THE ACADIAN

WOLFVILLE, N. S., APRIL 11, 1890.

"Willow Bank."

The annual meeting of the trustees and lotholders of Willow Bank Cemetery Corporation was held in Witter's Hall on Wednesday evening last, J. W. Caldwell, President, presiding.

The Committee of Management reported considerable work done within the year, notably the plan of a spruce hedge on the east side of the lot and of willows from the south-east corner of the grounds to the north gate and also of putting in a stone bridge at the upper gate and tile-draining Junction Avenue.

The Secretary's report showed a considerable increase in the sale of lots over former years, thirteen having been sold since the last annual meeting, realizing the sum of $195, a portion of which has been paid. During the year there was expended in improvements and care-taking $118.50, and there was collected $137.75, leaving a balance on hand of $34 24. There is yet due on lots $203, which added to the balance on hand makes $237.24 to the credit of the corporation.

The retiring trustees—D. B. Shaw, J. W. Wallace and J. W. Coldwell—were re-elected. The executive officers, viz—J. W. Caldwell, President; J. W. Wallace, Vice President; A. V. Woodman, Secretary; and J. D. Chambers, Treasurer—were re-elected. J. B. Davison was elected surveyor. G. V. Rand, C. H. Borden, A. J. Woodman, C. A. Patriquin, and F. W. Woodworth were elected a committee of management. J. W. Wallace, G. V. Rand and J. W. Caldwell were named a like committee on the old burying ground.

A standing regulation to the effect that two auditors be regularly elected at each annual meeting was adopted, and D. B. Shaw and C. H. Borden were elected such auditors for the current year.

It was decided that the corporation procure a seal for the purpose of sealing deeds, etc., and J. W. Caldwell was named a committee to procure a device for the same.

As usual the sum of $10 was voted to the Secretary, after which the meeting adjourned.

It is to be regretted that so few of the lotholders finds it convenient to attend the annual meetings of this Corporation and that so little interest seems to be taken by those who have friends buried in those grounds. It is to be hoped that the new blood introduced into the committee of management will stimulate the older members to action, and that these grounds may be made a credit to the place rather than a standing reproach as they are at present. The outlay in the first instance in laying out these grounds and in preparing a plan thereof was considerable, and it is to be hoped that the grounds will be put in such a condition as will show some trace of the original design, which seems to be completely lost at the present time.

Where Prohibition is Popular.

Some time ago a company was organized by wealthy temperance men for the purpose of founding a prohibition colony in the state of Tennessee. A large tract of mining and agricultural land was purchased and a site selected thereon for a commercial and manufacturing city. Recently a day and a half was devoted to an auction sale of lots in the proposed city which realized 600,000 dollars. The eagerness of the bidding was something unprecedented in the history of "booms." The officers of the company were obliged to instruct the auctioneer to strike off hundreds of lots on the first bid, in order to keep the prices within reasonable limits. The capital of the company is $3,000,000 and large amounts will be expended in developing the resources of the city. Every lease or deed given by the company will contain a clause forever prohibiting the sale of intoxicants on the premises. The avidity with which enormous prices were offered for lots in a town existing only on paper indicates not only the intense longing of decent people to find some spot uncursed by saloons, but also the confidence of moneyed men in prohibition as the basis of a purely business enterprise. The future of Harriman, as the new city is to be called, will be watched with interest.

An anonymous writer in the last issue of the *New Star* attacks our editorial and Prof. Tufts' letter anent the Kingsport-Long Island Dike. As we are not in the habit of noticing that sort of scribblers we shall not waste space now in attempting to quiet his apparently excited nerves. We may say however that it seems peculiar that he should have made such an error as occurs at the opening of his epistle. Evidently "boodle" occupies a prominent place in his mind and we can overlook the apparent ill-will at what he considers our attempt to bar his way. We can assure him however that we intend nothing of the kind. Our motto in this as in all other matters is, "The greatest good for the greatest number."

Canadian Penitentaries.

The report of the minister of justice as to penitentaries in Canada for the year ending 30th June, 1889, shows that there were at that date 1,195 criminals undergoing imprisonment, being an increase of 101 over the number during the previous year. There had been 434 committals and 333 discharges since the issue of the last annual report. The prisoners were distributed amongst the several institutions as follows:

Kingston penitentiary		554
St Vincent de Paul	do	322
Dorchester	do	162
Manitoba	do	66
British Columbia	do	91

In the report it is stated that while the increase is notable, yet the percentage of convicts compared with the population of the Dominion is small. Crime is far from prevalent, and outside the cities and towns does not appear to any considerable extent. Facilities are being prepared in the penitentiary at Kingston for isolating the more hardened and habitual criminals, from those of shorter experience, and it is considered that very beneficial results will follow from the adoption of the reform. It has also been determined to effect a change in the uniforms worn by convicts. The brown and yellow and black and white are to be abolished, and in their stead will be substituted three different grades of prison clothing. The second grade will be for all convicts at the time of commencing their prison career. A more pleasing dress will be provided for those whose good conduct merits promotion; whilst for those whose actions demand punishment or degredation a less desirable uniform will be compulsory.

The Newfoundland Trouble.

The excitement in Newfoundland over the modus vivendi, arranged between England and France on the fishery question, without consulting the Newfoundland Government, has not abated and has caused a bitter feeling in the island against Great Britain. By the concession France can claim fishing rights over a great portion of the coast, a control which it is not in the interests of the islanders that any foreigners should have. The French claim these rights under a treaty made a hundred years ago, when Newfoundland was a far different place to what it is now, and the Newfoundlanders are not disposed to countenance the surrender of such valuable privileges without having something to say about it. When the treaty was made in 1783 there was no one on the island to protest against it, but it is vastly different now with a large population in a great measure depending upon the fisheries for support. The British authorities not being fully advised as to the condition of affairs, were liable to fall into the error that the fisheries are large enough for two, but it is not an error which finds acceptance in Newfoundland, where the general opinion is that the fisheries belong to the natives and should be preserved for them. They are justified in repudiating the agreement which England, unavised, made for them and in taking the affair into their own hands. But unfortunately Newfoundland is a Crown colony, and it may have to accept what has been thrust upon it.

S. P. C.

The annual meeting of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty was held in the vestry of the Presbyterian church Tuesday evening, the 8th. There was quite a large percentage of the members present.

The executive reported that their agent, Mr J. Ingerson Brown, had dealt with a number of cases of cruelty under the heads of horse beating, working horses with sore shoulder. Although it had not been necessary except in one case to bring the guilty parties before a magistrate, many cases had been checked by a simple warning from him, not only to dumb animals and birds but also to human beings.

Mr J. L. Bishop reported that the aims of the Society had been brought before the schools, and lessons of mercy had been disseminated among the children of the schools with good effect.

The following officers were elected for the present year:—

President—Rev. A. W. Sawyer
Vice Pres.—Rev. R. D. Ross
Secty.—J. D. Chambers
Treas.—J. W. Caldwell
Council—J. W. Wallace
Agent—J. I. Brown
Executive—C. R. H. Starr, Prof. A. E. Coldwell, J. L. Franklin, J. W. Hamilton, G. V. Rand, W. H. Evans, C. S. Fitch.

A number of interesting subjects bearing on the work of the Society were discussed, and resolutions passed aiming at vigorous work for the present year.

Product of the Mines.

The quantity of coal mined in Nova Scotia last year was 1,756,000 tons. The sales in Nova Scotia have increased from 509,425 tons in 1888 to 550,425 tons in 1889. The sales in Quebec and New Brunswick fell off, as did those to United States, the returns showing that only 29,986 tons were sent to the last-named country. The gold yield is 26,155 ounces, the highest since the year 1867, when it was a little over 27,000 ounces. The inspector reports the outlook for the present year encouraging, as there are a number of new mines and mills about starting. The Salmon river mine continues to yield steadily, the returns showing, up to date, 33,200 ounces from 73,041 tons of quartz. The Londonderry Iron Works have continued as usual. Much interest has been shown in the development of the large and valuable iron ore deposits of Pictou county and the New Glasgow Iron, Coal and Railway Company seem to have been energetic in opening up the various deposits.

Notes from Ottawa.

(By Our Regular Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, April 9th.—The legislators are just getting over their Easter vacation which was a very short one—but four days. The M. P.'s who live close at hand went home and those unfortunates whose homes are "down by the sea" or on the "boundless prairies" stayed in the capital talking politics and receiving delegations. The Rykert scandal is about finished; nothing will come out of the enquiry as to who stole the North west half-breeds furs, and no fun ahead for the House. Dalton McCarthy ran away some time ago and unless he soon appears on the scene we may not get anything more interesting than a debate on the tariff changes or budget speech. The people here are wearied of such things, and at such times the Commons galleries contain only the gentlemanly ushers and reporters.

Mr Cook brought in his bill to amend the Civil Service Act. He explained that his measure was designed to make it imparative that before anyone could apply for a position in the Civil Service he should be five years resident in Canada. Sir John Thompson said the principle of the bill was one that ought to be acted upon, namely, keeping positions in the Civil Service for Canadians in preference to others. Sir John A. challenged anyone to show that Canada had not been kept for the Canadians as far as the Civil Service was concerned; the House had to remember, however, that we were part of the British Empire, and all British subjects had the same right here as we had.

The Government fish breeding establishment in Ottawa has now three million white-fish and 125,000 salmon from British Columbia hatched out. Fifty thousand speckled trout ova arrived last week to be hatched.

Nicholas Flood Danin, M. P., poet, author and lecturer, delivered a three hours' harange against Commissioner Herchcur, of the North west Mounted Police. The latter was addicted to tyranny, was irritable, possessed of a violent temper, acted as a despot. He had exceeded his duty, gone beyond his jurisdiction, and prevented justice and duty. If half the charges made were true Herchuer is not fit to hold a constable's position in the force. Mr McDougall (conservative) corroborated many of Mr Davin's charges, and said a committee of investigation should be appointed to enquire into this would be "King of all the North-west." The Legislature of the North-west passed a resolution unanimously asking for an investigation. Everything points to a hot time for any officer in Mounted Police who thinks he can hound constables, in the force, until they are forced to desert.

Temperance Matters.

Edited by the Members of Wolfville Division

For every missionary who goes to Africa there is sent over 70,000 gallons of liquor. Ethiopia would stretch out her hands unto God, but professedly Christian nations are preventing it by sending to the Dark Continent over 8,000,000 gallons of rum annually. The liquor is the vilest, and the natives are using it in place of turpentine; and Africa is now almost "Ruined with Rum," which is destroying more souls than the missionaries are winning for Christ. More destruction is caused by liquor in Africa and Madagascar in a single day than the missionaries can repair in months, or even years. Are not the Christians at home responsible?

Brooklyn's new chief of police is dismissing policemen right and left for drunkenness. He says he will not have on the force a single man capable of intoxication. "I will give you half my month's salary," he said to one who implored to be taken back, "but I will not have you on the force."

Christendom has an annual drink bill of $3,000,000,000, while less than $12,000,000 is spent for the world's evangelization.

Principal Bancroft, of Philips Academy, Andover, says in *Zion's Herald* that temperance principles are making great progress in European countries, that there is a marked increase in the number of guests at hotels who do not take wine and that the number of students who do not use beer is growing while the number who do not use tobacco is already large. Everywhere the cafe is gaining on the saloon, and in these tea, coffee, chocolote or cream are more likely to be ordered than wine or brandy. A public water supply is also being generally introduced, so that travellers now very seldom have the excuse that they must drink wine, the water is so bad.

Pointers for Advertisers.

Don't expect advertisements to bear fruit in one night. You can't eat enough in one week to last you a year, and you can't advertise on that plan either.

People who advertise only once in months, forget that folks cannot remember anything longer than seven days.

If you can arouse curiosity by advertisements, it is at good point gained. The fair sex don't hold all the curiosity in the world.

Quitting advertising in dull times is like tearing out a dam because the water it low.—*Ex.*

Orders have been issued from I. C. R headquarters to the effect that they are, hereafter, to refuse to give clearing orders to conductors or drivers on whom they can detect the smell of liquor.

500 Hackmatack Posts, for sale low,
32 WALTER BROWN,

GENTLEMEN:

You will find my Spring Stock the best selected in the market. As I have personally inspected the goods and know what the Fashionable Designs will be, I am in a position to suit all. I will be pleased to have you call and examine my goods and compare them with others. Then you will know I am right, by looking over the Journal of Fashions and Tailoring which has just arrived with all the latest hints to good dressers.

WALLACE, THE TAILOR.

Wolfville, March 21st, 1890.

Wire Fencing.

Zebra, Plain Twisted and Barbed Fencing Wire; also Woven Wire Netting,-makes a cheap, ornamental and durable fence.

Walter Brown.

Wolfville, March 20th, 1890.

IN PRESS:
STRAY LEAVES
—FROM—
"Book of Wonders."
(LESLIE LORING DAVISON.)
With a Preface by Harl Harlee.
Edited by Ben Zeene.

"It gives me great pleasure to say a few words in recommendation of the 'Book of Wonders.' The name is an appropriate one, although given it by the author in his humorsome way. It *is* a book of wonders. In reading its pleasing articles we regret that the author has gone, and that we will read no more. In his death Nova Scotia lost a promising writer. He was both a poet and a humorist. . . The editor has conferred a favor by publishing the book, and I feel certain that Nova Scotia readers will give it a welcome. Nova Scotians are always ready to acknowledge native talent wherever it appears."—HARL HARLEE.

. . . "When Leslie L. Davison went down into the grave, the first bright rays of a great intellect went out. Although he had not yet reached that age when the mind of man takes its predestined stand and shines forth in all its brightness, yet the morning beams had already begun to tell of the approaching noontide which, alas! never came. His mind was eminently of the poetic class—the class which receives a sermon from the dying leaf, learns a song from the robin, exults with nature, and feels itself to be 'part of the mighty universe around'; for the poet's soul rages with the storm, glows with the sunshine, and darkens with the shadow. His prose overflows with poetic diction and sparkles with genius—poetic genius." . . .—"E. B.," in ACADIAN of December 6th, 1889.

"In the death of Leslie L. Davison, the author of the 'Book of Wonders,' Nova Scotia certainly lost a brilliant writer. It was with real regret on my part that I read the concluding article in that very interesting series of articles which has been running in the ACADIAN during the summer months, entitled 'Book of Wonders,' contributed by Ben Zeene. Such articles as 'Dawn,' 'The Happy Hunting Grounds,' 'A Graveyard Vision,' 'His Last Hour,' and the poem in the concluding article, 'The Long Ago,' are really extraordinary. In reading them it is difficult to imagine that their author was but a boy of sixteen. . . The author of the series of articles tells us that he wrote a story, but does not give it to the public. Will not Ben Zeene favor us with this also? Better still, why not collect his complete works and publish them in book form? I am sure every one who has read this series of articles would hail such a course with delight and would be impatient for its publication."—"READER," in ACADIAN of Sept. 27th, 1889.

TWENTY DOLLARS CASH!
—GIVEN FOR—
AN OLD USED POSTAGE STAMP.

$20 will be given to any person who will send me, (for the collection I am forming for exhibition purposes), a 12 PENNY STAMP OF CANADA.

Or I will give $5 to $10 for any Old Shilling Stamps of Nova Scotia or New Brunswick.

You ought to find lots of these stamps as well as those of 1d., 3d., 6d., value, in old office papers or letters in warehouses, between the dates 1850–1866.

☞ *Now is the time to hunt them up.*

I will buy for cash all OLD used or cancelled postage or bill stamps. Send on all you have, leaving them on the original envelope preferred. I also want ½ stamps, cut values, on the entire letter, for which I give higher prices than anyone. G. HOOPER,
559 King St., Ottawa, Canada.

Dr BARSS

May be consulted professionally at his residence near the Episcopal Church.

Wolfville, December 19th, '89.

NOW IS YOUR TIME!

To get full sets of Standard Works at an amazingly low price. These sets are without doubt the

Finest Cheap Editions

made, either American or Foreign, and are largely illustrated with superior wood-cuts.

Carlyle's complete works	(10 vols)	$7 00
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Macauley's Essays, Speeches and Poems	(3 vols)	2 00
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The cash must accompany the order. Books will be delivered at any point in the city free of charge. Address

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WHEN YOU CAN
GET A NEW ONE
At Patriquin's
FOR $15.00.

Baird's Balsam of Horehound.

GIVES immediate relief. Causes easy expectoration, relieving CROUP ASTHMA, CONGESTION, &c. It allays Irritation promptly, and is an excellent Tonic for the Throat. Sold everywhere.

Baby Wagons. Baby Wagons.

We have just received a full line of the celebrated "WHITNEY" make, good value. Call early and make your selection

ALSO

A complete range of Parlor and Bedroom Furniture, Rattan Goods, Carpet Sweepers, Clothes & Lunch Baskets.

We Can Beat the Record!
—IN—
CARPETS,
OIL-CLOTHS,
LINOLEUMS,
RUGS, ETC.!

☞ WOOL WANTED, Also all kinds Country Produce.

CALDWELL, CHAMBERS, & Co.

Wolfville, April 10th, 1890.

SEE!
SPRING STOCK!
—OF—
Dress Goods, Satteens, Cambrics and Flannelettes.
—AT—
RYAN'S,
KENTVILLE.

N. B.—Store closes at 6 o'clock, p. m., Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

There is nothing like Dr. Norton's DOCK BLOOD PURIFIER.

to cleanse the BLOOD and tone up the system at this season of the year.

ONE BOTTLE!
will make you feel like
A New Man!
All Druggists & Dealers.

9 Cords IN 10 HOURS
Runs Easy NO BACKACHE. Folded.
BY ONE MAN. Write for descriptive catalogue containing testimonials from hundreds of people who are saved from 4 to 9 cords daily. 25,000 now successfully used. Agency can be had where there is vacancy. A NEW INVENTION for filing saws sent free with each machine: by the use of this tool everybody can file their own saws now and do it better than the greatest expert can without it. Adapted to all cross-cut saws. Every one who owns a saw should have one. No duty to pay; we manufacture in Canada. Ask your dealer or write FOLDING SAWING MACHINE CO., 506 to 511 S. Canal St., Chicago, Ill.

'The Crime of the Century.'
ASSASSINATION OF DR. CRONIN.

Discovery of the crime: Arrest, Trial and conviction of the conspirators.

A complete history from the night of the
MURDER!

To the closing moments of the trial. 12 mo. book of 600 pages, bound in cloth, price $1 50. AGENTS WANTED in King's county; one in Wolfville. Apply to P. O. Box 184, Windsor Gen'l Agency for Hants, King's and Annapolis counties Big pay! Windsor agent made $25 in three days Sample book, etc., free, when applicant sends satisfactory references. Books forwarded from Windsor on receipt of order, so that agents receive their pay same week they commence work.

OLD PAPERS for sale at this Office.

COTTAGE FOR SALE!

With Outbuildings and one and a half Acres of Land in Orchard, consisting of apple, pear and plum trees, all in bearing.

THE ABOVE PROPERTY is very pleasantly situated on Main street, Wolfville, within twenty minutes' walk of Post Office, College and Railway Station.

For further particulars inquire of
W. H. Evans.

Wolfville, April 8th, 1890. 1 mo

DAVID THOMPSON,
Painter & Paper Hanger.

ORDERS MAY BE LEFT AT ROCKWELL & CO'S BOOKSTORE.

Residence at Mr John Stewart's, Wolfville.

Wolviile Hotel Property!
FOR SALE!

THE ABOVE mentioned valuable property, consisting of Wolfville Hotel, stables and outbuilding, one acre of choice garden containing a variety of fruit trees in full bearing; also on the grounds one small cottage.

Also 2 lots of Dike, situated on the Wickwire Dike, in the Township of Horton; first lot containing 6¾ acres, second lot 3½ acres. Will be sold with or without other property.

For further particulars apply to
MRS H. D. FARRELL, Wolfville Hotel. Or
B. FARRELL, Kentville.

Wolfville, April 2d, 1889. tf

NOTICE!

I will not be responsible for any bills contracted by anyone from this date except those of my mother.

W. TEMPLE PIERS.

Wolfville, March 26th, 1890. 6m

L. J. DONALDSON,

Breeder of Thoroughbred Wyandottes and Light Brahmas.

Port Williams, King's Co., N. S.

'FIVE ROSES.'

Just received, direct from the Lake of the Woods Milling Co., a lot of that

Celebrated Brand of Flour

☞ "FIVE ROSES."

Call and Get a Barrel!
—AT—
G. H. WALLACE

Wolfville, March 23th, 1890.

HARD COAL!

To arrive at Wolfville about Oct. 10th cargo Lackawana Hard Coal per schr. "Moselle."

J. W. & W. Y. FULLERTON

Wolfville, Sept. 12th.

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· THE BEST ·
STOVE
· IN ·
· THE WORLD ·
POLISH
MORE IN CAKE THAN OTHER MAKES.

For Sale!

A very valuable Farm, situated near Port Williams, containing large orchards, tillage and pasture lands, with an inexhaustible supply of black mud. There are also in connection 20 acres of prime dyke, 5 acres of meadow and 30 acres of wood-land. It is very pleasantly situated near churches, schools and markets. Must be sold on account of the subscriber's ill health. Further particulars gladly supplied on application.

Jas. W. Masters,
Church St., Cornwallis.
J. L. MASTERS, Wolfville.

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