

The Toronto World

A Morning Newspaper Published Every Day in the Year.

MAIN OFFICE, 83 YONGE STREET.

PUBLIC GOOD AND PRIVATE INTEREST.

Wonderful indeed is the activity displayed by the electric syndicate over the power bylaw. The city is being flooded with anonymous literature of various kinds—all equally valueless—designed to convince the citizens that public service corporations are public benefactors. Perhaps it may occur to the recipients of this canned information that an ounce of performance is worth many tons of paper promises. The Electric Light Co. has had every chance to show what it could do for Toronto in the way of cheap light and power. But it did nothing, and only at the eleventh hour proffered a vague indication, extracted with difficulty, that something will be doing sooner or later.

Common sense is all that is necessary to meet the campaign of the would-be electric barons of Toronto and South Ontario. On the one side of this struggle there is private interest, on the other public right and the common good. The provincial government and the hydro-electric power commission have no personal axes to grind, and are not out to extract millions of dollars from the purchasers of light and power. The electric ring that is working up opposition to the bylaw has a large axe of its own to grind, and is out to exploit the people for its own ends. Between such antagonists there can be no doubt as to the part of any elector who has the welfare of Toronto at heart.

A LONDON BANKER ON THE CRISIS.

In his presidential address to the fellows and members of the Institute of Bankers, Sir Felix Schuster, one of the leading English financial authorities, took on the whole a hopeful view of the business and monetary outlook. Like M. Leroy Beaulieu and other competent observers, he regards the decline in stock values as due not so much to the United States crisis as to the excessive demand for money from the manufacturing and industrial classes, and the consequent result that the amount available for investment purposes had been much smaller than in normal times, while the creation of new investment securities had been on an abnormal scale. These conditions, he said, prevailed in all industrial countries.

Sir Felix considers present indications point to restriction rather than expansion of trade all over the world. It was apparent, he said, that the development of trade had proceeded at somewhat too rapid a pace and that available capital had not been adequate to meet the demands made simultaneously from so many quarters. When borrowing facilities are curtailed a halt must be called to new enterprises. Although hard times elsewhere would be generally felt, and in some countries a decrease of exports and of purchasing power must be expected, an improvement in agricultural conditions would benefit general trade. Sir Felix Schuster considered, therefore, that the reduction in some directions seemed inevitable, the general outlook was not unfavorable, especially when the money situation became clearer, which he saw no reason to doubt would be the case before very long.

Speaking particularly on the United States crisis, the president, while preferring not to say much, remarked that like every other crisis, it had arisen out of over-confidence, brought about by an abnormally prosperous state of affairs. The future had been discounted too rapidly and legitimate enterprise was followed by speculation, and speculation based on credit. Credit, he said, which was so essential to the carrying on of modern commerce, was a sensitive organism, which must be carefully guarded from over-strain; and bankers on both sides of the Atlantic would do well to bear in mind that the too easy granting of credit to institutions and firms without sufficient working resources of their own was not rendering these institutions a good service. Monetary stringency resulted in the crippling of industries, the restriction of trade and the lowering of prices of commodities, while the strain on European gold reserves had been so great as to interfere seriously with the normal course of business and had thrown each nation on its own resources. It was not doubtful, to his mind, that the United States would ultimately out of its own resources, overcome its present troubles.

LAND POLICY.

British East Africa is being considerably canvassed just now as a field for home country emigrants. Into the advantages or disadvantages of the highlands of the colony for white settlement, it is not necessary to enter, but certain differences have arisen between the colonial office and the colonists on the subject of land transfer which are not without interest to Canada. In brief, the colonists want land transfer to be as free as possible while the imperial government insists upon the retention of such control as will ensure acquisition of the land only by "genuine settlers," whose intention it is to occupy permanent homes.

In his despatches, Lord Elgin, the secretary of state for the colonies, states

the objection to free transfers of either freehold or leasehold property in a country like East Africa, to be this: that it encourages people "to acquire and hold land as a speculative counter," and enables "persons of larger capital to acquire such land by purchase, and so amass large estates of which they make but little use." Even if safeguarded by covenant in the case of leasehold property, the covenant is not easily enforced, especially in the case of large estates, and free transfers of leasehold property are not therefore to be permitted. Mr. Winston Churchill, the under secretary, during his tour in Africa, supplemented Lord Elgin's despatch by declaring that the government would reward "genuine settlers" and would expropriate absenteees.

The land scandals in Canada are undoubtedly due to the system of selling government lands en bloc to private speculators and speculative syndicates who have time and again managed to get hold of large tracts of territory at cheap prices—often below the true market value. Huge profits have been made by this kind of speculation, which not only opens the door to improper and corrupt influences, but is directly against the true interests of the country and prejudicial to the genuine homesteaders themselves. That is the right government policy, whether it be agricultural, mineral or other valuable lands and properties, refuses to deal with other than the genuine settler or the actual working company, and it should be invariably followed in Canada and her provinces.

STREET RAILWAY INNOVATIONS.

Whenever the Street Railway Company launches an innovation it is well for the citizens to ask whether it is in the interest of the passengers or in the sole interest of the company. As first things, it would seem that the request to enter by the rear door and leave by the front door was in the interest of the passenger. So long as it remains a mere request, all right; but just so soon as the conductor, inspired by the manager, attempts to construe the request into an order, then the passengers should object. A passenger near the rear door of a crowded car is subjected to unnecessary inconvenience and possible injury when ordered to crowd thru the car to the front door in order to get off. The quickest way out should be the rule, and, left to his own choice, the passenger will choose the exit of least resistance and least inconvenience to others.

Should the request to leave by the front door be changed into a rule, then the passengers may well consider if it is not an acute pain to have all the fares collected, regardless of their convenience or inconvenience. This would imply the innocent assumption that there are passengers who desire to beat their way, a sufficient incentive to make any able-bodied passenger assert his right to enter and leave the car as he sees fit. No harm will be done if citizens take note that street railway innovations do not curtail the liberty of passengers. Instances of conductors attempting to enforce the request to leave by the front door should be made public. The conductor may request; it is for the passenger to acquiesce or decline to acquiesce.

MR. CUMBERLAND DENIES.

Editor World: My attention is drawn to a report in your today's issue of a meeting at which I was present, and which is headed, "City May Lose the Old Fort." I made no such statements as are attributed to me, neither the minister nor Mr. Jarvis nor anyone else said the "prospect" was that the transaction would not go thru, and I cannot hold myself responsible for the elaborations reported to have been said by a lady at that meeting. The plain facts are that the conveyance of the Garrison property has not yet been made, and is held awaiting the fulfillment by the city of the engagements into which it has entered. Among these are the preservation of the Old Fort and the payment of the purchase money.

Barlow Cumberland.

NEWSBOYS CHRISTMAS DINNER.

Editor World: I appreciate the assistance of the press in promoting the interests of the newsboys banquet on Christmas Day. Will you please say that it is not sympathy or expressions of goodwill that is needed to make it a great success. What is needed is that the newsboys be allowed to get their money. We are not going to feed the newsboys on turnips. They get that at home. We take the charitable view and interpret turnips for turnips—merely a clerical error. The contract has been signed and the only thing required at present is money—money. We require at least \$200 more who will help and share in the pleasure of giving the newsboys of Toronto the happiest Christmas of their lives. Send subscriptions to 38 Yonge Street.

J. M. Wilkinson.

THE OPEN DOOR AGAIN.

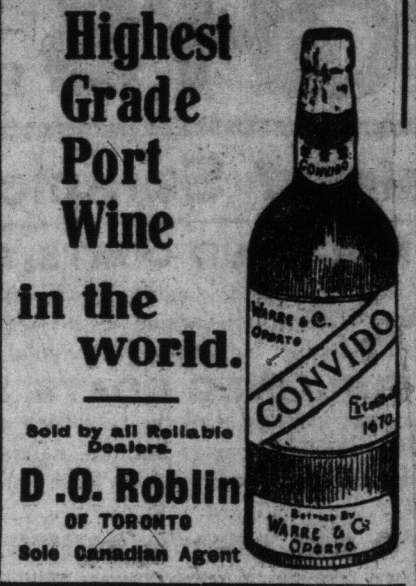
G. W. Muller's Establishment to Be Open Every Evening.

Commencing on Tuesday, the tenth day of December, G. W. Muller's Cigar Store in the Traders' Bank building will be open every evening until half past ten o'clock. "We are compelled to this course by the rush of Christmas trade," said Mr. Muller. "Orders from our out-of-town customers are coming in and our shipping department must have to be kept open every night until after New Year's Day."

A Diminutive Grand Piano in Special Design.

For Christmas business Heintzman & Co., Ltd., 115-117 West King Street, Toronto, have made up a miniature grand piano in a very beautiful harmony design. The instrument is truly a handsome one, viewed from the exterior, while as a musical product it possesses wonderful power and almost untold possibilities.

Known as the Highest Grade Port Wine in the world.



FOUNDED FLESHERTON.

Death in England of W. K. Fleisher—Once in Parliament.

FLESHERTON, Dec. 10.—(Special.)—A message was received in town yesterday announcing the death in England of W. K. Fleisher, after whom this village is named. Mr. Fleisher was born in London, England, in 1825. Coming to Canada, he settled for a time at Bolton, but in the early 50's he moved to Artemesia Township, at what was then called Fowler's Corners. Some of his land he laid out in town lots, upon which the Village of Flesherton was established.

Previous to confederation, he represented South Grey in parliament for four years, but suffered defeat after the union of the provinces. He also occupied the position of reeve of the township and warden of the county during his public life. Twenty years ago he returned to England, where he resided until his death. His widow resides in Markdale with her daughter, Mrs. Sproule, wife of Dr. Sproule, M.P., while one son lives in Australia.

A NEW SERIES OF POPULAR PRICED BOOKS.

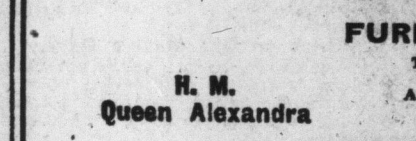
"The People's Library" Should Supply Demand for Popular Fiction.

Messrs. Cassell & Co., Limited, have sent us a set of "The People's Library," consisting of present of fifty titles. By May next the publishers hope to have 100 titles on the list, which number will be increased from time to time as opportunity offers. The series includes some of the best works of biography, fiction, poetry, science, essays, etc. Amongst the first fifty volumes which have already been issued are: "Treasure Island," "Kidnapped," "Adam Bede," "East Lynne," "Tale of Two Cities," "Ivanhoe," "Tennyson's Poems," "Westward Ho," "The Scarlet Letter," etc. The books are well bound, printed in good paper, and the type is neat and clear. The title pages have an artistic border decoration. The cloth-bound volumes, which sell for 50c, are good value at that price, and those in leather, which sell for 75c, have a rich and attractive appearance. The publishers announce that it is their purpose to carry on the series indefinitely, and that they intend to embrace every branch of literature.

OIL KING'S OLD FRIEND DEAD.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 10.—Relatives of Stephen Buhner, who died in his 82nd year, to-day informed John D. Rockefeller, a lifelong friend of the oilman, that he was mayor of the city from 1867 to 1871, and was awaiting a response as to whether the oil king will attend the funeral.

Each year Mr. Buhner and Mr. Rockefeller have met to recall old times. Just after the arrival of Mr. Rockefeller last year, Mr. Buhner said of him: "He asked me for a job once; he didn't get it, but I often helped him over rough places."



H. M. Queen Alexandra AND H. R. H. Prince of Wales

GIFT FURS CLOSELY PRICED

These suggestions for Christmas shoppers are of the deepest interest, for a gift of Furs always commands high favor.

The items given are taken from an assortment that is very extensive, and are mentioned with the desire to illustrate the moderate cost of these furs, rather than to feature their distinctive style.

Mink Cross-over Tie, 32 in. long, with square ends and insert of fancy braid on broadcloth, is \$22.50.

Another pretty Stole of Mink, 34 in. long, and satin lined; wide on shoulders and finished with head and tails at ends, is \$25.

Natural Mink Ties, 44 in. long, shaped at neck and satin lined, with trimming of tails at ends, are priced at \$25 and \$40.

Very handsome Stole of dark Natural Canadian Mink, 48 in. long, with solid ends and trimming of heads and tails at throat, is \$75.

Holt, Renfrew & Co.
5 King Street East.

WIDOW, NOW DETECTIVE TAKES 10 DAYS IN JAIL

Would Not Divulge Name of Her Employers at Detroit—Came From Toronto.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 10.—(Special.)—Rather than divulge the names of those now employing her, Mrs. Minnie McMurray, a private detective, took a sentence of ten days in jail or \$125 fine from Judge Phelan to-day. Mrs. McMurray was a witness in the case brought by the State Board of Medical Registration against Dr. Urban Hartung for failing to register. On cross-examination, Mrs. McMurray was asked who her employers were, and refused to answer. "You are testifying in a criminal case against a citizen, and that citizen has a right to go into your history thoroughly," said the court. "My business is such that I cannot answer that question, and I'll be loyal to my clients." Then the court sentenced her for contempt. Mrs. McMurray has been a widow for ten years, and has a detective nine years. She came to Detroit from Toronto two years ago.

WEALTH UNBALANCED MIND.

Care of \$2,000,000 Estate Deranged Brilliant Lawyer.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—(Special.)—In a story worthy of the management of a \$2,000,000 estate left by his father, Augustus Browning Prentice, formerly a brilliant young lawyer of New York, died in Bloomingdale Asylum. With personal attendants, and surrounded with every comfort that could be supplied, Mr. Prentice occupied a private cottage at Bloomingdale for four years, but while every physical thing possible was done for him, physicians realized from the first that there could be but one termination to his unfortunate case. He was forty-two years old, was graduated from Harvard in 1888, and received the degree of LL.B. from the Columbia Law School four years later. His father, Augustus Prentice, was a well-known lawyer of New York twenty-five years ago, and amassed a large fortune, which consisted chiefly of real estate, much of it being on Staten Island. In 1905 the elder Prentice died, and the management of the estate devolved upon the son, who was an only child. Prior to this Mr. Prentice had devoted most of his time to study and travel, and, naturally of a nervous temperament, the sudden strain of so great a business responsibility began to have an effect upon him.

OBITUARY.

J. M. Stoddard. NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—James Henry Stoddard, the actor, is dead, at his home in Sewarthen, N.J.

Mr. Stoddard was born in England in 1837, and first appeared on the stage in 1854. He came to America in 1854, and soon won distinction here. He had supported Joseph Jefferson and other notable players. His most recent, and perhaps greatest success, was in "The Bonnie Brier Bush," in which he was appearing at Galt two years ago when he was stricken with paralysis.

Joe Armstrong.

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 10.—Joseph Armstrong, manager of the Christian Science publications, and one of the most prominent leaders of that faith in this country, died at his home in Commonwealth-avenue of pleurisy.

C. E. Lambert.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—C. E. Lambert, for many years general passenger agent of the West Shore Railroad, died at his home in Theliss, N. Y., to-day of pneumonia.

COURT SHOWS HOSTILITY TO STOESSEL ON TRIAL

His Request for Two Witnesses Abruptly Refused—Some Officers Take His Part.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 10.—Before a brilliant assemblage of his old comrades in arms, Lt.-Gen. Stoessel to-day was placed on trial to answer with his life and reputation for the loss of Port Arthur on Jan. 1, 1905, and in firm tones and, with confident manner the general pleaded not guilty to the charge of needlessly surrendering the fortress and thereby humiliating the Russian army.

The auditorium of the Army and Navy Club, where the trial took place, resembled more a social gathering of officers of high rank than the judges and spectators. The trial of the four officers, Gen. Kuropatkin, Gen. Linewitch, Gen. Rennenkampf, Vice-Admiral Wiren and scores of other prominent leaders in the Russo-Japanese war. There were also present 200 officers and soldiers, who had been at Port Arthur and who to-day were clad in their full dress uniforms, blasing with stars and decorations.

Gen. Stoessel alone was in civilian attire, and this made him conspicuous. He wore proudly around his neck the cordon of the military Order of St. George, which was conferred upon him by the emperor during the siege, and on his breast was pinned the cross of George III, awarded the general for conspicuous bravery in front of the fortress of Ruse.

The other accused officers, Gen. Fock, Reis and Smirnov, came to the court clad in their uniforms. One or two incidents showed the attitude of the court to be unfavorable to Stoessel. His personal request that two additional witnesses be called in was dismissed without ceremony. These witnesses could give evidence of vital importance to Stoessel. One of them, Dr. Rozanov, was chief of the Red Cross within the fortress. At the preliminary hearing, he testified that at the time of the surrender Gen. Stoessel had at his disposal only 800 able-bodied men to defend the hundreds of miles of fortifications, and that the bitter cold winds prevailing at the time made it difficult for the soldiers to even hold their rifles in their hands. Gen. Naden, the other witnesses examined, is the author of a deposition similar to that of Dr. Rozanov.

To the correspondent of the Associated Press to-day, witnesses with whom he talked, declared the trial to be an insult to Gen. Stoessel and to his army. The defenders of the fortress said they were being thus unjustly rewarded for having expended their life and their strength in the soul-racking defence. While the witnesses are not parties to the case, Stoessel, they are plainly of the opinion that the general's detractors and prosecutors are now seeking to rehabilitate the time of the war office at the expense of the Port Arthur garrison.

A prominent colonel said: "If Stoessel is guilty, we all are guilty." The absence of ex-Viceroy Alexieff from the trial is interpreted to mean that the government is not willing to enhance the magnitude of the proceedings. Alexieff escaped going on the witness stand with difficulty.

AT OSGOODE HALL

ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Masters Chambers. Cartwright, master, at 11 a.m. Single Court at 11 a.m.

The hon. the chancellor at 11 a.m. Cases set down for hearing: 1. Re Hughes Estate. 2. Re Silverthorne Estate. 3. Re Stewart Estate. 4. Cheverett v. Ontario Paving Brick Company.

Toronto Non-Jury Sittings. Peremptory list for 10.30 a.m.: 1. Mullin v. Provincial (to be concluded). 2. Pears v. United Arts. 3. Boswell v. Scott. 4. Solway v. Oshinetsky. 5. Todd v. Labrosse. 6. Day v. Gallow.

Divisional Court. Peremptory list for 11 a.m.: 1. Can. Lake v. Knowlton. 2. Whitman v. Hamilton S. and G. Company. 3. Bell v. Anderson. 4. Keur v. Heather. 5. Rex v. Farrell. 6. Henderson v. Toronto Railway Co.

New Leasehold Property. An action has been begun by George S. Royce of New Leasehold against A. M. Morgan, Lewis W. Hawkesworth, George W. Slade and D. T. E. McEwen, all of New Leasehold, to have an alleged sale of certain property in that town set aside.

Injured By Automobile. J. Fraser Macdonald has been made defendant in an action brought by Joseph Cornfield, who is claiming \$1000 for injuries received by reason of the alleged negligent driving of Macdonald in charge of an automobile.

To Set Aside Conveyance. Minnie A. Henders is asking in a writ of summons issued against Agnes Parker and Hugh Parker of Toronto to have a certain conveyance of lands on King-street set aside.

Monarch Bank's Defence. The Monarch Bank of Canada has filed its defence in the action brought against it by Hon. James K. Kerr and other shareholders of the bank. The defence is very brief and simply admits the statements of certain paragraphs in the statement of claim and submits its rights to the adjudication of the court.

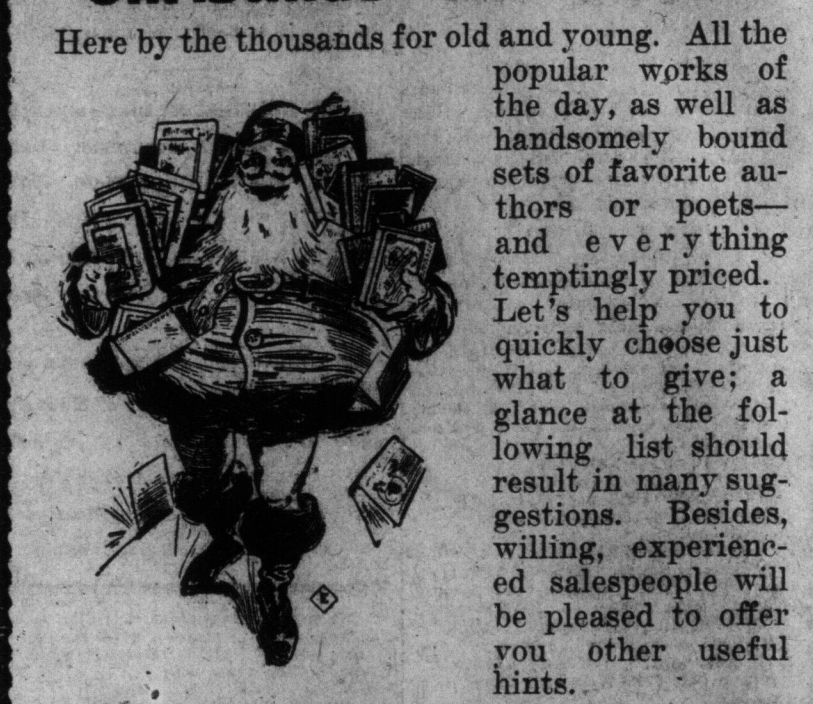
Action Dismissed. Because R. J. Lowry failed to prosecute his action against J. T. Eastwood & Co., Massey-Harris Cartwright on application, dismissed the action, with costs to be paid by Lowry forthwith.

Consent to Dismissal. Upon consent the action brought by

T. EATON CO. LIMITED

Christmas Gift Books

Here by the thousands for old and young. All the popular works of the day, as well as handsomely bound sets of favorite authors or poets—and everything temptingly priced. Let's help you to quickly choose just what to give; a glance at the following list should result in many suggestions. Besides, willing, experienced salespeople will be pleased to offer you other useful hints.



For Boys—The average boy treasures the G. A. Henty Books and Talbot Baines Reed's famous English school stories are much appreciated. The Ballantine Series are fascinating; too. Scores of others. For Girls—Old favorites are sure pleasers—Alcott, Mrs. L. T. Meade, Ethel Turner and Worboys, etc. For Grown Ups—Safe in selecting Bibles, Prayer Books, Hymn Books, Poets, Sets of Well-Known Authors, Novelty Works, or the latest Novels, etc. For Tiny Tots—Buster Brown, Mistletoe, Peter Rabbit and Frank Baum Series; Dainty Book Series, Teddy Bear Books, or Works of James Whitcomb Riley. All bindings.

You can't make a mistake, in selecting any of these, or for growing boys and girls choosing the bound annuals.

"Boys' Own" (624 pages), \$1.75. "Girls' Own" (632 pages), \$1.75. "Chums" (1040 pages), cloth cover, \$1.65; board cover, \$1.25. "Young Canada" (480 pages), 90c. "The Girls' Realm" (1014 pages), board cover, \$1.35; cloth, \$1.65.

Let's add a word or two that you'll thank us for, if you act upon the advice.

For comfort's sake, for the sake of best choice and service, shop in the forenoon.

You Can't Beat this

190 YONGE ST. TORONTO 190

Glove Certificate

This is to Certify, that payment in full has been made for pairs of EATON'S Gloves same to be delivered to bearer upon presentation of this Certificate at our Glove Department.

T. EATON CO. LIMITED PER

This is the best way we know of to give Gloves. Instead of sending the Gloves, when you are just as likely as not to choose the wrong color or size or style, you send her one of our Glove Certificates. You pay us any price you like from 75c up to \$2.75; you can send her the certificate; she then chooses her own Gloves, and everybody's happy. Yes, send for the certificate by mail, or come to our Glove Department. Try it. It's a new idea and we promise satisfaction to everybody.

T. EATON CO. LIMITED

190 YONGE STREET, TORONTO

W. Spanner & Co. against Annie M. Shirley, Leonard Foulds, John Turner and Lucy M. Carlaw, under the Mechanics' Lien Act, has now been dismissed without costs to either party.

Would Wind It Up. An application was made yesterday for a winding up order for the Upper Ontario Steamboat Company, of New Leasehold, by two creditors, Burrows and Sullivan, and Wm. Pollard of that place, who claim \$218.35 and \$204.25 respectively. Robert Morrison, of Port Huron, also claims to be a creditor for \$265.25. Pollard, in his affidavit, says that F. H. Norris, the secretary, admitted that the company could not pay its debts unless it could raise more funds.

Money cannot buy better Coffee than Michie's finest blend Java and Mocha, 45c lb. Michie & Co., Limited

Count Witte Not a Drummer. ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 10.—Count Witte has published a statement in the newspapers to the effect that he was not charged with the mission of negotiating a foreign loan and, moreover, that he had been given the mission he would have refused to undertake it, because he is not used to the role of a commercial traveler.

The Traders Bank of Canada

DIVIDEND NO. 47.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current quarter, being at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its Branches on and after Thursday, the Second Day of January Next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of December, 1907, both days inclusive. The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House in Toronto on Tuesday, January 28th, 1908. Chair to be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

ST. ART STRATHY, General Manager.

Toronto, 16th November, 1907.

JOHN O. GOOD GIFTS

LACE G. Shaped Lace in Chantilly, brodered, \$14.00 to \$60. Real Lace \$15.00 to \$35. Real Lace \$15.00 to \$35.

Special Xmas S

Black Pen "Catto's" \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.50, \$3.00. Black Gro "Catto's" \$1.75, \$2.50, \$3.00. Figured A \$1.00, \$1.25. Pallettes \$1.00, \$1.25. Chiffon \$1.00, \$1.25. Messaline \$1.10, \$1.25.

Also an in silk suits in Checks, lines and \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.00, \$6.50, \$7.00, \$7.50, \$8.00, \$8.50, \$9.00, \$9.50, \$10.00, \$10.50, \$11.00, \$11.50, \$12.00, \$12.50, \$13.00, \$13.50, \$14.00, \$14.50, \$15.00, \$15.50, \$16.00, \$16.50, \$17.00, \$17.50, \$18.00, \$18.50, \$19.00, \$19.50, \$20.00, \$20.50, \$21.00, \$21.50, \$22.00, \$22.50, \$23.00, \$23.50, \$24.00, \$24.50, \$25.00, \$25.50, \$26.00, \$26.50, \$27.00, \$27.50, \$28.00, \$28.50, \$29.00, \$29.50, \$30.00, \$30.50, \$31.00, \$31.50, \$32.00, \$32.50, \$33.00, \$33.50, \$34.00, \$34.50, \$35.00, \$35.50, \$36.00, \$36.50, \$37.00, \$37.50, \$38.00, \$38.50, \$39.00, \$39.50, \$40.00, \$40.50, \$41.00, \$41.50, \$42.00, \$42.50, \$43.00, \$43.50, \$44.00, \$44.50, \$45.00, \$45.50, \$46.00, \$46.50, \$47.00, \$47.50, \$48.00, \$48.50, \$49.00, \$49.50, \$50.00, \$50.50, \$51.00, \$51.50, \$52.00, \$52.50, \$53.00, \$53.50, \$54.00, \$54.50, \$55.00, \$55.50, \$56.00, \$56.50, \$57.00, \$57.50, \$58.00, \$58.50, \$59.00, \$59.50, \$60.00, \$60.50, \$61.00, \$61.50, \$62.00, \$62.50, \$63.00, \$63.50, \$64.00, \$64.50, \$65.00, \$65.50, \$66.00, \$66.50, \$67.00, \$67.50, \$68.00, \$68.50, \$69.00, \$69.50, \$70.00, \$70.50, \$71.00, \$71.50, \$72.00, \$72.50, \$73.00, \$73.50, \$74.00, \$74.50, \$75.00, \$75.50, \$76.00, \$76.50, \$77.00, \$77.50, \$78.00, \$78.50, \$79.00, \$79.50, \$80.00, \$80.50, \$81.00, \$81.50, \$82.00, \$82.50, \$83.00, \$83.50, \$84.00, \$84.50, \$85.00, \$85.50, \$86.00, \$86.50, \$87.00, \$87.50, \$88.00, \$88.50, \$89.00, \$89.50, \$90.00, \$90.50, \$91.00, \$91.50, \$92.00, \$92.50, \$93.00, \$93.50, \$94.00, \$94.50, \$95.00, \$95.50, \$96.00, \$96.50, \$97.00, \$97.50, \$98.00, \$98.50, \$99.00, \$99.50, \$100.00, \$100.50, \$101.00, \$101.50, \$102.00, \$102.50, \$103.00, \$103.50, \$104.00, \$104.50, \$105.00, \$105.50, \$106.00, \$106.50, \$107.00, \$107.50, \$108.00, \$108.50, \$109.00, \$109.50, \$110.00, \$110.50, \$111.00, \$111.50, \$112.00, \$112.50, \$113.00, \$113.50, \$114.00, \$114.50, \$115.00, \$115.50, \$116.00, \$116.50, \$117.00, \$117.50, \$118.00, \$118.50, \$119.00, \$119.50, \$120.00, \$120.50, \$121.00, \$121.50, \$122.00, \$122.50, \$123.00, \$123.50, \$124.00, \$124.50, \$125.00, \$125.50, \$126.00, \$126.50, \$127.00, \$127.50, \$128.00, \$128.50, \$129.00, \$129.50, \$130.00, \$130.50, \$131.00, \$131.50, \$132.00, \$132.50, \$133.00, \$133.50, \$134.00, \$134.50, \$135.00, \$135.50, \$136.00, \$136.50, \$137.00, \$137.50, \$138.00, \$138.50, \$139.00, \$139.50, \$140.00, \$140.50, \$141.00, \$141.50, \$142.00, \$142.50, \$143.00, \$143.50, \$144