

"SALADA"

All Pure Tea—Free from Dust

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— Black or Natural Green —

We Must Preserve The Forests

Seventy Per Cent of N. B. Unfit for Plowing
Says Forestry Expert Robson Black

Speaking to a Doaktown audience which completely filled the public hall, July 3rd, Mr. Robson Black of the Dominion Forestry Association, spoke in part, as follows:

The foremost thrift campaign open to New Brunswick today is in the inauguration of proper forest management under the direction of a staff of technical foresters. While forward steps have been taken by individual companies, the present pace of forest deterioration can be overcome only by a central policy for the supervising of logging operations and the cutting of fires. This step is the obvious sequel to the wise scheme of the Forest Survey now being carried out by the Government.

This is a year of reorganization and the application of scientific methods all over the world. Factories and farms, railroads and banks mines and fisheries have had to get into battalion formation and serve the highest requirements of the State. What works during war will continue into peace? In the keen international contest for trade, only a prompt application by the provincial government of the policy of forest organization and economy can give this province the great advantages to which its wood supplies and water powers entitle it. Other countries have read the signs of the times and are harnessing their forests to progressive ideas of protection and operation. Competition

will compel action eventually. To act today is a matter of business strategy and self preservation.

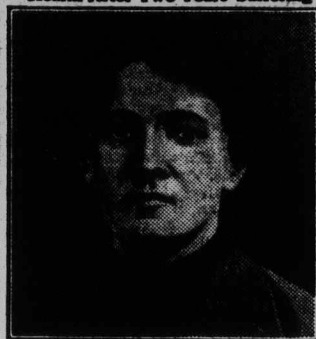
New Brunswick is essentially a great lumbering province, not only for today but for all time to come. Lumbering is not a way station to agriculture except where the trees grow on agricultural soils. Seventy per cent of New Brunswick is permanently unfitted for the plow. It will not pay the settler his salt. Obviously the area of good provincial house keeping requires that not only the tillable but the untillable areas shall render to the public every dollar of profit of which they are capable.

Mr. Black stated that two thirds of Ontario and a larger per centage of Quebec must always be withheld from agriculture because of soil, topographic conditions or climate. The problem facing all governments was how to keep out fire from the only crop these lands would produce and how to regulate logging operations so that the supply of trees would suffer no diminution through all time to come.

Eulogizing the progressive spirit which had led the province to undertake the Forest Survey, the speaker believed that there would logically follow a new provincial forestry department of technically trained foresters, entrusted with the task of supervising cutting operations in the forests and with authority over the fire ranging service. The latter ought to be placed on a permanent footing, so that one body of men could attend to fire ranging in summer and fall and to enforcing provincial cutting regulations in the winter months. The present methods of unsupervised cutting have brought about a deteriorating forest. From 20 to 30 per cent of the trees in a given area is left unused whereas the United States National Forests have reduced this waste to

"I FEEL LIKE A NEW BEING"

"FRUIT-A-LIVES" Brought The Joy Of Health After Two Years' Suffering



MADAM LAPLANTE
35 St. Rose St., Montreal, April 4th.

"For over two years I was sick and miserable. I suffered from constant headaches, and had palpitation of the heart so badly that I feared I would die. There seemed to be a lump in my stomach and the constipation was dreadful. I suffered from Pain in the Back and Kidney Disease.

I was treated by a physician for a year and a half and he did me no good at all. I tried 'Fruit-a-lives' as a last resort. After using three boxes, I was greatly improved and twelve boxes made me well. Now I can work all day and there are no headaches, no palpitation, no Heart Trouble, no Constipation, no Pain or Kidney Trouble and I feel like a new being—and it was 'Fruit-a-lives' that gave me back my health."

MADAM ARTHUR LAPLANTE.
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

10 per cent. Except with very few companies in Canada reproduction is left more or less to chance and the chance plays continuously against us. With skilled supervision of the cutting, the present rapid deterioration of timber area can be arrested and the chief foundation of an enormous industry and of provincial revenues made secure for all time.

You can burn a candle at both ends but not for long. The forests of Canada are not more than one quarter as extensive as those of the United States, which in turn are outclassed by Russia. Forests cannot survive the double attack of ruthless axe and flame. If New Brunswick's network of forest industries is to be maintained and developed, the pillaging of the raw materials by fire and unregulated logging must be stopped at once.

Cost of Preserving Greatly Exaggerated

Women Now Determined To Save The Fruit

Present Price of Sugar Adds Only 1 1/2 Cents to the Cost of Putting up a Quart Jar of Preserves

Last summer, many women did not put up their regular supply of homemade preserves and bitterly they regretted it. They became scared at what they called the high price of sugar. When sugar reached 7 1/2 cents a pound, they let the strawberries and cherries go by. When sugar sold at 8 cents and 8 1/2 cents, they permitted the luscious peaches, pears, plums and apples to rot on the ground.

But never again. This summer will see a genuine, old time revival in homemade preserving; because the women of Canada now realize what a foolish extravagance it was to do without preserves; especially when the increased cost of putting them up is infinitesimal.

As a matter of fact, every woman can prove with her first lot of strawberries, that the increased cost of sugar is surprisingly small.

Turning back the files of papers publishing market prices, we find that in 1912, 1913 and 1914, up to the outbreak of war, the average price of granulated sugar was 5 1/2 cents a pound. Today, the best granulated sugar retails at 8 1/2 cents. This is an average of 3 1/2 cents a pound for the whole of the country.

A quart jar of preserved berries or fruit, requires but half a pound of sugar; so that the increased cost of preserving, due to the increased cost of the sugar, is only 1 1/2 cents a quart, compared with the cost of preserving before the war when sugar was unusually cheap.

Now is the time for the women of Canada to come gallantly to the aid of the country, and help to conserve our food supplies. The fruit crop this year, promises to be a record one, both in quality and quantity. Foreign markets being closed because of the shortage in transportation, it rests almost entirely with our homemakers as to whether this crop worth millions is to be a source of profit or a complete loss.

With the home pantries filled with delicious jams, preserves and jellies with these delicacies served for dessert instead of pies and cakes, enormous quantities of wheat will be released for the troops in France

How Girls Can Help Win War

Can Organize to Preserve the Food Being Grown in the Gardens and Orchards

CLUB LETTER, NO. 1

To the Girls of New Brunswick: What girl in this province has not felt herself consumed with a burning desire to put herself on the same plane of patriotic service with her brothers and friends in the army? Has not each one felt at times almost desperate over her very helplessness?

Until the present it has not occurred to any one to mobilize the girls of the country for war service of any kind, but now it is believed there is need and opportunity for a very special and valuable kind of service that no one in the province can do so well as our girls. The girls of New Brunswick can earn for themselves a place beside their brothers as saviors of their country by helping to conserve our native foodstuffs, and the girls must do it or it will not be done.

Every year in the United States alone there is a food wastage valued at \$700,000,000. We know that we in New Brunswick are to the same degree wasters. Does any food go to waste in your home or in your garden? Every person who wastes, or permits waste of food of any sort, is helping the enemy. Every person who prevents waste—who uses to the last ounce the product of garden and farm and orchard—is rendering a valuable service to her country.

The boys under military age have given themselves wholeheartedly to the greater production campaign. Now it is up to the girls to help look after the increased crop of peas and beans and corn and tomatoes.

The question arises, how can the girls most efficiently do this? And the answer lies in Canning Clubs. The girls of the State of Mississippi in one year of organized effort canned fruit and vegetables to the value of \$35,000. Every girl in New Brunswick will have the opportunity to join a Canning Club and to receive expert instruction in methods of canning and preserving. You are asked for your own sake, and for your country's sake, to give your co-operation and your most earnest efforts toward the making a success of these clubs.

and for the starving children in Belgium.

A careful consideration of the above facts will show to the Canadian housewife that sugar is not too homemade preserves; and that the increased cost of sugar has not materially increased the cost of homemade preserves; and that preserving is both an economy and a patriotic action.

Will you not believe that with such harmless and womanly weapons as glass jars and green peas, ripe fruit and golden corn you may help very materially in the good fight our men began almost three years ago?

GIRLS CLUBS

In order that the girls of New Brunswick may have the opportunity and the training necessary to do "their bit" towards the winning of the war, it has been thought wise to have them organize into clubs. In this way they can give concerted effort to the movement for greater production. The design is specially to have better methods adopted in home canning and to utilize the waste products of farm, orchard and garden.

Definite Objects of Club

- 1—To lead the girls to co-operate in greater production and better preservation of foods
- 2—To teach economy and thrift
- 3—To teach definite methods of preserving foods, and the use of labor-saving devices.
- 4—To encourage the utilization of by-products, and the value of home-grown fruits and vegetables, and in the proper rationing of the family.
- 5—To help the girls to more practical and efficient citizenship.

Suggested Requirements

- 1—Centres or districts maintaining a single department school may form a girls' club, with only 10 members, others should have at least 15.
- 2—Club members should be at least 14 years of age or in Grade VIII, and must agree to follow directions carefully and conscientiously. Each one should grow all the materials possible for canning, or otherwise preserving.

Each girl must supply her own materials, containers and utensils for the practical work that will be taken up.

Each club will have its own president and other officers, who will keep careful records of the work done by the members and report to the Education Department of Forms will be provided.

Club meetings should be held monthly, at least. Programs will be suggested in the literature to be distributed.

Each member should keep careful accounts of the cost of materials, containers, time, etc., on forms provided.

Each club member should agree to take care of at least 25 quarts of food materials in 1917:

R. A. LA WOOD, K. C.

Lawlor & Creaghan

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries

21-0 MONEY TO LOAN

Morrison Bldg., Newcastle

Dr. J. D. McMillan

DENTIST

Lounsbury Block, Newcastle

N. B.—Out of town on beginning of last Monday of each month.

W. J. DUNN

HACKMAN

Back to and from all trains and boats. Parties driven anywhere in town. Orders left at Hotel Miramichi will be attended to.

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At Nordin, N. B. For particulars, Apply to

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Prompt Payment!

Chipman, N. G. May 1st

M. R. BENN, Nordin, N. B.

Dear Mr. Benn:—"I am very well pleased with your promptness in paying up my claim in full."

(Sgd.) REV. E. E. MOWATT, The Manse"

41-177-pd.

Electrical Work

Electrical work of all kinds promptly done by the CANADIAN GEAR WORKS, LTD.

35-0

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 80 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

W. W. CORY.

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

XLIX-1E-40

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First Class Livery

Horses for Sale at all times.

Public Wharf. Phone 64

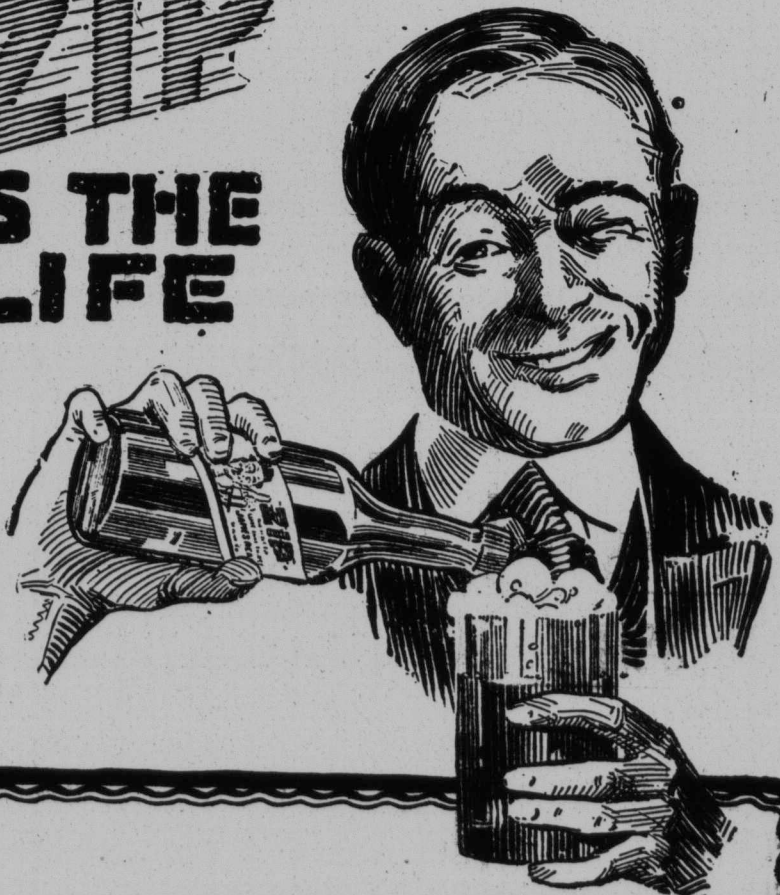
Dissolution of Co-Partnership

Notice is hereby given that the partnership subsisting under the style and firm name of James A. Rundle & Co., between James A. Rundle of Newcastle in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick and the undersigned James Robinson of Millerton in the County and province aforesaid under partnership agreement bearing date the fourth day of October 1906 made between said parties whereby the said partnership was to continue for a period of ten years from said last mentioned date, has been dissolved since the expiration of the term for which said agreement of partnership was entered into and which expired on the fourth day of October last past.

Dated the seventh day of November, A. D. 1917.

JAMES ROBINSON

ZIP IS THE LIFE



Bubbling Bliss

"Zip" is just bubbling over with goodness, it's so chock-a-block full of pungent pep. Become a "Zip" fan this very day and give the "knock out" to thirst. Buy this drink of mystery at the nearest thirst-ery and see what a spanking razor keen edge it will put on your spirits. A bottle of "Zip" gives added zest and vim to the day's work because of its refreshing flavor and mighty pleasing coolness.



ssh!!

ZIP is the password

Ask for "Zip" by name wherever drinks are sold. Keep a few bottles always on the ice for yourself, your family and your friends.

READYS LIMITED

ST. JOHN, N.B.



You can keep the fine natural color in Raspberry Preserves IF YOU MAKE THEM WITH

Lantic Sugar

"Pure and Uncolored"

Long cooking takes raspberries. You can avoid this by using LANTIC SUGAR which dissolves instantly on account of its "FINE" granulation. LANTIC is the best sugar to use for all preserving on account of its purity and high sweetening power. LANTIC is a pure cane sugar equally good for the table, for general cooking and for preserving.

10, 20 and 100-lb. sacks; 2 and 5-lb. cartons.

PRESERVING LABELS FREE—Send us a red ball trade mark cut from a bag or carton and we will send you a book of 34 ready guaranteed printed labels.

Atlantic Sugar Refineries, Limited
Power Building, Montreal