Committed together we stand, insincerely together we fall

EDITOR'S NOTE: J. Berube is taking a master's degree in clinical psychology at UNB and offers the following comments on the actions of the demonstrators in the Centenial Building demanding student aid reforms.

Perhaps the soldier who has been to war, or the sailor who has ous species, the insightful species.

available.

The

nation that has just finished a long civil struggle, knows a bit about comradeship. It is unfortunately all too often during a long struggle that people and peoples learn the meaning of a basic common togetherness. For too long mankind has been given too many lofty virtues such as: the knowing species, the good species, the understanding species, the generfrequently been out to sea, or the Perhaps these strengths could

have been and still can be partially adapted to the human species, but

in essence these are still simply descriptive words. But a strength or a virtue which has dominated the ascent of man as a growing species has been togetherness. In his primitive evolution amidst the cruel rigors of nature, it is the togetherness of the tribes, or whatever, which safeguarded the existence of the tribe. This togetherness cannot be given the noble title of comradeship because one million years ago (give or take) insightful awareness of the needs of others did not exist. Nature gave primitive man the dynamisms of sticking together for the common good, just about like it gave other species of animals the sticking together dynamisms for their continuation and evolution. Togetherness is older than mankind's history, older than the Earth. It is a natural unifying dynamism which physics, chemistry, mathematics, biology, philosophy, theology, education, would have much to talk about -- and

Comradeship is a step beyond togetherness. But it can never leave the dynamisms of togetherness. Comradeship is to togetherness as vegetation is to sunlight. Nevertheless, comradeship is a remarkable growth beyond toget-herness. It is individual man looking upon the other man as his growing partner, and feeling bound to the needs of this other man. Comradeship is as new as history and as new as every generation which dedicates itself to the needs <u></u>

and potentialties of its members. Comradeship is forever a possibility and never an inherent strength like togetherness. It can exist and it can simply not exist. But there is a brutal danger with man pertaining to comradeship. If there present man's capacities to destroy even nature's togetherharmoniously together, man has become capable of undoing this natural togetherness. Instead of helping the growth of the human species as well as the evolution of other species, man has frequently fround himself destroying both himself and nature. Pascal, the French philosopher, summed it up pretty well: "He who wants to act like an angel, acts like a brute."

Mankind, again, has given itself too many lofty virtues.

What seems to be a truth about mankind is that it can no longer live on a simple level of togetherness. Comradeship has become an imperative. If man returns to togetherness alone, he is no longer human in strength and in action. And if man gives himself lofty and inactive virtues of comradeship, he again returns to a destructive level of existence. "To be or not to be". What could be a

few of the lofty and inactive virtues which mankind has given itself? One of these is that: all men are born equal. This is one of the most ridiculous ideas ever imagined. It is possible that on all levels or on all dimensions of human existence. that this idea is completely unrealistic. Who would dare say that all men are born with the same economic power? the same economic fortune? the same chance for social growth? the same family and environmental stability? the same emotional and intellectual opportunity? Nature has rarely been strong on luck. Nature has almost always been strong on reality. Nature has almost always been reluctant on lofty ideas. Some will say that all men are born equal under the law. This is again ridiculous. Law as

defined politically and as adapted politically, is the fabric of simply not equal. Some will escape and say that all men are born equal under God's law. This is perhaps be called "comradeship ---" essentially true, but under organized religious law it can be completely false or at the least we can act

very unrealistically adapted

What could be another lofty and inactive virtue attributed to mankind? Another would be that: comradeship exists in a universal reality? This again is ridiculous. It is pure delusion. Nuclear arsenals is no comradeship, it is within ready for fast delivery on a neighboring country's population is a radical fact. Comradeship at ness. Where nature simply kept life its best? No. Cannibalism and evil

> You see, in reality comradeship either exists in lofty and inactive virtues, doesn't exist sufficiently enough, exists in potential only.

Now how does this apply to the fact that a good number of French students are presently protesting in the Centennial Building in Fredericton while only a few English students are joining in?

The French students are fellow students. They are joined together in comradeship to protest for a need that is very basic to them. It is a need which is obviously more urgent for then than for the English student, although a good number of English students are in the same boat. The French students are doing the work while the English students at the University of New Brunswick and at St. Thomas University are supplying food, washing facilites, and a few other goodies, --- and of course moral support also. This almost sounds like the very generous donations given by the American government to undeveloped countries.

The Americans give a few million dollars to a particular country (and publicize it of course), but only after having taken a hundred times or more of that country's natural resoruses. That could be called living off somebody else's back.

That could be called greed. It is obviously not even togetherness. You see, some people are more or less fortunately born with a "bow tie" under their necks. And that bow tie has to be kept clean. Bow tie people produce bow tie people. Bow tie people do not really know what it means to be born in an unequal economic environment.

And what is even better, bow tie students dabble in the rich symbols economic reality. It is unquestion- of comradeship presented in able that economic distribution is literature and education, and they say "aude sapere" yet they do not "dare act and share". This could

Comrades (together - ensemble)

NUS and CAUT left out

WINNIPEG (CUP) -- AUCC Increasing student fees "can't be President Michael Oliver said seen in isolation of student costs", student organizations were not said Oliver. invited to a proposed "tri-party consultation to develop a univer-sity policy for Canada" because three universities and Oliver had the AUCC considers itself a met with Manitoba Premier representative of the university 'as an institution." Oliver stated the AUCC was not a "partial organization" like NUS or CAUT and urged these groups to meet separately with the government.

Responding to questions at a have had the benefit of a previous press conference held at the writing without it going on record. University of Winnipeg Oliver said fees should not be raised "without concerning additional payment of very, very careful consideration" fees for a rewrite, as all parties

The press conference was called three universities and Oliver had Schreyer and presented him with the AUCC proposal on university

He said there could be a positive benefit to the problem if applicants do have to rewrite, as they will

No mention has been made of other factors like student aid. await resolution to the problem.

FEBRUARY 6, 1976

TORONTO (CUP) - "assistants should hold o major planned expendi term", warns Gradua tants' Association (GAA izer Andy Stanley "becaudo not get paid while the

Stanley cautioned that

Says

REGINA (CUP) - A University Social Work and former president Canadian Union of Stud he is dismayed with failure of successive governments to do anyth poverty in Canada."

Speaking to a Univ Regina sociology class Lowney said that "social

Coun

Dear Editor:

This past Monday attended a fairly long SF that just should not have long as it did. One of stumbling blocks was over whether or not cou allocate one thousan (\$1,000) to the continui demonstration down at nial Building, fondly ref the Glass Palace.

As an outsider I just co why the debate did cor the decision was made n referendum. After all, was whether or not t body would support dispursment, the only council could do was re

Strangely enough, f people on council did b point. If it had been sooner the debate woul have been settled. After students on this camp vote in favor of the der

what student input the

Engir

Dear Editor:

The Engineering S apprached this year Newcombe and the Wi val Committee to c platform for the openir ies and an Ice Palace fo ceremony. We decided advantageous to buil structures in one and front of the SUB.

The actual constru place over a day and involved at least a doze some times; finishing p.m. this past Sa platform about five fe feet long and 15 feet wid with six foot high wa

sides, and a throne in We were quite pr result, especially cons amount of work invo people had cut classes ski trips and othe activity to participate we know that our effor be appreciated by a gr who, sometime betwee decided to completely palace. I say a groubecause it would take people to knock down i

SUB CAFETERIA Bar-B-Q-Ribs Beef Eater Fries Salad with choise of dressing Small beverage For Only \$1.95 Thursday, February 12, 1976 11:30 am — 1:30 pm

would like to remind everyone that it will be

closing its doors at 6:00 p.m. on Friday and

reopen that night for Extravaganza. The

SUB will open at 11:00 a.m. on Saturday

morning and Saga will have a brunch

Also: Howie Goldberg is pleased to

announce a contest, to name the new

coffee-house! Please submit ideas and logo

ideas to the SUB Office.