ROUMANIA HAS DEMANDED RELEASE OF HER SUBJECTS

Bulgaria Refuses on the Ground That They Are Spies, Complications Are Likely

A despatch from London says: The report that Roumania has refused the request of Austria and Gerrany for permission for their war crat on the Danube to go through to the Black has decided, since the Unionist Fed-

pionage and Bulgaria's refusal of the the duty of Roumania to maintain formal demand made by Roumania neutrality to such limits as the vital for their release. Complications are interests of the country will permit.

A despatch from London says: The | feared as a result of the incident. Danube to go through to the Black Sea is confirmed by inquiries made here.

A Rome correspondent learns that a serious incident between Bulgaria and Roumania has been provoked by the arbitrary arrest at Sofia of sev-based by the second by t eral Roumanians on suspicion of es- foreign political situation makes i

WHEAT SEIZED FOR THE ALLIES

Canadian Government Has Taken Over Nearly 15,000,000 Bushels.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The

purpose of protecting the Imperial Government, which is buying the grain, and for which the Government here is acting. The commandeering of the wheat caused a sensation in the wheat market, particularly in the West, and inquiries have been pouring in as to the significance and scope of the Government's action.

As explained in an official memoran-

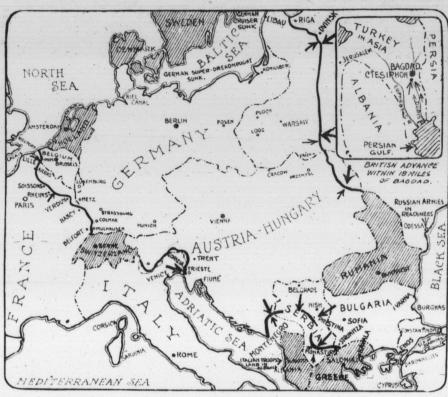
the Government's action.

As explained in an official memorandum, the method of commandeering the grain was adopted in order that the purchasing Government might not be subjected to the extra expense of inflated prices which would follow the Government's entry into the open market as a buyer. The Dominion Government has been bending every energy toward segring a market for public origing seems uneasy at the

SOUGHT TO CUT FRENCH LINE

The Bulgarians Were Driven Back Leaving Many Dead and Wounded

The Salonica correspondent of the A despatch from Ottawa says: The Dominion Government has commanded all wheat of Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Northern in store in Eastern elevative and threw back the Bulgarians, deered all wheat of Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Northern in store in Eastern elevators. The amount of grain affected is estimated at from twelve to fifteen Bulgarians had tried to force the Bulgarians had tried to force th This action, probably the most drastic ever recorded in the grain trade of the Dominion, was taken for the purpose of protecting the Imperial Government, which is buying the grain, and for rather than the purpose of protecting the Imperial Government, which is buying the grain, and for rather than the purpose of protecting the Imperial Government, which is buying the grain, and for rather than the purpose of protecting the Imperial Government, which is buying the grain, and for rather than the purpose of protecting the purpose of pr French lines with full strength, and



The Week's Developments in the War.

The Balkan States and the Austro-Italian front have held the chief interest in war developments during the week. After four months of terrific fighting with heavy losses in a mountainous country where operations were extremely difficult, the Italian armies are reported to have captured their immediate goal of Goritz. This news has not yet been officially confirmed, but if it proves true, the Italian victory is one of the greatest importance. An immediate advance against Trieste may be expected.

importance. An immediate advance against Trieste may be expected.

In the Balkans the Austro-German and Bulgarian advances have continued, the Serbian army making a masterly retirement. It is now pretty definitely believed that the Serbian army has escaped the trap set for it, although both sides suffered terrific losses. Large forces of French and British troops are now in Serbia, and the defence is becoming very much stronger.

At the Dardanelles the Turks have made desperate efforts to drive the British and French into the sea, without despending upon the reports that the Allied forces there have been greatly weakened to provide re-

evidently depending upon the reports that the Allied forces there have been greatly weakened to provide reinforcements for the Balkan campaign.

Russian armies, thoroughly equipped, are now concentrated near the Rumanian border, and will be fighting

Russian armies, thoroughly equipped, are now concentrated near the Rumanian border, and will be highting in Bulgaria next week. Greece has complied with the demands of the Entente nations, and after the Allies have succeeded in checking the invader, it would not be at all surprising if both Rumania and Greece should assist in driving out the enemy forces and in punishing Bulgaria for her part in the war.

On the Western front winter conditions prevail, and fighting has been largely restricted to artillery duels. The Eastern battle-front is almost entirely unchanged. Considerable naval activity has been reported in the Baltic, a squadron of the latest British submarines having passed though the Cattegat, according to repeated reports. A German super-dreadnought is reported to have been sunk by a mine.

Business in Montreal.

A despatch from Rome says:: Field
Marshal Lord Kitchener, British War
Marshal Lord Kitchener, British War
Minister, arrived here from Naples
and went directly to the British Emsasy. His arrival was a complete
surprise. After a conference with
Premier Salandra and the Minister
for War, Lord Kitchener left for the
front, where he conferred with Lieut.
Gen. Count Luigi Cadorna, chief of
Gen. Count Luigi Cadorna, chief of
Gen. Count Luigi Cadorna, chief of
the despatch of Italian troops to
the despatch of Italian troops to
the despatch of Italian troops to
the Halling general staff, and King
Victor Emmanuel.

Business in Montreal.
Nov. 30.—Oats—No. 2
local white, 46½c; No. 3 local white,
46½c; No. 3 local white,
46½c; No. 3 local white,
45½c; No. 4 local white,
46½c; No. 3 local white,
46½c; No. 3 local white,
46½c; No. 3 local white,
45½c; No. 4 local white,
45½c; No. 5 local white,
45½c; No. 4 local white,
45½c; No. 5 local white,
45½c; No. 4 local white,
45½c; No. 5 local white,
45½c; No. 4 local white,
45½c; No. 5 local white,
45½c;

The Leading Markets 200,000 SERBIANS FIGHT ON TAKING HE AVY TOLL OF ENEMY

The property of the position of o

ITALIANS TAKE PODGORA PEAK

Capture of Heights Crowns Five Months' Campaign Against Fortress.

A despatch from Rome says: After five months of fighting the stalians have taken the Podgora heights, the key to Goritz, now known to the Italians taken the Podgora heights, the stalians taken the Podgora heights, the stalians taken the Podgora heights, the stalians taken the Podgora heights to Goritz, now known to the Italians taken to be paid to a Salonica despatch to the Daily Telekey to Goritz, now known to the Ital-ian soldiers as Monte Calvario, be-cause of the heavy losses suffered by them in their efforts to conquer it as them in their energy to conquer it as well as by the Austrian defenders. These heights, just west of Goritz and on the opposite bank of the Isonzo, command the stronghold. Their capture means that virtually the last step in the taking of Goritz has been accomplished.

The Italian official statement con

The Italian official statement containing the announcement of this, the most important victory won by the Italians in many months, follows:

"On Monte Calvario (Podgora heights), west of Goritz, our attacks continued, and we reached the summit, which we held under the furious and concentrated fire of the enemy

"On the Carso plateau, after repulsing weak night attacks, the operations were vigorously resumed in the morning, and a strong entrench-ment was taken near the San Martino Church. A total of 7 officers and 86

men were taken prisoners."

Following their success in the capture of the heights of Podgora, the Italians are now storming the heights of San Michele, on the edge of the Carso plateau to the south of the Aus-trian stronghold on the Isonzo. These heights form the only important fortifications south of Goritz, and the Italians have been making desperate efforts to occupy them for several

In the official report, it was anmanian territory for an attack against manian territory for an attack against manian territory for an attack against succeeded in occupying the fourth line of entrenchments near the summit of the mountain. This victory was achieved after a terrific bombard-back arrived in Southern Russia. Denote the received in Berlin state that of the Austrian positions lasting night. When the artillery fire ceased, the infantry charged from the listrict around the church of San Martino. The Austrians were unable to retreat in time, and most of the de-fenders of the fourth trench were

offensive, which is now known as the fourth battle of the Isonzo, the Austrians have delivered a series of artil-lery and infantry attacks along the whole line of the Isonzo in futile at-

CZAR'S MESSAGE TO THE SERBIANS

Reported to Have Promised Their Presence in Bulgaria a Week Hence.

A despatch from London says: The graph, in which he promises the ap-pearance in Bulgaria shortly of Rus-sian troops. The Italian Government, according to this despatch, has also promised to send an expeditionary force of 40,000 men. According to the latest news from

Salonica the French line is still un-Salonica the French line is still di-broken, the report that the Bulgarians have occupied Krivolak being unhave occupied Krivolak being un-founded. On the contrary, all their attacks have been repulsed.

The French official statement re

ports an engagement with the Bulgarian forces near Brusnic, to east of Krivolak, in which the Bul-

gars were repulsed.

Great Britain and France are preparing to establish a great military position at Salonica, where large bar-racks are to be erected for the allied troops, and where a great electric power station is to be built to enable the allies to carry on their repair work. France and Great Britain have notified Greece that full indemnities will be paid Greece for any damage to Greek property that may be caused by the allied armies. age to

The change in Greece's attitude, together with the impressive military preparations by Russia, are under-stood here to have caused a marked reversal of sentiment in Roumania for the allies. It is believed here that Roumanio will grant full permission to Russia to send troops across Rounanian territory for an attack against

spatches received in Berlin state that large consignments of these cannon are now at Odessa. This news has caused a deep impression in military circles at Berlin. German military authorities state the Russians are about to strike the blow for which they have been preparing in the Near East for the last month. The fact that Russian troops are being con-centrated at Odessa, the principal Russian port in the Black Sea, has given rise to the conviction that Rusgiven rise to the conviction that Russia will attack Bulgaria from two

A despatch from Kingston says: Pte. Vervicke, a Belgian soldier who returned from the front, says he lost his father, mother and three sisters when the Germans destroyed Belgium,