

wise their selection, bring them to the provinces and deliver them or turn them over to the provinces upon arrival. One of the serious difficulties which exists in Canada is that the moment a person enters a province he is outside federal jurisdiction except when we act more or less in the capacity of a policeman and deport him. I have always thought the provinces should state what numbers of immigrants they require and the type of people they want in their midst. My hope is that the provinces will agree to that, and at such time we will begin a program of recruiting such people as the provinces desire. We will bring them here and deliver them to the appropriate provincial officers. If the necessity for deportation should arise we would have to shoulder that responsibility.

Mr. WOODSWORTH: How will the immigration records of the provinces be kept?

Mr. STEWART (Edmonton): A very careful record of the entries should be kept; each person's movements should be checked as he goes from one province to another. The provincial governments should have an understanding with the municipalities which would take care of the indigents, so that domicile could be declared and a particular locality made responsible. That action is taken at the present time between municipality and municipality, and between province and province. The work of the department would be largely that of recruiting such people as are required. More particularly however its work would be along the line of what we were discussing, namely, manning the ports of entry into Canada. At the present time I am not in a position to go into details as to how this would work out, because a great deal will depend upon the conference and the arrangements which are arrived at with the provinces. Broadly however the matter of whom they require will be left to the judgment of the provinces; they will be able to state the number and the nationalities they want within their control.

Mr. WOODSWORTH: Will central Europeans be admitted under permit?

Mr. STEWART (Edmonton): The railway agreement as far as farm labour is concerned expires to-morrow, and it is not our intention to renew it. We are following the recommendation of the committee in allowing the agreement to expire. During the year the assisted passages will also expire; this was a term which applied to domestics. The only system of assisted immigration which we intend to continue is in connection with the

young boys and girls, and in that we are working in conjunction with the British government. The provinces will be in a position to decide how many they require. As far as I am concerned that is the only recommendation I will make to the conference. I wish my hon. friends to realize my desire is that the provinces will make their choice as to the immigrants they want.

Mr. LUCAS: What is the position in regard to the three thousand family scheme?

Mr. STEWART (Edmonton): There are a few of them working as labourers, but there are no more coming into the country under that scheme.

Mr. WOODSWORTH: Can the minister tell us whether Canadian boys will be given preference over the old country boys in the matter of finding work?

Mr. STEWART (Edmonton): In answer to that I can only say that we will have to be guided by the desire of the provincial governments. I think that is where the responsibility should rest, and I would advocate that we should not bring in anybody except when requested to do so by a provincial government. However that is a matter which will have to be settled at a later time.

Mr. GARLAND (Bow River): Has anything further been heard about the \$300,000,000 colonization plan of the hon. member for Vancouver North (Mr. McRae)?

Item agreed to.

Immigration contingencies and general expenses including grants to immigration societies, women's hostels, provinces, and loans for stock, equipment, etc., for Canadian boys, as may be authorized by the governor general in council, \$1,160,000.

Mr. GARDINER: Before the vote is carried I would like to ask the minister if he can give the names of organizations to which grants have been given during the past year, and the amounts.

Mr. STEWART (Edmonton): Salvation Army, \$5,000; British Settlement Society of Toronto, \$1,000; United Church of England, \$1,000; Council of Social Service of the Church of England, Toronto, \$1,000; British Welcome and Welfare League, Toronto, \$1,000.

Mr. GARDINER: Could the minister give us some information as to whether Quebec received a grant last year for repatriation?