brownish. Abdomen with base concolorous transversely and also the distal fourth, the rather long intervening portion orange yellow marked along each side (from both dorsal and ventral aspects) with a longitudinal row of from 3 to 4 black dots. Wings subhyaline. Mandibles with eleven teeth, the first two large, the others minute. First ring-joint very short. First funicle joint longer than the pedicel, the distal one only slightly longer than the pedicel but longer than any of the club joints.

Male.-Not known.

Described from one female captured by sweeping the forest growths on Mount Pyramid (1500-2500 feet), June 2, 1913 (A. P. Dodd).

Habitat.—Australia—Nelson (Cairns), Queensland.

Type.—The above female on a tag and a slide with the head.

2. Elasmus orientalis, n. sp.

Female.-Length 1.57 mm.

Like pallidicornis Girault, but the antennal concolorous with the body, the scape (except slightly above) pale brown and the cephalic tibiæ are white; also the knees. Moreover, the funicle joints are subequal, all distinctly longer than wide and each a little longer than the pedicel.

Male.-Not known.

Described from one female captured by sweeping in a jungle, May 18, 1913 (A. P. Dodd).

Habitat.—Australia—Kuranda, Queensland.

Type.—The above specimen on a card or tag.

Family CHALCIDIDÆ.

CHALCITELLINI.

Genus Chalcitelloides Girault.

1. Chalcitelloides nigrithorax, n. sp.

Female.-Length 2.60 mm.

Black but like the type species (nigriscutum) except that only the scape, pedicel and first four funicle joints are red; abdomen blood red, but black above and along upper half of each side (a little proximad of middle), the petiole black; tegulæ and legs (except coxæ) blood red, the hind femur with a long rounded black spot centrally. Antennæ 11-jointed. Fore wings lightly stained.