

[Continued from first page.]

peremptorily summoned from the inner room.

"I am afraid Jack is dying, poor boy," said the grave faced old gentleman, in a low tone.

They came in softly. The young girl sat upon a low stool, with her hands clasped in prayer, and her eyes fixed upon the dying man.

"The same face—the same face! Oh Bernice, my darling!"

A day or two later, there was a funeral in the little cabin, and only two mourners were present above the grave that was made in one corner of the little lot.

The old gentleman stayed but a few days arranging Jack's business affairs, and giving orders for the erection of a costly monument, on which the only inscription was:

JACK SELWYN.

Aged 44 years and 6 months. People respecting their grief, forbore to question the strangers as to their relationship to Jack Selwyn, but little by little the facts came out.

A lovely young wife, perhaps justly, of her husband's gallant attentions to his feminine friends; a stormy scene, a passionate parting, and a girl, with her brown eyes in her arms, went back to her father's home.

She was a beautiful girl, with her hair, her eyes, her nose, her mouth, her hands, her feet, her whole person, as it were, a perfect work of art.

Her father, a man of high standing in the community, and a man of high standing in the community, and a man of high standing in the community.

Her father, a man of high standing in the community, and a man of high standing in the community, and a man of high standing in the community.

Her father, a man of high standing in the community, and a man of high standing in the community, and a man of high standing in the community.

Her father, a man of high standing in the community, and a man of high standing in the community, and a man of high standing in the community.

Her father, a man of high standing in the community, and a man of high standing in the community, and a man of high standing in the community.

Her father, a man of high standing in the community, and a man of high standing in the community, and a man of high standing in the community.

Her father, a man of high standing in the community, and a man of high standing in the community, and a man of high standing in the community.

Her father, a man of high standing in the community, and a man of high standing in the community, and a man of high standing in the community.

Fire without Wood or Coal.

A PERPETUAL AND ECONOMICAL SOURCE OF FUEL.

A correspondent has sent us a startling letter from Miss M. Botham-Edwards, from which we give an extract.

"I send you the particulars of a recent scientific invention, first patented and destined, without doubt, to play a very important part in our economic history."

"I think it must be regarded as a solution for once, not for all, of the great coal question, or rather fuel question, not only among ourselves, but abroad."

"M. Bourbommel, of Dijon, the celebrated iron and pipe maker, discovered upon the following discovery by hazard, and after six years' persistent investigation brought it to entire workable perfection."

"He discovered, by means of two natural substances, inexhaustible in nature, the means of lighting and maintaining a fire without wood or coal; a fire instantaneously lighted and extinguished; a fire causing no dust, smoke or trouble; a fire costing one tenth, at least, of ordinary fuel; and, what is more wonderful still, a fire, the portion of which answering to our fuel, is everlasting, that is to say, would last a lifetime."

"M. Bourbommel's invention, and a body of engineers and servants from Paris visited him, and pronounced his discovery, one of the most remarkable of the age."

"He has several offers for the purchase of the patent in France, but wants to sell it in England, his own occupation being in another line."

"Any English gentleman or firm wishing to see his fires or stoves could do so by writing to him a day or two beforehand. His address is M. Bourbommel, Dijon."

"There is no mistake about the matter. It is as clear as possible that here we have a perpetual and economical source of fuel. Two hundred years ago the discoverer would surely have been burnt as a wizard."

"The Game Law of Nova Scotia. Annexed will be found a list of the time of the open season for the game that we have in Nova Scotia."

"The Game Law of Nova Scotia. Annexed will be found a list of the time of the open season for the game that we have in Nova Scotia."

"The Game Law of Nova Scotia. Annexed will be found a list of the time of the open season for the game that we have in Nova Scotia."

MILLER BROTHERS,

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., or MIDDLETON, Annapolis Co., N. S.

Importers DEALERS IN Sewing Machines

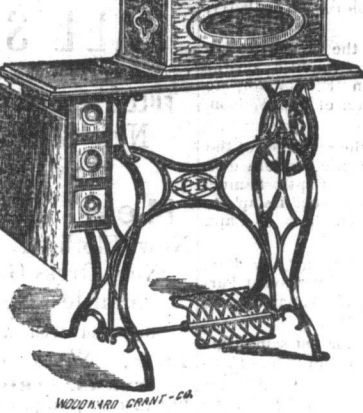
of both American and Canadian Manufacturers, over 20 different kinds in stock, among which is:

The RAYMOND, the most Popular Machine in the market.

Second-Hand MACHINES Taken in Exchange as part payment for new ones.

THE REPAIRING of all SEWING MACHINES will be attended to.

ALL Sewing Machines WARRANTED.



ORGANS, PIANOS, Mason and Hamilton, Weber, Steinway, Emerson, &c. &c.

OF BOTH AMERICAN AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURERS. Instruments guaranteed for five years and sold on easy terms.

The Great Cause of Human Misery. We have recently published a new edition of Dr. Culver's

Radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc., resulting from excess.

The CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO., 154 N. 1st St., New York.

THOS. P. CONNOLLY'S CENTRAL BOOK STORE.

Cor. Granville & George Sts. HALIFAX, N. S.

HALIFAX, N. S. HAS now on hand every description of English and American

STATIONERY! Bank, Post, Paraffin, Cream, Laid, Ruled, Plain and Water Linen.

ENVELOPES in Great Variety. FASHIONABLE STATIONERY, in handsome boxes—41 varieties to select from.

BLANK BOOKS, in Every Binding. NEW NOVA SCOTIA SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS.

Cheapest and best Series now in use, and every article used in the School Room, for sale low.

Wholesale and Retail. MONEY TO LEND, at 6 per cent.

THE ANNOPLIS BUILDING SOCIETY AND SAVINGS FUND.

Have Money to lend on approved Security, and on Real Estate.

THE ANNOPLIS BUILDING SOCIETY AND SAVINGS FUND. Funds are loaned at Public Auction at the Office of the Society at 10 o'clock on the first Monday of every month.

NOTICE. ALL persons having legal demands against the estate of EUGENE S. WOODBERRY, late of Annapolis in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of August next.

W. M. F. WOODBERRY, Senr., Executor.

NOTICE. ALL persons having demands against the estate of EUGENE S. WOODBERRY, late of Annapolis in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of August next.

W. M. F. WOODBERRY, Senr., Executor.

NOTICE. ALL persons having demands against the estate of EUGENE S. WOODBERRY, late of Annapolis in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of August next.

W. M. F. WOODBERRY, Senr., Executor.

NOTICE. ALL persons having demands against the estate of EUGENE S. WOODBERRY, late of Annapolis in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of August next.

W. M. F. WOODBERRY, Senr., Executor.

NOTICE. ALL persons having demands against the estate of EUGENE S. WOODBERRY, late of Annapolis in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of August next.

W. M. F. WOODBERRY, Senr., Executor.

NOTICE. ALL persons having demands against the estate of EUGENE S. WOODBERRY, late of Annapolis in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of August next.

W. M. F. WOODBERRY, Senr., Executor.

NOTICE. ALL persons having demands against the estate of EUGENE S. WOODBERRY, late of Annapolis in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of August next.

W. M. F. WOODBERRY, Senr., Executor.

NOTICE. ALL persons having demands against the estate of EUGENE S. WOODBERRY, late of Annapolis in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of August next.

W. M. F. WOODBERRY, Senr., Executor.

NOTICE. ALL persons having demands against the estate of EUGENE S. WOODBERRY, late of Annapolis in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of August next.

"VEGETINE,"

Says a Boston physician, "has no equal as a blood purifier."

Vegetine. Will cure the worst case of Scrofula.

Vegetine. Is recommended by physicians and apothecaries.

Vegetine. Has effected some marvellous cures in cases of Cancer.

Vegetine. Cures the worst cases of Cancer.

Vegetine. Meets with wonderful success in Mercurial diseases.

Vegetine. Will eradicate Salt Rheum from the system.

Vegetine. Removes Pimples and Humors from the face.

Vegetine. Cures Constipation and regulates the bowels.

Vegetine. Is a valuable remedy for Headache.

Vegetine. Will cure Dyspepsia.

Vegetine. Restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

Vegetine. Removes the cause of Diarrhoea.

Vegetine. Relieves Faintness at the Stomach.

Vegetine. Cures Pains in the Back.

Vegetine. Effectually cures Kidney Complaint.

Vegetine. Is effective in the cure of Female Weakness.

Vegetine. Is the great remedy for General Debility.

Vegetine. Is acknowledged by all classes of people to be the best and most reliable blood purifier in the world.

VEGETINE. Prepared by H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass.

VEGETINE IS SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

AT Wholesale by BROWN & WEBB, and FORTY-SIX SUTCLIFFE & Co., Halifax, N.S.

Ploughs. Ploughs. If you want a Plough that will Give You Satisfaction

every time, call and get one of WOOD'S STEEL PLOUGHS

AT JOHN HALL'S. I am also agent for the "Toronto Mower,"

which is acknowledged to be the Best Machine in Use.

Send in your order early—Terms to suit. JOHN HALL, Lawrencetown, May 12th, 79. 41f

HAIR REGENERATOR. This standard article is compounded with the greatest care.

Its effects are as wonderful and as satisfactory as ever.

It restores gray or faded hair to its youthful color.

It removes all eruptions, itching and dandruff. It gives the head a cooling, soothing sensation of great comfort, and the scalp by its use becomes white and clean.

By its tonic properties it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, preventing baldness, and making the hair grow thick and strong.

As a dressing, nothing has been found so effective or desirable.

A. A. Hayes, M.D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

Price, One Dollar. BUCKINGHAM'S DYE FOR THE WHISKERS.

This elegant preparation may be relied on to change the color of the beard from gray or any other undesirable shade, to brown or black, at discretion. It is easily applied, being in one preparation, and quickly and effectually produces a permanent color, which will neither rub nor wash off.

Manufactured by R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N.H. Sold by all Druggists, and Dealers in Medicines.

BILL-HEADS, VISITING, WEDDING and BUSINESS CARDS, &c., &c., neatly and promptly printed at this office. Call and inspect samples of work.

BILL HEADS at this office.

Agricultural.

Advantages of the Use of Lime.

An English writer sums up an exhaustive article upon lime by detailing the advantages of its use, thus:

"The advantages of the use of lime are so many and so great that it is almost impossible to enumerate the whole of them. Their effect may be described as being both chemical and mechanical, and as being exercised both on the organic and inorganic constituents of the soil."

The following may be taken as a summary of the principal benefits:

1. A large portion of several crops of superior quality. This is especially the case with wheat, which becomes thinner skinned and yields more flour. The peas grown upon limed lands are better bolters."

2. Upon deep alluvial and clay soils it increases the crop of potatoes and renders them less waxy. Sprinkled over potatoes in the store heap it preserves them, and when ridged over the cutsets, it wonderfully increases their fertility."

3. Lime eradicates the finger and toe disease in turnips, and gives great soundness and more nutritious qualities to the bulbs."

4. It gives, when applied to meadow lands, a larger produce of nutritious grasses, and checks the foot-rot in sheep pastured upon them. It also exterminates "bunt," as well as coarse and sour grasses, destroys couch grass, and acts powerfully upon the rye grasses."

5. Upon arable land it destroys the corn-maggot, and weeds of various kinds."

6. It rapidly decomposes vegetable matter, producing a large amount of food for plants in the form of carbonic acid gas."

7. It destroys or neutralizes the acids in the soil, hence its adaptability to our soils."

8. It acts powerfully upon some of the organic parts of soils, especially on the sulphate of iron found in peaty soils, and sulphates of magnesia and alumina."

9. It proves fatal to worms and slugs, and the larvae of injurious insects, though favourable to the growth of shell bearers."

10. It destroys the germ of smut upon the seed of wheat, barley and oats, and is especially acceptable to the barley crop, which is generally of good quality on chalky soils."

11. Staked lime mixed to vegetable matter causes it to give off its nitrogen in the form of ammonia. Upon soils in which the ammonia is combined with acids it sets free the ammonia, which is directly seized up by the plants."

12. Its solubility in water causes it to sink into and neutralize the carbonic acid which is held in solution in the soil. When the soil contains fragments of granite or trap rocks, lime hastens their decomposition and liberates the silicates."

13. Its combination with acids in the soil produces saline compounds, such as potash, soda, &c."

14. It cures a marvellous effect upon rape, though it is said to injure flax, which in Belgium is not grown for seven years after liming."

15. Strong over the young plants, it destroys or drives away the turnip fly."

16. Worked in with grass seeds, the beneficial effects of lime, chalk, marl, and shell sand have been visible for a period of thirty years."

17. It has a powerful pulverizing effect upon the weiden clay, on the sandstone formation, and on the granite and slate rocks."

18. It is generally supposed to hasten the ripening of grain crops."

19. It promotes the formation in the soil of what are called the double silicates. This process starts with the clay, or silicates of alumina, and it is hastened by the presence of the S. of alumina and lime, A. and ammonia."

20. Applied to the rot-heap, lime effectually destroys the seed of weeds. To sum up its advantages—when properly applied to the soil it purifies and stimulates its action, thereby promoting the growth of healthy vegetation of all kinds."

* Best Grass.—A species of "Agrostis," very common in pasture grounds, the best or creeping stems of which are difficult to eradicate."

From Le Messenger de Veinax.] Russia is at this moment in the midst of great military preparations.

Her arsenals are day and night at work. Private letters, that come from perfectly trustworthy sources, tell us that she has already a store of guns and ammunition sufficient for 3,000,000 of men. Moreover, in a single year she has cast no less than twenty-five hundred cannon on a model never introduced from England. Against whom are these preparations leveled? Are they at Austria, Hungary, or at Germany? One is tempted for an instant to believe that the Russians mean to bring at once to a head the issue which is certain to rise between them and Hapsburg dynasty, with reference to the limits of their respective spheres of activity in the East. But, if our news be true, the sentiment which really governs them is one of jealousy towards Germany, whose influence in Europe they view with disgust. Prince Gortschakoff cannot forgive himself for having with his own hands pushed the iron Chancellor to power and having put within his grasp the incredible success of to-day. Prince Bismarck, on the other hand, believes that his work would be incomplete unless he conquered the Baltic Provinces. Thus the two great statesman, allies in the past, rivals in the present, are linked by this common hope—that by creating a powerful division in a foreign country one may contend with the Socialism of Germany, the other with the Nationalism of Russia. That is the duel which is now in the air, as surely as was that of France and Germany after Sadowa.

We regret to notice that the Rev. Geo. Armstrong, the former editor of the Christian Visitor, and the present editor of the Rev. J. G. Hopper, are at "logger-heads"—so much so that an appeal to the courts of the land has been deemed necessary. The Hon. George E. King has been retained by Mr. Armstrong to defend his suit. The difference seems to be that Mr. Hopper, in his issue of 13th of August, severely committed upon the action of Mr. Armstrong, accusing him of "dishonesty, fraud and getting money on false pretences."

The result is the suits now before the civil court.—Two Sun.

A Distant Theological Target. * * * As he was ascending the pulpit steps, one of the elders but- tressed him to whisper an additional caution:

"The liquor-dealer has just come into church, and he gives us a list some times. I wish you would be particular not to allude to the whiskey business or the temperance question."

The young minister, getting frightened, saw the moral ground thus narrowing before him, inquired:

"Whom or what shall I preach against, then?"

The elder's reply came like an air of triumph:

"Preach against the Mormons; they haven't a friend in town.—Statenburg (Ind.) Herald.

Joker's Corner.

All For Bonaparte.

"He was cutting up like mad with some other Frenchmen," said Officer Henley, as Ernest Guadin, with a black eye and his nose atired in court plaster, went to the rear of the Jefferson Market Police Court. "He was clearly in 'right and left when I took him in."

"His Honor looked sternly at the prisoner."

"What was it all about?" he asked. "Bet was de insolit. Dey spik bad of de grand Bonaparte, de commmander. Dey call him coward. Ees not so?"

"The grand Bonaparte, eh," said His Honor. "So you got mad about that?"

"Was dere not cause?" and Ernest rose on tip-toe as he asked it. His Honor evidently did not encourage sermons, but he said, quietly:

"Well, may be so. Who is this Bonaparte fellow?"

"The prisoner looked aghast. "Follow! Follow, sare! Eet es de grand Napoleon Bonaparte."

"Napoleon Bonaparte! Let me see. Does he live here?"

"Leaf! Ah sare! He does not leaf anywhere."

"Ah, he's a vagrant—a tramp. I thought so."

"Diable! Eet es Bonaparte—de great fighter, eh? Suppose he's been before me. I make short work of these shoulder hitters."

"No, no. Eet es Bonaparte—Bona parte. You know them?"

"No, I don't. I haven't any such disreputable acquaintances."

"The prisoner was snuffled. He looked vacantly at the Court and muttered:

"You nevere hear of heem?"

"Don't recollect," said His Honor. "But tell me why you took that black eye and bloody nose for him. Is he a relative?"

"The Frenchman groaned. "Oh, perhaps he helped you along or loaned you money, or something of that kind."

"He loan me money! De grand Bonaparte! Empossible!"

"Maybe he got you a job?"

"Ah, sare! No. He deed git me no chowder."

"Well, what did he do for you, then?"

"Nosing. What would he do, de grand Bonaparte? He es de dees dumbest Jew."

"Oh, come now," said His Honor, "this war do you do mean to tell me you were going round town getting thrashed for an old carcass that's out of the world a century. That won't go down, Mr. Guadin. Open up and tell us the truth. What did this man Bonaparte do for you?"

"Oh, nosing! I am a grand fool—a shocakes. Eet es so."

"That admission gains your liberty, Ernest. Go away and don't you get punnelled by Bonaparte or any army of dead men next time. That's all. N. Y. Herald.

Explaining A Joke. He came into the office modestly and shyly, as was befitting, and asked to see the man who put Jokes in the Monitor.

The joker was engaged in reading some very exciting tables of trade and navigation returns, in order to inform "An Old Subscriber" how many gallons of beer-wax had been exported from Prince Edward Island since the year 1871, and was consequently in a very hilarious mood.

The visitor took off his hat, mopped his manly brow with a dirty handkerchief, and placed before the newspaper man a scrap of paper, on which was written:

"When Sir Joseph Porter dies the company will be treated to half-and-half—Porter and beer."

The newspaper man read it, looked up and exclaimed:

"What is it about?"

"It's just a little joke you see."

"Ah! I didn't notice. I will read it again."

He perused and then asked:

"Where is the joke?"

"Why, the play on words—a pun—you know—Porter and beer."

"Oh, ah, yes. Porter and beer. Well, did you ask Mr. Porter about this? Will he be pleased to see his name in the paper in that connection?"

"Why, there is no such person. Sir Joseph Porter is a character in 'Pinafore.'"

"Well," mused the newspaper man, "if there is no such person I don't see how he can die. A person who don't exist can't die very successfully. Any attempt to kill a man who don't live must prove a failure."

"But you don't understand," explained the amateur joker. "You see the whole point is in the play on the two words—Porter and beer. Porter and beer mixed is called half and half. Now you catch the idea, don't you?"

"Well, I understand it so far. But where's the joke?"

"Why, I explained—