EXCHANGE OF NOTES (JULY 15 AND 16, 1943) BETWEEN CANADA AND THE UNITED KINGDOM RECORDING ARRANGEMENTS FOR ESTABLISHING A CANADIAN GOVERNMENT TRANS-ATLANTIC AIR SERVICE.

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The Secretary of State for Dominion Affairs to the High Commissioner for Canada

DOMINIONS OFFICE

LONDON, 15th July, 1943.

My dear High Commissioner, deteorde and

With reference to conversations in London between officials of His Majesty's Government in Canada and His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom concerning the proposed establishment of a Canadian Government Trans-Atlantic Air S. Atlantic Air Service on a wartime basis, I have the honour to inform you that:-

(1) His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom will afford all Atlantic air some for the Majesty's Government in Canada for establishing a trans-Atlantic air service for war purposes.

(2) The arrangements will apply for the duration of the war and six months thereafter.

(3) The service will not be a commercial or permanent one. Only Service or other official traffic (passengers, mail and freight), will be carried, including troop mail and freight), will be carried, including troop mail. The service is primarily for Canadian traffic directly connected with the Canadian traffic directly connected with the Canadian war effort but it is hoped that there may be some interchange of traffic on a line war effort but it is not a sutherities would agree to carry of traffic on a limited scale, i.e., the Canadian authorities would agree to carry a small amount a small amount of urgent United Kingdom traffic when capacity is not available on United Kingdom services and vice versa.

(4) The service will be operated by Trans-Canada Air Lines as agents of Canadian G the Canadian Government. The aircraft used initially will be a "Lancaster"; this will be replaced at a later date by Canadian aircraft.

(5) The route will be as agreed and between terminals in Canada and the United Kingdom as agreed. It is understood that the Canadian Government will seek the canadian as Newfoundland will seek the consent of the Newfoundland Government so far as Newfoundland is concerned.

(6) Transport Command, Royal Air Force, provide meterological and radio ities and contact When in the facilities and control organization for the North Atlantic route. When in the areas under the areas under the jurisdiction of Transport Command, Canadian aircraft will be subject to the jurisdiction of Transport Command, Diaison officer may be subject to their control arrangements. A Canadian liaison officer may be stationed with Transport Command at the terminals in the United Kingdom and Canada.

2. I understand that the Canadian Government have communicated with Newfoundland G the Newfoundland Government and the Government of Eire.

Yours sincerely, C. R. ATTLEE.