the anterior band crossing the cross-nervure between the sectors. brownish fuscous, the face light, often with a pair of spots on vertex. The submarginal spots on pronotum are united into a median crescent, and the elytra are brownish fuscous, with two broad light bands.

Described from twenty-four specimens from Fort Collins and Buena Vista, Colo. This form has been confused many times with alternatus and its allies, but the short ovipositor and the bright rufous pygofers in the female and the broad plates and simple antennæ in the male will readily distinguish it.

Idiocerus amoenus, var. depictus, n. var.

Size and form of the species nearly, female ovipositor longer and narrower. Male antennal plates slightly smaller.

Colour: female rich creamy yellow; eyes rufous; pronotum, scutellum and narrow scutellar margin to elytra testaceous brown, the colour deepening as you pass back from the vertex, a trace of testaceous on the sutural margin before the apex of clavus. pale creamy yellow; basal angles of scutellum, scutellar margins of elytra, a spot before apex of clavus and the apical nervures testaceous. Whole apex of elytra smoky.

Described from two females and one male from Alameda Co., Calif. Collected by E. M. Ehrhorn. This neat little form is remarkably distinct in colour, but the structural characters are not of sufficient value to separate it from amoenus on the small amount of material on hand.

## NOTES.

Mr. E. Dwight Sanderson, Entomologist of the Delaware Agricultural Experiment Station, Newark, Del., has been appointed Professor of Entomology at the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas. His address is now College Station, Brazos Co., Texas.

Prof. Elmer D. Ball, M. Sc., of the Department of Zoology and Entomology in the State Agricultural College, Fort Collins, Colorado, has been elected to the chair of Animal Biology in the Utah Agricultural