

vigorous notes of alarm he had sounded. It was a lamentable fact that but few remnants of the vast virgin forests could now be found. There had been at Casselman a considerable area untouched, but this was now fast being destroyed. There remained a section of original forest in Ontario upon the head waters of the Petewawa, Madawaska and Muskoka rivers, which it had been proposed to set apart as a Provincial Park, for the conservation of the forest and also of the larger animals which are so rapidly being exterminated. He had much pleasure in moving a vote of thanks to Prof. Macoun for his valuable address. Mr. Ballantyne, in seconding the vote of thanks, referred to the economic questions which had been brought forward, and to the action taken by the Ontario Government toward ascertaining the best methods for preserving and replanting the forest areas. Rev. Prof. Marsan asked why they did not avail themselves of the experience of other countries in this direction, instead of spending so much time in such investigations as had just been mentioned, while there was a continual destruction going on, the effects of which could never be remedied. Of minerals there was an inexhaustible store, so that waste of them did not so greatly matter, but the vegetable and animal supplies for man's use were limited, and being under his control should be carefully preserved for the requirements of the future.

Mr. J. Stewart read a brief paper giving a synopsis of geological work performed during the past summer by Mr. W. R. Billings, Mr. T. W. E. Sowter and himself in various localities. Several new genera and species of Crinoids, etc., had been discovered, as well as many additions to the published list of fossils for this district. In reply to a question by Mr. H. B. Small regarding the opening of clay nodules, Mr. Stewart explained the method of alternate boiling and freezing adopted by him. Mr. Ami stated that he had also found this plan very effectual, and that in some cases the splitting occurred during the act of boiling.

Mr. Ami then read some notes on his examination of the New Edinburgh exposures of the Utica, accompanied by a list of the species collected from these very fossiliferous rocks, indicating those new to the Club lists.