The Victoria Weekly Colonist.

THIRTY-FIRST YEAR. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1889. VOLUME XXXI NO. 36

CABLE NEWS.

The Question of General Boulanger's Extradition.

Opposition to the Proposed Mail Contract with the C.P.R.

The "Lancet" Believes the Verdict in the Maybrick Case was Warranted by the Evidence.

Parnell's Letters.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—In the commons, to-night, Thomas Sexton, member for West Belfast, stated it had been told him that the Home Office had authorized the postal officials to open all the letters which come from America addressed to Parnell by his mother. He asked if this was correct, and also if the if the home office had directed the postal officials to open and examine the letters sent to him (Sexton) as mayor of Dublin, by President Harrison. Mr. Matthews, home secretary, stated very emphatically that he had not authorized the opening of any of the letters to which Sexton had referred, nor, said he, was there the slightest ground for believing that President Harrison's letter to the mayor of Dublin had been opened by anyone connected with the post office department. If it was opened at all before it reached the hands of Mr. Sexton, it was done without the knowledge of the home office. Regarding alleged letters from America addressed to Parnell, the home office was likewise without any information on the subject. He could only say that the inquiry as to the alleged tampering with President Harrison's communication to Mr. Sexton was progressing.

Court of Criminal Appeal.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—In the lords today, Lord Fitzgerald addressed an inquiry to the government as to whether it was prepared to consider the necessity for constituting a court of criminal appeal. In this connection was the Maybrick case, which at this time was forcing the question upon the public conscience. Lord Salisbury and the Lord Chancellor deprecated every attempt to make this question a subject of discussion at a time when the public mind was in a state of unceasing excitement. It was not desirable, he said, to debate so grave an alteration in the criminal law as that proposed at the time, when the jurors, witness and judge were being subjected to the most brutal violence, and when intimidation and insult were being heaped upon the home secretary in order to influence him in the discharge of a solemn duty. Lord Hershel held that wrong decisions were rare in criminal cases; still he trusted that the government would seriously consider the matter during the recess, in view of the wide-spread feeling that a criminal appeal tribunal would provide needed security against possible injustice.

The C. P. R. Mail Contract.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—The government is making a great effort to secure information by parliament of the contract with the Canadian Pacific railway for the transfer of mails for Hong Kong, which it is proposed to send by way of Halifax. The proposal has developed great opposition on the part of the many important interests affected, and it is doubtful if the government will succeed in securing the necessary approval of parliament before adjournment. The contract also provides for the transfer of troops between Halifax and Hong Kong, and between intermediate points.

An Imported Witness.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—Mr. Stewart, an analytical chemist of Glasgow, has written a letter stating as his deliberate opinion that Jas. Maybrick died from the effects of his secret habit of arsenic drinking, the poison being taken as a necessity. Mr. Stewart was prepared to testify at the trial of Mrs. Maybrick, and is the witness whose evidence the condemned women declares was kept back.

Boulanger's Prospects.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—M. Deroslede, president of the patriotic league of France, in an intereiew to-day, expresses the opinion that the popular belief that Boulanger had concluded an alliance with the Orleanist party was mainly responsible for the General's defeat at the recent cantonal elections for states-general. M. Deroslede very frankly admits that his chief's present prospects are not very bright, but he has hopes that Boulanger and his party will still carry their banner to victory.

Secretary Matthews Studying the Case.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—Mr. Matthews, home secretary, is inundated with letters and telegrams from all parts of the kingdom, urging him to one course or another in the Maybrick case. The study and consideration of the evidence given at the trial absorbs his time to the exclusion of all other business.

What the Lancet Thinks.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—The Lancet, the most noted of the medical journals, prints a five-column review of the trial of Mrs. Maybrick, and comes to the conclusion that the verdict was warranted by the evidence.

A New Title for Columbus.

MADRID, Aug. 15.—The archbishops, bishops and patriarchs of Spain, to the number of 800, have sent a petition to the Pope praying that he confer upon Christopher Columbus the title of Venerable, prior to celebrating the 400th anniversary of his discovery of America.

Boulanger's Sentence.

PARIS, August 15.—Republican journalr are convinced that public opinion will ratify the decree of the Senate Court, and this conviction is strengthened by the fact that the sentence imposed upon General Boulanger, Count Dillon and Henri Rochefort created no excitement whatever in the city, nor is there any movement to indicate that the court's judgment will be resented. The Conservative and Boulangist papers, however, express themselves as sanguine that the general election for members of the Chamber of Deputies will show that people do not acquiesce in the verdict. It is alleged that M. Waddington, French Embassador to England, has been instructed to sound the English Government on the question of extraditing General Boulanger, Count Dillon and M. Rochefort.

NEW FREIGHT RATES

For the Canadian Pacific Railway—A General Decrease.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 13.—The new differential rates of the Canadian Pacific have just been received here from the chairman of the Transcontinental Association. They apply only to east-bound shipments after August 20th. Wool in grease will take the rate of 7½ cents less per 100 pounds than by the American lines. Generally speaking, the Canadian Pacific will, after the above date, charge from 2 to 7½ cents per 100 pounds more on shipments to Chicago and Milwaukee than at present; to Detroit and Cincinnati, 2 to 9 cents more; to Pittsburg and Buffalo, 2 to 10 cents more; and to Atlantic seaboard points, 2½ to 12 cents more.

A $160,000,000 MORTGAGE.

Henry Villard's Latest Proposition to the Northern Pacific Directors.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—The Northern Pacific directors, at to-day's regular meeting, read a proposition from Mr. Villard for a $160,000,000 consolidated mortgage, but deferred consideration thereof until Wednesday next, when a special meeting will be held.

JUDGE TERRY'S DEATH.

The Shooting the Result of an Assault Upon Judge Field.

Nagle was Acting as Body Guard for Judge Field, and Killed Terry in the First Shot.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 14.—The shooting of ex-Judge Terry at Lathrop, Cal., was the result of a personal assault which Judge Terry was making upon Justice Stephen J. Field, of the United States supreme bench, while the latter was seated at the breakfast table.

Judge Terry had approached Justice Field from the rear, slapped the justice in the face with his hand, and was in the act of slapping him a second time, when Deputy Nagle, who had risen and warned Judge Terry to stop the attack, drew a revolver and shot the latter through the heart, killing him instantly.

NAGLE ACTING AS A BODY GUARD.

The deputy was acting as a body guard to Justice Field, under strict orders from the department of justice at Washington to protect the person of the jurist from assault at all hazards. An attack had been deemed probable owing to frequent threats attributed to Judge Terry, and owing to the latter's known temper and the frequent quarrels which had marked his public career in California. He was known to entertain strong hatred toward Field, which feeling was supposed to have been spurred on by his wife. Sarah Althea Terry, who claims to be the widow of the late United States Senator Sharon, and who has been endeavoring to prosecute a claim to the estate in the state and federal courts.

A decision rendered by Justice Field, sitting en banc with two other federal judges, last September, was adverse to her interests, and she was the means of creating a scene in the United States courtroom on that occasion which threatened to terminate in a tragedy. She was ordered in custody by the court for contempt. After interrupting the court when delivering the decision, she struggled with the bailiffs when they attempted to remove her by force, and had an active alley in Judge Terry, who drew a dagger, but was disarmed by the same deputy at whose hands he today met his death. For this act Judge Terry was sent to jail for six months for contempt of court.

After the shooting of Terry, Deputy Nagle and Justice Field returned to their sleeping car on the train. In the meantime Mrs. Terry returned to the dining room and then made an attempt to board the sleeping car containing the justice and deputy. Her satchel was taken away from her, and was found to contain a revolver. She appealed to the crowd to make an attack on the car and seize Justice Field, contending that he had killed Judge Terry.

The body of Judge Terry was taken to Stockton, ten miles distant, where Deputy Nagle was also taken under arrest of a state officer to attend the inquest.

THE BODY IN STOCKTON.

STOCKTON, Cal., Aug. 14.—The coroner arrived here at 12:40 to-day with Terry's body in a box, covered with a white cloth. Mrs. Terry rode in the express car with the remains, accompanied by several friends of the deceased. When the body was taken off the car she followed and went with it in an express wagon to the morgue. She was greatly distressed and said it was a cowardly murder of an unarmed man.

Deputy Marshal Nagle was brought here in a buggy by Constable Walker of Lathrop, at 1:30. Nagle refused to be interviewed. He said: "I am a deputy United States marshal, and simply did my duty as an officer.

Nagle was locked up alone and soon after sent for a local attorney. His pistol was given to the jailer. It is a large 44-calibre Colt's revolver, old pattern, with two charges exploded. Nagle was very cool, but looked pale and determined. On being searched he gave up everything without comment.

THE NEWS IN PORTLAND.

PORTLAND, Aug. 14.—News of the tragical death of Judge Terry at Lathrop, Cal., produced a sensation in this city. Terry was so well known here that the news of the fatal shooting produced almost as much excitement as if it had been an affair of local importance. Every one almost was familiar with the sentiment of hatred Terry harbored for Justice Field, born of the Sharon divorce suit and the justice's late decision in the case.

The moment the news of Terry's killing flashed through the city the name of David C. Broderick, whom he killed in a duel in 1859, was uttered by many tongues, and many old Californians now living here said: "It served him right; it was just retribution."

TERRY'S RECORD.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 14th.—Judge David S. Terry was born in Todd county, Kentucky, in 1823. He served in the Texan army under Sam Houston. He came to California in 1849 and settled in Calaveras county. In 1855 he was elected Justice of the Supreme Court of California on the Native American ticket, and upon the death of Chief Justice Murray in 1857 Judge Terry became Chief Justice. He was opposed to the Vigilance Committee of 1856, and stabbed one of the members of the committee, who had attempted to arrest Maloney, a friend of Terry. Terry was held by the Vigilantes, but was afterwards released. He killed Senator Broderick in 1859, as the result of political differences.

Terry belonged to what was known as the chivalry wing of the Democratic party. In 1880 Terry was defeated as a Hancock elector, although his associates were elected. September 8, 1888, he was sent to jail for six months for contempt of court by Justice Field.

DEPUTY NAGLE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 14.—David Nagle, who killed Terry, is well known here. He lived in Arizona about ten years ago, and was at one time chief of police at Tombstone. He had a reputation there of being a man of undisputed courage, and once killed a Mexican desperado who resisted arrest. He was appointed deputy marshal here a year ago.

CAPITAL NOTES.

British Columbia's Share of the Chinese Poll Tax.

Being One-fourth of the Total Receipts for the Year.

Victoria's Death Rate for the Past Month Much Lower Than Many Other Canadian Cities.

From our own Correspondent.

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 16.—The department of customs to-day forwarded to the provincial treasurer of British Columbia a cheque for $9,600, the province's share of Chinese poll tax for the last year. The total number who paid the tax was 768, twelve persons being exempt. The total revenue received was $38,000, the province receiving one-fourth. Comptroller Parmalee says no doubt many arrivals are entering the States surreptitiously.

Victoria's death rate for last month was 1.75 per 1,000, a much lower rate than many other Canadian cities of equal size.

BIG TIMBER RAFT.

To be Built in British Columbia and Towed South.

OTTAWA, Aug 14.—Word has reached here that James D. Leary, the shipbuilder of New York, will soon build a timber raft in British Columbia and tow it to San Francisco. He was the builder of the two Joggins rafts, one of which broke up on the way from Nova Scotia to New York.

MRS. MAYBRICK'S STORY.

As Related With Touching Effect During Her Recent Trial.

"My lord, I wish to make a statement as well as I can about a few facts in connection with this terrible, crushing charge that has been made against me. I wish principally to refer to the use of flypaper and to the bottle of beef essence. The flypaper I bought with the intention of using as a cosmetic. Before my marriage, and since for many years, I have been in the habit of using a face wash prescribed for me by Dr. Griggs, of Brooklyn. It consisted, I believe, principally of arsenic tincture, benzine, elder flower water, and some other ingredients. I used flypapers in the same manner, but to avoid the exasperation of the scent it was necessary to exclude the air. For the purpose I put a plate over the flypapers, then a towel over it. My mother has been aware for a great many years that I have used arsenic cosmetics. Thursday night, in the month of May, after the nurse Gore had given my husband beef juice I went and sat on the bed beside him. He complained to me of feeling sick, weak and much depressed. He implored me then to give him this powder, to which he had referred earlier in the evening, and which I had declined to give him. I was overwrought, terribly anxious, miserably unhappy, and his evident distress utterly unnerved me. He had told me the powder would not harm him, and that I could put it in his food. I then consented. My lord, I had not one true or honest friend in the house, I had no one to consult, no one to advise me, I was deposed from my position as mistress of my own house, I was deposed from my position of attending my husband notwithstanding he was so ill, notwithstanding that by the evidence of the nurses and servants he wished to have me with him, that he missed me when I went out of the room four days before he died. I was not allowed to give him a piece of ice without its being taken out of my hand. When I found the powder I took it into the inner room with the beef juice. Pushing through the door I upset the bottle, and in order to make up the quantity of food I spilt I added a considerable quantity of water. I returned to the room and found my husband asleep. I placed the bottle on the table by the window. When he awoke he had a choking sensation in the throat and vomited. After that he appeared a little better, and as he did not ask for the powder again, and as I was not anxious to give it to him I removed the bottle from a small table where it would have attracted his attention. There I left it, my lord, until Michael Maybrick took possession of it the Tuesday after my husband's death. Until a few moments before this terrible charge was made against me no one had told me that a post-mortem examination had taken place, or that there was any reason to believe my husband had died from any other than natural causes. It was not until Mrs. Briggs alluded to the presence of arsenic in beef tea that I was made aware of the nature of the powder my husband had asked me to give him. I then attempted to make an explanation to Mrs. Briggs, such as I have stated to your lordship, when a policeman interrupted the conversation. In conclusion, my lord, I wish to add that for the sake of the life of our children and for their future a perfect reconciliation had taken place between us, and that the day before my husband's death I made him a full and free confession, and had received his entire forgiveness for a fearful wrong I had done him."

SS. UMATILLA AGROUND.

Ashore on Brown's Point Near Tacoma—Some Difficulty will be Experienced in Getting Her Off.

The steamship Umatilla left Seattle for Tacoma on Monday night at about 11 o'clock. A dense fog prevailed on the Sound at the time, but the steamship made her way all right, under the guidance of Pilot Martin, until near Tacoma, when she ran ashore at Brown's Point, her prow running into the bushes and the steamer lying as straight on the sand as she usually does in the water.

The weather was very thick, and Pilot Martin declares that he ran two minutes longer west on the course before turning to round the point than he usually does, but it being ebb tide the steamer failed to clear the point by half a minute.

The steamer Messenger went out to the stranded steamer from Tacoma and took off her passengers.

On Tuesday evening the steamer Premier, on her way to Seattle, stopped to aid in getting the Umatilla afloat, but after working for an hour the attempt was abandoned, the steamship remaining hard and fast. On Wednesday evening the steamer Olympian and the tug Tacoma attempted to pull the Umatilla off at high tide, but their combined efforts failed to move her.

It is not believed the steamship is in the slightest degree damaged; but as her bow is buried at least six feet in the gravel, the task of getting her afloat will not be a light one, and it was thought yesterday that she might have to be sluiced out.

She was to have been lightered yesterday, and a considerable portion of her cargo removed, and another attempt to float her was to be made last night.

Pilot Martin, who is considered one of the best pilots on the Sound, is considerably broken up over the accident.

Said a Tacoma seafaring man, speaking of the Umatilla's mishap: "I have known seven or eight steamers to be ashore at once in thick weather between here and Seattle some five or six years ago. You know pilots have to blow their whistles in a fog at short intervals. They often have to depend on the echo of the whistle to determine how near the shore they are. But sometimes the condition of the atmosphere is such that the echo can't be depended on, which sometimes causes serious results."

VISITING MEDICAL MEN.

Several Members of the Canadian Medical Association Arrive in the City by Last Night's Steamer.

On Thursday a large number of Eastern medical men, who have been attending the annual convention at Banff arrived in the city. At the Clarence there are Drs. W. G. Stark, of Hamilton, Ont.; C. M. Lyman, of New York, and J. H. Cameron, of Toronto, Ont. These three will remain here till Sunday, and will then leave either for Alaska or San Francisco on a holiday trip.

At the Driard are Dr. Charles O'Rielly, Superintendent of Toronto Medical Hospital; Dr. Gerald O'Rielly, Dr. Henderson, Dr. Stringe, Dr. Lehman, Dr. R. A. Reeve, Dr. Oldright and wife, Toronto; Dr. Whyman, Buffalo; Dr. and Mrs. P. S. Connors and Dr. Connard and wife, Cincinnati; Dr. A. Henderson and wife, St. Paul; Dr. D. E. Carr, Montreal; Dr. Smith, of Seaforth, and Dr. McLean, Fergus Falls.

To-night the following doctors will arrive here: Dr. Ross, of Toronto, the president of the association, Dr. Wright, the president elect, and Dr. Bruce Smith, of Seaforth, one of the vice-presidents elect; Dr. Blakely, the celebrated New York medico; and Dr. Marcey of Boston. These two latter have engaged passages in the next steamer for Alaska.

To-day several of the members of the convention will visit Esquimalt and H. M.S. Swiftsure, going in the afternoon, at the invitation of Mr. Frank, aboard the celebrated schooner Black Diamond. The Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital will be visited by the party either today or to-morrow.

AN IMMENSE SUCCESS.

The Sale of Provincial Government Lands at Hastings,

Realizes $132,000—Victorians were the Principal Buyers—Lieut.-Col. Dennison, M.P., to Visit Victoria.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

VANCOUVER, Aug. 15.—To-day's sale of government lands in the townsite of Hastings and New Westminster district, adjoining this city, was an immense success, realizing one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. Property five miles from Vancouver sold at from $45 to $520 per acre, and all of that offered was sold. Had the government twice as much to dispose of it would have been eagerly snapped up. Much of it went to Victorians. It would seem that Hon. John Robson's predictions are fast being verified. Hon. Mr. Vernon is in high feather over the results. The World, referring to sale this evening, says: "Politicians of the ex-Mayor Fell stripe who are constantly running down the country and seeing blue ruin everywhere, would have formed a different opinion had they been present at this auction."

Many Ontario doctors arriving from Banff to-day, were shocked at the news of the death of Col. Walker of London, Ont. They sent messages of condolence to the bereaved family.

Lieut.-Col. Dennison, M. P., of Toronto, arrived to-day. He will go to Victoria.

The government supporters here are pleased to learn from visiting Victorians that Hon. Mr. Davie will have a big majority.

LATER.

The total sum realized by the sales of government lands to-day was one hundred and thirty-two thousand dollars.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

LAWN TENNIS.

THE TOURNAMENT—5TH DAY.

The following matches were played yesterday:

GENTLEMEN'S OPEN SINGLES.

The final was played yesterday morning between Mr. Longe and Mr. C. C. Worsfold, and resulted in a victory for the former by 3 sets to love—6-2, 6-2, 6-1.

GENTLEMEN'S SINGLES (HANDICAP).

Semi-final round—Mr. Longe beat Mr. Walker—6-4, 6-3.

GENTLEMEN'S DOUBLES.

First Round—Messrs. Longe and A. W. Jones beat Messrs. Combe and W. H. Langley—3-6, 6-1, 6-3.

Second round—Messrs. Longe and Jones beat Messrs. Clinton and W. Langley—6-4, 6-5.

VETERANS' SINGLES.

Final round—Mr. Tatlow beat Dr. Fitzgerald, R. N.—3-6, 6-1, 6-3.

At 3:30 p. m. to-day, weather permitting, the match for the championship of British Columbia will be played on the grounds on Belcher street between Mr. J. T. Williams, of Vancouver, and Mr. Longe, of Victoria, and the game promises to be one of the finest ever played in Victoria.

BASEBALL.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 16.—Pittsburg, 5; New York, 3.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 16.—Cleveland, 0; Boston, 13.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 16.—Philadelphia. Game postponed owing to rain.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Washington, 6; Chicago, 1.

TOLEDO, August 16.—Toledo 10; Syracuse, 1.

BUFFALO, Aug. 16.—Buffalo, 0; Rochester, 1.

DETROIT, Aug. 16.—Detroit, 16; Hamilton, 2.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 15.—Pittsburg, 9; New York, 2.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 15.—Cleveland, 9; Boston, 8.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Chicago, 7; Washington, 6.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 15.—Indianapolis, 6; Philadelphia, 8.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 15.—Kansas City, 2; Brooklyn, 7.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 15.—Cincinnati, 9; Athletics, 10.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 15.—St. Louis, 17; Columbus, 11.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 15.—Louisville, 0; Baltimore, 3.

TOLEDO, Aug. 15.—Toledo, 7; Syracuse, 4.

BUFFALO, Aug. 15.—Buffalo, 8; Rochester, 6.

DETROIT, Aug. 15. — Detroit, 11; Hamilton, 10.

TORONTO, Aug. 15.—Toronto, 8; London, 3.

The contract for the erection of a mammoth Northern Pacific hotel at Winnipeg has been awarded to Major Bowles. It will cost $300,000.

CABLE NEWS.

Continued Interest in the Case of Mrs. Maybrick.

The Queen Advised to Commute the Sentence of Death.

The Government Withdraws the Titles Bill—Pope Leo's Illness—The Disturbances in Crete.

The Maybrick Conference.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—It is pointed out here as an indication of the result of today's conference in the Maybrick case, that the Lord Chancellor, who took part in it, is rarely consulted except in cases where a reprieve is meditated. There is excellent reason for believing that Mr. Matthews and the experts engaged with him in going over the evidence given at the trial, began their work with the assumption that Mrs. Maybrick was not guilty of the deliberate murder of her husband. With this idea they sifted every scrap of evidence and noted especially the testimony as to Maybrick's craving for arsenic, to which they are inclined to attach much more importance than the jury appear to have given it. This testimony, it is believed, will turn the score in favor of the condemned woman.

Hope for Mrs. Maybrick.

LONDON, August 16.—The conference held by Home Secretary Matthews, Lord Salisbury and Justice Stephens, and a number of medical experts, at the Home Office, was of four hours' duration. Nothing of their deliberations has been made public, but it is certain there is a doubt in the minds of the conferring officials, which must result in the pardon of Mrs. Maybrick, or at least the commutation of her sentence to life imprisonment.

The Maybrick Case.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Home Secretary Matthews, Justice Stephen, Lord Salsbury, and the Lord Chancellor, together with a number of experts, are in conference at the home office in an endeavor to reach a decision as to the propriety of setting aside the judgment of the court in the case of Mrs. Maybrick.

A Reprieve for Mrs. Maybrick.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The Press Association says that Mr. Matthews, home secretary, has advised the Queen to commute the sentence of death passed on Mrs. Maybrick to imprisonment for life. The reprieve will be announced after the formal assent of the Queen has been received.

The Disturbances in Crete.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Fresh accounts of the disturbances in Crete reach here daily. The Turkish troops have succeeded in fortifying their positions about Canea, the chief commercial city of the island, despite the determined opposition of the insurgents. Fifteen hundred Turkish reinforcements arrived there yesterday, and 6,000 more are expected within a week.

The Turf.

LONDON, Aug 16.—At the Royal Windsor August meeting to-day, the race for the Berkshire plate was won by Signorine.

The Tithes Bill Withdrawn.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—In the commons this morning the Government announced its withdrawal of the tithes bill.

Signers of the Memorial.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The members of the House of Commons who have signed the memorial to the Home Secretary urging clemency for Mrs. Maybrick now number 88.

Why the Bill Was Withdrawn.

LONDON, August 16.—Sir William Harcourt in the Commons this evening appealed to the Speaker to ask whether, when a bill was so amended that the alterations and additions practically constituted a new bill, it was not the practice to withdraw the measure and introduce a new one, if necessary. The Speaker ruled that the bill had been so transformed by the amendment, and therefore should be withdrawn.

The Question of a New Tithes Bill.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—In answer to inquiries from several members as to whether the government intended to introduce a new tithes bill, Wm. H. Smith, first lord of the treasury, stated that in view of the determined and protracted opposition which the first bill had encountered, the ministers did not see their way clear to deal with the question.

A Boulangist Manifesto.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Boulanger, Dillon and Rocheforte are out in a manifesto to-day, in which they call attention to their own conviction and sentence by the high court of the French senate. They speak of this as an orgie of arbitrary rule, calumny and mendacity, and say that in spite of the fresh coup d'etat which is now being preferred in Paris, they have every confidence in the result, when the people shall have an opportunity of being heard from the polls.

The Pope's Health.

ROME, Aug. 16.—The health of the Pope is causing considerable uneasiness in Europe. It is known that he has been suffering with a complication of disorders for some time past, and it is now announced that owing to the Pope's continued ill-health receptions at the Vatican have been discontinued. This naturally excites the gravest fears.

Edison's Reception in Italy.

ROME, Aug. 16.—Prof. Edison is expected at Milan in September, where elaborate preparations are being made for his reception. Nowhere in Europe are Edison's genius and his services to the cause of science better recognized than in Italy, and on his visit to Milan King Humbert will confer on him the dignity of Grand Officer of the Italian Cross.

AMERICAN NEWS.

A Heavy Sentence.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Eben S. Allen, ex-president of the Forty-second street and Grand street R. R. Co., who pleaded guilty to the fraudulent issue of stock of the company, was sentenced to-day to fourteen years imprisonment with hard labor. Allen's appearance when arraigned at the bar for sentence, showed a marked contrast with his looks and manner at the time of his arrest. He trembled with nervousness and excitement as he listened to the Judge's remarks in passing sentence.

Sullivan in the Prisoner's Dock.

PURVIS, Miss., August 15.—A jury was obtained in the Sullivan prize fight to-day, and the trial began. Sullivan pleaded "Not guilty." Major W. W. Robinson, a deputy sheriff, was the first witness. He described the fight, and testified as to seeing money handled, and men hit and bruise one another. On cross-examination, witness said he could not swear that the ring was in Marion county. The State then rested its case, and as there were no witnesses on the other side, it was agreed that the case go over until to-morrow, and the jurymen were locked up for the night.

A Perjured Witness.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—Roe and Macklin, of this city, lawyers, engaged by the friends of Mrs. Maybrick, now under sentence of death in London, for poisoning her husband, received a letter to-day from Alfred Monck, a Montreal lawyer, which they think will have a strong bearing on their effort to obtain a reprieve for their client. In the letter it is stated that a Mrs. Hopp, answering the description of the chief witness against Mrs. Maybrick, had to leave Montreal three years ago to escape the possibility of being indicted for perjury. Mrs. Hopp was the chief witness at that time in a suit for separation, brought about by Melville Smith against his wife. A sifting of the evidence reflected severely on Mrs. Hopp's veracity, and she was forced to leave the country.

More Breweries Captured.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 15.—It has just been learned that the agent of an English syndicate has assumed the control of all the large breweries in this city.

Kilrain Out on Bail.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 15.—Jake Kilrain was released on $1,000 bail today, until Thursday next.

Ancient Order of Foresters of America.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 15.—The subsidiary High court of the Ancient Order of Foresters to-day voted to sever all connection with the High Court of England, and organize an American High Court. The differences arose over the admission of colored men to the order; the English High Court insisting on it, and the Americans objecting. On the opening of the afternoon session the six who voted against a declaration of independence withdrew their votes and made it unanimous. It was voted not to send any information of their action to England. There was some discussion over the adoption of a name for the new order, but the convention finally agreed upon the "Ancient Order of Foresters of America." The term "High Court" was changed to "Supreme Court," and all changes were made in the order to Americanize as far as possible the new organization.

Rival Irish Picnics.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Two great rival Irish picnics are in full blast to-day at Ogden's Grove and Cheltenham Beach. The former is under the auspices of the adherents of the old Clan-na-Gael "Triangle," and the latter is conducted by the Personal Rights League and men who want to avenge the death of Dr. Cronin. The money derived from the Cheltenham Beach affair will be turned over to the Cronin investigating committee, and be used in aiding the prosecution of the assassin, while the funds gathered at Ogden's Grove will be sent to Mr. Parnell.

Indian Troubles.

BRAINERD, Ind., Aug. 16.—An Indian runner from Leech Lake reservation confirms the report previously brought in of serious trouble met there by the north-eastern commission in attempting to negotiate a treaty for the cession of Chippewa Indian lands. The Indians are in a serious quarrel, and are about evenly divided between those in favor of signing and those opposed. The latter, however, have declared war to the knife on the other party, and declare the first man who signs must die. One Indian had already been killed, a relative of the head chief, Flatmouth, who is a breed from the reservation. The two parties are led by Cheno-Wa-Ge-Shig and Gno-We-Sig, under chiefs, the former heading the party in favor of signing. The runner stated that a mounted messenger had been despatched in haste to telegraph, presumably for troops.

AN OPPOSITION LINE

Of Steamers on the Puget Sound and Alaska Routes.

The Northern Pacific to Run Modern and Fast Steamers in Opposition to the O. R. & N. Co.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—A gentleman very prominent in Wall street, and known to be in the inner ring on all Northern Pacific matters, is authority for the statement that it was decided at a meeting of the directors of that road, held here to-day, to at once place in service on the Puget Sound and Alaska routes a line of splendid and fast steamers of the most modern and approved type. An inner company was organized for that purpose, which will absorb all of the local lines and most of the independent steamers now plying in the Puget Sound waters, outside of those belonging to the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company. The management of this new line will be entrusted to Mr. Jackson, of Seattle, W. T., at present filling that position for the Washington steamboat and transportation company. The capital of the new company is stated as being $2,000,000, with power to increase. Options on three of the fastest steamers now plying in these waters have been taken, and it is said that they will be purchased and despatched via Cape Horn to the Pacific Coast. Negotiations for the construction of others will be entered into without loss of time with either Messrs. Cramp of Philadelphia or Harlan & Hollingworth of Delaware, and that they will be pushed forward to completion with all possible speed. It was further stated that the fleet now in operation on the waters of Puget Sound would at once be placed in position to protect the interests of the Northern Pacific pending the arrival of the larger steamers from here.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES.

The libel case against Acton Burrows and others, of Winnipeg, brought by H. J. Clarke, has been dismissed with costs.

At a meeting of the Equal Rights Association, held at Kingston, Ont., on Wednesday night, a resolution condemning the Governor-General's action was passed and concurrence given a resolution of the delegates passed at Quebec in reference to the interview with His Excellency.

James Colter, a bachelor farmer, aged 70, living at Deloraine, Man., hanged himself on Tuesday, while insane.

Clougher's grain elevator at Otterburne, Man., was burned on Wednesday night. Loss, $3,000.

THE TERRY KILLING.

A Warrant Issued for Justice Field's Arrest.

The Widow Liable to Become Insane from Grief.

The Slayer Confident of Acquittal—The Funeral Expected to be the Largest Ever Seen in Stockton.

STOCKTON, Cal., Aug. 15.—The shooting of David S. Terry at Lathrop yesterday is still the all-absorbing topic of conversation on the streets, in stores and in hotels, and people are gathered in groups upon the streets talking excitedly about the matter.

A large force of the legal talent of the state has been called for the prosecution. Mrs. Terry is said to have on the ground Turner of Modesto, Ward of Merced and W. D. Grady of Fresno, who are all here. A warrant was issued this morning for Field as one of the principals in the killing of Terry, and Sheriff Cunningham, who is in San Francisco, has been telegraphed to come here and get a warrant and bring Field to Stockton under arrest.

The funeral of Terry will probably take place here to-morrow at 2 p. m. It is expected that it will be the largest funeral ever seen in Stockton.

The preliminary examination of Deputy United States Marshal Nagle for the killing of ex-Judge Terry has been set for next Wednesday. Nagle when seen at the jail to-day said that he feared nothing, as he had merely done his duty.

Sheriff Cunningham, who went to San Francisco yesterday, returned today, and was presented with the warrant for the arrest of Justice Field. He left again this afternoon for San Francisco, where he will serve the warrant.

Mrs. Terry is still by the side of her dead husband this evening. She is acting very strangely and is liable to become beneficial of her reason.

At the inquest last night over the body of Judge Terry, no new facts were developed. A number of witnesses were examined, and among them the proprietors of the hotel at Lathrop. The coroner's jury returned a verdict that the deceased came to his death from the effects of a gunshot wound, inflicted by David Nagle, at Lathrop.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 15th.—A rumor to the effect that Justice Field had been arrested here this morning has no foundation. It probably arose from the fact that Mrs. Terry had sworn out a warrant for the Justice's arrest as accessory to the murder of her husband. It is said that a motion for its dismissal is to be made in Stockton, on the ground that it was unwarranted.

THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OPINION.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 16.—Attorney-General Miller was seen again at his house yesterday, and asked if he had anything further to say about the shooting of Judge Terry by Marshall Nagle. He replied: "I see from the paper that the action of the deputy is pretty generally endorsed. It appears to be considered that Nagle's presence was necessary and his action justified. I do not care to speak of the legal aspect of the case. I dont know any case analagous to it in history, and I don't recal that it has ever been necessary before to provide protection for a United States Judge. If the case comes to trial I suppose I will be called to testify; but I question whether there ever will be a trial. The grand jury may refuse to act or the coroner's jury now find it a case of justifiable homicide. I have not examined the legality of the question, however. I thought the protection of the officers of the law might be necessary. I know something about the desperate character of the man with whom Justice Field had to deal. I thought of trouble when the trial began, but I did look for it at a way station or upon the train. If the Justice's life was in danger, though, he was as much entitled to the protection of an officer as if in the court house. Though the attorney general was very guarded in his utterances, his manner indicated very plainly that he believed Deputy Nagle was fully justified in shooting Terry.

THREATS OF LYNCHING.

STOCKTON, Cal., Aug. 16.—Judge Porter, of Arizona, one of Terry's friends, will deliver an oration at the funeral of Terry this afternoon. He says he will "go for" Justice Field and denounce Terry's shooting as a foul murder. A number of citizens declare that if Porter does this they will stop him if they have to use force. Feeling runs very high in the town, and there is every prospect of a lively row this afternoon. Some alarm is felt at the county jail, where Nagle is confined, as Terry's followers threaten to storm the jail, an old two-story brick, and take Nagle out and hang him. The sheriff and eight officers are now guarding the jail, and a number of the best men have been drafted into the service of the county, to be ready in case of a riot.

TERRY'S FUNERAL.

STOCKTON, Cal., Aug. 16.—The Terry funeral cortege reached the cemetery shortly before four o'clock, and the grave closed over the dead lawyer at that hour. He was buried between his first wife and son Samuel. During the service at the grave Mrs. Terry was not present. Just before the earth was shovelled in, she came from the carriage, but made no demonstration. When the service was concluded, she was so weak that it became necessary to carry her back to the carriage. Supreme Judge Porter of Oregon, who is here, when asked this afternoon for his opinion of the shooting of Terry, replied vehemently: "It was a cold-blooded murder."

JUSTICE FIELD'S CASE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—The habeas corpus proceeding in the case of Justice Field will be heard on Thursday next. He is out on his own recognizance in $5,000 bonds.

THE UMATILLA AFLOAT.

She Was Pulled Off Brown's Point by the Corona.

The steamer Umatilla, which has been aground on Brown's Point at the entrance to Tacoma harbor, since Tuesday morning, floated at 6 o'clock Thursday night with the assistance of the steamer Corona. At high tide Thursday evening the Corona left her moorings at the Tacoma wharf and proceeded to the Umatilla, to which she fastened three ropes. After two unsuccessful attempts she was finally floated. All day Wednesday and Thursday men were employed removing her cargo aft, thus throwing her bow out of the gravel in which she was stuck. There was no damage done, and the steamer is now safe at the Tacoma dock.

An eye-witness gives the following description of the way the Umatilla was floated:

"The Corona got two 4-inch hawsers to the stern of the Umatilla, and then shot out under full speed. After several attempts, amid the most intense interest and anxiety on the part of both crews, the Umatilla began to move perceptibly, and finally, when the Corona put on her full power, the big ocean steamer let go her hold on the ground, and amid the cheering of the crews and blowing of whistles she glided out into deep water. Capt. Carroll, of the Corona, deserves high praise for the excellent skill with which he managed the difficult and important task.

HON. MR. DEWDNEY.

The Minister of the Interior at Regina—Will Start for the Coast on Thursday.

WINNIPEG, August 17th.—Hon. Mr. Dewdney passed through the city to Regina yesterday. A deputation representing the old settlers waited on the Minister and presented him with a largely signed petition asserting their claims.

At Regina to-day the formal turning of the first sod of the Regina and Long Lake Railway took place. The ceremony was performed by Mrs. Dewdney.

The party visit Salt Coals on Tuesday and start for the coast on Thursday.

THE GOVERNMENT ASSAY OFFICE.

An Interesting Description of the Works and What may be Seen There.

Anyone who has a little leisure time on his hands, and does not know exactly how to employ it, should on the first fine afternoon, if he has not already done so, pay a visit to the Provincial Ass