Rhinological Department.—Case No. 120,736. A case of nasal tone ail. Wishing to bring about a radical change in the parts, I have removed with the curette all adenoid growths, together with the adherent mucous membrane, from the cavities, and packed them all with aseptic gauze—which should be removed if the patient wishes to sneeze.

Department Abdominal Surgery.—Case No. 120,736. Drs. A., B., and C., in consultation. The history showing that the patient's mother during life lost a set of false teeth, Dr. A., reasoning that "tooth and nail" are generally associated in action, is inclined to think the set may have been swallowed unconsciously and remained in the patient's stomach. Of course, he advises an operation.

Dr. B., in view of the accepted belief that "Gallia est omnis divisa in partes tres," thinks it possible that one of them may have wandered down to the great toe, and advises an exploratory incision of the gall-bladder to ascertain if either part be missing. The "Gallic boot of love," cited by Dr. O. W. Holmes, seems to indicate a tendency of the gall to the foot.

Dr. C. concurs entirely with both of these opinions, but on general grounds advises the removal of the appendix. The patient, however, avers that this has been already done, and that he has it in a bottle at home, which he will fetch if required. It is therefore deemed advisable to await further development.

Gynacological Department.—Case No. 120,736. Palpation reveals no abnormal condition of uterus or appendages. A medical student calling our attention to the fact that the patient wears pants and has well-developed male generative organs, we doubt if this is a proper case for this department.

Department Genito-Urinary Diseases.—Case No. 120,736. Organs apparently healthy. It, however, is not impossible that the patient may have had a stone (vesical) which was passed naturally and impinged upon and injured the great toe.

Department of Neuroses, etc.—Case No. 120,736. The result of a careful examination of this case indicates a deficient innervation of his lower extremities. Two well-marked areas of impaired sensibility or partial anæsthesia are located in the gluteal regions beneath the tuberosities of the ischia. His history not mentioning this, we questioned him as to how long the condition had existed. His replies were unsatisfactory—merely to this effect, that he had "sat so long upon those d—d hard benches that his — got numb." A rubber cushion with two holes is recommended, and the case should be kept under observation.

"There, gentlemen," continued the surgeon, as he finished reading to them the reports, "you have the result of a careful scientific inquiry into this case.

"I shall now send the patient to the chiropodist around the corner, with instructions to have the toe cleansed and a piece of sheet lead inserted under the roughened edge of the nail. I counsel you all not to lose the opportunity of witnessing the operation. Good morning, gentlemen!"—Boston Medical and Surgical Journal.—The Quarterly Médical Journal.