

vein as far as the small cross-vein; then by the fourth longitudinal to the great cross-vein, beyond which is a hyaline cross-band reaching the costal margin, excepting sometimes a faint, narrow cloud along the third vein. A brown spot in the end of the submarginal cell that extends a short distance on the posterior side of the third vein; great cross-vein and the anterior side of the fifth vein from near the small cross-vein, with brownish clouds. Great cross-vein not at all oblique. Long. corp., 9–11^{mm}; Long. al., 6–7½^{mm}. Three specimens. On underbrush, Mass., July 1; Conn., June 25. New England (Sanborn); Burgess' col.

The hairs on the vertex, dorsum of thorax and sides of first abdominal segment, are longer and more abundant than in any other species known to me. Its parasitic habits will probably be found to be quite different from any of the following.

***Conops excisus* Wied.**

Aus. Zw. ii, 234. Lw., Neue Beitr., i, 28.

- ♂. Face yellow, the orbits with a rather broad glistening border of yellowish white, extending as a narrow line nearly to the vertex; facial grooves not darkened; cheeks more reddish. Proboscis about twice the length of the head; reddish brown; at base and tip black. Antennae red or reddish brown, more or less black near the end of the third joint; first joint more than half as long as second, second and third of equal length; second joint of style with a very inconspicuous process; third joint at the base not very broad, and soon attenuated into a long, bristle-like point. Vertex red or reddish brown; front mostly filled out with dark, reddish brown, blackish above the base of the antennae. Occiput brown, orbits with a line of yellowish dust, broader above and extending across below the vertex. Thorax black; humeri, scutellum, and the upper parts of the sides of the metanotum, red. The lateral borders of dorsum may be of the same color. Humeri on their inner sides and extending outwards along their hind border; a small spot in front below; another in front of the roots of the wings above; narrow pleural stripes, distinctly margined above; upper margin of the metanotum; and a large spot in front of each halter, bright golden yellow. Smaller spots on the sides of the disk of the metanotum and just back of the root of the wings, more grayish yellow. Abdomen chiefly black; second segment on its sides or almost wholly, red; the three or four following segments with only the hind border, red, or also with large