No. 3 Company.—The services of 2nd Lieutenant J. Hector Lesage are dispensed with.

and Lieutenant Joseph Romuald Ducharme is transferred from No 4

to No. 3 Company. No. 4 Company.--To be Captain: Lieutenant John Peter Jensen Rosen-

vinge, R.S.I., vice Lippé, transferred. No. 6 Company.—Captain Charles Alexander Hubert Lippé is transferred from No. 4 to No. 6 Company, vice Trudeau, appointed Quartermaster.

87TH "QUEBEC" BATTALION OF IN-FANTRY, Q.-Paymaster and Honorary Captain Tancrede Pierre Morin is granted the Honorary rank of Major from the 30th May, 1894.

89TH "TEMISCOUATA AND RIMOUSKI" BATTALION OF INFANTRY, Q.-No. 2 Company.—To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally: Omer Gilbert, gentleman, vice J. A. Gilbert, promoted.

G. O. 64. July, 1894. Certificates Granted.

	=					
				Percentage of Marks obtained.		
Rank, Name and Corps.	Class.	Course.	Grade.	Written.	Practical.	Aggregate Percentage.
	=	$\stackrel{\smile}{-}$	<u> </u>	-	-	
Infantry,						
Capt. A. R. Sweatman, 10th Battalion	1	s	A	! ! • = ^		1
Lieut. A. G. Mullin,	li			70	79	745
36th Battalion Lieut, R. A. Helmer,	2	S	Λ	.63	.62	·62 }
43rd Battalion Lieut, C. Spooner,	1	Sp	Λ	.66	74	.40
74th Battalion 2nd Lt. H. Jackson,	2	Sp	A	.68	.66	.67
90th Battalion 2nd Lt. J. H. Mulvey,	2	Sp	A	·74	72	· 7 3
90th Battalion	2	Sp	A	.79	.69	74
and Lt. J. D. Irvine, 90th Battalion	2	Sp	A	.75	.20	.62
and Lt. C. S. Wilson, 90th Battalion	2	Sp	A	·80	. 60	•70
2nd Lt. E. W. M. Mer- magen, 90th Battalion	2	Sp	A	·78	.73	76
2nd Lt. Henry Watters, 43rd Battalion	2	Sp	Α	613	46	·53
and Lt. H. R. O'Reilly, 10th Ba'talion	2	Sp	A	57	•64	•60}
and Lt. D. C. Meyers,		_	A		•	-
2nd Lt. A. Martin,		Sp		65	59	.62
noth Battalion and Lt. C. M. Strange,	2	Sp	A	'60 :	.,7	63}
14th Battalion 2nd Lt. G. S. Wilgress,	2	Sp	A	1.73	.65	.69
35th Battalion 2nd Lt. S. E. Oliver,	2	•	A	72	54	.63
36th Battalion 2nd Lt. Geo. McDermott,	2	Sp	A	.65	.63	64
41st Battalion 2nd Lt. F. M. Perry,	2	Sp	A	68	.69	.681
48th Battalion 2nd John Æ. Thompson,	2	Sp	A	63	•63	.63
48th Battalion	2	Sp	A	.61	.66	·6 ₃ }
and Lt. W. G. Stuart, 1st Battalion	1	Sp	A	.79	77	. 78
Sergt, John Thompson, R.R.C.I.	1	s	В	.76	.82	. 79
Sergt. John Smith, 22nd Battalion	2	s	В	.64	61]	.65}
Sergt. James Ballantyne, 20th Battalion	, 1		В	·80	.78	79
Sergt, W. J. Laverty, 31st Battalion	,		В	.61	.59	.60
Sergt. Edgar Rivard,	1		В	.66	!	
84th Battalion Corp. A. E. Brittain,		Lg	_		74	70
Corp. C. Spence,	1		В	.82}	-81	.813
37th Battalion Corp. J. Austin,	2	S	В	57	.61	. 59
49th Battalion Private Gulver Tice,	2	S	В	. 70	63	.60}
13th Battalion Private Ruggles Ross.	2	S	В	.61	.61	٠6١
43rd Battalion Private H. B. Turner,	2	S	В	55	.65	.60
38th Battalion Private Henry Connor,	2	S	В	. 71	.62	. 62 }
46th Battalion	2	S	В	.69	.62	·65}
Private Wm. H. Smith, 59th Battalion	2	S	В	. 57	. 59	-58
	1		(i	í	į.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

G. O. 65.

The undermentioned provisionally appointed Officers having qualified themselves for their appointments are confirmed in their rank from the dates set opposite their respectives names:

Lieutenant A. E. Mullin, 36th Battalion; from 30th June, 1895.
Lieutenant R. A. Helmer, 43rd Bat-

talion; from 30th June, 1894.

Lieutenant C. Spooner, 74th Battalion; from 9th July, 1894

2nd Lieutenant H. Jackson, 90th Battalion; from 18th June, 1894.

2nd Lieutenant J. H. Mulvey, 90th Battalion; from 18th June, 1894.

2cd Lieutenant J. D. Irvine, 90th Battalion; from 18th June, 1894.
2nd Lieutenant C. S. Wilson, 90th

Battalion; from 18th June, 1804. 2nd Lieutenant E. W. M. Mermagen, 90th Battalion; from 18th June, 1894.

2nd Lieutenant Henry Waters, 43rd Battalion; from 23rd June, 1894.

2nd Lieutenant C. M. Strange, 14th Battalion; from 25th June, 1894. 2nd Lieutenant A. Martin, 10th Bat-

talion; from 30th June, 1894. 2nd Lieutenant H. R. O'Reilly, 10th Battalion; from 30th June, 1894.

2nd Lieutenant D. C. Meyers, 10th

Battalion: from 30th June, 1894. 2nd Lieutenant G. S. Wilgress, 35th

Battalion; from 30th June, 1894. 2nd Lieutenant S. E. Oliver, 36th Battalion; from 30th June, 1894.

2nd Lieutenant G. McDermott, 41st Battalion; from 30th June, 1894. 2nd Lieutenant John Æ. Thompson, 48th Battalion; from 30th June, 1894.

2nd Lieutenant F. M. Perry, 48th Battalion; from 30th June, 1895.

and Lieutenant W. G. Stuart, 1st Battalion; from 30th June, 1894.

By Command,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel, Adjutant General of Militia, Canada.

Cromwell, Creator of the First Cavalry Soldier.

"The creation of the first cavalry soldier" is the result of Captain Oliver Cromwell's memorable resolve to "get men of a spirit that is likely to go on, as far as gentlemen will go." Such is the opening statement of the very interesting sketch in "Macmillan's" of "The Beginnings of the British Army (the Cavalry)." As an illustration of the elementary condition of cavalry drill when Cromwell began his task, one quaint instruction is cited: "If your horse be resty so as he cannot be put forwards, then let one take a cat tied by the tail to a long pole; and when he (the horse) goss backwards, thrust the cat within his tail where she may claw him: and forget not to threaten your horse with a terrible noise. Or otherwise take a hedgehog, and tie him strait by one of his feet inside of the horse's tail, that so he (the hedgehog) may squeal and prick him."

"Firearms were the rage of the day;" the sword was "quite a secondary consideration;" lances were out of fashion. The writer goes on to destroy some pet illusions about the famous Rupert charge. He says: "The ordinary cavalry attack was delivered by ranks; each rank fired its two pistols and filed or countermarched to the rear, leaving the next rank to do likewise. Anything more remote from 'shock action' can hardly be conceived.

"At Marston Moor. . . . Rupert attacked Cromwell in front and flank, Rupert with the result that both sides 'stood at sword's point a pretty while hacking one another,' and evidently doing each other little harm; till Cromwell's men, probably from superior discipline, at last broke

THE TRUTH ABOUT RUPERT'S CHARGE.

"Nor does it seem to us that we are quite correct in looking upon Rupert as a Murat, as the usual fashion is. Take for instance his attack at Naseby. advanced up a slight incline, and he came fast 'as we are expressly told, probably at a trot. Ireton, who was opposed to him, alvanced down the hill. On see ing him Rupert halted, thus giving Ireton the chance of plunging down upon him with irresistible force. But Ireton also halted in his turn, partly on account of 'the disadvantage of the ground, partly to allow some of his troops to recover their station.' Had Rupert continued his advance he would have found Ireton in disorder; but so it was he gave him in disorder; but as it was he gave him time to get his troops together. Then he charged Ireton and routed him. Although it seems to us certain that cavalry charges, in the sense of swift, sudden ouslaught, were the exception in

the Civil War.
"Of the British cavalry soldier, as Cromwell originally made him, we should seek our ideas not in modern pictures which make a cavalry action of the Civil War as headlong a matter as the charge of the Greys at Waterloo, but in the old pictures of Wouverman's, where the cavaliers caracole about firing pistols in each other's faces. The writer concludes with a lively picture of the new model trooper in his new red coat faced with his colonel's colors, his great boots and huge clinking spurs; a soldier before all things in spite of the text on his lips. It seems a far cry from this light cavalryman of the seventeenth century to the hussar of the present day, yet they may not be so distant after all."

The Connaught Rangers.

Their Centenary Celebration—Re-Presentation of Colors.

The 1st Battalion Connaught Rangers -the old 88th—on Wednesday celebrated the hundredth anniversary of the raising of the regiment, an event that should have occurred last year, but which the autumn manœuvres prevented. On Tuesday afternoon the celebration commenced by the holding of regimental sports at Anglesea Barracks, Portsea, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir George A. de Hochepied-Larpent and the officers subsequently entertaining the married people of the regiment, while in the evening the officers' mess was the scene of an interesting gathering, a number of old officers being entertained at dinner, including General Lambert, who was in command during the South African and Zulu campaigns, Colonel Owens, Major Kells, Captain Cousins, Captain Barton, Captain Maher, Captain Macdonald, Colonel Penton, Colonel Philpot Curran, Major Hale, Major Carpenter and others. But the chief event was that of Wednesday, when the unique ceremony of re-presenting the regiment with its old colors took place on the parade ground. The old 88th is a corps with a wonderful history. It saw service a few years after its formation in Egyyt, but its chief glory is the fact that during the Peninsular war it formed part of Picton's Brigade. During that period it was commanded by Colonel Wallace, a brave officer, whose memory has not been forgotten, in spite of later service seen in the Crimea, in India and in South Africa. In 1820 the regiment received new colors, and those which accompanied them through the long campaign were handed to the Colonel who commanded them. They remained in the possession of the Wallace family until Wednesday, when they were re-presented to the corps by Colonel F. J. A. Wallace (formerly of the Grey), a son of the famous commandant of the 88th.-Portsmouth (Eng.) Times.