

one view fields of many hundred acres of grain.

When they find the land wants manure they open some of the dikes, and let in the sea ; the natural salt that is in the water, and the sea-weeds that overflows the land, enriches it greatly ; so that it is sufficiently manur'd by opening the dikes once in three or four years, and that only for a few tides.

As these lands are very fertile, the inhabitants raised much more grain than they could consume ; so that they have exported very
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