died, left as his epitaph Diammoniumpentranitrodiazomidomonoxyhomotluorescein, auhydroorthochloroberzornetamidopuratoluids, and also Tetramethyldiamiododiphenylanienezincochloride. The latter, we may add parenthetically, is concocted from the coloring matter of saffron. But we wander away from Kino . . . sing. We have a grudge against the Indian, or tribe, that had the audacity to hand down to posterity, this timebegrudging posterity, a name of such proportions. Would you see Kino? It is a lovely lake, twenty-four miles in length, situated about one hundred miles north of Lake Huron, near Pagamasing, which is forty miles east of Bishkootasing, which is forty miles east of Wakamagamsing, which is forty miles east of Annotowagama, which is five miles east of Kebsqurshesing, which is eight miles east of Kawnemeksenska, which is fourteen miles east of Maqueshquanda, which is twenty-three miles east of Ogawnsiwi, which is seventeen miles east of Michipicoten, which is on the C. P. R., Lake Superior. Kinoetcetera, bear up; this is the age of shortages: to the dogs, coats, and banks we will add names, and after the abscission of your caudal appendage, you will doubtless long proclaim yourself as Kinosing, or even modest Kino.

THE CHILDHOOD OF THE WORLD. By Edward Clodd. No. 60 of the "Humboldt Library of Science." Price 15 cents. J. Fitzgerald, Publisher, 20 Lafayette Place, New York City.

"The Childhood of the World" is a simple, lucid account of the origin and development of civilization, tracing the rise and progress of governmental institutions, religion, manners and customs, arts and sciences, from the earliest periods of the history of man and the earth, in the light of modern scientific research. The fruits of the labors of Tylor, Lubbock, Max Muller, and other great scholars, are presented in a form so attractive as to command the attention even of the most listless reader.