French families ir possessions, to o feek refuge in

Mr. Cornwallis elf in the same vho were fettled ivers which difom of the bay of turence. These exposed to the enced injustices agreed to deiere, that Proall his subjects. ill detachment der the comhe gave the pt nothing aonfine himself from making which France all that he fortification of uis de la Jone attention to nwallis of this him to it, and ent.

conduct as an the governor rictly obeyed, this

this dispute was attended at that time with no bad consequence.*

Two other objects gave occasion in a little time after to mutual complaints, in which the two courts thought themselves more particu-

larly concerned.

Mr. Cornwallis complained of the cruelty with which the Abnakie favages used the English, who fell into their hands; he ascribed this usage to the suggestions of the French, and to the order, of the marquis de la Jonquiere. The latter cleared himself fully from the charge; and it may be faid with truth, that the Abnakies had followed in this conduct only the impulse of their own refentment: It was at the French governor's request, that after the treaty of Aix la Chapelle, they had ceased all kind of hostilities; but the English would never condescend to consider them, as comprehended in the general pacification, and had persevered in their persecutions against them. Thus enraged, these Savages had avenged their own injuries; and the marquis de la Jonquiere, so far from giving them affistance, used his best efforts to appease their Wrath. The court of London appeared satisfied with the explanations given on this occasion, and thus this affair ended.

The object of the other was of greater importance, and might have been attended with

* See original Papers, No. 2.