entirely within a province, (14) currency and coinage, (15) banking and paper money, (16) savings banks, (17) weights and measures, (18) bills of exchange and promissory notes, (19) interest, (20) legal tender, that is, what shall be accepted as money in payment for anything, (21) bankruptcy, (22) patents for inventions, (23) copyrights on books, etc., (24) Indians and Indian lands, (25) naturalization, that is, the giving of the rights of citizenship to foreigners, (26) marriage and divorce, (27) the criminal law, except the constitution of the courts of law, (28) penitentiaries, (29) matters expressly stated as not belonging to the provinces.

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3. Subjects of Provincial Legislation.

To the provincial governments has been assigned the definite list of subjects given below. They cannot legislate about any matter not mentioned in this list; but they alone can legislate about those which are included in it. The list is,

(1) The changing of the constitution of the province, except in regard to the office of