

Extra Bargains

Friday and Saturday.

Men's Heavy Working Pants

Worth \$1.75 for 1.25.

Men's \$4.50 Reefers At \$3.50. All wool Frieze and Storm Collar.

Men's \$8 Overcoats for \$6.50. Black, Blue and Grey Beaver.

Men's Ulsters \$3.50 and \$4.50.

Boy's Ulsters \$3.00.

WILCOX BROS.

54 & 56 Dock St.

LIVERY STABLES.

I Think I Can Give You Better Service

Than you can get elsewhere. Large, warm box stalls, the best feed, get your horse for you any hour of the day or night. A visit to my barn will make you one of my customers.

J. B. HAMM, 134 Union Street. Telephone No. 11.

DAVID CONNELL,

BOARING, HACK AND LIVERY STABLES. 45 and 47 Waterloo St., St. John, N. B. Horses boarded on Reasonable Terms; Horses and Carriages on Hire; Fine Fit-outs at short notice. A large buck-board wagon, seats fifteen to twenty people, to let, with or without horses. Telephone 98.

DAVID WATSON,

BOARING, HACK AND LIVERY STABLES. Coaches in attendance at all boats and trains. Horses to hire at reasonable terms. 91 to 95 Duke Street. Tel. 78

WE WILL COME IN A HURRY

As soon as you give us the word that you want a Carriage or Coach, and you can depend upon getting the best of service, too. We will look after your baggage promptly and without confusion and annoyance to you.

T. A. SHORT, 12 Bonaventure St. Tel. 263.

MISS S. O. MULLIN

Carries the most fashionable stock of Millinery to be had in St. John City. Style unequalled. Prices real moderate. 339 Main St. Opp. Douglas Avenue.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

It will pay you to have your work done at DUNHAM'S Upholstering, Carpet Laying, Furniture Polishing and Packing, Repairing, etc. First Class work at moderate prices.

FRED H. DUNHAM,

408 Main Street, N. E.

HENRY DUNBRACK,

CONTRACTOR FOR... Hot Water or Steam Heating and Plumbing... DEALER IN... Water and Gas Fixtures. 70 & 72 PRINCESS STREET, St. John, N. B. Telephone Office, 130 Residence, 328.

HOTELS.

HOTEL DUFFERIN.

E. LEROY WILLIS, St. John, N. B.

J. J. McGAFFREY, Manager.

The Evening Star caters to all. Watch it!

THE ST. JOHN STAR is published by THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY (LTD.), at St. John, New Brunswick, every afternoon (except Sunday) at \$2 a year.

ST. JOHN STAR.

ST. JOHN, N. B., JANUARY 3, 1902.

AN ASTONISHING PROGRAMME.

The Washington despatch printed in today's Star will be read with special interest. It was written by the correspondent of the New York Mail and Express, which is a journal strongly supporting the government. According to this writer the United States has grown weary of the revolutions in Central and South America, and proposes to end them by the exercise of "moral" influence. "Gently" but "firmly" it will insist on the maintenance of peace and order.

This is an interesting and ambitious programme. So far as can be learned the people of the various republics have not sought either advice or aid from the United States, and they might be disposed to join their forces and resent any interference with their most cherished institution—the periodical revolution.

The correspondent engagingly assures us that the American programme is quite in line with the Monroe doctrine. The relation seems a little obscure, however, in spite of his exposition of the case; and it is also a little difficult to understand how the "moral" influence is to be exercised effectually without the aid of battleships and an army of occupation. If the southern people should insist on being left to themselves, it would be interesting to observe the attitude toward them of those Americans who shut for home rule in Ireland and for the independence of the Boers.

Unquestionably, if the United States government could by moral influence preserve peace in the southern countries it would be doing them a great service, but when the very instincts of a people tend toward turmoil and warfare, something more substantial than good advice is required to effect a change.

There does not appear to be cause for great alarm over the so-called smallpox epidemic in the city. The monthly report of the board of health shows that there are fewer cases at the present time than there were four weeks ago, and that many of the patients are recovering. The death rate has not been above the average, and successfully vaccinated people have been practically immune. To a large extent the disease has been kept to one portion of the town, and never really reached the proportions of an epidemic. While it is something concerning which no one can prophesy with any degree of accuracy, still it looks now as if the disease were to a large extent under control. The action which the board of health is taking in the matter was supported yesterday at a meeting of business men. The members have not, during the last three months, been altogether unhampered by criticism, yet they have worked faithfully and it is hoped will soon be crowned with complete success.

Commenting on the statement of a member of congress that one-cent postage will not be considered by that body because it would mean a deficit of \$35,000,000 a year, a New York paper declares that even if such loss were involved at the outset it would soon be swept away by a freer use of the mails. That was the case when two-cent postage was introduced in the United States, and the Mail and Express wants the experiment further extended.

Just what particular good the painting which J. Pierpont Morgan has recently purchased for \$500,000 is going to do him is uncertain. If he brings it to the United States he will have to pay over an extra \$100,000 tariff charges, should the painting be valued at the amount reported. If he brings it over under a smaller valuation, doubts will be cast upon its originality.

William T. Jerome was yesterday sworn in as district attorney of New York county. His whirlwind campaign was a feature of the anti-Tammany fight in November. He promised then if elected, to make things uncomfortable for Devey, and several other bosses. He has now a chance to do so.

The suggestion is made that the chief lighthouses on the coast of the maritime provinces be supplied with the Marconi apparatus. Such a method of communication would undoubtedly prove of great value.

There has been at the Seaman's Mission during the last few days the first specimen of the real native born Boer who has visited the city since the war. There have, however, been a few of the home grown variety, around from time to time. The South African product is to be preferred.

UNITED STATES

May Assume Role of Dictator in South America.

Astonishing Programme Said to Have Been Planned at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—The United States is on the eve of announcing a new policy with respect to South and Central America, which will be of as consuming interest to the outside world as was and is the Monroe doctrine.

The new policy is, indeed, an offshoot of the Monroe doctrine, a development of the idea underlying that famous principle. It may be termed, and it will probably be known as, the "pax Americana," American peace. It is nothing less than a guarantee on the part of this country, exercising, as it were, a moral hegemony over the weaker states of Central and South America, that peace and order and respect for law and property and human life shall and must prevail throughout the regions to the south of the United States. In other words, the United States will undertake to guarantee, as in the case of Cuba, a stable government and the maintenance of order.

The United States acted in half recognition of this principle when it dealt with Cuba after the Spanish war, and when it dealt with Spain prior to that war. It also recognized it, in part, when it sent its troops to restore order in the isthmus of Panama; and, again, in an earlier case, when it practically put an end to the revolution or rebellion in Brazil.

In the vast majority of cases, however, this country has allowed the hereditary revolutionists of Central and South America to continue overturning governments, and has not interposed a solitary objection, save when the rights or interests of its own citizens were menaced or invaded.

SITUATION INTOLERABLE. Of course, such a state of affairs is unpleasant. It was always unpleasant; now it is growing intolerable. The United States has no intention of forcing its views upon the people of the republics of the south, and would not take a step toward bringing about a more tranquil condition, were it satisfied that, in the end, the Spanish-mixed races would evolve into self-governing and stable communities. It would be quite willing to watch and wait while the South and Central Americans were working out their own destinies, in their own way. But there seems to be no end to the revolutionary process; and the United States is tired of constant turmoil and overturning of governments, and of making peace impossible, and life and property insecure.

It may easily be seen how this doctrine of an "American peace" has grown out of the Monroe doctrine. As defined by its latest defender, President Roosevelt, the Monroe doctrine is "a declaration that there must be no territorial aggrandizement by any non-American power at the expense of any American power on American soil." The inevitable corollary or expansion of this principle is that, if the United States is to guarantee the integrity of the republics, it is going to see to it that there is something worth preserving.

It is not prepared to risk war at every turn for the sake of perpetuating a nest of wasps or a basket of fighting cats and dogs. If this country, in other words, is to accept the risk of war with European powers for the sake of preserving the South and Central American republics from inroads and wars with foreign countries, it will also go to the extent of preserving them from internal wars and revolutions.

NOT RIPE FOR ARBITRATION. It was one of the hopes of the administration that something of the sort might have been accomplished by the Pan-American Congress in the City of Mexico. It hoped that its project for general arbitration would be readily accepted and would prove an acceptable substitute for war as between the various republics of the south. But it is evident that the republics of Central and South America are too jealous of one another to make such a plan successful at this time. No arbitration for them when war is so easy, and its chances seem, for the time at least, pretty even, and fortune may favor the more daring aggressor.

The efforts of the United States were not lost, however, and it is largely due to the free expression of the views of the United States that there must be disputes through arbitration, that Chile and Argentina have been kept from each other's throats this long. A similar view will, it is probable, account for the reluctance of President Castro to lead his troops to the aid of the Colombian rebels, and kept Chile, all too eager to keep up the splendid motto of her fighting soldiers, on her own side of the Peruvian and Bolivian borders.

Arbitration could not be expected, however, to adjust such differences within these states as lead to revolutions and rebellions. The right of revolution is one of the most clearly recognized rights of a people, and nearly all, if not every scintilla, of human liberty enjoyed in the world today is the fruit of revolution. But the South and Central Americans do not revolt in order to win liberty and freedom of thought and action; but to win office and power.

MORAL INFLUENCE. The influence to be exercised by this country would be entirely moral. It would undertake to decide as to the merits of either side in a revolutionary appeal to arms; but it would use its moral power to prevent such hasty appeals to weapons as a universal means of arbitration in the south. It would insist gently, but firmly, upon the maintenance of peace and order. No great uprising against tyranny would be checked, if such occurred; but this country would interpose merely to assist in the real work of governments—the preservation of order and the guaranteeing security of life and property.

Mexico's prosperity has been due almost solely to the strong government that Diaz has maintained. It passed through a fiery ordeal of revolutions, until there emerged one of the ranks of the "rurales," of country police, this strong brained and strong hearted man. Since then revolution has ceased in Mexico, and that republic has progressed more than all of the other republics of Central and South America combined. Cuba has advanced with tremendous strides since the establishment of peace, and since the maintenance of peace was guaranteed by this country.

What the United States helped to bring about in Mexico—by forcing the French out and enabling the Mexicans to win their way; and what it has accomplished in Cuba, by guaranteeing the perpetuation of good government and tranquility, the security of life and property, it will undertake in South and Central America.

I. C. R. STATION IMPROVEMENTS.

New Process of Disinfection for Cars and New Heating Apparatus Completed.

Commencing today, the I. C. R. will substitute for the slow process of sulphur fumigation for the new process of disinfection by formalin gas. Several of the generators have been procured and hereafter every car, as soon as it arrives in the station from any direction will be closed and subjected thoroughly to this treatment. The disinfection will take from half an hour to one hour for each car, the sleepers receiving a double dose. The strength of the disinfectant will vary according to the size of the car.

The new steam heating apparatus for cars standing in the shed will also be put into commission today. The steam will come from the boilers in each car, the sleepers receiving a double dose. The strength of the disinfectant will vary according to the size of the car. The new steam heating apparatus for cars standing in the shed will also be put into commission today. The steam will come from the boilers in each car, the sleepers receiving a double dose. The strength of the disinfectant will vary according to the size of the car.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

At the regular meeting of New Brunswick lodge, No. 1, last evening the following officers were installed for the ensuing term by Deputy Grand Chancellor Ingraham: Geo. McKee, chancellor commander; Chas. T. Jones, vice chancellor; W. T. G. Cosman, prelate; Samuel Blaine, master of work; W. E. Hopper, master of finance; F. S. Merritt, master of exchequer; H. S. Keith, K. of R. and S.; W. E. Dummer, M. at A.; John Ross, inner guard; I. Olive Thomas, outer guard; John Beamish, trustee for three years.

After installation the new officers addressed the lodge, all pledging to do their best to make the incoming term a banner one. Addresses were also made by Chancellor Commander Logan of Liberty lodge of New Glasgow, N. S., and by Chancellor Commander R. A. Watson of Union lodge of this city.

Union lodge will install its officers on Wednesday evening next, the 5th inst.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

RUSSIA'S TRICKERY.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The Times this morning publishes three alleged secret documents communicated by Dr. Ular, a prominent student of Chinese affairs, who recently returned to Europe from Manchuria and Mongolia, which go to prove the existence of a bargain negotiated between the late Li Hung Chang and Russia through the medium of the Russian Prince Ukhtomsky. Under the terms of this bargain the "Boxer movement, which is hunted, was fomented by Russia, was to be turned against the foreigners, Russia engaging to protect the Dowager Empress against the western powers in return for permission to occupy Manchuria and a very free hand in Mongolia.

Commenting editorially on this matter, the Times says it sees nothing in the recent history of Russian action in the far east inconsistent with the story obtained in the documents by Dr. Ular.

Baby's cold may be cured in a night by using Vapo-Cresolene, which has been extensively in use for twenty-four years. All druggists.

BODY RECOVERED.

GLACE BAY, C. B., Jan. 2.—The body of W. A. Mackenzie, who disappeared from his home at Caledonia Mines three weeks ago, and was last seen in a store near the Reserve Mines, were discovered today in Roost reservoir, near Dominion No. 2, by one of a party of boys who were skating on the ice. One had feeling thirsty, broke the ice so as to get a drink of water. On kneeling to drink, he was shocked to notice the face of a man in the water.

Bicyclists and all athletes depend on BENTLEY'S Liniment to keep their joints limber and muscles in trim.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

MONTREAL, Jan. 2.—The Intercolonial maritime express met with a peculiar accident at St. Rosalie tonight. The engine and cars left the track while going at a high rate of speed, but no one was hurt. The engineer stuck to his post and averted what might have resulted in great loss of life.

If any retail grocer wants some plain facts tersely stated that may aid him to increase his tea trade it will pay him to write to Harry W. de Forest about Union Blend tea.

NEW GLASSWARE.

The finest imitations of Cut Glassware yet produced.

JELLY DISHES, 20 and 25c.
SPOON TRAYS, 20c.
FRUIT BOWLS, 25 and 35c.
ICE CREAM TRAYS, 60c.
ICE CREAM PLATES, 85c. doz.
PUNCH BOWLS, \$2.25 and \$3.00 each.
BON BONS, 15c.

WATER BOTTLES, 60c.
BUTTER DISHES, 30c.
CUSTARDS, \$1.00 doz.
PRESERVE PLATES, 65c. doz.
CELERY TRAYS, 30c. each.
Lemonade Tumblers, \$1.00 per dozen.

W. H. HAYWARD, 85, 87, 89, 91, 93 PRINCESS STREET.



MISCELLANEOUS.

ALL KINDS SEWING MACHINES REPAIRED. Needles and parts for all makes at W. H. BELLS, 28 Dock Street.

1902 PRICES.

Vaseline—1,000 bottles to sell at 2c. each.
Laundry Soap—1,000 Bars Happy Home laundry soap, 3c. each.
Grey Cotton Remnants—1,000 yds. Grey Cotton, 4c. yd. up.
Castle Soap—Large double cake 5c.

The only thing wrong with above goods is the prices.

ARNOLD'S DEPARTMENT STORE, 15 Charlotte Street.

DE THIED PICKANINNY'S STAR-SONG

(Miss Mary Baillie in Warner's Magazine for December.)
De night's a-comin' on, honey,
De air's a-growin' cool!
It's time dat pickaninny
Went to school.

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A HARVEST OF GOOD THINGS.

In New Year's Cakes and Pastry is awaiting your selection at the Hygienic Bakery, and there are no disappointments in store for you, as any article in our bakery is sure to be satisfactory in taste, flavor and purity. It is just as easy to get fresh, well-baked goods as the inferior kind. The good ones cost no more when you get them at the

Hygienic Bakery

134-136-138 Mill Street. Phone 1167

HELP WANTED, FEMALE.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Five cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

WANTED—At 114 Elliott Row, a good girl. No washing. Bring reference.

WANTED—A capable girl for general work in a small family; 47 Duke street, near Germain.

HELP WANTED, MALE.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Five cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

BOY WANTED. Apply to D. & J. PATTERSON, 77 Germain street.

WANTED—A Bright Boy about 15 years old to learn the drug business. Apply between 4 and 6 p. m. at MOORE'S DRUG STORE, 106 Brussels street, corner Richmond.

WANTED—A Drug Clerk of about three years' experience. Apply to C. K. SHOOT, 52 Garden street.

GENERAL AGENTS WANTED in each town for special accident, sickness, identification policies and general insurance business. Liberal terms to reliable men. Write box 276, Montreal.

WANTED.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Five cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

BOARDERS. Large airy rooms and board at 128 Carmaithie street.

WANTED—to Rent—Medium sized house in good locality, modern conveniences, also a barn or storehouse, preferably on same lot. Give all particulars of rent, heating, lighting, etc. Write W. C. R., Star Office.

WANTED—Conveyancers, male or female, through the city to handle a rapid selling book on the war. Good commissions. Address "M." Star Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head inserted free of charge.

WANTED—Position wanted by a nurse, who has had experience. Apply at King's Daughters' Guild, Chipman's Hill.

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Five cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

CARDBOARD PLACARDS OF FLATS, ROOMS, SHOPS and HOUSES TO LET can be had at the Sun Counting Room.

FOR SALE—A chemist's balance with an necessary weights; good as new. Apply A. M. Star office.

MONEY TO LOAN

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Five cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

MONEY—Advanced on mortgage in large or small sums. Apply to Chas. Macdonald, barrister, Walker Building, Canterbury St.

On Freehold and Leasehold property, repayable by monthly instalments or otherwise. Apply to CHAPMAN & TILLEY, Barristers, Palmer's Building, Princess street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GERMAN—Lessons in German, according to Berlitz or Meisterschaft Systems given by HEN. L. VOGEL, 115 Queen street. Terms moderate.

DR. RUDDOCK SELECTED.

The liberal delegates for St. John county met last night in the city and selected Dr. Ruddock of St. Martins to contest the seat of this county, made vacant by the death of John McLeod, M. P. There was a lively contest between the present candidate and W. E. Skillen, another nominee. It was learned that the vote stood twenty-one for Ruddock and four for Skillen. While the ballots were being counted, a resolution of condolence and sympathy with Hon. H. A. McKeown was moved. At the close of the convention the delegates dined at Lang's restaurant at the invitation of Hon. A. T. Dunn.

A LAKE OF SCENT.

On the Manishlak peninsula, in the Caspian sea, there are five small lakes. One of them is covered with salt crystals strong enough to allow a man and beast to cross the lake on foot. Another is as round as any circle and a lovely rose color. Its banks of salt crystal form a setting white as the driven snow to the water, which not only shows all the colors from violet to rosy red, but from which rises a perfume of violets. Both the perfume and the color are the result of the presence of seaweeds, the violet and the pink.

ALARMING STRIKE SITUATION.

BARCELONA, Jan. 3.—The strike situation here is so alarming that large reinforcements of troops have been concentrated in and about the city. The strikers now number 20,000.

TREATY OF FRIENDSHIP.

MADRID, Jan. 3.—The treaty of friendship between Spain and the United States, having been examined by the cabinet, will not be submitted to the supreme council of state.

Compare any grade of Red Rose tea with any other tea at the same price.