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THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 1905.

CANADA POLITICS.

As was anticipated, the new educational clauses in the Northwest Autonomy Bills took the wind completely out of the anti-Catholic agitation started in Ontario. The self-constituted party of provincial rights now finds itself in direct and undeniable opposition to the plainest rights of the new provinces. But the fight against Catholic schools has to be persevered in under some fiction or pretence. It would appear that the necessities of the occasion have located, but have not yet drawn the badger. The scene of activity has shifted to Manitoba where the Roblin Government, in sweet solicitude for the Provincial rights of Alberta and Saskatchewan, has tried by scheming, bluffing and threatening, to annex part of the inheritance of the new twins.

It will be remembered that in the first stage of the discussion rumors were started from Winnipeg to the effect that the Laurier Government was giving the Roblin Government the cold shoulder, because the latter would not consent to improve the unjust educational conditions under which the Catholics of Manitoba labor. That was a transparent bid for the sympathy of the anti-Catholic forces in Ontario, who were then relied upon to stop the hand of Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

The Ontario agitation having petered out, Mr. Roblin has been obliged to play his own game. He has made a sensational if not a crazy opening. The newspapers have been informed, presumably either by himself or his confere, Mr. Rogers, that a general election will be brought on in Manitoba. This may be a very dread full thing; but what interest it can possibly have for any other than the people of Manitoba themselves is hard to understand. The country heard the threat with perfect calmness, and it remains indeed a matter of further indifference that the bluff has not yet been attempted. This week the Roblin Government shot another bolt. By insinuation cautiously made through the press, Mgr. Sbarretti, the Papal delegate at Ottawa, has been charged with interference in our domestic politics. No one stands sponsor for this charge, and until some one consents to take this position, Mgr. Sbarretti is not likely to notice its object. The Toronto World started the story. It came to that paper by way of Montreal. Mr. Rogers and Mr. Roblin have been asked to give a formal statement, but have declined. Meanwhile the gossip is being thrived backward and forward among the newspapers of Ottawa, Montreal, Toronto and Winnipeg, and is made to assume a new form each day. It is a noticeable fact, however, that no exact statement is made that would connect one responsible party with it. For a while it was said that Sir Wilfrid Laurier had submitted the school clauses of the Autonomy Bills to Mgr. Sbarretti. The Conservative press rang the changes upon that cry without producing any apparent excitement. At length it was given up, and in its stead we have the rumor that the Papal delegate saw either Attorney-General Campbell or Mr. Rogers of the Manitoba Ministry. Furthermore, we are asked to believe that he said to them, or to one of them, that if Manitoba would reform her school laws in justice to Catholics, the Dominion Government would in return extend the boundaries of Manitoba to the west and the north.

That Mgr. Sbarretti could have made such a stipulation is incredible. The interview is alleged to have taken place at Ottawa, with Mr. Campbell or Mr. Rogers, when the Manitoba representatives were endeavoring to obtain territorial favors from Sir Wilfrid Laurier in view of the extension of autonomy to Alberta and Saskatchewan. It is altogether likely that Archbishop Langevin and the Papal delegate have been trying to obtain some concessions from the Roblin Government for the unfortunate Catholic people who have settled in Manitoba. It is possible that the

some concessions; but that Mgr. Sbarretti could negotiate an arrangement between the Manitoba and Federal Governments on a basis affecting the territorial rights of the new provinces is a stretch of the imagination that no horse man, not to mention a politician or a diplomat, would stand for. The records easily prove how ridiculous is the canard. The Dominion Government had communicated its decision to the representatives of Manitoba prior to the alleged interview of Mr. Campbell or Mr. Rogers with Mgr. Sbarretti. Messrs. Campbell and Rogers knew when they were leaving Ottawa the decision of the Federal Cabinet. That decision followed the decision of 1881 refusing further extensions of the Manitoba boundary for the following reasons:—

"When the addition was made to the Province of Manitoba of what is known as the 'added territory,' in the year 1881, there existed no serious obstacle to the extension of the boundary of Manitoba at that time from one to two hundred miles farther westward. Unfortunately for the solution of the question in the manner desired by the Province of Manitoba, conditions have materially changed since that date. The strip of territory which lies in the Province of Saskatchewan immediately to the westward of the boundary of Manitoba is one of the most thickly settled districts in the Northwest Territories. It is not in the position that it was in 1881, but, on the contrary, it is now a settled country with defined and well-established institutions, occupied by people who have in the main resided upon their present locations sufficiently long to become the owners of the property which they occupy.

"The committee further submit that all the information in their hands or available indicates that the people occupying the strip of territory in question may be said to be unanimously and determinedly opposed to being united with the Province of Manitoba. The committee do not propose to discuss the reasons for the existence of such a sentiment, nor whether there are just grounds for its existence or not. The committee submit that in corroboration of the view above expressed a resolution of the Legislative Assembly of the Northwest Territories, passed on the 20th of May, 1901, may be cited. It is not suggested that the resolution of the Assembly should be regarded as conclusively deciding the question for the Government of Canada, but it may be cited as indicating what the Legislative Assembly thought of the proposition which is now being considered.

"This House is strongly opposed to any further extension of the western boundary of the Province of Manitoba, and in the opinion of the House any such extension would be opposed to the wishes and detrimental to the interests, not only of any portion of the Territories more directly affected thereby, but of the Territories as a whole.

"The committee desire nevertheless to observe that the arguments above advanced, and the resolution of the Northwest Legislature above referred to, have reference solely to a western extension. These objections do not seem to have been urged against an enlargement of Manitoba's boundaries towards the north, and it has been with a view to the future consideration of such a proposal that your Excellency's advisers did not by the measure now before Parliament include within the proposed limits of the new Province of Saskatchewan the northeastern portion of the provisional district of that name or the eastern portion of Athabasca. The committee are likewise of the opinion that the desire of the Province of Manitoba for an extension of its boundaries to the shores of Hudson's Bay is not an unreasonable one, and they suggest that when the measure now before Parliament for the formation of the two Provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan are disposed of, the subject of such an extension of the boundaries of Manitoba might profitably be considered.

"It is possible that in this connection questions may arise which concern other Provinces, inasmuch as the territories lying to the north of other Provinces may be made the subject of requests of a character similar to that of the Province of Manitoba in the present case. The committee, therefore, recommend that at a convenient date after the formation of the Provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan the request of the Province of Manitoba for an extension northward be taken up, with the object of coming to a speedy conclusion, and trust that this suggestion may be acceptable to the Government of the Province of Manitoba, whose welfare and development the present Ministry desire to promote in every way compatible with their obligations towards the other Provinces of the Dominion."

Hon. Robert Rogers, of Manitoba, has fired off the blunderbuss he has been holding to Sir Wilfrid Laurier's head for the past few days. The weapon was not discharged before many warnings and threats had been uttered; and the fact that the Premier of Canada took no heed is an indication that the threatened revelations had no terrors for him. Though the smoke of the explosion has not yet cleared away, we are able to form some idea of the contents of the Manitoba gun. It appears to have been a blank cartridge, very elaborately wadded, capable of no serious damage, but of a great deal of annoyance. Indeed many may be blinded by it for a time.

Messrs. Rogers and Campbell went to Ottawa on the invitation of Sir Wilfrid Laurier to consider the boundary question. During their stay, Mr. Rogers says they received an invitation from Mgr. Sbarretti, whom they duly waited upon. The Papal delegate put before them two amendments to the Manitoba school law enabling a certain number of ratepayers in school districts to establish separate schools. Mr. Rogers goes on to say that Mgr. Sbarretti marked that if those amendments were ac-

cepted, they would "facilitate an early settlement" of the mission which had brought the two Provincial Ministers to Ottawa. But Mr. Rogers does not go the length of saying that Mgr. Sbarretti referred to all to Sir Wilfrid Laurier or to the Ottawa Government in any manner or form when he made this alleged observation, which Mr. Rogers construes as a threat.

The remainder of the statement published by Mr. Rogers is a carefully thought by no means coherent attempt to show the existence of a mutual understanding between Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mgr. Sbarretti. All this building upon nothing may be dismissed.

We take it that Mr. Rogers misses his aim if he fails to connect Sir Wilfrid Laurier with the proposals alleged to have been made by Mgr. Sbarretti. There is nothing at all remarkable in Mgr. Sbarretti taking advantage of the presence of two Manitoba Ministers in Ottawa to bring the case of Catholic education in that province before them. Mr. Rogers makes no admission that the persecution of Manitoba Catholics has been steadily kept before the Provincial Government, and that Mgr. Sbarretti was not likely to miss a single opportunity of urging the necessity for reform that grows every day more pressing. Mr. Rogers' silence upon the reasonable explanation of the interview is significant. The only peg upon which his appeal to Protestant prejudice will hold is his unsupported assertion that Mgr. Sbarretti mixed the boundary question and the school question together in his conversation. We refuse to believe Mr. Rogers on this point. Mgr. Sbarretti has not given his version of the interview and what led up to it. Mr. Rogers did not speak until he had exhausted the ways of the bluffer. It is just as well to look at this business dispassionately, for a short time will clear the air.

ONTARIO IS MISREPRESENTED.

Citizens of Ottawa, Montreal, Winnipeg and other cities are under the impression derived from newspaper reports and articles that Toronto is seething with excitement over the school question. The editor of The Register, in several eastern cities last week, was asked by many persons whether the streets were safe here for Catholics. He assured the anxious enquirers that a Marconi receiving apparatus would be required to detect any disturbance of the elements when the Telegram and the News project their daily sensations upon the quiet pastoral loveliness of Toronto's thoroughfares.

"But are there no threats used against Catholics or their clergy?" was asked.

"None whatever. You may have read of the man who yelled aloud at a meeting the remark, 'Orangeism stands for liberty; Rome stands for tyranny' but that chap was Hocken of the News. That was his job. Mr. Willison is obliged to show some results of the influence of the News."

It is indeed difficult to assure people living at a distance from Toronto that the few individuals who are busy themselves about Catholic schools in Toronto wholly misrepresent the city. A gentleman who has just returned from the West informs us that the people out there are somewhat alarmed about Ontario, and are determined for their own part that the alleged agitation will be confined to this Province. They may make their minds easy. The first April shower that comes will extinguish any little sparks that may have been kindled in Toronto by the tin horn incendiaries of the evening press.

A Born Railway Man

Success earned by hard work and native ability always commands respect, particularly when it is won with a modesty becoming a realization of the instability of human things. The success which has attended the subject of our sketch, Mr. P. E. Ryan, the Secretary of the Transcontinental Railway Commission, is, because of this, particularly gratifying to his many friends throughout Canada. Mr. Ryan, though not yet twenty-nine years of age, has had to shoulder more responsibility than comes to the lot of many a man of twice his years. Success has come to him naturally as a result of close application and the exercise of good judgment, combined with a never-failing tact and courtesy. Born in Ottawa July 26th, 1876, he was educated in the Separate Schools of that city and at Ottawa College. When seventeen years of age he entered the service of the Canada Atlantic Railway in the mechanical department. One and a half years later he was promoted and transferred to the office of the General Superintendent. Three and a half years later he accepted a position in the General Purchasing Department of the Canadian Pacific Railway at Montreal. In December, 1899, he was offered and accepted the position of private secretary to the Hon. F. R. Latchford, Hon. Geo. W. Ross.

Mr. Ryan was evidently destined for a railway career, however, for when the construction of the Temiskaming Railway was undertaken by the Government, Mr. Ryan was appointed Secretary-Treasurer of the Construction Commission. The conspicuous ability with which he discharged his duties in that capacity led to his selection for the important position which he now holds as Secretary of the Commission appointed by the Dominion Government to construct the Transcontinental Railway. Irish Catholics throughout Canada, regardless of political affiliations, will watch his career with sympathetic interest.

Mr. Ryan was one of the best known of the newspaper men in Ottawa. He was of an admirable disposition, trustworthy, hard-working, and kind-hearted. As a writer he was counted the most brilliant writer in some ways among all the local men. "Ottawa Citizen"—Sympathetic friends in large numbers who in life had known, honored and respected him, attended on Saturday night the funeral of the late Ambrose P. Hinds, of the "Citizen" staff, whose death

BARRIE CORRESPONDENCE
 A Brilliant Career Ended

When death takes away the babe who has not seen or undergone the cares of this world, or else the aged, bowed with the trials and tired of the tribulations of this life, it is sad but when it gathers in youth filled with the fire of ambition and strenuous with vigor of success, it is awful to contemplate. Such were the thoughts of the people of this town when the news came of the death of Mr. Ambrose P. Hinds, in Ottawa, on Saturday morning, March 25th.



Few had knowledge of his illness. His brother, Cletus, left for Ottawa on Friday, but did not reach there until after he had passed away. His sister, Miss Agnes, who has been living in Ottawa for the past year, was with him at the end.

A CLEVER MAN.

"Barrie Examiner"—Mr. Hinds was one of the many clever men that Barrie has given to the country. In the Barrie Collegiate he had a splendid record. English was his specialty, and with his natural gifts of writing, he was the leading essayist of his class. With his inclinations all towards the pen, it was only natural that he should enter newspaper work, and the rapid strides made in his chosen profession proved how wisely he had chosen. He began his work with the Ottawa Citizen about seven years ago, and each year the management marked their recognition of his industry and ability by some advancement. A short time before his illness he had been placed in charge of the semi-weekly edition of his paper, a position which he was filling admirably. He was an enthusiastic friend of his native town, and never lost an opportunity of booming Barrie. In addition to his duties on the Citizen, he was the Ottawa correspondent for a number of outside publications, and was particularly well posted on lumbering, which plays an important part among the industries of the Ottawa Valley.

Mr. Hinds wielded a facile pen, his articles invariably showing command of his subject, and an easy and graceful style. He was of pleasant address, and had the happy knack of making friends. To an exceptional degree he possessed the qualifications for a successful newspaper man, and would have obtained a high place in the profession had the average span of life been permitted to him.

A BRILLIANT WRITER.

"Barrie Gazette"—The deceased was educated at the Barrie Collegiate Institute, and after leaving these halls of learning, which have nurtured so many brilliant minds, he joined the staff of the Ottawa Citizen, of which until his death he was a valued member. A brilliant writer, with an inborn faculty for getting at the pith of any subject in which he became interested, he was an ornament to the journalistic field. Of his many diverse and special articles it is needless to speak other than to say that they evinced the most painstaking care and were clothed in a diction particularly his own. A rich flavor of humor permeated his efforts, while his conversation was that of a man who knew thoroughly well what he wished to say and how best to say it. His indomitable energy was shown by the fact that he remained actively engaged at his work, when another would have been content to rest.

A short time before his death he was given the entire charge of the semi-weekly edition of the Citizen, and was rapidly pushing the publication into the front rank of provincial journalism, when struck down by the grim reaper.

During the few short years in which he exercised his calling he had performed, at one time or another, the many varied assignments of a modern city daily, and to each of these he brought undoubted talent and ability. Jovial good nature was his predominant trait, and to meet him was to make a friend. In the city where he has resided since leaving Barrie he had gathered around him hundreds of friends, and his untimely taking off was the occasion of expressions of profound regret by the Ottawa press.

HIS LAST ILLNESS.

"Ottawa Journal"—A death that has evoked expressions of regret from a great number of citizens of Ottawa to-day was that of Mr. Ambrose P. Hinds, of the "Citizen" editorial staff. His death in the Water street hospital, at an early hour this morning, was the result of only a few days' illness, which was known only by his immediate friends and fellow-workers.

Last week Mr. Hinds complained of what he thought was grip, but kept on working until he was forced on Saturday to take to his bed. On summoning a doctor it was found that he was threatened with typhoid fever and pneumonia. On Monday he was removed to the hospital, and acute typhoid developed, complicated by a sort of pleuro-pneumonia. The end coming about two o'clock this morning, fully fortified by the rites of his church.

Mr. Hinds was one of the best known of the newspaper men in Ottawa. He was of an admirable disposition, trustworthy, hard-working, and kind-hearted. As a writer he was counted the most brilliant writer in some ways among all the local men. "Ottawa Citizen"—Sympathetic friends in large numbers who in life had known, honored and respected him, attended on Saturday night the funeral of the late Ambrose P. Hinds, of the "Citizen" staff, whose death

occurred in the early morning of that day. The body was forwarded on the Toronto train for interment at Barrie and notwithstanding the unusual hour, fully three hundred citizens turned out and paid their tribute of respect to one whose untimely demise has caused a general expression of profound regret. The remains were exposed in the parlor of the general hospital, Water street, between the hours of four and ten, and in that time scores of people viewed the familiar face.

During the evening prayers for the death were recited by Rev. Father McCauley, of Osgoode, an old friend of the deceased, and the Knights of Columbus, to which order the deceased belonged, afterwards said the rosary and solemn office for the dead under the leadership of Mr. J. J. Heney, grand knight. There was a very large turnout of members of the order.

There were many handsome floral offerings, among them being a beautiful pillow from the business and mechanical staff of the "Citizen," with the "30," the printer's insignia of the finish, in a floral design; cross, from the conferees of the deceased in the "Citizen" editorial rooms; pillow, from the Ottawa Press Club; wreath, W. M. and H. S. Southam; harp, Charles A. E. Harriss; wreath, Mr. Sam MacDougall; anchor, the Knights of Columbus; wreath, H. M. Hueston, Winnipeg "Telegram," and wreath from Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McGrail.

At ten o'clock the funeral proceeded from the hospital to the Union station, and the cortege included prominent citizens, members of the Knights of Columbus, the parliamentary press gallery, the Ottawa Press Club, employees of the "Citizen" staff, and many others. Among those not present were Hon. F. R. Latchford, K.C., W. M. Southam, H. S. Southam, Capt. Morrison, D.S.O., M. J. Gorman, K.C., B. B. Keefer, J. J. Heney, John P. Dunne, Dr. Craig, Dr. Parent, Dr. Mellon, Ald. Enright, Ald. Journeaux, John E. O'Meara, E. P. Stanton, W. MacMahon, Lawrence Foley, Ed. McMahon, James Muir, P. H. Wall, Vincent Webb, Gordon Henderson, Sam MacDougall, M. J. Mellon, T. W. Quayle, Frank Fallon, J. McC. Clarke, Frank Esmonde, John Byrnes, Joseph Thomas, T. D. Finn, Denis Sullivan, J. G. Foley, E. P. Gleason, Robert Reader, Thomas McGrail, Thomas Smith, Charles Hubbard, James Lawlor, W. H. Dickson, A. B. Hannay, R. M. MacLeod, A. J. Magurn, Frank MacNamara, M. J. O'Connor, Thomas Clancy, H. Roche, William Kearns, James Barrett, Jack O'Brien, W. J. McCaffrey, Simon Ebbis, E. L. Sanders, W. H. McAuliffe, C. L. Bishop, Charles Belford, Herbert Sims, Charles Woods, D. H. Reynolds, H. — Gays, J. E. Fortier, A. Brosseau, Joseph Martineau and a full attendance of the staffs of the city newspapers. The remains were accompanied to Barrie by a brother of the deceased and Miss Agnes Hinds, his sister.

LOVED AND HONORED.

"Barrie Gazette"—The remains were brought to Barrie on Sunday afternoon. Hundreds of sympathizing friends were at the station when the four o'clock train pulled in, and an immense concourse followed the coffin to the home of his mother, Elizabeth street, the following acting as pallbearers: James Moran, John Oliver, James Malloy and Chas. McGuire. Scores of sympathizing friends viewed the remains on Sunday evening, and on Monday a ceaseless flow of visitors called to pay their last respects to one whom they had loved and honored in life. The floral tributes were considerably augmented by the many designs sent to the sorrowing home, by friends in town, among them being: Sprays—Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Cheesman, Mr. and Mrs. W. O'Connor, Mr. and Mrs. J. Clayton, Mrs. Handy, Mr. Aldice Bachman, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Gardner, Master A. Sweeney, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Parks, Misses McGuire, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Lowe, Mrs. Loftus, Mrs. D. Spry, Crosses—Major and Mrs. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. S. Dymont; Crescents—Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Jory, Miss Sheppard; Anchor—Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds; Star—Misses Barry and Lord; Heart—Mr. and Mrs. J. Walsh; Violets, Mr. and Mrs. L. Vair; Pillow—mother; wreath—brothers.

Allanades—Misses M. and C. Hamlin, spray; Mr. and Mrs. J. Moffitt, spray.

In addition to the foregoing, the following were sent by friends from a distance: Toronto—Mr. and Mrs. W. Colville and Violet, cross; Mr. and Mrs. Boddy, pillow.

Portland—Mrs. W. Ross Cameron, spray.

Winnipeg—Mr. H. Heuston.

North Bay—Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Bailey, cross.

Hamilton—The Misses Nash, spray.

There were also many spiritual offerings and masses, and messages and telegrams of condolence.

THE FUNERAL.

On Tuesday morning, March 28th, the funeral took place to St. Mary's Church, Barrie, where Dean Egan celebrated High Mass for the dead, and afterwards preached an eloquent and very instructive sermon to a congregation composed of people of all religious denominations, who completely filled the church. From the church it went to St. Mary's Cemetery, where the remains were buried.

The pall-bearers were: J. A. McLaren, "Examiner," A. P. Wilkes, "Gazette," T. Crew, "Advance," Wm. Crossland, Chas. Devlin, and Patrick Kearns. Among those present at the funeral were: Frank Hinds, Orillia, uncle of deceased; and Ed. Hinds, Orillia, Matthew Hinds, Midland and D'Arcy Hinds, Toronto, cousins of deceased; Miss Boyle, Collingwood; W. Colville, J. Holden, W. Glover, W. Boddy, Toronto; A. Nash, Hamilton; ex-Mayor Boys, H. E. Jory, Daniel Quinlan, Symon Dymont, C. E. Perkins, Thomas Kennedy, C. E. Wm. Moore, T. Turner, John Murphy, Thos. Johnston, Warring Johnston, Wm. Johnston, E. Seivigny, P. Kearns, Geo. Simmons, W. R. King, Hy. Ellis, A. B. Thompson, M.P.P., James Duff, M.P.P., Michael Shanney, Dr. Palling, A. C. Garden, John Oliver, Hy. Myers, Frank McGuirk, J. Cairns, M. P. Malone, R. Addison, W. Glover, ex-Mayor Sewery, ex-Mayor Creswick, Mayor Ross, J. Craig, Jos. McBride, Houghton Lennox, M.P., George Monkman, Dr. McLaren, John Jorey, H. E. Jorey, Arthur Quinlan, Orillia, the Separate School children, Aldermen Turner, Lowe, Milne, Moore, Beardsley, Cowan and Tyrer, and very many other prominent citizens—R.I.P.

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THOMAS McCROSSIN DEAD

A Warm-hearted Irishman Formerly a Resident of Toronto, and Subsequently Superintendent of Penetanguishene Reformatory, Passed Away.

Mr. Thomas McCrossin is dead. He was well known to the writer and to many citizens of Toronto, who esteemed him highly. He resided here for many years, and did business at 111 King street east as hatter and furrier. He subsequently was Superintendent of the Penetanguishene Reformatory for Boys. His demise took place on Sunday morning, April 2, at his late residence in Penetanguishene.

Thomas McCrossin was born in Strabane, County of Tyrone, Ireland, in 1827. He came to Canada in 1846, and settled in Montreal, where he learned the trade of hatter. He in time acquired a knowledge of the fur trade, and made trips to Europe in the service of his employers.

He came to Toronto in the early fifties, and did business here for many years, most of the time at 111 King street east, opposite St. James' Cathedral. Here he married a Miss Parker, a beautiful and cultured young English lady, to whom he was very much attached, but they had no children. Mr. McCrossin was a Catholic, and his wife a Protestant, but she joined his church and became a regular communicant. She died, however, before her husband went to Penetanguishene, and was buried in St. Michael's Cemetery.

Mr. McCrossin entered with ardor into every movement for the benefit of his countrymen and co-religionists. In the years 1877-8-9 he was editor and publisher of the Catholic Tribune, a weekly newspaper that sustained the principles of the Catholic League, which organization was started in 1868. He had been an ardent admirer of the late Thomas D'Arcy McGee, and was one of that gentleman's principal Catholic supporters before the establishment of the League. Among Mr. McCrossin's principal associates in political matters were the late Senator O'Donohue, William Halley, John Shea, James Stock, John Carroll, Lawrence Coffey, C. P. Archibald, Hon. Sir Frank Smith, all now dead, but the one who writes this.

Mr. McCrossin was a man of culture and keen discrimination, who held that consistency was a jewel. He was straightforward and honorable in all his business relations, and would do nothing dishonorable to gain an advantage, and stuck by his political principles, no matter who changed or deserted the party.

Mr. McCrossin's second wife was a Miss Mary Le Moine, by whom he had two sons, Paul A. and Samuel, both educated in Toronto. Paul is with the Canadian General Electric Company here.

Deceased was known to the boys who were placed in his charge as a man with a kind heart, who did all in his power to advance their interests and improve their condition. Not only did he treat the boys well while in the institution, but in a friendly manner, endeavoring to guide them right when they left the institution, and kept up correspondence with many of them. He retired from the public service when the building was changed into an asylum for the insane a short time ago. The boys then in confinement there were removed to the Mimico Industrial School. The funeral took place at Penetanguishene on Tuesday last.

W. H.
 Happy is the man who feels that God cares for him; that he journeys under Divine convoy; that his Father is a regent of universal wisdom and represents the whole commonwealth of love; who is all nature, and who commands all nature to serve His child. Such a man is weaponed against every enemy, and is invincible. He dwells in the very realm of restfulness. He abides far above all fear, as eagles above the arrow's flight.

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