

8% PROPERTY

ER, F. C.

SCHOOL DEBENTURES PURCHASED

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE BEWARE OF IMITATIONS SOLD ON THE MERITS OF MICHARD'S LINIMENT

CONDITIONS FOR CROPS IN ALBERTA

Report Issued by C.P.R. Shows Balance of Growing Conditions in a Favorable Crop-Favorable

- July 7-The crop report for ending today compiled by the western division of the C.P.R. from reports received from the line of railway in Alberta is as follows: -Cool and showery with warm weather. -Fine and clear; very little rain. -Fair and warm; good growth. -Generally fair with showers; light showers; mostly fair weather. -Winter wheat in head; warm. -Warm with light showers; fine. -Warm with light showers; fine; prospects good. -Weather fine; prospects good. -Warm and showery; hail storm fell wheat badly. -Few light showers; favorable prospects. -Light showers and hot; never better. -Late light showers and hot. -Warm with light showers. -Showery and warm. -Showery and conditions of weather favorable. -Warm and dry; rapid growth. -Showery and very warm. -Showery and very warm. -Mostly fine; heavy shower. -Very warm with light showers. -Mostly fair with light showers. -Very warm with light showers. -Good warm weather; warm. -Fine and warm with a shower. -Fine; plenty of rain; crops fine. -Part cloudy and warm; no peak of. -Favorable fair; warm; cool. -Favorable weather. -Very favorable. -Clear and warm. -Generally warm; favorable; Sunday. -Fair with local showers. -Excellent weather; crops fine. -Weather favorable. -Favorable weather; rain fell. -Weather very favorable. -Favorable weather; full budding. -Favorable weather; plenty of

SEMI-WEEKLY

VOLUME V.

MOURNFUL WAIL FROM THE EAST

Opposition Member Declares in the House That West is Receiving Too Much Attention.

Ottawa, July 10.—Government measures amending the Manitoba Grain act and authorizing grants of two quarter sections more land in the west to the 7,000 Canadian volunteers who served in South Africa, occupied most of the time of the House of Commons today. The former bill, the estimates of the government, has evidently been drafted with the greatest care. It is the chief criticism of the opposition members seemed to be that they were not called in consultation when the bill was in course of preparation. The bill was passed with the exception of a few minor clauses, which stand over to be considered in connection with the new Grain Inspection act.

The other items in today's work were the passing of a bill amending the gold and silver mining act, and the proprietary medicine bill, and the unanimous concurrence in all the measures in the bill to prohibit the importation, manufacture and sale of opium except for medicinal purposes.

Jealous of the West. During the course of discussion on the bill authorizing the government to construct a small branch line of the P. E. I. railway, Angus McLean, leader of the P. E. I. Conservatives, took occasion to make a bitter attack on the manner in which the government, as he alleged, paid undue attention to the development of the west. In arguing for more transportation facilities for the east, he declared: "The policy of the government is unfair to the people of the east. The west is getting it all. What has been the condition of affairs in the House during this session? Two-thirds of our time has been taken up by the affairs of the west and of Ontario and millions of dollars have been spent in the west compared with only thousands in the east. It is true that we have heard today in the estimates for Nova Scotia, but that does not amount to very much. That is only an election dodge. We have only a few items for Prince Edward Island and the time will come when the first minister will regret the amount he has taken with regard to the east and leave him to look to the east and leave the west alone. They have had enough. Millions of dollars have been spent and most of it spent in the west, some of which should have gone to the east, and it is time the government realized the fact."

The Oshum Bill. The bill to prevent the manufacture, sale or importation of opium, except for medicinal purposes, was read a first time in the Commons today. Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, rising to explain, was good-naturedly held down by the opposition with a flourish. The first reading was carried.

The premier succinctly expressed his willingness to take the Manitoba boundaries bill to go through in the same manner.

On the bill to amend the Manitoba Grain act, W. D. Staples (Con., Macdonald) complained that the grain growers' delegation to Ottawa had been hedged about and given no chance by the bankers or other interested parties, also that the western opposition members were not invited to conferences in connection with the bill, and that when they went to committee, they were not admitted until the member for Portage la Prairie was consulted.

James Cummer (Lib., Thunder Bay and Rainy River) asked that the Port Arthur and Fort Williams dockyards be put on the same basis as Winnipeg and that grain should be re-inspected at lake ports on surrender of the original certificate.

Richard Blain (Con., Peat) asked why the opposition members were not invited to the conference and John Heron (Con., Alberta) and Dr. Schaffner (Con., South) joined in the protest against what the latter termed "hole-and-corner methods. This was not a party question but the opposition came to the debate handicapped.

Hon. Mr. Oliver claimed it was not a committee of the House and that he had a right to consult whom he pleased.

E. A. Lacombe (Con., Lincoln) said to consult with all the interested members and not necessarily with the government only.

Mr. Cummer wanted the privilege of amending the bill, but the minister explained that at assembling points grain was bought on sample and weighed on grade, and was not considered in connection with the new Grain Inspection act.

In answer to Mr. Staples, the minister admitted that some mixing was done at Winnipeg. Hon. Mr. Oliver asked to accept an amendment to the bill to make Winnipeg and St. Boniface elevator terminals. A clause was added by the minister which enables the routing of special bins in terminal elevators for quantities of not less than sixteen thousand bushels, leases and terms to be approved by the agricultural commissioner. Progress was reported on the bill.

South Africa Veterans' Grant. The House spent several hours over the South Africa Veterans Land Grant Bill. The bill as drafted entitled the grants to residents of the Yukon and the Prairie Provinces, but Col. Sam Hughes (Cons., Victoria and Harbour), pointing out that he had been excluded from going with the Canadians by General Hutton, and was not eligible for a grant although he had gone on his own initiative in the war, the resolution was extended to all Canadians.

Considerable criticism was made of the clause permitting veterans to assign lands or accept scrip, but the minister was firm and was upheld. J. G. Tarriff (Lib., East Assiniboia) objected to limiting assignments to British subjects, holding that a declaration of intention should be sufficient. The minister informed Mr. Heron that the Manitoba Bill were eligible. Mr. Staples read a petition for grants with regard to the country by opening it. The minister said this was a worthy consideration, but not relevant to the bill.

Mr. Heron's motion to abolish the requirement that two quarters scrip be adjoining was defeated. Mr. Heron withdrew his motion to amend and incapacitated veterans from home-stated duties on the minister's suggestion that this be left to the government. He at least it encourages fraud. Mr. Tarriff's amendment, carried. R. S. Lake (Cons., Qu'Appelle) moved to confine scrip to residents of the Prairie Provinces or the Yukon, but was negatived. The minister explained that the bill would affect seven thousand persons. It was left in committee for further consideration.

Prohibitive Limit Sixteen Years. The Senate by a vote of 33 to 19, adopted an amendment moved by Senator Power to a bill to restrain the use of tobacco by young persons, fixing the prohibitive limit at 16 instead of 18 years. The discussion on the point was quite animated.

Senator Loughheed declared that the best men Canada sent to South Africa were less than eighteen, and one of them returned with the Victoria Cross.

HUGE COUNTERFEITING SCHEME. Sensational Arrest of Leading Danville Citizen By Secret Service Men.

Danville, Ill., July 10.—After showing him for more than a month and opening his mail for the last three weeks, United States Secret Service agents D. W. Wilkie and Thos. J. Porter, of Chicago, arrested Charles F. Brown, 38 years old, one of the most substantial men of Danville, on a charge of counterfeiting. The officers assert that the catch is the most important made by the government in many years.

They say evidence has been obtained in connection with Brown's arrest that is proof positive that he was about to execute in the most gigantic counterfeiting scheme ever attempted in the United States, when interrupted by his arrest. Brown's arrest caused a great sensation. He was formerly principal of the public school at Indiana. He had other positions of trust in educational circles in Minnesota at the Dakotas, and always was a high salaried man.

CLOSE CALL WITH DEATH. Pitts' Bridge Sank But Train Stopped Before Reaching Gorge.

Rainy River, Ont., July 6.—Crossing a pile bridge near East, a forty passenger train No. 2 became uncoupled owing to the sinking of a pile bridge. The engine opened the throttle and raced across safely; the train fortunately stopping. Other cars were heavily derailed and were likely to have been precipitated in the stream, seventy feet below. The train was delayed five hours till temporary repairs were effected.

The Dominion Weekly

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, CANADA, MONDAY, JULY 13, 1908

GIGANTIC STEEL TRUST IS FORMED

Will Control Steel Industry of the World—Death Blow to British Steel Trade.

London, July 10.—The Iron and Steel Trades Journal, which is considered authentic, marks an epoch in vast trade making. The new combine, primarily, will seriously threaten the British steel industry, which is not included in the trust, and already is seriously threatened by being in the international agreement will control about three-quarters of the world's steel output.

Countries in Combine. The United States is represented by the great steel corporation, which controls the American output of twenty-three million tons and has a mammoth capitalization of one thousand million dollars. Belgium is represented by that country's largest steel works, whose annual output is about a million and a quarter tons. Russia is represented by the three great concerns of the Zar's empire, which have a combined output in the industry, spurred by the world-wide increase in the demand for steel products. Russia's output is about two million tons. Germany is represented by the four largest manufacturers of steel, producing an annual output of eleven million tons.

Will Kill British Industry. The world's annual production of steel in 1907 was in the neighborhood of fifty million tons and this mammoth combine will control by the agreement, about thirty-five million tons. The effect of this on the British steel industry has been stated. The combine will be represented, it is said, by highly paid agents who will be instructed to take British trade wherever it will enable them to do so. It is believed that no local party will be able to make contracts at all.

Mystery Added to Murder. Of Squire Singleton in Cincinnati by Suicide of Son.

Cincinnati, July 10.—Another mystery has been added to the murder of a year ago. Squire Singleton, who was enticed into a room and slain by alleged burglar workers, of which Grace Billings, arrested in Chicago recently, is believed to have been one. The added mystery is the suicide of Fred Singleton, son of the squire, who died in his father's vengeance for which he had worked incessantly for a year as a hand.

Paris, July 10.—One of the most extraordinary flying machines ever seen, even in France, has just completed a successful trial at Issy. This is the Malesco "Aeronef," a peculiar mixture of balloon and airplane.

AN AERIAL OMNIBUS is Being Planned By a French Inventor.

Paris, July 10.—One of the most extraordinary flying machines ever seen, even in France, has just completed a successful trial at Issy. This is the Malesco "Aeronef," a peculiar mixture of balloon and airplane.

Americans Imprisoned By Turkey. Washington, July 10.—Acting Secretary of State Adley T. Maloney called Counsel-General Harris at Smyrna, Turkey to investigate the condition of one hundred alleged naturalized citizens of the United States reported imprisoned by Turkey on Nicaria Island in the Aegean sea. The State Department has no official information as to the alleged imprisonment, Adley acting solely on reports which appeared in the newspapers. It is understood that the Greek brotherhood at Smyrna has forwarded a complaint to the State Department. It has not yet been received.

Arrested for MacLeod Burglaries. Macleod, Alta., July 10.—Inspector Primrose has been notified of the arrest of two men connected with the burglaries here on Monday night. The stolen horses and some articles from the heavy store were recovered. The men had separated, one being arrested near Pinedale Creek, the other near Cardston. The man, whose names are not known, are being brought back.

THE DEMOCRATS SELECT J. W. KERN

For Vice-President When Bryan Gives the Word—Nebraskan Dominates Convention.

Denver, July 10.—John W. Kern, Indiana, will be the running mate of William Jennings Bryan in the Democratic campaign against Taft and Sherman, the Republican nominees for president and vice-president of the United States. When Justice Gray dissolved the Democratic convention, Kern indicated his preference for Bryan as vice-president this afternoon and thereafter no other candidates had a chance.

Other names were presented to the convention. Towns of New York, Maxwell, of Connecticut, and Clark Howell, of Georgia, were nominated, John Mitchell and W. A. Conrad, of Montana, each enjoyed tolerable mention.

Prior to Bryan's expressed wish that Kern be named it looked like a free-for-all fight, but the moment the whip cracked, it was a foregone conclusion that Kern would be named. When the proper time arrived, Towns took the platform and withdrew. Howell's name was withdrawn by the Georgia delegation, and before the roll was called, McNeill's name was scratched, leaving Kern a clear field.

The declaration for Kern was a rather tame. Indiana delegates made a brave attempt to make the walking ring, but the walkin was so severely strained in the final Bryan demonstration that only a sound as from a broken bell came forth.

A Long-To-Be Remembered Scene. Last night's session will long linger in the memories of those who participated. Starting at 7.30 the convention was in continuous session until quarter to four this morning, and most of the time in a constant uproar. At the close of the session, the delegates formally placing Bryan in nomination, there were but three men in all the score or more who sought a hearing. The speaker was able to make an impression on the disgruntled mob. They were Augustus Thomas, of New York, Ollie James, of Kentucky, and the blind Stanton Crow, of Oklahoma. The others received only jeers, and Chairman Clayton exhausted his voice in a vain effort to restore order out of the chaos which followed the hysterical outburst on the conclusion of Dunn's speech.

Williams Congratulates Bryan. Minneapolis, July 10.—Governor A. Johnson was at Lake City at the camp of the Minnesota National Guard, when he received the information of the nomination of W. J. Bryan, and immediately sent the following message of congratulations by wire to his successful rival: "Williams Jennings Bryan, Fairview, Lincoln, Neb. 'Elease accept my heartiest congratulations on your nomination and splendid personal victory, which implies you will have no more earnest supporter than I, and I hope to be permitted to contribute to your success and to the party. 'Yours very truly, 'JOHN A. JOHNSON.' 'I have no regrets,' said Governor Johnson, this afternoon upon his return from Lake City. 'I am satisfied with the result and deeply grateful to my friends in Minnesota and elsewhere for their loyal and persevering support.' 'Will Not Support Bryan. New York, July 10.—Merrill G. Pillsbury, a member of the executive committee of the Independence party and considered one of the spokesmen for Wm. Randolph Hearst, said today that it was not likely the convention of the Independence party to be held in Chicago the latter part of the month would endorse Bryan, Mr. Pillsbury said: "You know the delegates from this state were instructed to vote for the independent candidates. I think that indicates what is the general sentiment of the Independence party. There is no doubt that Mr. Bryan would like the support of our party."

Tear Down Taft Banner. Lincoln, Neb., July 10.—The Taft banner stretched across O street, near Twelfth and which has excited the wrath of many Bryan supporters here, was cut down at midnight to-night. The news of the occurrence caused no particular surprise as threats of such a nature had been freely made. The occurrence was not accomplished by any party, but a few people were on the street. The work is believed to have been of a single person or at most two, operating from opposite sides of the street. The wreckage of the banner caught in telephone and telegraph wires and is suspended in a limp bundle about ten feet above the street.

The Platform is Bryan's. The Democratic platform as adopted by the convention is Bryan's platform. The members of the convention are known from start to finish although the

IMMIGRATION OFFICER VISITS FANATICS' CAMP

C. W. Speers Has Long Interview With Elkhorn With Band of Religious Fanatics From Missouri—Sharpe, the Leader, Does Not Claim to Be Christ.

Elkhorn, July 10.—C. W. Speers, of the immigration department, was today a visitor to the camp of the religious fanatics at Elkhorn. In his approach the campers were very suspicious and held their firearms in readiness. However, Mr. Speers was able to allay their anxiety and had a long conversation with James Sharpe, the leader of the band, who has again changed his story. Sharpe, he stated, makes no claim to being Christ, but says the blood which Christ shed runs through his veins. The band comes from Missouri, and was on route to go to Canada to become missionaries to the Doukhobors.

His Wife is Eve. The religious fanatics at Elkhorn, who are the members of an old sect, have not yet fully traced the route to ascertain why his wife should be but I think it will be Abel."

Mr. Speers agreed that there was a most appropriate name. Mr. Speers would not undertake in any way to identify Christ's spirit and blood he carried. Sharpe replied that the Canadians drove him from their country, and he had no other way to get him to part with this protection. Mr. Speers assured the leader that if the band were to give up its arms, it would not be molested in any way. Sharpe replied that he might soon receive a revelation to that effect from God, but that he would not allow the guns until such a revelation was forthcoming.

Settlers Unmolested. Mr. Speers states that there has been no interference with settlers, and no intimidation of women or children. The band, he says, has not as much as shot a game bird since coming into the country. He said that they had been treated kindly by the Canadians whom they liked much better than the Americans.

LAKE OF OIL ABLAZE. In Mexico—Natives Arre Terror Stricken—Explosion in Vera Cruz.

Mexico City, July 10.—A lake of oil, covering an area of more than one square mile of unknown depth in the state of Vera Cruz, is on fire. It has been burning for days, and has caused the wildest terror among natives in that section. The blaze was seen for more than 200 miles away.

Two mounted policemen who are following them they look upon as friends. In Elkhorn nothing definite is known as to the arrival of the band there, but it is expected to reach town some time to-morrow morning.

Paris, July 10.—One of the most extraordinary flying machines ever seen, even in France, has just completed a successful trial at Issy. This is the Malesco "Aeronef," a peculiar mixture of balloon and airplane.

AN AERIAL OMNIBUS is Being Planned By a French Inventor.

Paris, July 10.—One of the most extraordinary flying machines ever seen, even in France, has just completed a successful trial at Issy. This is the Malesco "Aeronef," a peculiar mixture of balloon and airplane.

Americans Imprisoned By Turkey. Washington, July 10.—Acting Secretary of State Adley T. Maloney called Counsel-General Harris at Smyrna, Turkey to investigate the condition of one hundred alleged naturalized citizens of the United States reported imprisoned by Turkey on Nicaria Island in the Aegean sea. The State Department has no official information as to the alleged imprisonment, Adley acting solely on reports which appeared in the newspapers. It is understood that the Greek brotherhood at Smyrna has forwarded a complaint to the State Department. It has not yet been received.

Arrested for MacLeod Burglaries. Macleod, Alta., July 10.—Inspector Primrose has been notified of the arrest of two men connected with the burglaries here on Monday night. The stolen horses and some articles from the heavy store were recovered. The men had separated, one being arrested near Pinedale Creek, the other near Cardston. The man, whose names are not known, are being brought back.

BENNETT ARGUES FOR NEW TRIAL

Counsel in Lumber Case Appeals Before Supreme Court in Calgary Present Arguments.

Calgary, July 11.—Resuming his argument in the appeal in the lumber case against yesterday H. B. Bennett, counsel for the Alberta Lumber Dealers' association, reiterated that the formal illegal acts of W. H. Clark, of Edmonton, could not be brought against him as evidence in the case and said that any letter used as evidence must have been written by a participant in the conspiracy. It is against all laws of liberty and justice to say that he is guilty because certain men who have no connection with him at all chose to bring certain charges against him. He further said that the conspiracy is charged against twelve men and Mr. Clark and justifying his statement from English law he affirmed that if one of these men were proved innocent Mr. Clark would have to be discharged. The men charged under this indictment are the office bearers, past and present, of the association, and certain others unknown.

Regarding the action of the association with regard to Mr. Sereth, Mr. Bennett claimed that they had been quite just in their action because taken in the matter, and he gave an instance to show how Mr. Sereth had been conducting his business. Mr. Sereth had been called upon him to enquire for prices he gave him very low figures. This was done by the other dealers found their prices were higher than Sereth's and returned to Sereth to make his purchases from him, only to be told that the price quoted before had been a mistake and to find that he had to pay here the market price. Now as Sereth was a member of the Alberta Lumber Dealers' association at that time and had no other means of purchase, argued Mr. Bennett, its members were justified in trying to put a stop to such a practice.

He then pointed out that regarding all the items of the charge against Mr. Clark there was no competent evidence. He said that he had seen with any of them and declared that had Mr. Clark been responsible he would have been justified in his action. He said that the association it was not properly legally entitled to do.

Before the case had been argued Mr. Bennett moved that Mr. Clark be entitled to a new trial because the crown had manufactured evidence in the form of letters which had been secured by securing a conviction.

Mr. Woods' Argument. Thursday George W. Woods, in opening said it was absurd for Mr. Bennett to advocate another trial for Mr. Clark and that whatever the price of the lumber, it must be paid. He then read a list of those members of the association who had been brought forward as witnesses.

Before going into the evidence he said that the court must seek what evidence was allowable in a criminal indictment, and that what a member of the association was heard to say did not constitute evidence, but that with the evidence of the deputation, it only needed a glance at the geography, he said, or a slight knowledge of history to give rise to the conviction. He said that the Georgia Bay waterway was the natural trade route to the ocean. He outlined the steps taken to secure estimates of the cost of the waterway, which he said he had and other data on the engineering features of proposed construction. He thought, however, that it was asking the impossible to urge the government to take up such a large matter in the time before the closing of the session. The work would be undertaken and pushed to a successful conclusion in due time.

YEGGMAN IN LETHBRIDGE. Successfully Negotiates a Safe, Relieving It of \$600.

Lethbridge, July 10.—The safe in the C.P.R. freight office was robbed by a safe expert last night. About \$600 cash was taken, but a quantity of silver and a small roll of bills was left.

The burglars entered through the basement windows and opened the safe by working the combination. The lock is a four-combination and very close action. No damage was done and all the papers were left intact. The police have made no arrests yet, though a character known as a safe expert was in the city yesterday.

Attempts were also made to gain an entrance to the stores of E. Hill and I. and J. McKee, but the police on their night rounds frightened the burglars away. One window showed evidence of a jimmy.

THE FRENCH TRADE TREATY. Before Commission Minister States Convention Will Not Injure France.

Paris, July 10 (C.A.P. cable).—Customs Commission heard Ruau on the Franco-Canadian convention to-day. The minister announced that from an agricultural viewpoint the convention might be adopted without damaging the national production. He promised to provide the convention with certain statistical documents dealing with the agricultural produce of Canada. Under the circumstances, it is publicly the convention can be discussed before the end of the session.

GEORGIAN BAY CANAL VITALLY IMPORTANT

Say Members of a Deputation, Representing Towns Along Route, to Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Ottawa, July 10.—The Georgian Bay canal project received a new impulse today, when an influential deputation out of the north, which followed the trade, councils and other municipal organizations of towns along the prospective waterway, met with Sir Wilfrid in the Railway Committee room and urged that an appropriation of \$10,000,000 be set aside for the purpose of this session, and that the work be commenced at once. The deputation included ex-Mayor Dyke, of Fort William, and P. A. Burtan, of Port Arthur. The former argued that with a crop of 125,000,000 bushels of wheat in view, it was necessary for a free outlet to the ocean became immediately urgent.

Sir Wilfrid stated that he sympathized with the wishes of the deputation. He said that the project was geographically, he said, or a slight knowledge of history to give rise to the conviction. He said that the Georgia Bay waterway was the natural trade route to the ocean. He outlined the steps taken to secure estimates of the cost of the waterway, which he said he had and other data on the engineering features of proposed construction. He thought, however, that it was asking the impossible to urge the government to take up such a large matter in the time before the closing of the session. The work would be undertaken and pushed to a successful conclusion in due time.

YEGGMAN IN LETHBRIDGE. Successfully Negotiates a Safe, Relieving It of \$600.

Lethbridge, July 10.—The safe in the C.P.R. freight office was robbed by a safe expert last night. About \$600 cash was taken, but a quantity of silver and a small roll of bills was left.

The burglars entered through the basement windows and opened the safe by working the combination. The lock is a four-combination and very close action. No damage was done and all the papers were left intact. The police have made no arrests yet, though a character known as a safe expert was in the city yesterday.

Attempts were also made to gain an entrance to the stores of E. Hill and I. and J. McKee, but the police on their night rounds frightened the burglars away. One window showed evidence of a jimmy.

THE FRENCH TRADE TREATY. Before Commission Minister States Convention Will Not Injure France.

Paris, July 10 (C.A.P. cable).—Customs Commission heard Ruau on the Franco-Canadian convention to-day. The minister announced that from an agricultural viewpoint the convention might be adopted without damaging the national production. He promised to provide the convention with certain statistical documents dealing with the agricultural produce of Canada. Under the circumstances, it is publicly the convention can be discussed before the end of the session.

Americans Imprisoned By Turkey. Washington, July 10.—Acting Secretary of State Adley T. Maloney called Counsel-General Harris at Smyrna, Turkey to investigate the condition of one hundred alleged naturalized citizens of the United States reported imprisoned by Turkey on Nicaria Island in the Aegean sea. The State Department has no official information as to the alleged imprisonment, Adley acting solely on reports which appeared in the newspapers. It is understood that the Greek brotherhood at Smyrna has forwarded a complaint to the State Department. It has not yet been received.

Arrested for MacLeod Burglaries. Macleod, Alta., July 10.—Inspector Primrose has been notified of the arrest of two men connected with the burglaries here on Monday night. The stolen horses and some articles from the heavy store were recovered. The men had separated, one being arrested near Pinedale Creek, the other near Cardston. The man, whose names are not known, are being brought back.

LAKE OF OIL ABLAZE. In Mexico—Natives Arre Terror Stricken—Explosion in Vera Cruz.

Mexico City, July 10.—A lake of oil, covering an area of more than one square mile of unknown depth in the state of Vera Cruz, is on fire. It has been burning for days, and has caused the wildest terror among natives in that section. The blaze was seen for more than 200 miles away.

Two mounted policemen who are following them they look upon as friends. In Elkhorn nothing definite is known as to the arrival of the band there, but it is expected to reach town some time to-morrow morning.

Paris, July 10.—One of the most extraordinary flying machines ever seen, even in France, has just completed a successful trial at Issy. This is the Malesco "Aeronef," a peculiar mixture of balloon and airplane.

AN AERIAL OMNIBUS is Being Planned By a French Inventor.

Paris, July 10.—One of the most extraordinary flying machines ever seen, even in France, has just completed a successful trial at Issy. This is the Malesco "Aeronef," a peculiar mixture of balloon and airplane.

Americans Imprisoned By Turkey. Washington, July 10.—Acting Secretary of State Adley T. Maloney called Counsel-General Harris at Smyrna, Turkey to investigate the condition of one hundred alleged naturalized citizens of the United States reported imprisoned by Turkey on Nicaria Island in the Aegean sea. The State Department has no official information as to the alleged imprisonment, Adley acting solely on reports which appeared in the newspapers. It is understood that the Greek brotherhood at Smyrna has forwarded a complaint to the State Department. It has not yet been received.

Arrested for MacLeod Burglaries. Macleod, Alta., July 10.—Inspector Primrose has been notified of the arrest of two men connected with the burglaries here on Monday night. The stolen horses and some articles from the heavy store were recovered. The men had separated, one being arrested near Pinedale Creek, the other near Cardston. The man, whose names are not known, are being brought back.

LAKE OF OIL ABLAZE. In Mexico—Natives Arre Terror Stricken—Explosion in Vera Cruz.

Mexico City, July 10.—A lake of oil, covering an area of more than one square mile of unknown depth in the state of Vera Cruz, is on fire. It has been burning for days, and has caused the wildest terror among natives in that section. The blaze was seen for more than 200 miles away.

Two mounted policemen who are following them they look upon as friends. In Elkhorn nothing definite is known as to the arrival of the band there, but it is expected to reach town some time to-morrow morning.

Paris, July 10.—One of the most extraordinary flying machines ever seen, even in France, has just completed a successful trial at Issy. This is the Malesco "Aeronef," a peculiar mixture of balloon and airplane.

SEMI-WEEKLY

NUMBER 164

BENNETT ARGUES FOR NEW TRIAL

Counsel in Lumber Case Appeals Before Supreme Court in Calgary Present Arguments.

Calgary, July 11.—Resuming his argument in the appeal in the lumber case against yesterday H. B. Bennett, counsel for the Alberta Lumber Dealers' association, reiterated that the formal illegal acts of W. H. Clark, of Edmonton, could not be brought against him as evidence in the case and said that any letter used as evidence must have been written by a participant in the conspiracy. It is against all laws of liberty and justice to say that he is guilty because certain men who have no connection with him at all chose to bring certain charges against him. He further said that the conspiracy is charged against twelve men and Mr. Clark and justifying his statement from English law he affirmed that if one of these men were proved innocent Mr. Clark would have to be discharged. The men charged under this indictment are the office bearers, past and present, of the association, and certain others unknown.

Regarding the action of the association with regard to Mr. Sereth, Mr. Bennett claimed that they had been quite just in their action because taken in the matter, and he gave an instance to show how Mr. Sereth had been conducting his business. Mr. Sereth had been called upon him to enquire for prices he gave him very low figures. This was done by the other dealers found their prices were higher than Sereth's and returned to Sereth to make his purchases from him, only to be told that the price quoted before had been a mistake and to find that he had to pay here the market price. Now as Sereth was a member of the Alberta Lumber Dealers' association at that time and had no other means of purchase, argued Mr. Bennett, its members were justified in trying to put a stop to such a practice.

He then pointed out that regarding all the items of the charge against Mr. Clark there was no competent evidence. He said that he had seen with any of them and declared that had Mr. Clark been responsible he would have been justified in his action. He said that the association it was not properly legally entitled to do.

Before the case had been argued Mr. Bennett moved that Mr. Clark be entitled to a new trial because the crown had manufactured evidence in the form of letters which had been secured by securing a conviction.

Mr. Woods' Argument. Thursday George W. Woods, in opening said it was absurd for Mr. Bennett to advocate another trial for Mr. Clark and that whatever the price of the lumber, it must be paid. He then read a list of those members of the association who had been brought forward as witnesses.

Before going into the evidence he said that the court must seek what evidence was allowable in a criminal indictment, and that what a member of the association was heard to say did not constitute evidence, but that with the evidence of the deputation, it only needed a glance at the geography, he said, or a slight knowledge of history to give rise to the conviction. He said that the Georgia Bay waterway was the natural trade route to the ocean. He outlined the steps taken to secure estimates of the cost of the waterway, which he said he had and other data on the engineering features of proposed construction. He thought, however, that it was asking the impossible to urge the government to take up such a large matter in the time before the closing of the session. The work would be undertaken and pushed to a successful conclusion in due time.

YEGGMAN IN LETHBRIDGE. Successfully Negotiates a Safe, Relieving It of \$600.

Lethbridge, July 10.—The safe in the C.P.R. freight office was robbed by a safe expert last night. About \$600 cash was taken, but a quantity of silver and a small roll of bills was left.

The burglars entered through the basement windows and opened the safe by working the combination. The lock is a four-combination and very close action. No damage was done and all the papers were left intact. The police have made no arrests yet, though a character known as a safe expert was in the city yesterday.

Attempts were also made to gain an entrance to the stores of E. Hill and I. and J. McKee, but the police on their night rounds frightened the burglars away. One window showed evidence of a jimmy.

THE FRENCH TRADE TREATY. Before Commission Minister States Convention Will Not Injure France.

Paris, July 10 (C.A.P. cable).—Customs Commission heard Ruau on the Franco-Canadian convention to-day. The minister