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the oldest Catholic newspaper in Saskatchewan, is published every Wednesday at Muenster, Sask. It is an excellent advertising medium.

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St. Peters Bote.

Ein Familienblatt zur Erbauung und Belehrung.

The oldest Catholic newspaper of Saskatchewan, recommended by Rt. Rev. Bishop Pascal of Prince Albert and † Most Rev. Archbishop Langevin of St. Boniface, and published by the Benedictine Fathers of St. Peter's Abbey at Muenster, Saskatchewan, Canada.

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St. Peters Bote

is published every Wednesday.

Contributions, Advertisements or changes in advertisements should reach us not later than the preceding Saturday in order to be inserted in the next following issue.

Notices of change of address should contain not only the new address, but also the old one.

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The World's War

During the past week the Germans have been evacuating the Belgian coast with the greatest speed compatible with good order, so that only comparatively light rearguard actions were fought in that region. Further southeast, in northern France, heavy fighting was continuously in progress. Apparently the Germans have the intention of moving their armies from the occupied territory altogether, and are now holding the lines stubbornly in northern France to prevent the cutting off of their armies in western Belgium during their backward movement.

The German Reichstag is apparently debating President Wilson's latest note with great difference of opinions, without coming to a definite agreement, as the eagerly awaited answer of Germany has not yet come forth. What that answer will be, cannot yet be foreseen, but it seems to be the general opinion in the allied countries that Germany, whilst not acceding entirely to Wilson's demands, will give such an answer as will not cut off entirely the possibility of exchanging notes on the subject of peace.

President Wilson's answer, dated Oct. 19, to Austria's peace offer of Oct. 7, leaves no doubt that nothing short of the total dismemberment of the Austro-Hungarian monarchy will be satisfactory to him and the Allies. He gives the Austrian government to understand clearly that entire independence must be given to the Checho-slovaks (Bohemia, Silesia and Moravia), and to the Jugo-slavs (Carniola, Croatia, Bosnia and Herzegovina), as a preliminary to peace negotiations. In the course of the peace negotiations, undoubtedly, the Rumanians will claim Transylvania, Bukowina and the Banat, Poland and the Ukraine will claim Galicia, and Italy will claim the shores of the Adriatic and the south half of Tyrol, so that only the strictly German speaking portions of the monarchy with a population of 8, 10,000,000 inhabitants will remain for Austria, and the strictly Magyar portions of Hungary with a similar population for that kingdom. If then the Magyars separate from Austria, the whole dual monarchy will be split up into small independent countries, or annexed to adjoining countries.

PARIS, Oct. 14.—French troops have captured the town of Roulers, in Belgian Flanders and also 2,500 prisoners, according to the official announcement.

HAVRE, Oct. 14.—On a front of more than 12 miles between the Handzaeme Canal and the Roulers-Menin Road, Belgian and French troops today captured a number of towns, a large number of guns and quantities of materials, according to an official communication by the Belgian war office.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—British casualties reported for the week ending today numbered 35,710, divided as follows: Killed or died

of wounds 7,489. Wounded or missing 28,221.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—British casualties during the first 39 weeks of 1918 aggregated 700,000, according to a cablegram received by the British bureau of information here today. This does not include losses in the heavy fighting of the past two weeks.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—The French troops north of Laon and in the Champagne have made further important advances against the Germans, according to the official communication issued tonight. The Grandpre-Vouziers Road in Champagne, west of Grand Pre, is now in the hands of the French.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—A dispatch from France today says, the administrator of Albania, an Austrian general, has been taken by the French troops in a hospital in Serbia, where he was being treated for wounds.

ARCHANGEL, Oct. 15.—Allied forces, including Americans, are engaged in repulsing heavy Bolshevik attacks on both sides of the Dvina, 150 miles north of Kotlass, in the north Russian fighting zone.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—British cavalry has occupied Tripoli, 40 miles north of Beirut, and Homs, about 85 miles north of Damascus, according to an official statement.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—The British forces in the sector between Douai and Lille have made further gains all along the front and driven their line to within about 2 miles southwest and 3/4 miles west of Lille, according to Field-marshal Haig's communication.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—The British government has recognised the Polish national army as an autonomous Allied and co-belligerent, according to an official announcement tonight.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 16.—The Austrian Emperor has declined to accept the resignation of the cabinet of the Hungarian Premier Wekerle. The emperor says he had full confidence in the cabinet.

HAVRE, Oct. 16.—The Belgians have extended their battle-front north of the Handzaeme Canal, where they have made progress in the region of Schoore, 5 miles from the North Sea, southeast of Nieupoort, and generally gained ground eastward as far as Coolskamp, according to the official communication. The town of Iseghem, east of Roulers, has been captured.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—French troops cooperating with the Anglo-Belgian forces in Flanders, captured Pitthem, Meulebeke and Wynghe-me, in spite of strong resistance, according to the French official statement.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—British troops entered the town of Douai today after overcoming the enemy's resistance on the line of the Haute Deule Canal, according to the official statement.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—King Albert of Belgium and Queen Elizabeth entered Ostend this afternoon.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—The guns captured from the Germans by the British, French and Americans in the last three months number 4,600.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—The Federalisation of Austria is foreshadowed in Vienna dispatches received here through Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent. The dispatches declare that Baron von Hussarek, Austrian Premier, has summoned a conference of the party leaders to discuss the issuing of a proclamation transforming Austria into four states, namely: German Austria, Checho-Slovak, Illyrian and Ruthenian with a common head, common representation abroad, and common defence.

PARIS, Oct. 18.—King Albert and Queen Elizabeth entered Bruges at 10 o'clock this morning.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—Allied forces have occupied the town of Kadsiz, in the province of Archangel, and have advanced for a distance of 6 miles to the south of that place along the Archangel-Vologda railway, according to an official statement.

BERLIN, Oct. 18.—The Germans have evacuated Ostend, Turcoing, Roubaix, Lille and Douai, according to the official statement from general headquarters. Between Le Cateau and the Oise, British, French and Americans attempted to break through. On both sides of Le Cateau attacks broke down.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—Field Marshal Haig's forces have not only forced the Marcq, but they have advanced between this point and the river Scarpe. Here the British reached a line virtually level with their line south of the river Scarpe.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The Allied forces have captured the whole of the Belgian coast, according to

information received by the Evening News. The Allied line now extends from a position on the Dutch coast to the east of Bruges and to the south of Courtrai.

HAVRE, Oct. 19.—“In the course of the day we continued to pursue the enemy,” says the Belgian official communication. “We have occupied Zeebrugge and Bruges and have passed the Bruges-Ghent canal and made progress toward Aelro.”

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—The Lucia, an American steamship equipped with boyancy boxes and supposed to be unsinkable, has bin sunk, according to word received here today in shipping circles. She was torpedoed by a submarine in the Atlantic, but details as to the date of the sinking and the fate of the crew are lacking.

Amsterdam, Oct. 19.—Advices received here say that Mathias Erzberger, member of the Clerical Centre in the Reichstag, and member without portfolio in the German government, has sent the following telegram to the centre party: “The new government must labor with all resoluteness and energy to give the fatherland peace after the hard struggle. The German people are so strong that they do not need to conclude a humiliating peace. But useless bloodshed must cease.”

LONDON, Oct. 20.—The abdication of Emperor William and the Crown Prince is the only means of solving the present “terrible crisis,” according to statements of the Munich Post, Schwabische Tagwacht and the Frankische Morgenpost, an Exchange Telegraph Co. dispatch from Zurich says.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—In their attack this morning the British troops succeeded in forcing a passage of the Selle river between La Cateau and Denain, according to Field Marshal Haig's report from headquarters this evening.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—The Selle river has been crossed north of Le Cateau by the British, in spite of strong opposition, Field Marshal Haig reported today. The British advance continues further north, and Denain, 5 miles southwest of Valenciennes has been taken.

PARIS, Oct. 20.—German counter-attacks near Verneuil and north of St. Germain Mont on the Serre-Aisne front have been repulsed by the French, says the official statement from the war office today.

PARIS, Oct. 20.—Gains are recorded by the war office tonight between the Oise and the Serre in Sunday's fighting. The French have made important progress east of Vouziers capturing numerous heavy guns.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—Probably 25,000,000 or more individuals bought bonds of the Fourth Liberty Loan, unofficial reports reaching Washington showed. Officials were confident that the \$6,000,000,000 popular war credit had been oversubscribed.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—Fifteen thousand German soldiers have been interned in Holland, after being cut off by Belgian troops moving northward from Eeloo, according to reports from the frontier reaching Amsterdam.

PARIS, Oct. 21.—Differences of opinion on various points in the German reply to President Wilson has arisen during a conference of the Reichstag groups. As a consequence the despatch of the reply has been postponed for several days, says a Zurich dispatch.

PARIS, Oct. 21.—There was no infantry fighting of moment on the French front last night. The official statement from the war office today only reports artillery activity between the Serre and Aisne.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—More than 3,000 prisoners were captured by the British yesterday in the operations north of Le Cateau when the Selle river was crossed on a wide front, according to Field Marshal Haig's statement.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—A wireless message from Germany gives the text of Germany's answer to Wilson's latest note. Germany accepts Wilson's conditions but claims that they are all fulfilled or being fulfilled. It demands that the actual standard of power during the proposed armistice should be safeguarded and that no demand should be made which would be irreconcilable with the honor of the German people and with opening a way to a peace of justice.

it was decided that Premier Martin send, in their name, the following telegram to the government at Ottawa: “Representatives of the governments of British Columbia, Alberta, Manitoba and Saskatchewan assembled in conference on the land settlement and other matters of national and provincial importance respectfully request that a date be fixed prior to Nov. 15 next for a conference on the question of the transfer of natural resources, school lands and school land funds.”

—In compliance with the amended Municipal Act, councillors elected last year in the even numbered divisions of each rural municipality will hold office for two years, which makes unnecessary nominations and polling in Div. No. 2, 4 and 6. Nominations and elections in Div. No. 1, 3 and 5 will be held as usual, and the successful councillors will hold office until the close of 1920. The reeve, as usual, is elected annually.

—Premiers of the western provinces met Hon. J. A. Calder, minister of immigration and colonization, at Regina Oct. 19, when a conference was held with the provincial government regarding the land settlement policy which the Dominion government is formulating in co-operation with the provincial governments to settle the vacant lands of Canada, particularly in the west.

—The Saskatchewan Municipal Hail Insurance Commission will pay from 70 to 80 cents per dollar on losses of this season. The losses for this season total approximately \$1,030,000, while the revenue for the year amounts to about \$800,000.

—Medical examinations under the Military Service Act during the week ending Oct. 5, bring the total number of men examined under the act in Saskatchewan to 32,061. Of the total, 19,921 have been placed in medical category A2 or found fit for intensive training for combatant service overseas.

—MOOSE JAW.—While on leave here, Archie Galbraith, of the Saskatchewan Depot battalion, Regina, entered a room and held up four Greeks who were playing poker. The hold-up will result for Galbraith in serving two years in the Prince Albert penitentiary.

—SASKATOON.—Last Sunday a general change in its time tables took effect on the C. N. R. Lines in all Canada.

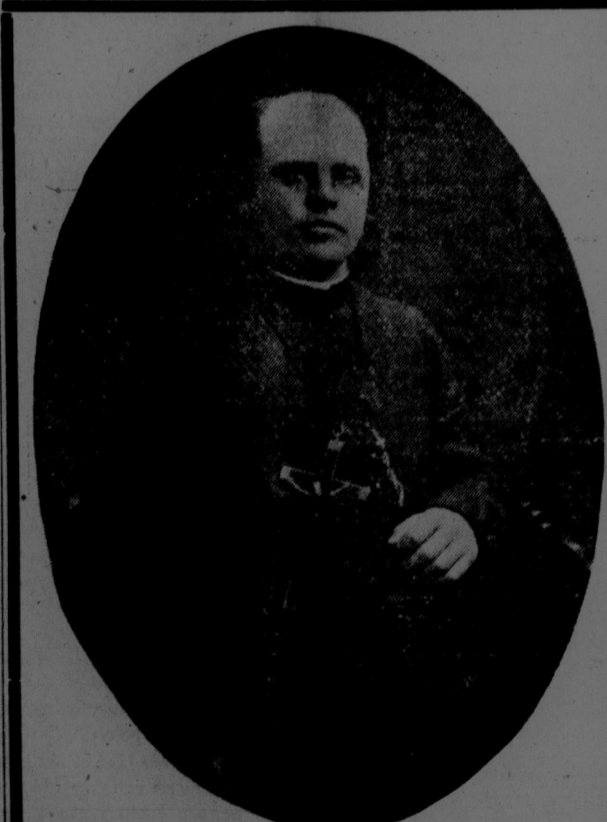
—The wholesale price of milk for Saskatoon is \$2.60 per 100 lbs. the present October price being continued for November by the Wholesale Milk Producers Association.

—Counterfeit five cent pieces are being circulated in Saskatoon, dated 1909 and 1911. The coins are a pretty fair imitation but are cast in a mould instead of stamped with a die, and appear to be made of tin or some similar hard metal.

Canadian News

Saskatchewan

REGINA.—On Oct. 15, a meeting of the premiers of the western provinces was held here, at which



The Rev. Father AUGUSTINE SUFFA, O.M.I.

Born in Bavaria forty six years ago, ordained priest in Rome, Apr. 9, 1898, in Canada since 1900, Pastor of St. Mary's Church, Regina, since 1903. Director General of the Catholic Volkverein since 1911. Died Oct. 13, 1918.

Alberta

EDMONTON.—Monica Nest, a 15-year-old mother, who in the criminal court confessed to the

(Continued on page 9.)

EGGS and BUTTER

Boys' and Girls' Sweaters

Salt

Apples

Men's Suits

Boys' Suits