PARENTE OF MILLIONS.

India is the Home of the Orange - The Trees Are Remarkably Fruitful.

The little ills of childhood often come very suddenly and often they prove serious if not treated promptly. The wise mother will keep Baby's Own Tab-lets always at hand and give her little ones an occasional dose to prevent sick-ness or to treat it promptly, if it comes ness or to treat it promptly, if it comes At the entrance to the famed Mag-nolla Avenue at Riverside, California, are to be seen two orange trees. Above all trees these are honored, as the pros-perity of a considerable portion of Cali-fornia is largely due to these parent trees. From those two marvellous trees were produced directly on indirectly. unexpectedly. Baby's Own Tablets cure all the minor ailments of children and are obsolutely safe. Mrs. A. H. Bonny-man, Mattall, N. S., says:-"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for teething, constipation and other ills of child-hood, and have found them a safe and excellent medicine." Sold by all medi-cine dealers on the matt 25 centers were produced directly or indirectly the whole of the orange trees in Riverside, trees which cover some thirty acres of groves; in fact, the whole if the Los Angeles district sends away cine dealres or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. by rail each year 350,000 tons of or-anges and lemons. These oranges are the famous seedless oranges, known the world over.

Riverside owes its existence to or-**GREAT PLAGUE OF MOTHS** anges. Not much more than a genera-tion ago this fown was simply the haunt of cattle, and even as a grazing ground it was poor owing to the ab-COSTING MASSACHUSETTS MILLIONS sence of water. A number of progressive men came along and thought that the place could produce oranges. They The State is Invaded .by Hordes of commenced digging irrigation canals and planting orange seedlings, but their venture was a complete failure. At this time, when things were at

their blackest, one of the planters re-ceived a couple of orange trees which had been imported from Brazil. These trees grew and multiplied to a marvellous extent. They were without pips and of excellent size and quality.

flew over Egypt. The gipsy moth plague is due to the Buds were taken from these trees and grafted on the stock of ordinary orange trees grown from seedlings, so that in carelessness of a scientist who lived in Massachusetts some years ago. The a short time there were a number of trees at Riverside which produced the gipsy is a silk-spinner, and the scien-tist had an idea that by crossing him scedless orange. with the ordinary silkworm he could obtain a caterpillar hardy enough to FIRES TO KEEP THE FRUIT WARM.

withstand the cold winters. Accordingly he imported a great The culture has achieved the proportions of an exact science. Water channumber from their native European haunts, and then, unfortunately, allow-ed several caterpillars to escape. When they got acclimatized to the east winds nels lined with cement are to be found all over the groves, which are irrigat-ed at stated periods the whole year round. To such a degree is the culture carried that the growers even go so far as to provide warm fires to keep the groves at a good temperature when of Massachusetts the mischief began. It was a case of 500 caterpillars to each female moth. the surrounding districts are at freezing point.

Soon a commission had to be ap fruit is picked during the winpointed, which expended a million and ter months mainly by Japanese. The produce is taken to the packing house, a half dellars in ten years in a vain effort to exterminate the plague. What where the oranges are cleaned, separ-ated into various classes, covered with the result would have been had not the Legislature in a mistaken fit of economy tissue-paper wrappers by means of marvellous machinery, and packed into suspended the work is a matter of speculation. cases Last year indignant public opinion

The Los Angeles neighborhood deand the openly expressed alarm of ex-perts in the neighboring States brought spatches 200 truck loads of oranges daily throughout the picking season. about the appointment of another com-mission. The brown-tail had mean-

Orange trees are remarkably fruit-il. In fact, a tree 20 feet high, occuful. ful. In fact, a tree 20 teet high, occu-pying a space of little more than 12 feet in diameter, may yield from 3,000 to 4.000 oranges in a year. There is one tree in Florida which has frequent-ly yielded 10,000 oranges in a single season. The tree lives to an age of 100 to 150 years, and the young tree while been imported on some rose bushes from Holland. It is a conservative estimate that over \$1,000,000 will be expended in Massachusetts during the next two years in fighting moths. season. The tree lives to an age of 100 to 150 years, and the young are less productive than the old. The increased seriousness of the situ-ation is roughly indicated by the in-creased expenditure under the new commission as compared with the old—

India is the home of the orange, and thence it spread into Western Asia and thence it spread into Western Asia and Europe. It grows in all parts where the climate is warm enough, thriving Lest in subtropical climates. The great orange-growing districts of the world, however appear to be Eloyida Levit \$1,500,000 in ten years, as against over \$1,000,000 in two years. The only method so far successful in controlling the plague is that of direct however, appear to be Florida, Louisiare going from tree to tree destroying ana and California. the moths wherever found. Certain habits of the insects aid in AUSTRALIA'S LOST OPPORTUNITY.

It is grown to great perfection in Queensland and South West Austria but for some reason or other it is r cultivated there on a commercial sc

STORY OF THE ORANGE Even the small green oranges which fall from the trees are not wasted. These are collected and dried, and used in making liqueurs.—Pearson's Weekly. CLOTHING HAS A GREAT INFLUENCE

WHEN BABY IS SIOK

GIVE BABY'S OWN TABLETS

OF DOLLARS.

Caterpillars - Commission

Appointed.

lions of dollars is being fought in the States. This gipsy and brown-tail moth

pest is proving to be one of the great-est plagues of any age since the locusts

COMMISSION APPOINTED.

herculean task. The brown-tail

A moth plague which has cost mil-

CLOTHING HAS A GREAT INFLUENCE ON OUR SPIRITS.

Scientist Says He Thinks Women Ought to Wear Trousers as Well

as Men.

Originally men and women were Originally men and women vere clothed, without expense, in a comfor-table covering of hair, and since they lost it more time and labor have been given to supplying substitutes than to any other affair of life. It is calculated that seventy million more constructive emplored in work

people are constantly employed in mak-ing and distributing clothes and ornaments for the human body. Wilfred N. Webb, curator of the Eton

(Ergland' College Museum has recently publis... 1 a work dealing with the effects of clothes on their wearers.HEAVY CLOTHES, SAD THOUGHTS.

On our spirits, and even on our character, clothing, it apears, has a pow-erful influence. Heavy clothing causes mental depression. Gauzy stuffs and laces are said to produce feelings of lightheartedness.

Dr. Flaccus made an investigation into the effect of clothing on the pupils of a girls' school, and among other things, found that the style of the hat may determine the mood of the wearer.

may determine the mood of the wearer. "In a large, heavy hat my spirits are low," said one girl. "A broad hat makes me feel jolly." "If my hat is flat on my forehead I feel depressed." "A fancy hat puts me in a coquettish mood." "I feel brighter in a hat that polls curve, from my face."

rolls away from my face." It appears that the whole of our principal attire, masculine and femin ine, originated in the shawl. The The shawl was first worn as a wrap, then the edges were sewn together and it formed a sleeveless tunic, after that slits were cut in the sides for the arms, next came sleeves, and then the front was cut open and fastened with buttons.

Thus came into existence the man's coat and vest and the woman's bod ca and jacket. Another shawl worn on the lower part of the body developed into the petiticoat and skirt, and when sewn up the middle became a pair of trousers.

TROUSERS FOR WOMEN. Mr. Webb seems to think that the trousers, being later in development than the petiticat, is the superior gar-

Mde. Joseph Beaudoin, 59 Rue St. Olivier, Quebec, P. Q., Can., writes: "Peruna is wonderful for indigestion. ment, and one day will be the fashion able wear of women. Gymnastics and outdoor work and eat whatever I want and no longer feel any oppression. Having had dys. pepsia for a long time and having tried various other remedies, I decided to try

exercise are working a revolution in girls' dress. When lady gardeners were first employed at Kew Gardens, the director had to issue an order concerning dress suitable to the ocupa tion.

It was found that the long skirt da.n aged the plants, and the ladies readily adopted the divided garment, wearing an apron which covers it to some extent. But it is to the rising generation we must look for any radical change. And already in gents' schools a knick erbocker costume has come into use and, curiously, is much better liked than the long dress.

COLORS FOR MEN.

The need for more color in men's wear has often been urged. Men real-ly like color, and use it whenever they get the opportunity. A desirable reform tree-to-tree work. Hundreds of men is suggested by a custom which pre-vailed in Cornwall many years ago.



Peruna and with the fourth bottle of it i was perfectly cured. "For this reason I recommend it to a'l those who are suffering with that terrible malady, dyspepsia. I hope that all who are afflicted in this way will take Peruna and Manalin as I did." Chronic Nasal Catarrh.

Mr. Chas. H. Stevens, 122 Sixtcenth

SL., Detroit, Mich., writes: "It affords me great pleasure to testi-ty to the merits of Peruna as a remedy for catarrh.

"I suffered for some chronic nasal catarh, but after five months' treatment during which time I used seven bottles of Peruna I am pleased to say that I am entirely well, there not being the slightest trace of catarrh left.

"Peruna is without a doubt, in my mind, the greatest remedy known for catarrh."

Weak, Tired Feeling.

Miss Marie A. Lesser, 928 W. 36th St., Chicago, Ill., Worthy Secretary I. O. G. writes:

"I am glad to give a good word for Peruna; and I hope that all who see this who are troubled with systemic catarrh as I was for years, will profit by it. "I had find more any sewedies but pone "I had tried many remedies, but none did more than give me temporary re-lief, and some did not even do that. "I took Peruna at the suggestion of a friend, and was more than pleased and surprised at the results.

"I am now perfectly well and strong. That weak, tired feeling has left me, and I feel like a different person entirely.'

The Slavery of Discase.

"I suffered with backache, headache and dragging pains for over nine months, and nothing relieved me until I took Peruna. This medicine is by far better than any other medicine for these troubles. A few bottles relieved me of my miserable half-dead, half-alive con-dition It is wonderful how many women in Canada and the United States have been practically made new again by the use of Peruna. Peruna.

Not the victims of any organic disease, but just a half-dead and half-alive, condilion.

Miserable, dragging pains that keep a woman always from doing her best work, from being her best self. Cross and petulant, perhaps. Maybe even a slattern in her household, just because her health is continually below par. She never feels quite right. She gets the reputation of being sullen, or mor-

bid, or ill tempered. Her trouble is not a moral one at all, it is simply a physical one. Make such a woman well and she immediately becomes transformed into a new being mentally. This is exactly what Peruna has done in a multitude of cases.

THE EXCELSION LIFE INSURANCE CO. 1907 a Prosperous Year.

Girl Who Was Human Pincushion and Needle Case.

SWALLOWED 75 PINS.

Three remarkable cases are recorded in the Lancet of people who have swal-lowed needles. One of them related to a lady who 30 years ago received a needle in her left foot, an event which she had forgotten until at the end of last year it presented itself in her right elbow and was easily removed. Another case referred to a lady who had broken for y profits to its policyholders, and off a needle in the first joint of her left thumb. Dr. Campbell Black searched for it unsuccessfully, but a year later of the business which policyholders a she felt a pricking sensation in the right particularly interested in-security. is suggested by a custom which pre-vailed in Cornwall many years ago. "When they go a-wooing," says a writer in the "Spectator," "whether they have any post in the militia or not, they put on a red coat." Why can't we do this? A man ought to appear at his best on such an occasion, was in the habit of putting pins in her mouth, and sometimes had been known to fall asleep without removing them. She was admitted to the hospital, hav-She was admitted to the hospital, hav-ing swallowed five pins accidentally, and by the help of emetics she was re-lieved of them. Returning home, she began regularly to vomit pins, and got rid of 25 in the course of a month. She then began to produce needles, and in a fortnight 13 came out from the following situations—the left nostril, be-hind the left ear, and a spot on the front of the right forearm; at the same time she continued vomiting pins un-til 75 had appeared. Two of the needles were threaded with about three inches of thread. of thread.

The annual statement of The Excelsior Life Insurance Company issued re-cently, indicates a year of increased business. The total income was \$427,-450. That the Excelsion Life Insurance Company is pre-eminently a policyholdtory profits to its policyholders, and further its record and present position is unexcelled as regards those features of the business which policyholders are

"If every suffering JOSEP would take Peruna, they would soon know its value and never be without it."

M RS. JOSEPH LACELLE, 124 Bronson St., Ottawa East, Bronson St., Ottawa Ontario, Canada, writes:

"I am now in good health, have nei-ther ache nor pain, nor have I had any

"If every suffering woman would take Peruna, they would soon know its value and never be without it."

Dyspepsia and Indigestion.

dition.

for the past year.

world,	and, of	course,	it is extensiv
grown	in the	South	of Europe.
most c	ommon	of all o	ranges being
Pertug	al or L	isbon o	range.

Probably the favorite oranges those from Sa. Michael's and from M ta, though these oranges cannot cc pare to the Mandarin from China, a the naval from South America; the latter are nearly double the size of ordinary orange. The oranges inte-ed for the export market are alway gathered before they are ripe.

The China orange is receiving me and more atlention; it has a smoc thin rind, and very abundant ju-Then there are all manner of ot Then there are all manner of ot oranges such as the egg, the blood/ Jaffa, and the seedless Majorca oran The Mandarin orange is a fruit wh is much broader than long, and rind is only very loosely attached is like the Tangerine.

A very curious description is Kum-quat, which is obtained fi Japan, and Australia; this c China, ous orange is little bigger than a go berry. The Seville orange used armalade is well known. There are uses for every part of the could be shovelled up and carted away marmalade is well known.

Result:

orange tree, from making medicines to by the wheelbarrowful.

nourishment from her food.

She took Scott's Emulsion.

She gained a pound a day in veight.

A New Orleans woman was thin.

Because she did not extract sufficient

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00

appear at his best on such an occasion, and, as the clothes would indicate the object of his visit, he would be reieved of the most embarrassing part of the performance. THE CHANGING FASHIONS. iks Why fashions come and go is still a ith mystery. The Eton jacket was once colored, te ny and the boys wore mortar-boards. But on the death of King George III. But on the death of King George III, black jackets were put on as mourn-ing, and they have been worn since. In the same way came the black gowns of King's Counsel. On the black of Queen Mary II, black gowns were substituted for colored ones, and ap-narmalive the barrietors forget to dis in THIS ARTICLE REMOVED parently the barristers forgot to disparently the barristers forgot to dis-card their mourning. In the days of public executions criminals often dressed in the most fashionable attire, and, as a conse-quence, the fashion was killed. A certain judge thus destroyed a fashion he disliked by ordering the hang-man to adopt it. hs. as

Q

nes en

cater enical spraying has freman to adopt it.

Painting is really a part of dress. Savages conceal their nakedness with

Savages content their nakedness with paint; women try to improve their com-plexions or conceal wrinkles. "The untimely decease of more than one famous beauty," says Mr. Webb, "was attributed to the paint with which she besmeared her countenance, a noi-able instance being the death of Lady Coventry." Coventry."

CONNUBIAL.

"Speaking of men falling in love and ardently pursuing the object of then affections, you needn't make fun of any cne. niv dear husband. bound to have me, but you can't say I ever ran after you." "Who ever heard of a trap running after a mouse?"

A woman's tears and a man's grins are not always on the level.

DIVERS DISEASES.

"What," inquired the Sunday school teacher of her youthful pupils---"what are divers diseases?"

Bashful or ignorant, the scholars clung lenaciously to the doctrine that little boys should be seen and not eard. "Come," pursued the teacher, can't

Then Johnnie's arm shot up.

"Well?' asked the teacher. "Please, miss," answered Johnnie, water on the brain!"

BE GAY!

If you know no stories funny You can laugh and still be gay; you're not the man with money; You can work and earn your pay; feel no anxious flutter As the seasons come and go. There is either ice to cut, or There is grass for you to mow.

LOVE'S GRAMMAR.

"What makes you think I'm selfish?" "Your inability to get beyond 'I'— say 'We.'"

amount of insurance now in reaches almost eleven and one-half mil-lion dollars. The assets of this Company amount to \$1,411,330. It has a Reserve Fund largely in excess of Gov-ernment requirements. Although it has been only eighteen years in ex-listence The Excelsion Life is one of the strong Canadian Companies its access strong Canadian Companies, its succe is indicative of shrewd and capable management. On its Board of Directors and capable are to be found the names of gentlemen distinguished for their integrity and business capacity, it is largely owing to their executive ability that the Excelsior Life occupies the high position that it does amongst insurance com-panies. Any one thinking of insuring their lives would do well to have the Excelsior figure on the proposition. Fullest information may be obtained on application to the Head Office in To-ronto. The Company want good active agents in every place where it is not represented.

A COMMON TYPE.

All day after day Bill Jones talked away From a store box fer all he was worth; An' his wife took in sewin' T' keep things a-goin' While Bill superintended th' earth.

NOTHING OF IMPORTANCE.

"What did your wife say when you didn't get home until three in the morning?

"Nothing that I care to remember "

DYING WISH.

Warder (to prisoner condemned to death)—"Your last hour hes come. What is your last request?" . Prisoner—"I should like capital punishment abolished.'