

XIV.—Debtors fraudently obtaining their discharge may be recommitted. Sheriff not in such cases liable for escape.

XV.—False evidence, perjury.

XVI.—C. L. P. Act, 1858, and this Act to be read as one Act. Power given to the Judges to frame, &c., necessary for giving effect to this Act.

XVII.—The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, eighteenth, nineteenth and twenty-second sections of this Act to apply to County Courts, as also all rules, &c., to be made under sixteenth section of this Act.

XVIII.—Every confession of judgement, cognovit, actionem. or warrant of attorney to confess judgement voluntarily or by collusion with a creditor or creditors, given by any person (such person being in insolvent circumstances or unable to pay his debts in full, or knowing himself to be on the eve of bankruptcy) with intent to defeat or delay his creditors, &c., or with intent of giving a preference, &c., to be invalid to support any judgement, and to be void as against the creditors of the party giving the same.

XIX.—Gifts, conveyances, assignments or transfers of any goods, chattels or effects, bills, bonds, notes, or other securities or property transferred under like circumstances, to be void as against creditors: Provided, that nothing herein contained is to avoid "any deed or assignment made and executed by any debtor for the purpose of paying and satisfying rateably and proportionally, and without preference or priority, all the creditors of such debtor their just debts." Provided also, that nothing herein contained is to make void "any *bona fide* sale of goods in the ordinary course of trade or calling to innocent purchasers."

XX.—Misdemeanor for a person to destroy, alter, mutilate, or falsify any of his books, papers, writings or securities, or make or be privy to false or fraudulent entries, &c.

XXI.—Misdemeanor to make or accept any gift, conveyance, assignment, sale, transfer, or delivery of lands or goods, &c., with intent to defraud creditors.

XXII.—2 Geo. IV. cap. 1, s. 15; 23rd, 42nd, 108th 300th ss. of C. L. P. A. 1856, and also so much of 48th section of C. L. P. A. 1855, as provides "that after obtaining judgment it shall not be necessary for the plaintiff to make or file any other or further affidavit than that on which the writ of attachment was ordered, in order to sue out a *cu. sa.*," together with other inconsistent enactments repealed from the time this Act takes effect.

XXIII.—This Act to take effect on 1st September, 1858.

XXIV.—This Act to be cited as "The Act for the Abolition of Imprisonment for Debt."

XXV.—The word "County," wherever it occurs, to include any union of Counties for judicial purposes.

A perusal of this Synopsis indicates at least three great changes in the law: 1st,—That no arrest can be made in a civil action without a judge's order; 2nd.—That no arrest can be made for a demand under twenty-five pounds.