and Canada, as an economic entomologist of wide knowledge and experience, His kindly and genial personality and his unfailing courtesy and fair-mindedness have made him justly popular among his colleagues.

Mr. Gibson is a Fellow of the Entomological Society of London, (Eng.); Fellow of the Entomological Society of America; Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science; President of the Entomological Society of Ontario: Associate Member of the American Association of Economic Entomologists; Editor of the Canadian Field-Naturalist; Member of the Canadian Society of Technical Agriculturists, etc.

We extend to Mr. Gibson our hearty congratulations on his well deserved promotion, and wish him every success in the new responsibilities that he has undertaken.

NOTES ON SOME COLEOPTERA TAKEN IN THE VICINITY OF DUNEDIN, FLORIDA, IN THE SPRING OF 1920, WITH DESCRIPTIONS OF NEW SPECIES.

BY W. S. BLATCHLEY. Indianapolis, Indiana.

The work on my "Orthoptera of Northeastern America" delayed my trip to Florida in the autumn of 1919, and I did not reach Dunedin until Christmas day. After my arrival a severe illness prevented any collecting for six weeks or more, and led also to the abandonment of a contemplated trip to Marco and other points along the extreme southwestern coast of the State. The first collecting was done on February 14, and from then on until April 28, I was in the field almost every day. I had hoped that by staying two or three weeks later than usual I would find the full spring fauna emerging, and thus make amends in part for the time lost during the winter, but the season, as gauged by the blossoming of plants, was a fortnight or more late, so that in the main the species taken or observed were those of previous years prior to April 10. However, from time to time I ran across a species new or rare to the State, and these, with three or four believed to be hitherto unknown, are treated on the following pages.

Bembidium picipes Kirby. A single specimen was captured Feb. 23 on a strip of bare muck along the margin of a pond near Dunedin. The first record for Florida. It was described from British America, is frequent in Indiana and ranges, according to Hayward,2 from New England and Lake Superior, to Missouri, Kansas and Texas.

Lebia rhodopus Schwarz. A half dozen specimens have been taken about Dunedin, where it occurs from January to April on low ground vegetation; one is also at hand from Ft. Myers, Fla. The only other Florida record is that of the type from Tampa. Horn, made it an absolute synonym of L. viridis Say and not a variety as stated by Leng. A careful study of the Florida specimens, as well as of a score or more taken in Indiana, substantiates my

See Can. Ent., April, 1917, 137. Trans. Amer. Ent. Soc., XXIV, 1897, 83. Trans. Amer. Ent. Soc., X, 1882, 130. Bull. Amer. Mus. Nat. Hist., XXXIV, 1915, 585.