

consequence of the information given by some of their associates in the plot. No further circumstances have yet transpired to determine its extent or its precise objects. The Articles of the Budget continued on Thursday to form the subjects of discussion by the Chamber of Deputies, and gave rise to the usual bursts of intemperence between the opposing parties. Gen. Girard took occasion, in the course of his speech, to eulogize the military administration of Marshal St. Cyr, and to reproach the Ministers with the practical abandonment of the law of recalling the veterans of the Imperial Army to activity, under the form of an Army of Reserve.

We learn from authority in which we place confidence, that the Return of the Revenue, up to Saturday night, exhibits an increase of £450,000 over the corresponding period of last year.

On Wednesday, a Supplement to the London Gazette was published, containing a dispatch from Lieut. Col. Maxwell of the Company service, of an attack upon the Maharao Kishore Sing of Kotah near Mongroule, in the East Indies, on the 1st October, 1821; which ended in the immediate defeat of the enemy, the capture of his camp, guns, and baggage. Lieut. Rade and Adj. Clarke, 4th light cavalry, were killed, and Major Ridge severely wounded.—The British loss was altogether 7 killed and 21 wounded.

*Important treaty between this Country and Denmark.*

"It is confidently stated in the higher political circles, that a treaty has been, or is about to be concluded between this country and Denmark, by which the important fortress of the Sound is to be garrisoned by British troops, as soon as the first gun shall be fired by Russia against Turkey! If this account be correct, and of which we have no doubt, although we did not obtain it direct from an official source, it is of the highest importance, as Russia and her allies the Prussians, will be thus prevented from sending even a boat through the Sound. This Treaty adds much credit to the diplomatic talents of our noble Secretary for Foreign Affairs; and may account for our sending the Order of the Garter to the King of Denmark."

The Reports alluded to in the article from Denmark are those that have been circulated both on the Continent and England, respecting a projected matrimonial alliance "between a royal widower and the Crown Princess of Denmark." What can be in this case, every member of society, or to render it necessary to re-assure peaceful citizens of its falsehood, we cannot very easily divine. One would suppose, from the terror of the Danish editor, that the mission of Sir George Naylor, to carry abroad an innocent ribbon, and to return with perhaps as harmless a portrait, was as formidable to the inhabitants of Denmark as Lord Nelson's fleet, which broke up the Northern Confederacy, or the expedition of 1807, which laid their capital in ashes.—*Times*.

April 5.—The News from Turkey (which, however colored or exaggerated is decidedly indicative of war) has produced a great sensation in Paris; but whether the Funds have fallen so low on Tuesday as was announced yesterday, these papers do not decide: noting can, however, be more probable. And here, without denying the difficulty of forming correct opinions upon the probable conduct and policy of a Cabinet so capricious and barbarous as that of Turkey, it is impossible not to smile at the affected air of authority with which the *Courier* has, from time to time, announced the most contrary results. Its unpleasant task, at present, is to be mysterious, and to tell only one half the truth. We may as well observe here that by the accounts from Trieste, the report of the naval victory of the Greeks appears to be authentic. They are really a fine people, or at least possess all the germ of a fine people, and admirably expose the futility of the interested calumny and aspersions with which they have been assailed. We refer, for some additional information on foreign news, to our Stock-Exchange article. The following are a few brief extracts from the Journals to which we have been alluding:

FRANKFORT, March 27.—To day the mystery which for these two last days has produced so great an affect upon 'Change begins to clear up. Couriers, who arrived from Vienna on Monday, were bearers of the important news, that in a declaration addressed to the ministers of Austria and England, the Porte has refused to consent to the acceptance of many essential points demanded by Russia. The nomination of the two Hospodars of Moldavia and Wallachia is one of the conditions refused by the Porte. It is even announced that all the negotiations have been provisionally interrupted at Constantinople by the tenor of this communication from the Russ EMPEROR.

PARIS, April 2.—According to the Gazette of Augsburg, the news from Constantinople, which came to the 3d of March, is of a nature to produce a belief that the SULTAN will take a violent part and determine upon hostilities. The death of ALI PACHA, and the birth of a son to the SULTAN, have so exalted the Turks, that it is impossible to calculate upon the effects of their high Spirits. According to the same Journal, the merchants of Vienna have received letters which announce the arrival of a Courier from Constantinople, charged with a negative answer, full of arrogance, to the Notes of the mediating powers.

This news gives some consistency to the reports which have been circulated at Paris since Saturday, relative to the movements of the Russian Armies, which seem to form a prelude to approaching hostilities.

All these reports have produced a great sensation on 'Change to day, and the Funds have, it is thought been encreased by considerable sales on account of German Bankers.—*Constitutionnel*.

It is very extraordinary, as well as deplorable, that neither the insurrection Act (which has been executed with such distinguished vigour in the county of Limerick), nor the examples which have been made by the Judges of the Commission and Assize, appear to have had any influence in checking the progress of the Whiteboys in Limerick. Since last December, nearly thirty individuals have been executed; double that number have been convicted; and, perhaps, fifty or sixty transported under the insurrection Act. Besides, this county is filled with troops, and the Magistrates appear to be particularly active: yet, a perusal of the last Limerick Papers will leave the same impression on the mind, which those of four months ago had produced. *Dublin Evening Post April 3.*

IRELAND.

COUNTY OF CORK.

On Sunday night the 24th instant, three houses on the lands of Shinnah, parish of Kilbrogan, Brandon, were attacked by some armed men, who beat the inhabitants of the two houses in a most inhumane manner, and swore them to give up their farms. They are proceeding to attack the inhabitants of the third house in the same way, but the owners called out they would cut down the first man that entered.

The cause assigned for this outrage was, that these people had just taken possession of a farm, from Mr. William Banfield, and because they would not comply with a notice, containing most dreadful threats, which had been sent them a few days before. On the same night, and with a similar intent an attack was made at Gurteen, within a mile of Bandon, on one Burchill, a tenant of Colonel Hewitt, to whom they administered an oath, and held out violent threats, if he did not leave the farm in a few days.

The Criminal Calendar of persons for trial at the ensuing Assizes of Cork already amounts to the enormous, and we believe, unprecedented, number, of Three Hundred and Fifty.

JOHN FULTON,

BLACKSMITH, returns his sincere thanks to the Gentlemen and other inhabitants of Charlotte Town and the Colony, for the liberal support he has received from them, in the line of his profession; and informs them that he has entered into co-partnership with JAMES THOMPSON, who has a general knowledge of his business, and has worked in most of the principal shops in Scotland, also a considerable time in Nova-Scotia and New Brunswick—has a thorough knowledge of Axe making, Horse Shoeing and Farriery in all its branches.—Ship work done in the shortest notice, &c.

Charlotte-Town, April 26, 1822.

N. B. All person that have had smith work done at J. Fulton's shop in the last twelve months, are requested to make payment before the first of June, as no longer time will be given.