

From Papers by H. M. Packet Lunnet.

The Irish Corporation Bill was read a third time on Monday, in the House of Commons, and the Ministers had a majority of 61.

AMERICAN INDEMNITY.—In virtue of powers received from the United States' government by Messrs Rothschild, Brothers, of Paris, those gentlemen have applied to the French Treasury for the payment of the instalments due, conformably to the Convention of 1833, and have received the sum of 18,460,666 francs 62 cents. The remaining two instalments, amounting to about seven millions of francs, will fall due respectively on February, 1837, and February, 1838. The payment of these instalments will entirely liquidate, with its interest, the debt of 25,000,000f. which had well nigh given rise to a collision between France and America.

The line-of-battle-ship *Trocadero* has been burnt by accident in the Toulon roads. The loss is rated at not less than 3,000,000f.

PORTUGAL.—Accounts from the interior represent this country to be much disturbed by bands of armed Miguelists; and an increased force of 9,500 men has been applied for to keep the marauders in order.

The price of American flour in London is sufficiently low to enable it to be exported to the colonies, and even sent back again to the United States, realising a handsome profit. The exportations of grain from Great Britain to the United States are still going on.

The port of Cancala has sustained a loss to the amount of 100,000 francs in fishing boats by the late severe weather.

The Colonelcy of the 2d regiment of Life Guards is vacant by the death of General the Earl Cathcart.

The revenue accounts for the quarter ended 5th April, 1836, show an increase both on the quarter and year as compared with the corresponding periods of 1835;—on the quarter, of £221,619; on the year, of £82,401. In the Excise, the increase is considerable, £175,733. On the year, however, the decrease in that branch is £429,574, owing to the transfer of duties to the customs.—On the year's Customs there is an increase of £1,165,662; on the quarter, £162,961. The quarter's increase in Stamps, £43,497, the decrease in Taxes, £56,300. The decrease on the year's taxes, owing to reductions, is £692,404.—Notwithstanding these reductions, there is a positive increase of revenue, as we have seen, both on the year and the quarter.

THE NATIONAL DEBT.—The actual surplus of the revenue over the expenditure, for the year ending 5th January, 1836, amounts to £1,620,940 4s 11d 1/4. One-fourth of this sum, or £405,235, 1s. 2d. will be applied by the Commissioners for the reduction of the National Debt, between 7th April and 5th July.

A new branch of trade has sprung up for Waterford in the export by steam from that city of breakfast butter—that is, prime butter slightly corned for the London market.

The *Timahoe* Estate near Dublin, which has so long been announced in our columns for sale by auction next Saturday in Dublin, was sold yesterday by Mr. George Robins, by private contract. The rental is £2,500 a year, and it is said to have produced £70,000. Colonel Cise is the purchaser.—[The Sun.]

The Journal du Commerce states that the Austrian and Russian Ambassadors had announced to the government, that order having been re-established at Cracow, the troops of those two nations are about to evacuate that town.

BRITISH INTERFERENCE.—The Pharo de Bayonne inserts a letter from Lord John Hay, dated 22nd March, to General Cordova, in which his lordship informs the General that he has received instructions from our government to co-operate to the utmost of his power with the Queen's troops in the measures requisite for putting down the insurrection in the North of Spain.

On Monday, Dr. Bowring, Mr. Thomas, and Captain Fringle, had the honour of an audience with the King of the French on the subject of the railroad intended to

unite the capitals of France, England, and Belgium. His Majesty received the deputation with extreme kindness.

Within the last few weeks not less than four sees have become vacant, and amongst those some of the most valuable in the gift of the Crown: namely, Durham, Ely, Lichfield and Coventry, and Killaloe and Clonsfert.

MORRISON'S PILLS.—A man named Salmon, a vendor of Morrison's Pills, was yesterday found guilty at the Old Bailey of manslaughter, he having administered a quantity of those pills to the captain of a West India-man, who died.

SMUGGLING.—We caution the public from going as passengers in any vessel which is even suspected much more detected of this illicit traffic; for, by the recent conviction of the master of the *Echo*, at Plymouth, upon a customs prosecution, under 3 and 4, Wm IV. c. 52, sec. 3, 4S, 85, it appears that every person proved to have been on board of any vessel at the time of her becoming liable to forfeiture incurs a penalty of 100l. though they should have had no knowledge of any contraband goods being on board. In default of payment of the fine they are liable to be committed to the county goal for six months! [Jersey paper.]

It is confidently rumoured in the political circles, and we believe upon good grounds, that Lords Palmerston and Glenelg are about to retire from office. It is expected that Lord Durham will succeed to the Foreign Office, and either Lord William Bentinck or Mr. E. Ellice to the Colonial Department. It were premature, at present, to enter into the explanation currently given as to the causes of these changes, or to advert upon the probable consequences of them.

DISCOVERY OF AN ENGLISHMAN WHO HAS RESIDED FOR THIRTY-THREE YEARS AMONG THE SAVAGES AT PORT PHILIP.—(Abridged from the *Van Dieman's Land Magazine*.)—Mr. Batman, and others referred to, had removed from Van Dieman's Land, to Port Philip, on the coast of New South Wales, with the intention of establishing themselves as settlers and large sheep farmers. Soon after their arrival they were struck by the stately gait of the natives, by the colour of many, and the European countenances of some individuals, and by the comparative civilization which prevailed. Rude embankments, with tolerable stone facings, were found in parts constructed across creeks and inlets, with convenient sluices for the purpose of catching fish at the fall of the tide. Several of the bark-shelters, or wigwams, were formed in a superior and comfortable manner, tolerably well thatched, with a narrow opening for the doorway, and fireplace in front. Pieces of wood were hollowed or scooped out to serve as calabashes or buckets to carry water, and the dresses of kangaroo skins were neatly joined together with regular stitches, and cut away so as to form a convenient vesture. The settlers, however, had not domiciled themselves in their new position many days when these and various other indications of ingenuity were satisfactorily explained by the appearance of a white man clothed in a kangaroo-skin cloak. He was at first rather timid in his approaches, but when spoken to kindly, and offered a piece of bread, he threw off his reserve, and after eating the bread with apparent relish, and looking at it as if endeavouring to bring something to his recollection, he exclaimed, with symptoms of delight glowing in his face, "Bread!" Other English words soon returned to his memory, and he was at last enabled to communicate that his name was William Buckley; that he had been one of those who escaped from the encampment of the prisoners by the ship *Ocean* formed by the late Colonel Collins in attempting, agreeably to the instructions of the British Government, to form a settlement at Port Phillip in 1803: that he had lived ever since with the tribe of the aborigines whom he then met within the bush, and over whom he had long exercised the rule of a chief. He is a very tall man, having served as a grenadier in Holland, under the late Duke of York, is from 53 to 60 years of age, and in excellent health. In a philo-

sophical point of view this discovery is truly interesting and a narrative of his various vicissitudes during his long sojourn, well told, would rival the classic work of Robinson Crusoe.

A public meeting was held in the theatre of the philosophical Institution, Park street for the purpose of forming a society for embossing Bibles for the blind. A report, detailing the progress made in the system was then read, and subsequently it was resolved, that a society be now formed, to be called the Bristol Society for embossing and distributing the bibles among the blind, and a committee was named for carrying these objects into effect. [Bristol Mercury.]

Lieut. General Sir James Lyon on his appointment to the command of the Army in North America, was presented to his Majesty on the 9th March.—A London paper states that this distinguished Officer had appointed his Aides-de-camp and Military Secretary, and would proceed to Canada early in the Spring.

The Hampshire Telegraph of the 2nd April states, that Lieut. General Sir James Lyon has declined the command of the forces in North-America.

At Dover Customs Salo, Thursday, 2128 human teeth, which had been seized in the attempt to smuggle them on shore, were sold to a Mr. Lee, of London, after a spirited competition with Mr. Jones, the well known dentist, for the sum of £36 6s.

The mail for England, by H. M. Packet Lunnet, will be closed on Monday afternoon next, at 5 o'clock.

SEEDS, SEEDS.

MAY, 1836.

RECEIVED per Ship *Halifax*, from Liverpool, and for sale at the Drug store of the Subscriber, a large assortment of Flower and Garden Seeds

These Seeds have been obtained from the same House in London, whose supplies for the last four years, have given such general satisfaction.

JOHN NAYLOR.

Also, red Clover and Timothy Seed. May 9.

G. HOBSON,

Engraver and Copper-Plate Printer,

No. 30, DUKE-STREET.

Maps, Plans, Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Address and Visiting Cards, Arms and Crests, Labels, &c. neatly designed, engraved and printed. Metal Seals, Door Plates, Dog Collars, and Dandy Ornaments, neatly engraved. May 13, 1836.

NOVA-SCOTIA BIBLE SOCIETY.

THE Annual Meeting of the Nova-Scotia Bible Society, will take place on Monday Evening next, the 16th inst. at half past Seven o'clock. It is expected that several of the friends of the Society will address the Meeting; and a collection will be taken at the close.

May 11, 1836.

All kinds of Job Printing executed at this Office,