TURKS SLAY GIRLS AND PILLAGE TOWNS

Horrors of Armenian Massacres Revealed in Letter Mailed at Foreign Legation to Escape Censor.

Chicago, June 7.—Revolting scenes of the recent Turkish massacres were pictured by one of the sufferers in a letter received yesterday afternoon by the foreign department of a large packing company. The letter was mailed shortly after the incidents described and the writer escaped the censor apparently by registering his mail at one of the foreign legations near Mersine, from where the letter was sent. It was written in French and contains an appeal to the American citizens for assistance for hundreds of sufferers in the province.

In parts the letter was so detailed in its description of the atrocities committed by the Turks that it is impossible to print them. The writer appreciating this, has requested his name be omitted "because that would draw on me the enmity of the Turks, who are capable of avenging themselves by all possible means."

City Reduced to Ruins.

An extract from the printable section of the letter reads:

"You have no doubt learned of the events that took place in the whole of our province since April 14. Adana, the capital, was stricken most. The city is at present almost entirely reduced to ashes. April 14 the Turks, who had agreed on a given signal, rushed out like ferocious beasts on the Armenian population, pitilessly massacring the Armenians without distinction of age or sex, pillaging all their stores, and then setting fire to all the Armenian and even Greek property. The Turkish troops, instead of doing their duty to re-establish order by persuading the Turkish assassins, pillagers and incendiaries, allied themselves with the latter, using their arms to protect the pillagers and assist in setting fire and pitilessly killed the unfortunate Armenians.

"Tarsus, a city situated twenty-seven kilometers from Mersine, was also reached by these scourges on April 16. Mersine alone was spared, notwithstanding the desire of the Mussulman population of the surrounding villages to follow the example of their co-religionists of Adana.

"The safety of Mersine is due to the fear of the European warships, the arrival of which had been announced. But you may easily understand our situation and our anxiety during six days until the arrival of the first ship, which was a German one. With the arrival of this ship, followed by four others of different nationalities—English, French, Italian and Russian—we were able to brathe a little more freely; but at Adana, after a lull of eight days, and immediately after the arrival in that city of three battalions of Turkish troops sent from Macedonia, the massacres, incendiary fires and pillage recommenced with renewed bloodiness.

"In the city of Adana the Armenians put to death are estimated at from 10,000 to 12,000, and in the entire province more than 30,000 were victims of Turkish barbarism and fanaticism. Among the dead were two American missionaries, Rogers and Mauer. The government of the United States has ordered two men-of-war to be sent to Mersine. The greatest massacres and destruction in the city of Adana and of all the localities of the interior took place after the arrival of other warships, which remained passive spectators of the unheard of and unimaginable atrocities of the Turkish populace and troops.

"Up to today the work of destruction continues at Adana and in the interior, and we are all impatiently awaiting the arrival of the American flag, which we hope will act more energetically than all the others and bridle the savagery and fanaticism of the Mussulmans.

"Human imagination is incapable of conceiving the atrocities committed by the Mussulmans in a province as civilized as that of Adana.

Girls and Babies Murdered.

"One could see young girls, and even at the age of 10 years, attacked under the eyes of their parents, then mutilated and afterwards their parents butchered under the eyes of these unfortunate girls, who were then thrown into the flames of the houses that were set on fire by the Turks. Small children were strangled like young chickens. An Armenian, a workman on a Christian farm, was crucified and then skinned alive. He was then left to die upon the cross. Several Armenians were cut in two from head to foot, the same as you would split sheep in a slaughter house.

"In the mayor's office at Adana, while the council was in full session and in the presence of the Governor General, a well-known Armenian municipal councillor was killed by a Turk and the valy (governor general of the province) had no other order to give than that they should take away the corpse and carry it out of the hall, allowing the assassin to go free and continue elsewhere his sinister deeds. This fact is one among hundreds of others to prove the culpability of the Turkish government in these massacres.

"You will excuse me if I have been a little long in giving you these details, but I wanted to do it so that you may be able, if you deem it opportune, to communicate what is going on to one or more American newspapers, so that these facts may be brought to the knowledge of the American public—always so humane.

"I beg of you only, in case you do this, not to have my name appear in the publication, because that would draw upon me the enmity of the Turks.

"Could you not have a subscription opened for the Armenian widows and orphans of this province? How many blessings would rise up from the mouths of these being so terribly stricken, for you and all those who would wish to take part in this work of charity."

PRESS AND EMPIRE.

Imperial Ministers and Pressmen Discuss Question of Imperial Defence.

London, June 8—The Imperial Press conference discussed "The Press and the Empire" today, Reginald McKenna, first lord of the admiralty, presiding, Lord Cromer, Sir Edward Grey and Hon. Lyttleton, being present. Following the resolution it was on the agenda: "That it is the duty of the press to do everything in its power to co operate with the naval and military authorities in organizing the defences of the empire and to take all possible precautions to avoid injury to public interests in publishing news in war time; that it was desirable that the press of Great Britain and the colonies should act in concert in the wise direction of emigration."

Mr. McKenna anticipated that as the result of the conference false ideas would be cleared out and the way be opened for common action. He dealt exclusively with the imperial problem of naval defence and admitted that there was difference between the local naval problems confronting the overseas Dominions and that of naval supremacy confronting Britain, although that in itself embraced the whole globe. "We cannot," he said, "'force our strategic ideas on you; we should fail if we attempted it.' If you come to ask us (the admiralty) for naval expert advice, we shall be ready to answer you but we should not necessarily expect you to accept that answer. It is only by working out your problems yourselves you can gain the experience we have. We will assist you by every method in our power no matter what is the method by which we are asked to assist. Out of this process of self-development in every dominion we will all come to the same idea, namely: "That the maintenance of supremacy in the sea means the maintenance of supremacy in all seas alike."

Mr. McKenna concluded with an appeal to the press to maintain the navy above all party dissensions.

Sir Edward Grey outlined the British foreign policy. It was "To keep all we have; to consolidate and develop it; to quarrel as little as possible with other people and to uphold in the counsels of the world those ideals by which we set so much store." He dwelt on the importance of the functions of the press in empire questions and concluded by endorsing all Lord Roseberry had said in respect to the European situation, saying that "Excessive expenditure on armaments made the weather very sultry." He deprecated the idea that the colonial office was more prone to compromise where the interests of the self governing colonies were concerned than in cases where they were not so directly affected; rather the opposite was the case. (Applause.)

Lord Cromer also spoke. Ward, of Sydney, vigorously urged overseas assistance to the imperial navy. Gwynne of the London Standard, deprecated any happy-go-lucky naval policy and advocated an imperial admiralty. Park, of the Cape Times, anticipated that when union was completed south Africa, would do more for the imperial navy.

BRIDEGROOM ARRESTED.

Torn From Marriage Breakfast and Charged with Killing Grandmother.

Bay City, Mich., June 5.—Upon a suit of clothes, a wedding ring and $100 in currency rests the possible solution of the death of Mrs. Christine Coryeon, a wealthy and aged widow, for whose murder her favorite grandson, Roland Rich, was torn from his wedding breakfast and arraigned. Counsel advised the young bridegroom to stand mute and he was thrust into jail, despite the hysterical protestations of his bride, and an early trial will be sought.

The clothing, ring and money which the bridegroom alleges he had hung in his grandmother's room for convenience sake, just before the ceremony, are missing. Police and detectives have been unable to find any trace of them in the room where the aged woman was struck down.

Though the bedclothing and wearing apparel hanging on the wall were set on fire, it is impossible to conclude that Rich's property could have been entirely consumed.

Rich declares that he had decided to dress for the wedding at his grandmother's home in order to avoid several practical jokers who laid a plan to annoy him.

When he went to the house, he says, he was attracted by the sound of a falling body and found his grandmother upon a burning bed. After summoning assistance, young Rich went to the wedding at the church with borrowed clothes. He declares that his clothing, wedding ring and money were missing, and that robbery must have been the motive for the murder. While the wedding breakfast was in progress, Rich was taken into custody.

Meters Work Too Fast.

Toronto, Ont., June 7.—The veracity of the gas meter is to be investigated. A special civic committee appointed to gather information as to alleged excessive charges, recommended the board of control to refer all complaints to an expert to be appointed by the city with the view of getting legislation that will compel the Consumers Gas Company to adopt a more accurate meter than the one in use.

Montreal Reporter Suicides.

Quebec, June 7—Charles Lecomte, a reporter on Le Canada, of Montreal, who jumped into the river at Levis yesterday and was drowned has been identified. His wife is playing at one of the theatres here. Family trouble was the cause of the suicide.

France to Build Warships.

Paris, June 8—The naval programme approved by the Cabinet involves an expenditure of $600,000,000, covering a period of ten years. Six battleships of the Danton type, six of the Republique type and four armored cruisers of the Gambetta type are included in the estimates.

BLOODHOUNDS ON MURDERERS' TRAIL

Kentucky Posse Pursuing Bushwhackers Who Shot Former Sheriff Callahan.

Jackson, Ky., June 7—The fires of feudal strife blazed forth in Breathitt county again today and tonight the county is being traversed by a posse trailing after a pack of bloodhounds in the hope of striking the trail of the bushwhackers who shot Former Sheriff Ed. Callahan and made an unsuccessful attempt on the life of his son, Wilson. The former sheriff is reported in a dying condition with little hope that he will survive until morning. He was shot about daybreak while entering his store to open it for the day's business. A steel rifle ball fired from ambush several hundred feet away passed through his abdomen. After he had fallen a shower of steel bullets were fired at him, but they passed over his body without scoring a hit. The front of his little mountain store was riddled. While this attack on the former sheriff was in progress another party made an unsuccessful attempt on the life of his son. The latter had gone to the stable to feed the horses as he emerged from the barn a rifle ball whizzed over his head so close that it clipped his hair and carried away his hat. Wilson dodged in mountain style and dashed for the house a few yards away. His wife slammed the door behind him. A fusilade of bullets whistled about him on all sides but none struck him. Wilson heard the firing on his father, but was forced to remain in his own home for more than an hour by the bombardment of his house. When he did reach the side of his father, an hour later, he found him weak from the loss of blood and in a most precarious condition. Bloodhounds were put on the trail of the bushwhackers, but had not located them at nightfall. There are no clews to their identity. The Caliahans are members of the Hargis clan and were involved in all of the Hargis' feudal strife. Ex-Sheriff Callahan, although a churchman and known as "deacon," cherished a grudge on his own account against the Deatons, and it is believed that the Deaton family is involved in this new outbreak. Wilson Callahan is only 20 years of age, but is an intense feudist. At 17 years of age he shot and instantly killed his first man, John Spicer, who had attacked his father. Law abiding citizens are fearful of the outcome of the strife and will ask the governor to take steps to put an end to it.

Macleod Bridge Opened.

Macleod, June 8.—His Honor Lieutenant Governor Bulyea officially opened the new steel bridge built over the Old Man River by the provincial government today. The structure comprises three 175 foot spans on concrete substructure and has an 18 foot roadway. It gives direct communication with Macleod from the farming settlements north of the river. Premier Rutherford, Hon. W. H. Cushing and Hon. W. T. Finlay were present at the opening ceremony.

John Herron, M.P., of Pincher Creek, Messrs J. Wolf of Cardston, A. J. McLean of Lethbridge, District Members Provincial Parliament and other guests were also present.

Despite the rain a procession led by the band marched from the square to the bridge which was declared open in form. Remarks were made by the Lieut Governor, Messrs. C. Genge, M.P.P., of McLeod, and M. McKenzie, M.P.P., of Claresholm. The town was decorated for the occasion and a half holiday proclaimed. A banquet to the invited guests will be held tonight in the town hall.

CALIFORNIA TOWN IN DANGER.

Forest Fire Sweeping Toward it—Lumber Mills Burned.

McCloud, Cal., June 7—In the face of a strong wind, a forest fire which has been burning for 24 hours and which was supposed to have been started by some of the strikers, either Italians or American, is sweeping toward McCloud and is now about two miles from the town. The entire property of the McLoud Lumber Co. is threatened. Early this afternoon about fifty of the company's men with a train of water cars was hurried to the scene of the fire and are now endeavoring to turn it. The greatest danger to McCloud since the beginning of the strike has been fired. Every precaution possible has been taken by the company to prevent it.

EXPENSIVE FUNERAL.

H. A. Chauchard, of Paris, is Dead—Possessed World Famous Work of Arts.

Paris, June 5.—H. A. Chauchard, proprietor of the Magazine Du Louvre, the big department store between the Palais Royal and the Louvre Palace is dead. He had been ill for several months.

To tourists visiting Paris, the pig department store of M. Chauchard was one of the points of interest. M. Chauchard was a bachelor and lived in a princely residence where he kept numerous of his valuable paintings and other works of art. Among his canvases were Millet's "Angelus" for which he paid $200,000, and Meissonier's "1815." The paintings and all his art treasurers, it is understood, he intended to bequeath to his business associates for exhibition in a gallery to be built adjoining his store.

In his declining years M. Chauchard had been rather eccentric, his chief occupation being the arrangement of the details for his funeral. In Pere Lachaise cemetery he built a sacrophagus costing $16,000, purchased a casket for $4,000 and set aside $400,000 for the funeral.

Bain Wagons are best for Alberta.

DOCKS CORRALLED.

Chicago Lawyer Out-Wits Four Railway Companies.

Chicago, June 4—A Chicago lawyer, Levy Mayor, working with Chicago capital, has put through a spectacular business deal which will set a number of mammoth organizations of the transportation world by the ears, according to reports which have just reached Chicago. The Matanzas Railway and Warehouse company is the name under which several millions of Chicago dollars have checkmated the Canadian and American railway interests vastly greated in amount. The company is said to have absolute control of all the dockage facilities of Havana and Matanzas harbors in Cuba and of Ponco and San Juan harbors in Porto Rico, to the exclusion of the four big boat and railway corporations which control the transportation facilities of the two islands. This is said to mean that Sir William Van Horne's syndicate of Montreal, which controls the railways of Porto Rico and three greatest railways of Cuba, the United States, and the American Sugar Refining company, are at the mercy of the new company which owns all the docks. There is said to be a perfect understanding between the company and the government of Cuba, which will expend several millions of dollars in improving the harbor facilities of Havana. The president of the two companies (the Cuban and Porto Rican interests will be kept separate) is to be Jose M. Tarafa, a former general in the Cuban army, and a director of the National Bank of Cuba. The deal is said to involve about $15,000,000. It was handled through the First Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago, the National Bank of Cuba, Julius Bache & Co., of New York, and H. Upmann & Co., of Havana. None of the Cuban railway except the Matanzas railway and the Matanzas Belt Railway hs ny dockage facilities of its own, at Havana. The new corporation is said to have gained entire control of these two lines and to have gained possession of every other available dock in the water front from Havana to Matanzas. That the intention of the company is not merely to take toll of shipping as it passes over their property is shown by the fact that it is contemplating the immediate acquisition of a line of steamships. It is this that makes uneasy the greta interests now in control of the sugar and fruit trade of the west Indians.

MUCH LITIGATION.

United States Supreme Court Has a Record Budget Left Over.

Washington, June 6—The supreme court of the United States has adjourned for the summer, and has broken the record for unfinished business. There are nearly 500 cases on the docket which have not been decided by justices, and it is quite evident that, with such a record some of these cases will eventually get into the Jarndyce versus Jarndyce class. Besides the 500 it is understood that there are 100 more on the way, this number including such brainstorm issues as the Union Pacific merger, the Standard Oil rebates, the Tobacco Trust cases and probably the Powder Trust, to say nothing of the certain multiplied appeals to be taken when the tariff bill goes into effect on the day of its passage.

As the present surcharge of the docket is the greatest in 15 years, it is obvious to politicians and lawyers that either the court must be enlarged, doubled or trebled, or that younger justices must be supplied in the places of the present venerable and learned members of the supreme court.

VERY REALISTIC.

Boys Nearly Killed Companion in Moving Picture Play.

Atlanta, Ga., June 6—Playing at moving pictures this evening five small boys hanged one of their number and two physicians worked for an hour to resuscitate him. The boys were playing in the rear of the Williams' home on Spring street. They were depicting the career of a cattle rustler, and James Williams, aged 8, the rustler. As a final young Williams was strung up to the limb of a tree. The other boys then went away and left the little fellow hanging. Fifteen minutes later the boy's mother looked into the back yard and saw the boy suspended. She gave the alarm and he was cut down, seemingly dead. Physicians were summoned, and after hard work saved the child's life.

APPROVE CHURCH UNION.

Dr. John Morton and Dr. John Campbell Want None of It.

Hamilton, Ont., June 7—Dr. John Morton, for many years missionary in Trinidad stated that the situation in the foreign field was not satisfactory in the matter of Church union. There was supposed to be an arrangement in the foreign field so that the territory was divided among the various denominations. It had been found impossible to carry out this agreement, and there was constant friction.

Dr. John Campbell of Montreal, opposing the adoption of the report, stated that there was undoubted opposition to the movement in the Presbyterian church, that the movement would result in the formation of another denomination and in the dissolution of this which had bound the church for many generations. The movement arose from an indifference to the highest spiritual truth. The speakers at the evening meeting were J. M. Duncan, of Toronto; Dr. John Forrest of Dalhousie; T. O. James and J. O. Ralston of Brandon.

The Giddy Round.

London, June 7.—Monday's functions at the Imperial Press conference, besides the Prince's garden party whereat the King and Queen were present included a reception by the Marchioness of Salisbury and many dinners. The ladies were entertained at the Ladies Imperial club.

Editor Sent to Jail.

Constantinople, June 8—Murad Bey, editor and proprietor of the Mizan has been sentenced to life imprisonment and hard labor for participation in the revolution of April 13, against the Young Turk regime.

PRESIDENT WAITS FOR THE DEADLOCK

Taft Will Have a Say When the Houses Come to Standstill on the Question of the Revision of Tariff.

Washington, D.C., June 7—A practical plan is being devised between the White house and the Capitol whereby the senate and houses are to be brought into accord with President Taft on the question of the revision of the tariff. The Hearst news service is informed that this plan looks to the service of the president as referee or arbitrator between the senate and house when the tariff bill reaches the conference stage. On all the questions where the houses disagree and a deadlock results the matter in dispute will be submitted to the president and his decision will prevail. This is in full keeping with the understanding which has become general in Washington that the real tariff bill will be made in conference and that it is at this stage that the president plans to have his ideas of a revision downward carried out. The president, however, has not yet given his consent to this plan. A Republican member of the finance committee today furnished a list of the schedules on which fights will be made in conference and which are being handled now with a view of being used for purposes of compromise between the house and senate. This list includes hides, coal, lumber, wool, felt hats, stockings, gloves and cotton goods. The finance committee will make no recommendation on the subject of oil. The senate will be permitted to fight out the question of oil free or taxed oil. The cotton schedule passed the senate finally tonight under the whip of Senator Aldrich without a division. Curtains, table covers, stockings and gloves, all are included in the schedule. Senator Aldrich served notice that he would call up schedule "K," wool, tomorrow. Senatorial dignity showed that it was not above a bit of humor when the hosiery paragraph was reached. The galleries were filled with women. Senator Dolliver made an eloquent appeal for a lower duty on cotton hosiery. He called attention to the hundreds of women who journeyed to Washington to demand a low duty on cotton hosiery." And they all wore silk stockings," commented Senator Gallinger. "How does the senator know that?" demanded Dilliver quickly. In the roar of laughter that followed the senate without waiting for reply from Mr. Gallinger, passed on to the cotton underwear paragraph. The Aldrich rates prevailed in every instance. It was learned today that Senator Aldrich now has the consent of every Democrat but Senator Newlands for the fixing of a date on which a vote shall be taken on the bill. The senators believe that the final adjournment will take place about the first of July.

Saskatoon Laborers Strike.

Saskatoon, Sask., June 7.—Twenty laborers on sewers being constructed by George Cooke went on strike today at noon. They are receiving $1.75 per day and struck for $2. They also complain that a week's wages is kept in hand. The balance of the men on the job, Doukhobors, returned to work. The twenty striking are English, Canadians and Galicians. The matter will be taken up probably by the federation of labor. The wage paid the men is the civic minimum rate.

Tenement Destroyed.

New York, N.Y., June 8—Terrific explosions following one another in rapid succession rocked tenements so violently that nine hundred tenants flew in terror to the streets, while flames appeared at every window of the three upper floors resulting in the complete destruction of the Malt Diastase company, of Brooklyn. Loss, two hundred thousand.

What the Island Wants.

Charlottetown, P.E.I., June 8—The Intercolonial railway commission held a conference with the board of trade. The board asked for the improvement of the western time table, equalization of three short haul systems, transportation with continuous haul, as in other provinces, which it competes with. The conference is being continued today.

Farm For Rosthern.

Regina, Sask., June 7.—Deputy Minister of Agriculture O'Halloran, of Ottawa, who is visiting the Dominion experimental farms while en route to the Seattle Fair, leaves tomorrow morning for Rosthern to look over the ground there in connection with the new experimental farm which the Dominion government propose to locate at that point.

Defying the Law.

Windsor, Ont., June 7.—William Taylor, bridge engineer, living in Amherstburg, is guarding his home with a rifle and says he will kill any person trying to enter his premises without his consent. The precautions are to guard his nephew, Percy Ulch, for whom a court order was issued in Detroit that he be returned to his mother.

Home Government Will Assist.

London, June 7.—The question of cheaper cable rates between the colonies and England was discussed at the Imperial Press conference today. Postmaster general Buxton told the delegates the government would try to co-operate. He thought the cable companies would reduce their rates if assured of a larger volume of business.

Returns All In.

St. Johns, Nfld., June 8—The result in the St. Barbe election, held May 8th, is just announced. Clapp (Bondite) 911, Mott (Morrisite) 790. This leaves the standing of parties in the new legislature 26 to 10. The delay in counting the ballots was due to an ice blockade.

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LORD ROSEBERRY BETRAYS ALARM

Asks Imperial Pressmen to Emphasize the Responsibility of the Over-Sea Britishers.

London, June 6.—The most representative gathering of British newspapermen ever held occurred last evening at Garden Club at Shepherd's Bush, when 1,000 journalists of the United Kingdom gave a banquet in honor of the 57 colonial delegates to the Imperial Press congress that opens in the foreign office on Monday.

Lord Burham presided at the banquet. Lord Rosebery delivered the speech of welcome to the pressmen, and the reply was made by Sir Hugh Graham, of Montreal. The hosts included newspaper proprietors, editors and writers.

In his address, Lord Rosebery, referring to the forthcoming visit of the delegates to the fleet at Spithead, characterized the present situation in Europe as ominous. There was an absence of questions which ordinarily might be expected to lead to war, he said, yet the threatening and overpowering preparations for war were unprecedented in history. He was confident of the position of England to take a reasonable position of powers, but when he saw this bursting out of navies he was uneasy regarding the outcome.

Lord Rosebery asked the delegates to carry the message that responsibility rests on every man of the empire, and to tell the colonists how Europe is arming and of the greatness of the pressure on this little island.

Wireless Telephoning.

Toulon, June 5.—Trials of the wireless telephone system invented by Naval Lieutenants J. Eance and Colin were made today between the armed cruiser Conde, which was at sea and stations on shore. The results are said to have been extremely gratifying. The conversation was carried on perfectly at a distance of 110 kilometres.

Y.M.C.A. Buildings for Montreal.

Montreal, June 7.—The campaign for $300,000, which was started on behalf of the Y.M.C.A. today, was set going by a subscription of $25,000 from Henry Birks & Sons. The association hopes to get the full amount required for extending the Dominion Square building and erecting another branch in Westmount in fifteen days.

Hatters Resume Work.

Danbury, Conn., June 8—Seventeen of twenty-two factories against which the United Hatters of America have maintained a five-months' strike today signed the bill of settlement with the executive board of the unions, ending the strike throughout Conecticut, Massachusetts and New Jersey. Work resumes Thursday.

Mrs. Sage's Benefactories.

New York, Jne 8—It became known today that in less than three years Mrs. Russell Sage has spent over $25,000,000 for public purposes and the benefit of mankind. It took Russell fifty years to get $65,000,000, or three thousand five hundred daily. Mrs. Sage is giving it away at the rate of $25,000 daily.

By-Election in Waterloo.

Ottawa, Ont., June 8.—The writ has been issued for the by-election in North Waterloo rendered vacant by the appointment of MacKenzie King as minister of labor. Nominations Monday, June 21st, voting a week later.

Construction Camp Burned.

Nepigon, Ont., June 7.—Sherwood and Russell's construction camp on the National Transcontinental has been destroyed by fire which spread from a bush fire raging in the vicinity. The loss is several thousand dollars. Bush fires are doing much damage in this vicinity.

Boy Drowned at Welland.

Welland, Ont., June 6—The seven-year old son of Rev. White was drowned in the Welland river here, having fallen in from the bank.

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ONE LINE BY EXHIBITION

Expect to Have Line Running to Fair Grounds.

Calgary, June 5.—All the material for the construction of the street railway is now on the ground in Calgary, ready to be laid down immediately. Word has been received that the cars are now being loaded at Ottawa, and they are expected here by the latter part of the month. Superintendent Mac...auley states that he has about 250 applications for the positions of motormen and conductors, but as there are only forty positions, all the applicants cannot be given places, and at the start preference will be given to the men who have had previous experience.

The line to the Fair grounds will be in operation in time to convey people to the grounds at Fair time.

There is a probability of another large meat packing concern commencing operations here this summer. A few days ago a Mr. Moss, who is representing a St. Louis syndicate took an option on 105 acres of land situated east of the establishment of P. Burns & Co. He stated that the company was just being formed in St. Louis and was being capitalized for $500,000. Mr. Moss left for St. Louis again yesterday.

Mr. R. Millar, who for eighteen years was superintendent of the Quay Valley Brick company, Toronto, has been in the city for a few days, looking up a location for a brick manufacturnig plant.

MUCH APPREHENSION.

Residents Leaving Adana by Hundreds as Turkish Troops Are Not Trusted.

Berlin, June 5.—A special correspondent of the Berlin Tageblatt, after visiting Mersina, Adana, Alexandretta and Antioch, telegraphed his paper from Alepho saying that the country is extremely quiet, but that everywhere there is anxiety with reference to the near future. Armenians and Syrians are leaving by hundreds, and al importers are cancelling their orders. Martial law will be declared at Alepho as soon as the Constantinople government sends reliable troops, after which the leaders of the reactionaries and separatist movements will be tried before military courts.

The Syrian army corps, the correspondent continued, is being replaced gradually by Macedonians, but in spirte of these measures the fears of an insurrection are general, and every man goes armed. The local branch of the Ottoman Bank has transmitted the sum of £30,000 sterling to manufacturers for arms for this section alone.

Will Keep Agreements.

Glace Bay, June 5—President Lewis of the United Mine Workers addressed 3,500 miners of this town today. He said there would be no strike in Capt Breton until the men here themselves decided to have one. The United Mine Workers did not seek trouble but peace, but they wanted a square deal for their men. "Our obligation and word are sacred things and we always live up to our agreements. We want the company to do the same and if they do, there will be no trouble."

SUCCESSOR TO REV. PATTERSON

Calgary, June 5.—No call has yet been extended to anyone to take the position of pastor of the First Baptist church, rendered vacant by Rev. Mr. Petterson being called to Edmonton.

The Deacons are working on the matter and have several names under consideration, but have made no decision as yet. At present the pulpit is being filled by supplies, and Professor Mode of Brandon will be in charge until the 13th inst., after which Rev. Dr. Judson D. Thomas of Chicago will preach.

It is expected that a call will be extended shortly.