27. 1918

this thing ing until (ons too me down am's letter ion to. In secret, I am nay be per-

ie emotional had passed me, read his me, read his ark eyes. at him and, r vision, her ness. were simple, erself for all

e Cows nd blue-eyed

m into the t them pass, meadow-bars

over the hill, their sober the sunny

her had said youngest go; dead trampling for.

ork was done. loud in the

ng his gun 1 the foot-path through the

and purpose y on his hurrs.

litting startled

the lanes been alana with anala s came back at

we them home the lonely farm ng where two

mulous, palsied a son's again. cool and late, when the work

he opened the g one by one: e, and Bess in the evening

as out of the owing close be

dle air a khaki coal; om the crisping ather ne'er for

will sometimes

unto life again; es with a clouby

ast may wana

g to their meet speak when the

vening skies low the cattle June 27, 1918.

Give the Man a Chance (Continued from page 15.)

(Continue are consistent of Chainee (Continue are and a construction of Scotland of the total population of Scotland of the total and social of Scotland of Scotland as comover and the new yourself that in Prance Train of Scotland as comover and the arms, of which over one million have been killed and more than another within service. You have seen plo-tures of Franch wereas and barres, the hormes having been also conservined for the arms, There is a plow because there were no bares, the hormes having been also conservined to the the service of a plow because there were and barres the hormes having been also conservined to the arms, There is about left at home to do tarm work at France but women, of the collision encombated by the Scotland qui-toy are with the Bargiand qui-toy are with the Bargiand produces and control that arms, SS0,000 pare and increased here to the shand by the cultivated area of the island by the cultivated area of the island by the cultivated area of the island the cultivated area of the island the shand by the cultivated area of the island the cultivated area of the island the cultivated area of the island the shand the cultivated area of the island the cultivated area of the island the cultivated area of the island the shand the cultivated area of the island the shand the shand the shand the cultivated area of the island the shand the one million acres.

one million acres. Why talk about "inexperienced" labor at a time like this when the whole world is just shaking in the balance? You cannot stop to talk about how much experience a much has when he tackless a job. All that man has to do is to make up his and hat he is willing. All the farm-her do is to no. min has to be willing. All the farm-pind that he is willing. All the farm-er has to do is to have a little pa-tence and consideration until he gets on to his job. Look at the muniton business. When the war broke out Camada didn't know any trice shout making munitions. She broke out Canada didn't know any-thing about making municions. Sho had a rifse factory down in Quebe: where sho made a few riften for tar-get practice and militia purpones. But, phawi that was only a dea bits. In 1914 the Government got iny manfactures going. They didn't say learn how to make municipant any learn how to make munificate; they learned how to make the sicol to make the munificate and they have turned out hundreds of millions of dollars' worth of shells in the four years which have fai-lowed, shipped them across to the fring line and put them to the only use for which they were intendedkilling Germans; and they are just as good as the best at that.

as good as the best at that. Shells of all calibres, from the biggest to the smallest, and the fin-est intricate mechanical contrivances is connection with shells, like fuses ad time charges, have been turned ed. This is an absolutely new in-destry in this country, and who issued it? Wore they experienced mechanics? A few of them were, bet he bulk of the work was turned et by women and greenhorns. The same thing in England excly. In Bit frey took \$20,445 mea from the hadurtial organisations and put them into the army, and they fillen their places in the factories by women-504,000 women. You would thisk that the industry of the whole in connection with shells, like fuses Wonten-sus,out wonnen. Fou wonne thisk that the industry of the whole county would have been wrecked. But was it? You know perfectly woil that the output of guns from the British factories increased 80%, and the case of according Show. In the case of acrophanes 250%. In spile of its shortage of skilled men for the shipyards, by the help of insperienced labor, including women, they turned out 1,165,000

of incuperienced manor, purchase, wennes, they turned out 1,165,000 four of British ships last year. We have got to organise inexperi-aced help this year on Canadian Brms-townmen of all classes, wenes and boys. We have got to save the harvest. We are appealing is all classes of people to get out on the firm. Give them a chance. Be farm dive them a chance. Be he farm dive them a chance. In the firm dive the second the second dist best you can be set it in the same will produce the goods in 1938 that for a ross in an Canada Pood Board. man Canada Food Board.



HIP ROOF SILOS

(23)

739

FARM AND DAIRY

ILLE I SERIES

IN I REALL

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS AND VARNISHES

protect my home against decay. They prevent the rotting that constantly attacks unpainted buildings.

"I know that I will be conserving my resources by preserving my property. "This is why I am going to paint my house this spring. And, of course, I am going to use SWP."

Send for the free book, "The A.B.C. of Home Painting" written by a practical painter, telling how to paint, varnish, stain or enamel every surface in and around your home.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO., OF GANADA, LIMITED, 897, Centre Street, Montreal, Que. 110 Sutherland Ave., Winnipeg. Man. PAINT, VARNISH AND COLOR MAKERS. LINSEED OIL CRURNERS. 15