THE TORONTO WORLD

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SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 17, 1888.

The World has the largest circulation of any morning paper in Canada.

"Stand Fast, Craigellachie!"

This was the motto of the chief of the clan Grant, "o' that ilk," in Scotland, the particular locality being that of a famous bridge across the river Spey, in Morayshire. From what we know of the Grants we can well imagine that it was their habit to "stand fast," when once they took the notion. And in fact the Grant motto could never have been better honored than it was by one of the name in our own time—the great American general, who did most emphatically "stand fast" to his undertaking until he had ended the war. We fancy that the spirit of the motto will do as well for a Macdonald as for a Grant, especially if he be the right kind of a Macdonald, as Canadians do by a large majority believe our own Sir John to be.

This time we beg to say to Sir John—that if he desires to create a new claim upon the gratitude of the people of Canada, in addition to all that he has established before—then let him at this juncture appropriate to himself the old Grant motto, with all that it implies. "Stand fast, Craigellachie!" It will do to say that again. Let our chief, we say, "stand fast" by Canada's National Policy, while standing out firm as the rock of Gibraltar against those conspirators in the West, aided and abetted by dangerous and designing men in the East, who would coolly hand over Canadian rights to the States of Minnesota and Illinois, and of Michigan, too, as perhaps we ought to add. Let him be well assured that if he does this the country will stand by him, and the Province of Ontario in particular and above all.

For it is a solid truth, which our professed champions of Ontario's Rights had better take into their most serious consideration—that, more than any other of the old Provinces, more in fact than all the rest of them put together, Ontario is interested in seeing to it that this valuable consideration for which she became responsible and guaranteed millions of debt incurred in buying and building up the Great West, be not juggled out of her hands and gifted away to certain States of the American Union. You say that this is a Dominion matter, a case between the Province of Manitoba on one hand, and the Dominion of Canada on the other. But this, although true enough in terms of law, may convey a most misleading idea of the hard facts which have to be dealt with. For remember that when you say "the Dominion," you really mean Ontario, which is the Dominion's greatest part. Whenever it comes to furnishing enterprise, and energy, and stamina, and the paying out of millions of money for the opening up and building up of a new country, then Ontario counts for the biggest part of the Dominion, "don't you see?" You must have heard this before, but it will do no harm to "sock it to you" again. Here is something that you ought to remember well enough, unless you are one of the *non mi ricordo* sort, whose specialty it is not to remember anything they don't want to.

About twenty years ago, soon after Confederation, the project of buying the Northwest and making it a part of Canada was much discussed among the Liberals of Ontario. Some of them were by no means inclined to jump at the proposal, and spoke of the immense responsibilities which had to be incurred, which they said would fall mainly upon Ontario. They said, and said truly enough, that it was her back which would have to bear the greater part of the burden. To which it was replied that, if so, she would also have the greater part of the benefit accruing from the trade of the new country, which would be here by right, and which by her votes she would be able to prevent anyone taking from her. The latter or patriotic view prevailed, and it was decided, this Province supporting it, that, in view of the splendid probabilities of the trade of the Great Northwest, Ontario should take the risk. And, accordingly, the name of "On-ta-ri-o, On-ta-ri-o" was endorsed upon paper amounting to millions, on the certainty, then so considered, that for her enterprise and liberality the Premier Province would be abundantly recompensed some future day. You may call this selfishness, if you like, but was it not true national wisdom, and selfishness of the most patriotic kind? We fancy that Mr. Blake and Mr. Mowat could tell us something about this interesting piece of Ontario's history, if they chose.

And now there are those who would cheat Ontario out of her rights, and all for the benefit of certain States that expect to take to themselves what before rightly belonged to her. But Sir John, we feel sure, will prove himself the man in the gap to defeat their schemes. "Stand fast, Craigellachie!" say we, and the people of Canada will stand by you. And so, above all, will the people of Ontario, Ontario!

The Unhappy Family Again At It.

The following letter addressed to and published by The Globe is brief and illustrative enough to find room for:

PICTON, 14th March, '88.

"SIR,—Referring to the election in yesterday's Globe, you have stated as follows:

"He (Dr. Platt) thinks he could not have won had he not stood for Free Trade with the United States.

"I never expressed such an opinion.

"You have also stated in the same article as follows:

"'Dr. Platt publicly declared some months ago that if there were no other method of gaining Continental Free Trade he would even support Annexation to get it for Canada.'

"That statement is untrue. "J. M. PLATT."

As to denial No. 1, The Globe pleads that it was "deceived by The Mail." Under the Baby Act the court rules this plea admissible, but is surprised to learn that there are still innocents in the community capable of being deceived by Mr. Wiman's paper.

To the second count of the indictment The Globe pleads "not guilty of an untruth," but "our recollection of what Dr. Platt said was not strictly correct." Now we understand why the big blunderer continually bobs around like a pea on a hot griddle. It is unable to recollect one day what policy it and its friends advocated the day before. Why don't you paste your policy in your hat and then forget to wear the hat?

But the true meaning of all these "lies courteous," explanations and interpretations is that when he went before the electors Dr. Platt found it expedient to repudiate all sympathy with anything savoring of annexationism. His only salvation was to pose as a patriotic Canadian. And thus it goes. When brought face to face with the people the crank promoters of the fad are compelled to throw it overboard to save themselves from shipwreck. Then they fall to contradicting one another and charging one another with lying. It is a most unhappy family. But really The Mail ought not to belie its new friends.

In its customary "save-us-or-we-perish" style The Globe for weeks has been calling upon all true Liberals to support the Scott Act, until up stood the Hon. C. F. Fraser in the Legislature and exclaimed: "The Scott Act is a fraud!" Walter, another dish of crow for the Deacon, please.

The World's Place.

The World professes to be a leader of public opinion. It has led on the Mining Question, has led in opposing Commercial Union and the Wiman crowd, has led in opposing Provincialism and the Right to Rebel, and now makes bold to say that its suggestion of compromise in regard to the monopoly clause will be acted on.

The World thinks and leads.

A Crazy Quilt.

"Reduced revenue and increased provincial subsidies" is now the war cry of the knight of the rueful countenance. Could the mind of man conceive of a more disjointed platform?

Randall's Tariff Bill.

In the American Congress something like a three-cornered fight over the tariff question is now going on. Mr. Mills leads the majority of the Democratic party, and takes the arena with his bill recently published. The Protectionist Democrats, a minority of the party, are led by Mr. Randall, who denounces the Mills bill as calculated to cripple American producing interests generally, and the manufacturing interests in particular. He has brought in a tariff bill of his own, which he claims is built on true Democratic lines, and which will be for the good of all *American* interests, it adopted. Mills' bill he characterizes as un-American all through; and contrived for the benefit of importers and foreigners together.

The Republican party, again, has its own tariff policy, which is Protectionist out and out. The party will present no tariff bill at all this year, but will oppose both Mills and Randall, and will make what it can out of tariff divisions among the Democrats. Before this it was expected, or might have been expected, that the session would witness a square fight between Democrats and Free Traders on one side, and Republicans and Protectionists on the other. But that is not "the way the old thing works," at all events not now. And a present point of interest, even to outsiders like ourselves, centres in the question: What is likely to be the immediate result of Mr. Randall throwing in his Democratic minority bill against that of Mr. Mills, who is the leader in the House of the Democratic majority?

It is a thing settled upon that the Republicans will not vote for Mr. Randall's bill, even though it be conceded that there are good Protectionist features in it. It would not be party policy to do so, and they are not going to do it. But they will mass their forces into as strong and as solid a wall of obstruction as they can present to the enemy. Now, let it be noted that *before* Randall's bill was published, many good judges of how chances go in Congress had prophesied that Mills had about as much chance of going to the moon as he had of getting his bill passed this year. What is the probable event, then, now that the situation is complicated with Randall's bill also thrown into the pit to be fought over? We should say that the passing of the Mills bill, which was unlikely enough before, may now be reckoned among things almost impossible.

The Deadly Crossing.

It is well that public opinion has been so far moved that now the City Council and the Board of Trade will join forces and see what can be done towards getting a railway viaduct and a central station. And just when Toronto people are beginning to take up this matter in earnest, an important warning comes from Montreal. Recently a man named Duncan was killed at the Fulford-street crossing by a locomotive, and the jury say in their verdict, concluded upon Monday last:

Before closing their verdict the jury respectfully request the Dominion Parliament now in session to cause a law to be passed compelling railroad companies to immediately discontinue the maintenance of level crossings, and to have them replaced either by bridges or subways, so that the public may be enabled to cross railroads with safety.

In this matter Toronto is not moving a bit too soon. Just to look at the locomotives "scooting" along the Esplanade these days, many people trying to cross at the same time, on the same level, is enough sometimes to put a "terror" on anyone.

Members Who Have Passes.

"A Traveler" writes that Mr. J. H. Marshall, M.P., East Middlesex, has a pass.

So far of the three Toronto members only Mr. Denison has repudiated having a pass in his pocket.

What are They?

The Globe and Sir Richard Cartwright say Unrestricted Reciprocity is not annexation and is not Commercial Union. Will The Globe have the kindness to define each of these terms before we again proceed to discuss them, showing in a general way the difference between them?

Every one knows what annexation is and can appreciate it without difficulty.

As for Commercial Union perhaps Mr. Fuller will tell us what that is.

Let The Globe tell us what Unrestricted Reciprocity is, and how it is to be obtained. The Globe and Sir Richard are the proponents; let them first define the term.

The St. John, N.B., Sun states that that province does not produce enough butter, cheese, lard and beef for her own consumption. About the only articles she has for export are potatoes and eggs. This statement is based upon official returns and takes a good deal of the wind out of the local clamor for "a natural market."

Inquiry at the Postoffice yesterday elicited the information that the complaint formulated in a city paper yesterday respecting the non-delivery of heavy books and parcels which it is impossible for a letter carrier to take about with him, is not one attaching to this city only, but to every city on the continent. Here the department only allows the Postmaster to hire delivery wagons one day in the year, for the conveyance of Christmas presents. In England wagons are all the time employed; but the limit of weight on domestic parcels is higher than here. There seems little hardship in compelling people to call for heavy parcels, on due notification of their being at the postoffice. People who grumble at high taxation are always the first to want expensive concessions.

The Globe warned "the boys" to "eschew the association of the teachers of despair," and now comes Mr. Davies, M. P., the chronic croaker from Prince Edward Island, with a wail over "the despairing young men of Canada." And The Globe echoes the wail. The Deacon's appetite for crow—even tainted crow—is phenomenal.

One point made by the Hon. Mr. Foster, though not new, cannot be too strongly insisted upon. The Western States have been open to settlers for years and years, and most of them were gridironed with railways long before Canada purchased her Northwest from the fur dealers of the Hudson Bay Company. The politician who seeks to depreciate his country by comparing an infant with a man long past his majority has either a bad case or a worse head.

Sir Richard Cartwright moved for Unrestricted Reciprocity and Mr. Davies advocated Commercial Union. They both mean the same thing, then, but their promoters are not honest enough to let out the truth, except when it inadvertently escapes them. "What a tangled web they weave who practice to deceive."

THE LOCAL MARKET FIRM.

WHILE ABROAD BOTH STOCKS AND GRAIN ARE WEAKER.

No Reports From Europe—Wall Street Gossip—Hanrahan & Co's New York and Chicago Quotations—Assignments Reported Yesterday—Local and Other Markets.

FRIDAY EVENING, March 16.

A. G. BROWN

Member Toronto Stock Exchange

STOCK BROKER. Stocks bought and sold for cash or on margin. Money to loan at 6 per cent. Investments a specialty. Rents collected.

Stocks on the local board to-day were firm but inactive, while in Montreal and New York the markets showed a decline though fairly active. As the wires at New York were not working, London quotations were not received here to-day. The local grain and produce markets were firm while Chicago was weaker.

The local stock market this morning was dull and featureless. Montreal and Ontario unchanged, with buyers at 214½ and 115 respectively. Toronto sold at 198, and Merchants' lower, the best bid being 127. Commerce easier with buyers at 114½. Dominion continues strong at 219 bid, and Standard sold at 127. Loan and miscellaneous shares quiet. Western Assurance sold at 139½, and Dominion Telegraph at 86½. Montreal Telegraph 93½ bid, and Northwest Land sold at 54½. Canada Permanent Loan 158 bid, and and Union 120. Canada Landed Credit Co. was 120½ bid, and London and Canadian 116 bid. National Investment 95 bid, Huron & Erie 145. Canadian Savings 107 bid, and other stocks unchanged.

ROBERT COCHRAN,

(YORK CHAMBERS)

Member of the Toronto Stock Exchange,

STOCKS, BONDS AND DEBENTURES

Special wire for operating in New York Stocks and

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS. ed

In the afternoon several stocks, which had declined slightly, regained their strength and closed firm. The market was very dull.

The transactions to-day were: Morning—Toronto, 15 at 198; Standard, 6, 7 at 127; Western Assurance, 25 at 139½; Dominion Telegraph, 8 at 86½; Northwest Land, 17 at 54½. Afternoon—Commerce, 12, 14, 50 at 115; Standard, 4 at 127; British American Assurance, 20 at 95.

MURDOCH, DICKSON & CO.

CREDITORS' ASSIGNEES,

And Public Accountants, General Agents, cor. Front and Scott Streets, Toronto. Commissioners for British Columbia, Quebec, Manitoba and N.W. Territories, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick; also for States New York, California, Illinois, Maine, Minnesota, Massachusetts &c., &c., &c.

Following are the opening and closing prices on the Toronto Stock Exchange to-day:

Stocks.	12 M. Ask'd.	12 M. Bid.	4 P.M. Ask'd.	4 P.M. Bid.
Montreal	215	214½	215¼	215⅛
Ontario	118	115	118	115
Toronto	199	197	199	197
Merchants'	130	127	128	127
Commerce	115¼	114⅞	115⅛	115
Imperial	132	130	.....	.....
Dominion	220¼	218⅞	221	219½
Standard	.....	126½	.....	126½
Hamilton	.....	135½	.....	135½
Miscellaneous.				
British America	96¼	95	95	94
Western Assurance	140	139⅞	140¼	139½
Consumers' Gas	.....	181	184	181
Dominion Telegraph	.....	86	89	86
Montreal Telegraph	94½	94¼	95	94
Northwest Land Co.	.....	.....	.....	.....
Can. Pacific Rail. Grant Bonds	104	.....	.....	.....
Loan Companies.				
Canada Permanent	.....	168	.....	.....
Freehold	.....	162	.....	.....
Western Canada	.....	185	.....	.....
Union	123	120	.....	.....
Canada Landed Credit	124	120½	.....	.....
S. & Loan Association	102¼	101¼	.....	.....
Imperial S. & Invest.	113	111	.....	.....
Farmers' L. & Savings	123	.....	.....	.....
Lon. & Can. L. & A.	147¼	146	147	146¼
National Investment	97	93	.....	.....
People's Loan	110	108	.....	.....
Huron & Erie	.....	145	.....	.....
Dom. Savings & Loan	103	.....	.....	99
Ontario Loan & Deb.	120	117	.....	.....
Canadian S. & Loan	.....	107	.....	.....
British Canadian L. & Invest.	97	.....	.....	.....

Boeckh's Standard Brushes!

QUALITY AND SIZE GUARANTEED.

For Sale by all Leading Houses. d

MONTREAL STOCKS.

The market to-day showed fair activity, though the majority of stocks were weaker. Following are the closing prices: Bank of Montreal, 215 asked and 214½ bid, sales 7 at 214½; 25 at 214¾; Ontario 118 and 114; Banque du Peuple, 105 and 101; Molsons, xd., 140 asked; Toronto, 200 and 195; Jacques Cartier, offered at 85; Merchants', 129 and 127½; Union, 93 and 90½; Commerce, 115 and 114½; Federal offered at 55; Montreal Telegraph, 93 and 91, N.W. Land, 56a and 53a 30; Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Co., 50½ and 49½, sales 210 at 49, 50 at 49½, 50 at 49¾, 125 at 49½, 50 at 50; City Passenger R.R., 227 and 220; Gas 212½ and 212¼, sales 50 at 212½; C.P.R., 57½ and 47.

SPOONER'S COPPERINE.

The finest and best Box Metal for machinery journal bearings that we know of. We can recommend it.

AIKENHEAD & CROMBIE

NEW YORK STOCKS.

The market was weak to-day, stocks opening in the majority lower and the tendency being downward throughout the day stocks closing from ¼ to 1½ lower than last night, the former consisting of Canada Southern, Jersey Central, Kansas and Texas, Northwesters and Reading, and the latter Union Pacific. Stocks were just fairly dealt in. Money at 3½.

CREDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

Capital $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.
E. J. BARBEAU, General Manager.
ONTARIO BRANCH, TORONTO.
E. H. C. CLARKSON, Secretary.
No. 23 Wellington-street East

Applications for loans upon the security of productive real Estate are invited. Terms exceptionally favourable. 36

To-day's fluctuations and the total sales of the leading stocks on the New York Stock Exchange, as received by T. P. Hanrahan & Co. over their private wire, were as follows:

Stocks.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.	Sales.
Canada So.	51⅝	51⅝	.....	.....	200
Del. & Hudson	106	106¼	105	105¼	400
D. L. & W.	128¼	128½	127¼	127½	12900
Erie	24⅝	24⅝	23¾	24	1170
Louisville & Nashville	54¼	54¼	50¾	50¾	5070
Lake Shore	90¼	90¼	89⅝	89⅞	3000
M. K. & T.	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼	600
Mo. Pac.	81½	81½	82⅝	82⅞	10600
N. Y. Cen.	108⅝	108⅝	108¼	108¼	300
N. Pac. pfd.	46¾	46¾	45¾	45¾	400
Chicago & Northwest	107	107	106½	106½	1500
N.Y. & N.E.	33¼	33¼	32¾	32¾	6100
Omaha	36½	36½	34¾	35½	600
Org. Trans.	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	1000
Ore. Ry.	89¼	.....	.....	.....	100
Pac. Mail	33⅝	33⅝	33¼	33¼	100
Reading	62¼	62⅝	60⅞	61⅜	4730
St. Paul	76½	76½	76¼	76½	2300
Union Pacific	54¼	54¼	53¼	53¼	22600
Wabash	12¼	12¼	12¼	12¼	100
Western Union	76¼	76⅝	75¼	76	8800

EDWARD BROWN

ACCOUNTANT,

ASSIGNEE AND ESTATE AGENT

MAIL BUILDING, TORONTO, ONT.

Estates Managed. Loans Effected. 36

WALL STREET GOSSIP.

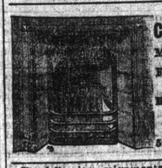
By private wire to Hanrahan & Co.: The talk at the close of business last night was conservatively bullish, and prominent commission brokers who had been watching the market's course carefully throughout the day said that they were convinced that the buying had been for the account of people who were both capable and willing to put their money into specialties which, as soon as active business is resumed again in Wall-street, would show a handsome profit. A general canvass of the situation fails to reveal anything which could be construed in a formidable bear argument. Europe is hopeful that a bull movement in American properties will be inaugurated, and people who have discretionary orders say: "We would not sell, no matter how temporarily weak stocks might appear." The fact is the market is a broker's one with no compounding of long securities, and just as soon as the professionals who have been selling the market short in anticipation of some grave disaster, attempt to cover, a bear panic which would mean a rise of anything between 3 and 10 per cent., would probably set in on the first indications that outstanding contracts were to be cancelled.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Business about town is quiet, especially in the dry goods and millinery lines. The cause is said to be the late unseasonable weather and the backward spring.

Money on call is quoted at 5½ per cent. on debentures and 6 to 6½ per cent. on stocks, and for discount the price is 6½ to 7 per cent.

The creditors of S. D. Douglass, wall paper and paint merchant, have decided to recommend the acceptance of an offer made by Mr. Douglass to compromise at 55c on the dollar at twelve months.



REGISTER

COAL GRATES.

MANTELS, FENDERS, FIRE DOGS, TILE HEARTHS.

RICE LEWIS & SON

HARDWARE,

59, 54 and 56 King-St. E., Toronto.

The following assignments were reported to-day: Clinton—Michael Kelly, grocer. Fordwich—George Edwards, planing mill and lumber. London—John A. Miller & Co., dry goods. Magnetawan—H. M. Heule, tailor and tinware. Nothnes—C. K. Howen, auctioneer, etc., assigned in trust. Ottawa—R. Chevrier, tailor. Owen Sound—M. Ross, wines and liquors. Hickwood—Perries & Strachan, grocers, boots and shoes. Rosemont—George Bourchier, general store. Walkerton—R. H. Campbell, harness.

Foreign Exchange is quoted by Gzowski & Buchan to-day as follows:

IN NEW YORK.	Posted.	Actual.
Sixty days' sterling	4 86	4 85¾
Sterling demand	4 88	4 87½

TORONTO.	Between Banks. Bid.	Between Banks. Asked.	Counter.
New York funds	1-16	¼	¼ to ⅜
Sixty days' sterling	9 5-16	9 7-16	9¾ to 9⅞
Demand do.	9⅝	9⅞	10¼ to 10½

VICARS & SMILY,

Real Estate, Loan and Insurance Agents. Office—10 King-st. west, Toronto.

Estates managed, debts, rents and arrears collected. Money loaned at lowest rates. 462

The Oil Market.

The dullness in oil continues in the New York market. Oil opened ¼ lower to-day at 97⅞ and the range of fluctuation was very narrow, touching 97¾ and 97⅛ and closing at 97⅞ offered.

Oil City quotations to-day were: Opening 97⅞, highest 98, lowest 97, closing 97⅞.

Grain and Produce.

Grain and produce on the local markets is firm and steady, while in Chicago the market continues weak. Both markets were quiet. Owing to trouble with the wires at New York there was no report of the European markets to-day.

On call at the Board of Trade to-day: No. 1 red winter 95c. bid. No. 1 Manitoba hard 91c.

The car lots received at Chicago yesterday were: Winter wheat 32, spring 62, corn, 238, oats 123 and barley 16.

The report of receipts of hogs from the Chicago Stock Yards to-day is: Estimated receipts 23,000, official yesterday 19,323. Shipments, 6797, left over about 3500. Cattle, receipts 10,000. Market quiet.

W. H. STOREY & SON.

SELF-MANUFACTURERS OF CANADA

PAT. NAPA BUCK GLOVES

BEST IN THE WORLD

SEE THAT THEY BEAR OUR NAME. ALL OTHERS ARE FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS.

ACTON, ONT.

LOCAL STREET MARKET.

The local market to-day was quiet and firm. A few loads of wheat offered and sold at 80c to 82c for fall, 73c to 79½c for spring, and 73c for goose. Barley dull and prices steady. 300 bushels selling at 73c to 74c. Oats are nominal at 32c to 42c, and peas at 70c to 72c. Hay in fair supply and firm; about twenty loads sold at $14 to $17 a ton for timothy, and at $12 to $13 for clover. Straw sold at $11 to $13. Dressed hogs sold at $7 to $7.25. Beef $3 to $5 for forequarters, and $5 to $7.50 for hindquarters. Mutton $5.50 to $8; lamb at $9 to $10; veal $5.50 to $8.50.

ST. LAWRENCE MARKET.

The retail market was dull to-day and prices showed little changes. Beef, 12c to 14c; sirloin steak at 18c to 14c; steak 10c to 12c. Mutton, legs and chops, 12c to 13c; round inferior cuts 8c to 10c. Lamb 7c to 9c for front, and 11c to 12c for hindquarters. Veal, best joints 12c to 13c; inferior cuts 6c to 8c. Pork, chops and roasts 10c. Butter, lb. rolls 22c to 25c, large rolls 18c to 20c; inferior 14c to 16c. Lard, in tubs 10c to 11c. Cheese 14c to 16c. Bacon 10c to 12c. Eggs 18c to 20c. Turkeys 13c to 14c per lb. Chickens, per pair, 60c to 75c. Geese 10c to 11c per lb, per lots 8c to 9c per lb. Ducks 80c to $1. Partridges 70c to 90c. Potatoes, per bag $1 to $1.10. Apples, per barrel $1.75 to $2.50. Beets, per bush, 60c to 75c. Onions bag, $1.50 to $2. Celery 45c to 60c a doz. Turnips, bag 40c to 50c. Carrots, bag 50c to 60c.

ROBINS, SUTHERLAND & CO.,

TRUSTEES,

Receivers, Arbitrators, Public Accountants, Dealers in Municipal Debentures,

27 Wellington-street east, and 36 Front-street east, Toronto.

"Correspondents in Great Britain."

WILLIAM ROBINS (late Robins Bros.) | R. W. SUTHERLAND, (late Scott, Sutherland & Co.) 624

BREADSTUFFS.

The market is quiet and prices generally steady.

FLOUR—There is a very quiet trade, and prices are not quotably changed. Straight roller is quoted at $3.75 to $3.80 and extra at $3.45 to $3.50. Patents rule at $3.80 to $4.20, according to quality.

WHEAT—Trade quiet, with the feeling somewhat uncertain. No changes in prices noted. No. 2 red winter is quoted at 84c to 85c, No. 2 fall 84c on track, and No. 2 spring 81c.

No. 1 hard Manitoba 85c bid, and No. 2 also wanted at 86c, without sellers; No. 1 red 95c bid.

BARLEY—Trade quiet and prices irregular. A car No. 2 sold at 75c, and No. 1 quoted at 78c.

OATS—The market was quiet to-day and prices steady. A car of mixed offered at 45c on track.

PEAS—There is little doing and prices are firm. Car lots on spot are quoted at 67c, and a sale was made outside for shipment at equal to 62c here.

RYE—Business dull and prices purely nominal.

BRAN—Offerings are restricted and prices firm. Car lots on track are quoted at $17.50 to $18.

BLACKLEY & ANDERSON,

ACCOUNTANTS AND ASSIGNEES,

53 FRONT-STREET WEST. - TORONTO.

Hamilton office 2½ James-street south. 624

D. BLACKLEY. GEO. ANDERSON, JR.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

The following table shows the fluctuations of the Chicago market as received by T. P. Hanrahan & Co. by private wire to-day:

		Opened.	High-est.	Low-est.	Closed.
Wheat	May	79¼	79¼	78⅝	78⅞
"	June	79¼	79⅞	79	79¼
"	July	79⅝	79⅞	79	79⅛
Corn	May	51½	51½	50¾	51⅛
"	June	51¼	51¼	50¾	51⅛
"	July	51⅝	51⅝	51	51⅛
Pork	May	14.10	14.17	14.03	14.17
	June	14.12	14.22	14.10	14.22
Short Ribs	May	7.22	7.22	7.17	7.22
	June	7.30	7.30	7.25	7.30
"	July	7.40	7.40	7.35	7.37
Lard	May	7.67	7.67	7.61	7.65
"	June	7.70	7.70	7.67	7.67
"	July	7.77	7.77	7.72	7.72

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OSWEGO BARLEY MARKET.

Oswego reports barley to-day quiet at the following prices: No. 2 ex. Can. held at 92. No. 1 Can. 95, No. 1 bright 98.

MILWAUKEE GRAIN MARKET.

March 16. 9.30 a.m.—Wheat 75¾ for cash, 74¾ for April, 77¾ for May.

10.30 a.m.—Wheat 85¾ for cash, 74¾ for April, 77¾ for May.

1 p.m.—Wheat 75¾ for cash, 74¾ for April, 77¾ for May. Receipts—Flour 5720, shipments 14,630; wheat 17,000, shipments 1000; oats 4000, shipments 1000; corn 2000, shipments 1000; rye 1000, shipments 2000; barley 14,000, shipments 6000.

DETROIT.

March 16.—9.50 a.m.—Wheat No. 1 white 85c asked for cash, No. 2 red 85c asked for cash, 85¾c for May, 86c asked for June, 86½c asked for July.

12 noon—Wheat No. 1 white 84½c cash, No. 2 red 84½c for cash, 85½c for May, 85½c nominal June, 86½c for July. Receipts 7000, shipments 1000.

TOLEDO.

March 16.—9.40 a.m.—Wheat 84½c for cash, 85½c for May, 85½c bid for June, 82½c asked for July, 82c bid. Corn 52c bid.

11.30—Wheat 84c for cash, 84½c for May and June, 82½c for July, 82c for August, 83½c for Sept. Corn 51½c nominal cash, 52½c for May. Oats 33c for cash, 33½c asked for May.

2.10 p.m.—Wheat 84c nominal cash, 84½c for May, 84½c bid for June, 82c bid for July and 83½c asked, 81½c asked for Aug. Corn 52c bid for May. Receipts, wheat 8000, shipments 7000; corn 22,000, shipments none; oats 1000, shipments 3000.

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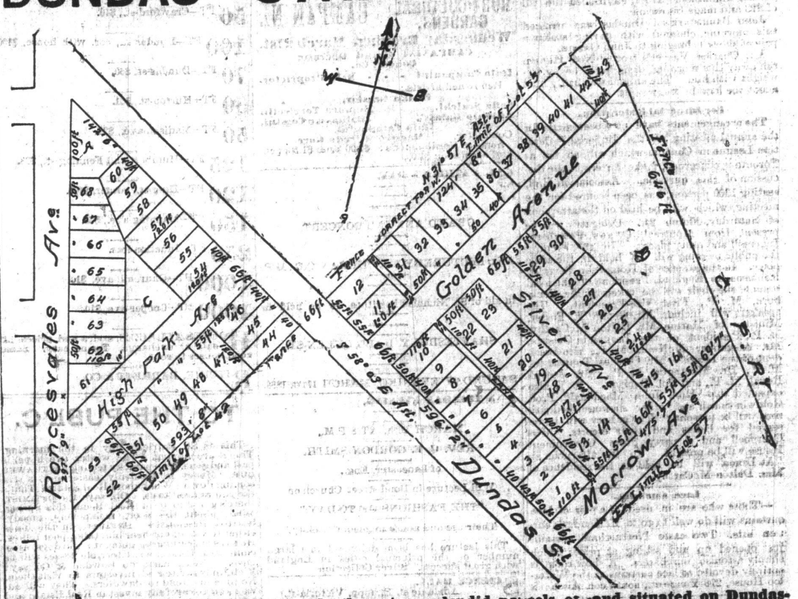
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