Mr. Tarte's friends had so many French flags and so few Britthe great impulse these have given to scribed the display as lacking in decency, and the more to be condemned

That Lord Roberts does not take the public fully into his confidence does not imply any lack of energy on his part in the face of the irritating tactics ily toward the splendid outburst of of the Boers. The latter are pursuing they continue what they must know is a hopeless struggle the less consideration they will deserve.

> Mr. Tarte has succeeded in making Canada unpopular with the representatives of other British colonies represented at the Paris exposition. The little great man is the worst possible representative this country could have have sent.

> The liberal press inform the public that the present government secured preferential trade. The time is opportune for them to state in what markets a preference has been gained for any Canadian product.

> With 5,800,000 people still requiring constant relief in the famine district of India, the pitiable condition of the people and the need of aid are terribly apparent.

The prices of produce, says the Hartland Advertiser, remain about the same as last week except that eggs have arisen from 8 to 10 cents. Oats are 28 to 30 cenfs; beans, \$2; butter in rolls is little called for; in tubs it is worth 14 to 15 cents. A few strawberries have been coming in. Large shipments of hay continue, while the evidences are that the new hay crop

Recently we published a list of TEN of our Students under one roof in the C. P. R. OFFICES, ST. JOHN.

Now comes the IMPERIAL OIL CO. with another TEN as follows: Messrs. John F. Bullock, Thos. H. Bullock, H. A. Drury, Norman E. Shaw, H. E. Storey, J. F. Donohue, Fred McKean, G. W. Watters, Miss Annie Tinger, Miss Gervie Bustin.



(Continued from First Page.)

CHINESE SITUATION

miration of the allied ships, river route to Tier Tsin, 51 miles

river route to Tier Tsin, 51 miles from Taku, is now open. The railway head is now nine miles from Tien Tsin. The road inward is now quite safe and communication to Tien Tsin is difficult "A fort thirteen miles above Taku was found descried by Lieut. Commander Eeyes, and was blown up leaving the passage up the river free Lieut. Cummander Keyes reports that the arsenal at Tien Tsin was captured June 20 by the naval brigade. losses were five killed, Lleut. Colom-slightly wounded and a gunner and 21 men wounded. There are no further details. Warrender is in charge of all

communication. "Vice Admiral Alexieff, governor general of Port Arthur, and commander in chief of the Russian forces in the east, has arrived on his way to Tien Tsin, taking supreme command

our forces on the river and lines of

of the Russian forces landed to date. "Germany has 44 officers and 1,300 en; Great Britain, 184 officers and 1,700 men; Austria, 12 officers and 137 America, 20 officers and 329 men: France, 17 officers and 387 men Italy, 7 officers and 121 men; Japan 119 officers and 3709 men and Russia 117 officers and 5,817 men, with a total of 53 field guns and 36 muchine guns." ST. PETERSBURG, July 1.- Vice minister of war, Gen. Kouropatkine, from Taku, under date of June 29, via

Port Arthur, June 30, as follows: "The arsenal at Tien Tsin, which offered a powerful base of operations for the Boxers who have greatly damaged the European town, has been taken by issault."

According to intelligence received in official quarters here, the Chinese population in several localities has placed itself under the protection of Russia, The Boxer insurrection is no longer spreading, but is declining and maintains itself only in the province of Pe-Chi-Li.

The view of the situation in government circles is that, with pacific action on the part of the powers and the good will of the Chinese government, the Boxer rebellion will be disposed of in a short time.

LONDON, July 3, 3.30 a. m .- The allies are not advancing for the relief of Pekin. This announcement to the nouse of commons by Wm. St. John Broderick, under secretary of state for foreign affairs, was received with exclamations of astonishment and dis-Sir Ellis Ashmead Bartlett inquired

from the legations at Pekin, or as to the composition and command of the relieving force and its present posi-Mr. Broderick read the despatches

if any information had been received

received today and said the total allied force available is now 13,000, as troops have been rapidly arriving. adding:

"We do not yet know what rangements have been made locally regarding the command of an expedition, but it has not yet been thought possible to attempt a further advance The consuls have been in communication with the viceroys in the Yangtse! region, and they are quite aware that support will be given them by Her Majesty's government in preserving order. It is obviously impossible that the representatives of the powers at Pekin should be consulted, as no com- sonages. munications are passed with them."

"The situation is desperate. Hasten." Von Bergen, a member of the German They are preparing for news of a frightful tragedy. Nine days ago the ammunition of the little garrison delow and their food 'vas nearly exhausted, while around them was a horde of Kan Su braves, having at their service Krupp gans and repeating rifles. Pekin was in the hands of the revolutionaries.

While nothing but sinister news comes from Northern China, Southern China is seemingly breaking away from the empire. All the provinces south of the Yellow River, whose viceroys and governors maintain friendly relations with the powers through consuls, have been informally constituted into a federacy, with Nankin as the capital.

According to an Express cable from Shanghai, dated July 2. the Southern viceroys wholly disavow Prince Tuan's government. They have practically constituted an independent state, extending from the Hoang Ho to the British and French frontiers. Little else to illuminate the profound obscurity of the situation reaches cable points. The Chinese wires to Che Foo appear to be interrupted.

Last night St. Petersburg was in formed, over the Siberian wires, that the destruction of the Russian railways in Manchuria continues; and it eems not improbable that Russia will be fully occupied for a time 'n suppressing the insurrection among its subject Chinese, and may be unable to send more troops immediately to Taku. The powers look more and more to Japan to supply the force necessary at once to grapple with the formidable rebellion.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Bad news came this morning from Admiral Kempff, confirming the worst stories which have emanated from China relative to the conditions at Pekin, and a feeling of disquiet was noticeable among administration officials and diplomats. The German embassy howed particular anxiety for information respecting the sad end of Baron Von Ketteler, and in the course of the afternoon Secretary Nermann of the embassy paid a special visit to the state department to inquire. M. Thiebut, the charge of the French embassy, also called, in quest of in formation, it was said. The visits re vived rumors that an effort is afoot to reach an international agreement respecting the conduct of the forces of the powers in China. It was said this afternoon at the state department that the only news was that there seemed to be an unanimous agreement on the part of the powers to welcome with the utmost cordiality Japan's offer to furnish reinforcements for the forces now operating along the Pei-Ho river | perial chancery.

in the effort to reach Pekin, as Japan alone of the powers, is prepared to throw into China whatever number of may be needed. The rews to fect had come to the state dent from all directions, and par-ly from England, Russia and As far as the state departnent is concerned, it had previously accorded Japan a free hand in the natter, of the number of troops to be impleyed in China upon a voluntary and courteous statement, of the nur-

cose of the employment of hese

late in the afternoon of Secretary Root and Secretary Hitchcock, taken in conthe day with the secretary of state, led developments were to be exing of the United States forces now in China. These rumors, however, were speedily set at rest by the statemen from one of the participants that the affairs, but related to some indian troubles in the Northwest. Secetary Root did not hesitate to enter denial of some of the sensaional stories which are persistently circulated every day, regardless of facts. He said that he had not ordered any troops to China, beyond the Ninth. Infantry from Manila, now on the way to Taku, and possibly the Sixth Cavalry, about to start from San Francisco for Nagasaki. The destination Admiral Alexieff telegraphs to the of the latter would depend upon developments. He said he had not ordered the 4th and 18th regiments of infantry to China, as has been reported in some quarters, nor had he made the slightest preparation for their despatch. Respecting the withdrawal of troops from Cuba, the secretary said that he did not himself know which of the regiments would be first brought home. Gen. Miles and Gan. Wood are trying to settle that question, there being some difference as to whether the withdrawals should be based strictly upon the order in which the regiments had gone to Cuba or upon other considerations, such as the conditions of their service and the need for cavalry or infantry organizations. Secretary Long contradicted the report that the New Orleans was to be sent to Taku or elsewhere in China, and added that he did not even intend to send out another ship to make up the deficiency caused by the disaster to

> the Oregon. At the state department it was said that all that had been done toward adding to the strength of the force which Gen. Chaffee will command had been confined to the adoption of measures looking to the touching at some convenient cable port of the Asiatic side of the Pacific of such of the regular army regiments as are despatched to the Philippines to relieve the volunteer troops there, in order that they might be diverted to China if necessary. However, not a single addititual organization has been ordered there, nor has there been effort made to hasten the movement of troops out to Manila for the purpose of relieving the volunteers.

BERLIN, July 2.—The press tonight unanimously deplores Baron Von Ket- M. still further away. teler's death, mentioning particularly his courage, strong sense of duty, special fitness for his position, because of his sixteen years' residence China, and of his complete command of the language and his intimate knowledge of the country and its per-

The Kreuz Zeitung says Germany cannot allow the murder to go un-These words from the message from punished, especially if proof is furnished that the Chinese government legation at Pekin, countersigned by has made common cause with the Sir Robert Hart, inspector general of Boxers, and adds that the emperor and customs, and dated nine lays ago, are his advisers will find the correct way the theme of all private comment out of the present difficulties. This confidence is general throughout the fatherland. The paper argues strongly for sending of large German forces, fending the foreigners was running since they are assured of bases of operations at Taku and Tien Tsin.

> The Tageblatt talks more heatedly. It says this horrible deed will force Germany into the first rank of interested powers, whereas hitherto she was behind Russia, England and France, and the paper expresses confidence that this unparalleled outrage will create a sentiment of European solidarity so that the blood of Baron Von Ketteler will become a cement uniting the whole white race against the yellow.

WASHINGTON, July 2 .- The navy department tonight received the following cablegram from Admiral

"Chee Foo, Secretary of Navy-Casualties to date: Corporal James F. Lannigton: Privates J. K. Miller, W. H. Morris, Ed. Provensal, John Hunter, W. H. Nichols, Boatswain's Mate T. H. Thomas: Gunner's Mate B. Benson; Apprentice H. A. Broemah; Landsman H. S. Everson, seriously wounded; Cadet Taussig, Boatswain's Mate Holyoke, Coxwain Thomas and thirty-four others slightly wounded. Ships' crews all nations, re-embarking. Soldiers and marines remain ashore. Captain McCalla on duty."

Captain McCalla was reported wounded in a previous cablegram, so the latest news indicates he was not badly hurt.

MEANING OF NAMES IN CHINESE NEWS.

Tsung Li Yamen-The foreign office. Bow Wong Wui-Society for the protection of the emperar-the reform

party. Ye Ho Chuan - Society commonly known as the "Boxers"—literally, righteousness, harmony and fists. Kwang Yu Wai-The young emperor's chief adviser, and the leader of

the reform party. Liung Kai Chu-Second adviser of the emperor and reform leader. Coming to America Kwang Sui-The young emperor.

Fan Kwei-Foreign devil.

Fu-A prefecture Chihtai-Governor general, usually superintending two provinces. Chun Chi-The general council

Chung T'ang-A grand secretary state, of whom there are six. Futai-Governor of a province Hui-A club or association. Hsiang-A village. Hsien-A district. Nei Ko-Grand secretariat and imACROSS THE BAY.

Splendid Days Sport at Digby GEN'L LORD KITCHENER, Enjoyed by a Big Crowd.

The Yarmouth Yacht Viking Defeated the R. K. Y. Club Boats-The Double Scull Race.

DIGBY, N. S., July 2.-Digby was ndeed in gala attire today, and received her many hundreds of guests with open arms. The weather was perfect, with just enough of a breeze to make it possible for the slick Yarmouth yacht to outstrip her formidable rivals from New Brunswick. Had old Boreas been a little boisterous, it's doubtful if the Nova Scotia craft would now have a year's lease of that handsome D. Y. C. trophy.

At 10.45 the Prince Rupert arrived from St. John with fully 300 passen gers, who were greeted at the pier by as many more people. Soon the town was swarming with strangers from all local parts and across the bay, a sight which Digby is not very often privileged to see. Everybody was attired in summer clothes, the piques and muslins of the ladies brightening up the general aspect. Flags were flying everywhere, and in the offing a dozen yachts rode at anchor, while their jolly crews were hail fellows well met with all about town. The young men of the Neptune Rowing Club of St. John were also moving spirits in keeping the general public in a genial mood. Enterprising townsfolk, including fraternal societies and church associations, conducted lunch counters, dinner tents, etc., and the hotels were overcrowded.

Shortly after one o'clock the much talked of yacht race between the Canada of St. John, the Royal Kennebeccasis Yacht Cluo's pride, the Gracie M., that sturdy little speader of the same organization, and the Viking of Yarmouth, started. A fresh breeze was blowing, but not as fresh as Commodore Heans aboard the Canada was praying for. The three boats manceuvred prettily when waiting for the starting gun, tacking and re-tacking all within a hundred yard space. When they crossed the line the Canada had about a fifty yard advantage, but l'efore she reached the next buoy in a long leg to windward, the slippery green boat from Yarmouth had the upper hand. However, in the run before the wind on the next leg the Canada, with spinnaker set, and other extra canvas, caught up to almost even terms again, only to fall somewhat behind once more when the home buoy was headed for. Then the order of turning the buoys was re versed, making the last leg a spectacular run home, but in this sprint the St. John craft was a good losing distance from the Viking, with the Gracie

The race was interesting neverthe less and the people watched it from all arts of town, the wharves, buildings, the hills in the rear and on the water. It was decided to race the yachts second time immediately, to carry out the trophy stipulations. It was about a repetition of the first with the Canada in second place about a minute and a half behind, actual time. Despite the two defeats the Canada's crew gave the Viking people a "big hand," as did all the St. John yachts-While not juite as large a craft as the Canadian, the interprovincial champion is very cleverly designed, quite long, with big beam and light draught. These qualities were just the clear thing today in the breeze that blew, while the Canada's

denth seemed to drag her. The terms on which the D. Y. C. trophy is held are that it must be raced for yearly in Digby Basin until some club captures it three times. The local race resulted in the yacht Dewey winning, with Dorothy second. Seven boats started in this race. Nothing has yet been heard of the

missing Digby yacht Regina, and the gravest fears are felt for her safety: In the Neptune Rowing Club double scull race, Messrs. Harry Brennen and Tom Ellis defeated Billy McShane and Bob Frith. It was a pretty struggle, and the winners are to receive handsome medals.

## RICHIBUCTO.

RICHIBUCTO, July 2.- The Dominion day celebration was successfully carried out here. The weather was delightful and an immense crowd from the surrounding districts filled the streets. The mounted parade started at 10 o'clock and proved a great attraction. This afternoon the Royal Oaks of Chatham and the Crescents of Richibucto played an exciting game of base ball, the result being 30 to 13 in favor of the Crescents. The 100 yards dash for seniors was won by Kent Wheaton, Robichaud second, The 100 yards dash for juniors was won by Harry Amireaux, Austin Weeks secend. The 200 yards dash was taken by Kent Wheaton, Robichaud second and Fraser third. This evening a grand Polymorphian

parade took place, and later a bicycle parade, containing seventy-five wheels passed through the streets. The display of fireworks was witnessed by a large and delighted crowd.

Good order, for which our town is neted, prevailed.

## RESERVOIR BURST.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich, July 2.—The reservoir of the city waterworks system burst early today, letting loose a deluge of more than 160,600,000 gallons of water upon a thickly populated district on the hillside im-rediately beneath it. The damage is esti-mated at hundreds of thousands of dollars. Houses and barns were washed away, and a Houses and barns were washed away, and a district three blocks square was partly wrecked. None of the houses in that district escaped damage. Many are filled with sand. The Grand Trunk railway tracks were undermined so that the trains had to be sent around Port Marquette.

Mrs. William Cooper, aged thirty, was swept away by the flood and buried in a mass of sand and wreckage. Her injuries may prove fatal. Her bushand was also badly injured. A number of others sustained minor injuries. The district swept by the flood is occupied by the houses of working men, and the losses are consequently the more deeply felt.

PICTURES OF F. M. LORD ROBERTS.

MAJOR-GENERAL **BADEN-POWELL** 

A Great Offer to New Subscribers.

The Sun has secured magnificent por-traits, 18124 inches, of F. M. Lord Rolerts and General Lord Kitchener, printed in fifteen colors, and Majoreneral Baden-Powell in khaki, on sated calendered paper suitable for framing. The pictures are art gens at to grace any Canadian home, and prenounced by military men to be most life-like portraits of British s of the South African cam ign ever placed on the market

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN. For Seventy-Five Cents Cash in adance, one of these pictures, a war up, and the Semi-Weekly Sun for one year will be mailed post free to any s in Canada. A picture alone is worth one dollar.

Sample portraits are now on public view in the Sun's business offices Call and see them.

Sun Printing Co., St. John.

#### INDIAN FAMINE.

LONDON, July 2.-The secretary of state for India, Lord George Hamilton. has received the following despatch from the viceroy of India, Lord Curzon of Kedleston:

"Rainfalls have been fairly general during the past week, but the monsoon current continues weak, causing anxiety. Frequent showers have fallen in parts of the central provinces. Mysore. Bombay, the Deccan, Madras, Berar and Hyderabad, but the rainfall to date is insufficient for a general resumption of agricultural operations. Little or no rain has fallen in Northwestern India. In anticipation of the rainy season, work near villages and home gratuitous relief is being largely substituted for the large works, and government advances are being freely given for the purchase of plows, bullocks, 'seeds and subsistence. The poorer cultivators are receiving gifts rom the famine fund.

"Even after abundant rain has fallen throughout distressed districts, relief will be necessary on a large scale until the early crops ripen. The persons receiving relief number 5,808,000."

### GRAND MANAN SERVICE.

The contract with the Messrs. Cann of Yarmouth for the mail service between Grand Manan and the mainland having been terminated, the Grand Manan Steamship company will again undertake the business. They enter upon the contract today and will for the present operate the American steamer Luce Brothers. She is a boar of about seventy-five tons regiser and has of late ed by the big-Eastport sardine syndicate. A larger and better steamer will be put on the route as soon as one can be secured. Capt. J. A. Ingersoll and W. E. Tatton of Grand Maran, who are now stopping at the Victoria, leave today for New York to purchase a suitable steamer. Ingersoll says a boat of about 200 tons will be secured.

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## LOST THREE FINGERS.

FREDERICTON JUNCTION, July z.-Frank Taylor, son of Councillor Ford Taylor of Bissville, and a conipanion were investigating the contents of a cartridge that turned cut to be a dynamite primer, which exploded, mangling Taylor's left hand. Drs. Murray and Vanwart were compelled to emputate the thumb and three fin-

## INTERESTED LADIES. Working in a Good Cause

"In the institution where I am employed as nurse (The Home for Aged Women) we find many ladies suffering from gastric trouble caused by coffee. "My own personal experience is that since a child I have been a moderate drinker of coffee, but most of the latter years have suffered from acidity of the stomath, sluggish liver and nerv-

ousness.

"I finally gave up coffee entirely, about three years ago, using hot water in its place. Of course, after removing the cause, the symptoms disappeared but I seemed to need a beverage more strengthening than hot water, as my occupation of nurse required considerable exertion. I began to look about for a suitable breakfast beverage and undertook the preparation of one by browning some wheat berries and using that as coffee, but the result was far from satisfactory. Finally I came across Postum Food Coffee, on a visit at my home in Roselle, N. J., and found it exactly fitted the case.

"I have been using it regularly and introduced it to our institution. When it was first served, it was not satisfactory, but I looked into the matter and insisted upon having it boiled fully fifteen minutes after the actual boiling had started, not counting the time that it was on the stove before boiling began. The next time it appeared you would not think it was the same article, it was so much improved. Several of the patients decided to use it to the exclusion of coffee, and I found that its use reduced the number of cases of indigestion. The result has been very gratifying, and for two years now, Postum Food Coffee has been in daily use at the Home.

"Mrs. Matilda Seaver and Miss Anna Merrill are desirous that their names be used to help forward the good cause. My mother has been greatly helped by the discontinuance of coffee. She was formerly subject to cramps but they have entirely disappeared since she has abandoned coffee and taken up Postum Food Coffee. Respectfully," Miss E. Stryker, Elizabeth, N. J.

Aroun

Together W

When order VERKLY SU he NAME of thich the pa nce must

please make The str. Py-

THE SUN

Sunday. The lightnin Ingleside, an age. One of l jured.

Bernard A. unmarried, Fairfield. P. Thursday eve attending lobs Gerald Shark ton, who was cent examina

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F. H. J. R Mrs. David summer cott The price pai been \$2,700, a household fur one of the fir "BALM OF

Shakespeare

breathing tub

icton, N. B.

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form Print to the A controllin Springfie'd, John and the been purchas Waring, who change has I this steamer's stead of lea o'clock on th leave at 2 c'cl

Considerabl recently relat ed schooner Caleta Buens cisco. It wa when telegra terday to th arrived safely inst. and left cisco. Capt. the Americal mate. Mr. man and .th

> The house Lingley stati by lightning Mrs. McKen two days, T fortunately The lightnin ney, which ed down th shattering it zie's hands putting a s The house Kenzie hav day evening ceremony.

Sackville.

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a bottle of Pa
It cures cuts quickness. To cure be

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Good