

Exclusive Wm. Foreman & Co. Stylsh
Suits IMPORTERS Millinery

Do Your Christmas Shopping Here

If it is useful gifts you wish to give for Christmas. And if those gifts are in the Dry Goods line, make this store your headquarters for your Christmas shopping.

There is more than one reason for doing your Christmas shopping at this store. You not only get the latest goods, but you get goods of the highest quality, and goods that are invariably exclusive, if you do your shopping here.

A gift that is common—that everybody has—is not appreciated to the same extent by a lady as one that she knows to be uncommon as well as good.

In the selection of goods we aim for three things. First that the line of goods are of the highest quality; secondly, that so far as possible they are exclusive, and thirdly that the price is at the lowest notch.

Wm. Foreman & Co.

Westman Bros.

Will Play Santa Claus
to their Customers by a

Christmas Bargain Sale

20 PER CENT REDUCTION

All Table Cutlery, Pocket
Cutlery, Carvers, Carving
Sets, Spoons, Silverware,
Graniteware, Heating Stoves,
Cook Stoves, Mitts, Robes,
Horse Blankets.

DON'T MISS

THIS OPPORTUNITY

BARGAINS FOR EVERYBODY

Westman Bros.

BIG HARDWARE

CHATHAM REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE BUREAU

BOYS, SELLS, NEGOTIATES AND
MANAGES REAL ESTATE IN ALL
THAT IS IMPLIED.

Loans Money—Reasonable Rates

Offers the best system of
Investments—Guaranteed

Represents the safest Fire,
Life, Sickness and Accident
Insurance Companies.

DR. A. W. MURPHY, General Agt.
Murray Bldg., Chatham, Ont. Phone 34

DR. A. W. THORNTON
DENTIST.

Office over A. I. McCall & Co's
Drug Store Cor. King and Fifth
Sts., Phone.

Office 164, Residence 285.

NEW LIBERAL CABINET

Represents All Views, With
Scotsmen in Preponderance.

Finance, Foreign Affairs and the Colonial Office, the Three Most Important Posts, Have Been Given to the Strongest Men on the Liberal Side—In the Meantime the Government Has No Program.

London, Dec. 11.—It is officially announced that the new British Ministry is made up as follows:
Prime Minister and First Lord of the Treasury—Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman.

Chancellor of the Exchequer—Herbert Henry Asquith.
Lord Chancellor—Sir Robt. Thresholt.

Secretary of State for Home Affairs—Herbert John Gladstone.
Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs—Sir Edward Grey.

Secretary of State for the Colonies—The Earl of Elgin.
Secretary of State for War—Richard Burdon Haldane.

Secretary of State for India—John Morley.
First Lord of the Admiralty—Baron Tweedmouth.

President of the Board of Trade—David Lloyd-George.
President of the Local Government Board—John Burns.

President of the Board of Agriculture—Earl Carrington.
Postmaster-General—Sydney Charles Buxton.

Chief Secretary for Ireland—James Bryce.
Lord President of the Council—The Earl of Crewe.

Lord of the Privy Seal—The Marquis of Ripon.
President of the Board of Education—Augustine Birrell.

Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster—Sir Henry Hartley Fowler.
The foregoing constitute the Cabinet.

The following Ministers are not in the Cabinet:
Lord Lieutenant of Ireland—The Earl of Aberdeen.

Lord Chancellor of Ireland—Right Hon. Samuel Walker.
First Commissioner of Works and Public Buildings—Lewis Vernon Harcourt.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman drove to the palace at 6 o'clock last evening.



SIR H. CAMPBELL-BANNERMAN.

and had an audience of King Edward of about 20 minutes, and at which His Majesty signified his approval of the new Government.

A Strong Cabinet.
Undoubtedly Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman has managed to get together a strong and to all appearance a good Cabinet. The last ten years of opposition has opened the way for the advancement of the younger generation of politicians who have, however, won their spurs in subordinate administrative posts. The three most important posts—finance, foreign affairs and the colonial offices—have been given to men who are reported to be among the very strongest on the Liberal side, and they are an earnest that exchequer, imperial and international affairs will be handled with firmness and good judgment.

In the meantime the Government has no program, but some idea of the drift of Cabinet opinion can be gained from the known affiliations of Ministers. Though Lord Rosebery is out the Cabinet has four chief henchmen have seats in the persons of H. H. Asquith, Sir Edward Grey, R. B. Haldane and Sir Henry Fowler. Lord Crewe is his son-in-law, but has not identified himself particularly with either section of the Liberal party.

Another radical departure—in a double sense—is seen in the elevation of John Burns, an avowed Socialist and labor leader to Cabinet rank, while the Welsh non-conformists, and non-con-

formists generally—will be placated by the inclusion of D. Lloyd-George, a solicitor who has represented Carnarvon since 1890, but whose activity, gift of public speech and influence in Wales distinctly marked him out for high office. It is of some significance that he recently paid a marked tribute to Mr. Asquith, which has been taken to indicate political affinity as well as personal regard.

A Democratic Cabinet.
The new Cabinet will only have four

members, including the Lord Chancellor, in the House of Lords, a fact indicative of the small hold Liberal principles have in aristocratic quarters. As no doubt is numbered among the Ministerialists, a Mistress of the Robes to the Queen will have to be found in

some lesser rank of the peerage, and Lady Crewe's appointment has been suggested. This post has always been regarded as of considerable political importance, but in altered constitutional conditions it does not now seem to stand in any different position from that occupied by other court appointments. There will be general regret that Earl Spencer's unfortunate paralysis attack has prevented him from occupying the high office to which he was entitled, and the leadership of the Upper House will now have to be filled.

His Rule Out of It.
On the political side the binding element is provided by the general antagonism to Mr. Chamberlain's fiscal reform proposals, which have for the time being given the Liberal party a working unity. There will be no home rule bill in the next Parliament from this Ministry, but it can hardly escape from the Irish question. The Cabinet may be expected to essay the amendment of the English Education Act in the non-conformist interest, to facilitate the working of the Liquor Act in diminishing the number of licensees, and to favor the legislation desired by the trades unions. Another matter which has bulked largely on the Liberal opposition campaign is that of business labor in the Transvaal, where the question of local powers and rights raises critical and political points.

Canada Interested.
The Cabinet has quite a measure of Canadian local color. Lord Aberdeen, the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, is an ex-Governor of the Dominion; while his son-in-law, Capt. Sinclair, who was his secretary in Canada, will have control of the affairs of Scotland. Lord Elgin, the Colonial Secretary, was born near Montreal during his father's term of office as the most eminent Governor-General Canada ever had.

Another feature of the Government is the presence of the family factor, the Gordons, following on the footsteps of the Cecil. They have Lord Aberdeen, his brother-in-law, Lord Tweedmouth, and his son-in-law, Capt. Sinclair. But the chief characteristic on the personal side is the predominance of Scotsmen, either by birth or parliamentary connection. The Premier, the Lord Chancellor, the Colonial Secretary, the War Secretary, the First Lord of the Admiralty, the Secretary for Scotland, the Secretary for Ireland and the Lord Lieutenant are all Scotsmen. Mr. Asquith and Mr. Morley represent Scottish constituencies.

London Comment.
London, Dec. 11.—The Conservative morning papers are compelled to admit that Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman has succeeded in forming a much stronger administration than has been thought possible. The Liberal papers are full of enthusiasm. They express the conviction that such a Cabinet will inspire confidence both at home and abroad.

Balfour Opens the Campaign.
Manchester, Dec. 11.—Arthur J. Balfour, now the leader of the opposition in the United Kingdom, opened the campaign in a stirring speech before his Manchester constituents Saturday. With the utmost frankness, the former Premier explained that the resignation of his Government was on the ground of expediency, showing that the step had been carefully considered for some time and that it was evidently contemplated by Mr. Balfour during the greater part of the year.

Mr. Balfour defended the action of the Unionist Government in its retention of office on the ground that it was essential to wait until the Anglo-Japanese treaty was finally concluded and other necessary features of the Government program carried out. This had been done with the exception of which had been given to Parliament, but divisions within the Unionist party led the Government to the conclusion that it would be impossible at present to carry a measure which demands absolute unity.

The meeting concluded with the passing of a vote of confidence in Mr. Balfour, whereupon the former Premier responding, said he had much to say concerning the Unionist and Liberal programs, but that he would reserve it for a more fitting occasion. He declared he intended to lead the opposition through the campaign.

Throughout his speech Mr. Balfour made no reference to Joseph Chamberlain or his fiscal policy.

Benzine Victim Dies.
Toronto, Dec. 11.—John Watson, who was so badly burned in the explosion of benzine at Parker's Dry Goods on Dec. 1, died in the General Hospital yesterday from a complication brought on by the poisonous fumes inhaled. Deceased was a young man unmarried and had no relatives in the city. He boarded at 63 Yorkville avenue. An inquest will be held.

Devlin May Settle Here.
Ottawa, Dec. 11.—Charles Devlin, M. P. for Galway, Ireland, and family arrived in the city last night on a visit to Mr. Devlin's father at Aymer. Regarding a rumor that he will not again contest Galway, but settle once more in Canada, Mr. Devlin had nothing to say. It is understood that he wishes to consult his brothers and friends before reaching a decision.

members, including the Lord Chancellor, in the House of Lords, a fact indicative of the small hold Liberal principles have in aristocratic quarters. As no doubt is numbered among the Ministerialists, a Mistress of the Robes to the Queen will have to be found in

members, including the Lord Chancellor, in the House of Lords, a fact indicative of the small hold Liberal principles have in aristocratic quarters. As no doubt is numbered among the Ministerialists, a Mistress of the Robes to the Queen will have to be found in



EARL SPENCER.

some lesser rank of the peerage, and Lady Crewe's appointment has been suggested. This post has always been regarded as of considerable political importance, but in altered constitutional conditions it does not now seem to stand in any different position from that occupied by other court appointments. There will be general regret that Earl Spencer's unfortunate paralysis attack has prevented him from occupying the high office to which he was entitled, and the leadership of the Upper House will now have to be filled.

His Rule Out of It.
On the political side the binding element is provided by the general antagonism to Mr. Chamberlain's fiscal reform proposals, which have for the time being given the Liberal party a working unity. There will be no home rule bill in the next Parliament from this Ministry, but it can hardly escape from the Irish question. The Cabinet may be expected to essay the amendment of the English Education Act in the non-conformist interest, to facilitate the working of the Liquor Act in diminishing the number of licensees, and to favor the legislation desired by the trades unions. Another matter which has bulked largely on the Liberal opposition campaign is that of business labor in the Transvaal, where the question of local powers and rights raises critical and political points.

Canada Interested.
The Cabinet has quite a measure of Canadian local color. Lord Aberdeen, the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, is an ex-Governor of the Dominion; while his son-in-law, Capt. Sinclair, who was his secretary in Canada, will have control of the affairs of Scotland. Lord Elgin, the Colonial Secretary, was born near Montreal during his father's term of office as the most eminent Governor-General Canada ever had.

Another feature of the Government is the presence of the family factor, the Gordons, following on the footsteps of the Cecil. They have Lord Aberdeen, his brother-in-law, Lord Tweedmouth, and his son-in-law, Capt. Sinclair. But the chief characteristic on the personal side is the predominance of Scotsmen, either by birth or parliamentary connection. The Premier, the Lord Chancellor, the Colonial Secretary, the War Secretary, the First Lord of the Admiralty, the Secretary for Scotland, the Secretary for Ireland and the Lord Lieutenant are all Scotsmen. Mr. Asquith and Mr. Morley represent Scottish constituencies.

London Comment.
London, Dec. 11.—The Conservative morning papers are compelled to admit that Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman has succeeded in forming a much stronger administration than has been thought possible. The Liberal papers are full of enthusiasm. They express the conviction that such a Cabinet will inspire confidence both at home and abroad.

Balfour Opens the Campaign.
Manchester, Dec. 11.—Arthur J. Balfour, now the leader of the opposition in the United Kingdom, opened the campaign in a stirring speech before his Manchester constituents Saturday. With the utmost frankness, the former Premier explained that the resignation of his Government was on the ground of expediency, showing that the step had been carefully considered for some time and that it was evidently contemplated by Mr. Balfour during the greater part of the year.

Mr. Balfour defended the action of the Unionist Government in its retention of office on the ground that it was essential to wait until the Anglo-Japanese treaty was finally concluded and other necessary features of the Government program carried out. This had been done with the exception of which had been given to Parliament, but divisions within the Unionist party led the Government to the conclusion that it would be impossible at present to carry a measure which demands absolute unity.

The meeting concluded with the passing of a vote of confidence in Mr. Balfour, whereupon the former Premier responding, said he had much to say concerning the Unionist and Liberal programs, but that he would reserve it for a more fitting occasion. He declared he intended to lead the opposition through the campaign.

Throughout his speech Mr. Balfour made no reference to Joseph Chamberlain or his fiscal policy.

Benzine Victim Dies.
Toronto, Dec. 11.—John Watson, who was so badly burned in the explosion of benzine at Parker's Dry Goods on Dec. 1, died in the General Hospital yesterday from a complication brought on by the poisonous fumes inhaled. Deceased was a young man unmarried and had no relatives in the city. He boarded at 63 Yorkville avenue. An inquest will be held.

Devlin May Settle Here.
Ottawa, Dec. 11.—Charles Devlin, M. P. for Galway, Ireland, and family arrived in the city last night on a visit to Mr. Devlin's father at Aymer. Regarding a rumor that he will not again contest Galway, but settle once more in Canada, Mr. Devlin had nothing to say. It is understood that he wishes to consult his brothers and friends before reaching a decision.

members, including the Lord Chancellor, in the House of Lords, a fact indicative of the small hold Liberal principles have in aristocratic quarters. As no doubt is numbered among the Ministerialists, a Mistress of the Robes to the Queen will have to be found in

some lesser rank of the peerage, and Lady Crewe's appointment has been suggested. This post has always been regarded as of considerable political importance, but in altered constitutional conditions it does not now seem to stand in any different position from that occupied by other court appointments. There will be general regret that Earl Spencer's unfortunate paralysis attack has prevented him from occupying the high office to which he was entitled, and the leadership of the Upper House will now have to be filled.

His Rule Out of It.
On the political side the binding element is provided by the general antagonism to Mr. Chamberlain's fiscal reform proposals, which have for the time being given the Liberal party a working unity. There will be no home rule bill in the next Parliament from this Ministry, but it can hardly escape from the Irish question. The Cabinet may be expected to essay the amendment of the English Education Act in the non-conformist interest, to facilitate the working of the Liquor Act in diminishing the number of licensees, and to favor the legislation desired by the trades unions. Another matter which has bulked largely on the Liberal opposition campaign is that of business labor in the Transvaal, where the question of local powers and rights raises critical and political points.

Canada Interested.
The Cabinet has quite a measure of Canadian local color. Lord Aberdeen, the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, is an ex-Governor of the Dominion; while his son-in-law, Capt. Sinclair, who was his secretary in Canada, will have control of the affairs of Scotland. Lord Elgin, the Colonial Secretary, was born near Montreal during his father's term of office as the most eminent Governor-General Canada ever had.

Another feature of the Government is the presence of the family factor, the Gordons, following on the footsteps of the Cecil. They have Lord Aberdeen, his brother-in-law, Lord Tweedmouth, and his son-in-law, Capt. Sinclair. But the chief characteristic on the personal side is the predominance of Scotsmen, either by birth or parliamentary connection. The Premier, the Lord Chancellor, the Colonial Secretary, the War Secretary, the First Lord of the Admiralty, the Secretary for Scotland, the Secretary for Ireland and the Lord Lieutenant are all Scotsmen. Mr. Asquith and Mr. Morley represent Scottish constituencies.

London Comment.
London, Dec. 11.—The Conservative morning papers are compelled to admit that Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman has succeeded in forming a much stronger administration than has been thought possible. The Liberal papers are full of enthusiasm. They express the conviction that such a Cabinet will inspire confidence both at home and abroad.

Balfour Opens the Campaign.
Manchester, Dec. 11.—Arthur J. Balfour, now the leader of the opposition in the United Kingdom, opened the campaign in a stirring speech before his Manchester constituents Saturday. With the utmost frankness, the former Premier explained that the resignation of his Government was on the ground of expediency, showing that the step had been carefully considered for some time and that it was evidently contemplated by Mr. Balfour during the greater part of the year.

Mr. Balfour defended the action of the Unionist Government in its retention of office on the ground that it was essential to wait until the Anglo-Japanese treaty was finally concluded and other necessary features of the Government program carried out. This had been done with the exception of which had been given to Parliament, but divisions within the Unionist party led the Government to the conclusion that it would be impossible at present to carry a measure which demands absolute unity.

The meeting concluded with the passing of a vote of confidence in Mr. Balfour, whereupon the former Premier responding, said he had much to say concerning the Unionist and Liberal programs, but that he would reserve it for a more fitting occasion. He declared he intended to lead the opposition through the campaign.

Throughout his speech Mr. Balfour made no reference to Joseph Chamberlain or his fiscal policy.

Benzine Victim Dies.
Toronto, Dec. 11.—John Watson, who was so badly burned in the explosion of benzine at Parker's Dry Goods on Dec. 1, died in the General Hospital yesterday from a complication brought on by the poisonous fumes inhaled. Deceased was a young man unmarried and had no relatives in the city. He boarded at 63 Yorkville avenue. An inquest will be held.

Devlin May Settle Here.
Ottawa, Dec. 11.—Charles Devlin, M. P. for Galway, Ireland, and family arrived in the city last night on a visit to Mr. Devlin's father at Aymer. Regarding a rumor that he will not again contest Galway, but settle once more in Canada, Mr. Devlin had nothing to say. It is understood that he wishes to consult his brothers and friends before reaching a decision.

members, including the Lord Chancellor, in the House of Lords, a fact indicative of the small hold Liberal principles have in aristocratic quarters. As no doubt is numbered among the Ministerialists, a Mistress of the Robes to the Queen will have to be found in

some lesser rank of the peerage, and Lady Crewe's appointment has been suggested. This post has always been regarded as of considerable political importance, but in altered constitutional conditions it does not now seem to stand in any different position from that occupied by other court appointments. There will be general regret that Earl Spencer's unfortunate paralysis attack has prevented him from occupying the high office to which he was entitled, and the leadership of the Upper House will now have to be filled.

His Rule Out of It.
On the political side the binding element is provided by the general antagonism to Mr. Chamberlain's fiscal reform proposals, which have for the time being given the Liberal party a working unity. There will be no home rule bill in the next Parliament from this Ministry, but it can hardly escape from the Irish question. The Cabinet may be expected to essay the amendment of the English Education Act in the non-conformist interest, to facilitate the working of the Liquor Act in diminishing the number of licensees, and to favor the legislation desired by the trades unions. Another matter which has bulked largely on the Liberal opposition campaign is that of business labor in the Transvaal, where the question of local powers and rights raises critical and political points.

Canada Interested.
The Cabinet has quite a measure of Canadian local color. Lord Aberdeen, the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, is an ex-Governor of the Dominion; while his son-in-law, Capt. Sinclair, who was his secretary in Canada, will have control of the affairs of Scotland. Lord Elgin, the Colonial Secretary, was born near Montreal during his father's term of office as the most eminent Governor-General Canada ever had.

Another feature of the Government is the presence of the family factor, the Gordons, following on the footsteps of the Cecil. They have Lord Aberdeen, his brother-in-law, Lord Tweedmouth, and his son-in-law, Capt. Sinclair. But the chief characteristic on the personal side is the predominance of Scotsmen, either by birth or parliamentary connection. The Premier, the Lord Chancellor, the Colonial Secretary, the War Secretary, the First Lord of the Admiralty, the Secretary for Scotland, the Secretary for Ireland and the Lord Lieutenant are all Scotsmen. Mr. Asquith and Mr. Morley represent Scottish constituencies.

London Comment.
London, Dec. 11.—The Conservative morning papers are compelled to admit that Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman has succeeded in forming a much stronger administration than has been thought possible. The Liberal papers are full of enthusiasm. They express the conviction that such a Cabinet will inspire confidence both at home and abroad.

Balfour Opens the Campaign.
Manchester, Dec. 11.—Arthur J. Balfour, now the leader of the opposition in the United Kingdom, opened the campaign in a stirring speech before his Manchester constituents Saturday. With the utmost frankness, the former Premier explained that the resignation of his Government was on the ground of expediency, showing that the step had been carefully considered for some time and that it was evidently contemplated by Mr. Balfour during the greater part of the year.

Mr. Balfour defended the action of the Unionist Government in its retention of office on the ground that it was essential to wait until the Anglo-Japanese treaty was finally concluded and other necessary features of the Government program carried out. This had been done with the exception of which had been given to Parliament, but divisions within the Unionist party led the Government to the conclusion that it would be impossible at present to carry a measure which demands absolute unity.

The meeting concluded with the passing of a vote of confidence in Mr. Balfour, whereupon the former Premier responding, said he had much to say concerning the Unionist and Liberal programs, but that he would reserve it for a more fitting occasion. He declared he intended to lead the opposition through the campaign.

Here's A Golden Opportunity

Thursday, the 7th will open the Biggest Sale of Boys' 3 piece Suits you've ever witnessed in Chatham.

You get bigger bargains than ever before.

COME AND SEE

\$4.00—45 Suits, sizes 28 to 33. Sale price, \$2.99.

\$5.00—75 Suits, sizes 28 to 33. Sale price, \$3.49.

\$6.50—22 Suits, sizes 28 to 33. Sale price, \$4.39.

Remember these are odd Suits and broken lines and will not last long. Every line marked in plain figures. They will go out with a rush.

Remember these are odd Suits and broken lines and will not last long. Every line marked in plain figures. They will go out with a rush.

GEO. MEYNELL

3 Doors West from Market,
King Street, Chatham.

The Letter-Box

LANDLORD AND TENANT.

To the Editor of The Planet:

Mr. Syer, the solicitor for Mr. Swan, the tenant—has furnished you with a very unfair and garbled report of the judgment herein on appeal to the Divisional Court; the object evidently being to show that Judge Bell made a great judicial blunder in granting the order appealed from, and in addition to probably glorify the solicitor for the tenant. Neither will succeed. It would have been more candid to have supplied the press with the official report, which is as follows:—

"Re Wemp and Swan—H. M. Mowat, K. C., for John Swan, tenant, moved to set aside an order of the Divisional Court judgment, made under the overhanging bench's act, requiring the applicant to give up possession of the devised premises. The order was reversed into the court by certiorari, and it was contended (1) That the County Court Judge had no jurisdiction because a copy of the affidavit on which the appointment for hearing was obtained was not served with the appointment, and (2) That the landlady had accepted rent after the expiration of the time limited by the notice to quit given by the landlady. J. E. Jones, for Mrs. Wemp, the landlady, contra. Order made setting aside the proceedings on the second ground, with costs. Meredith, C. J., dissenting as to costs. No order to restore possession to tenant, who has gone out of possession, a new tenant having been put in possession by the landlady. The tenant left to bring an action if he so desires."

If the tenant or his learned counsel can gather any grains of comfort or profit from this judgment, they are welcome. The decision turned upon the fact that the landlady accepted rent after serving notice to quit. This fact was not brought before Judge Bell at all, and as solicitor for the landlady in the proceedings before Judge Bell, I was not aware of this fact until after the appeal was launched. Any judge of the Divisional Court would have readily granted the order made by Judge Bell, upon the same material. The Divisional Court judgment shows there were no merits whatever in favor of the tenant, and it practically says to the tenant, "You were put out and you stay out; there will be no order to re-instate you in possession." The only satisfaction the tenant and his solicitor have is that they put the landlady to some useless costs and trouble without benefiting the tenant to the extent of a frozen cornstalk. Sir Wm. Meredith, the Chief Justice, dissented from giving the tenant any costs.

GEO. G. MARTIN.
Chatham, Dec. 11th, 1905.

Boys! Something for Nothing

That's exactly what we mean by our offer of exchanging boys.

We will send free of all charge, ten copies of the current issue of Success Magazine. You can sell these for one dollar, and this will furnish you capital to buy more at the wholesale price.

You can work up a list of permanent customers who will buy a copy every month, and this will give you plenty of spending money all the time—money that you will enjoy more because you made it in business yourself.

In addition to a liberal profit on each copy sold, we give cash prizes and premiums, such as watches, cameras, boxing gloves and dozens of other things dear to the heart of a boy.

Send your request for the ten free copies to The Success Boy Department, Washington Square, New York. A postal card will do.

TAKE TIME BY THE FORELOCK

And do your Christmas shopping now. We are ready and our stocks are ready with everything we will have for Christmas, so there is nothing to be gained by waiting.

While we want you to watch this space, watch our windows, watch the one on King Street, one of the finest in Ontario. You will see some lightening changes there from now till Christmas that will suggest a hundred gifts for men you never even thought of. Most of them will be price marked, too.



If you don't see what you think you want in the windows, step inside and ask for it. We will likely have it if its for a man or boy. In fact you can't afford to pass this store if you are a Christmas shopper, and of course you are, everybody is.

Here are a few suggestions in things that we think will make suitable gifts, and in each of which we are showing a magnificent range.

GLOVES

In all shades of wool, kid and mohair in correct shades, unlined, wool lined, fur lined, 50c. to \$3.00. Boys' lined and unlined gloves and lined mocha mitts, 50c. and 70c.

MUFFLERS

A most comprehensive showing in all shapes, shades and styles, Squares, Oxfords, Ways' Wool Mufflers and the Earl Gray, an entirely new one, 50c. to \$5.00.

UMBRELLAS

This one of the stocks we give especial attention at Christmas. We are showing some striking novelties in handles and mountings. Also the suit case umbrella, which will fold up and fit in a valise. \$1 to \$5.

COATERS

Are entirely new stock with us. Our buyer picked them up when looking for novelties in New York a fortnight ago. Of course he got what's down there. They run from 50c. to \$3.00.

NECKWEAR

It goes without saying that we set the pace in neckwear, for volume, variety and value. Thousands to choose from, in every shape and shade—25c. to 75c.

COIN JEWELLRY

Another novelty, have you seen it? The pins, cuff buttons, watch fobs, made from real coins, with the King's head accentuated with a die. Here's your chance to give something really new, 50c. to \$2.50.

We can't tell you here half what we know about things for Christmas, or a tenth of what a look through our stocks will suggest.

Thornton & Douglas, Ltd

Arrest For Highway Attack.
Galt, Dec. 10.—Lawrence Smith, armed with a revolver, on the night of the 2nd December, assaulted John R. Hillock with intent to rob. He will be brought to Galt from Berlin and arraigned on Monday.

Chief Gorman, having suspicions, telephoned to Chief O'Neill at Berlin to arrest Smith, who has been staying in the county town for several weeks.