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• Ogels on new album • BY MARK CAMPBELL • W First A COVER sporting a famous Nellie McClung quote and a rabid looking

animal, the debut album of the Sons of Freedom certainly looked unique. Fortunately, so was the music. The band bristled with raw energy lacking in many of today's socalled rock bands. Certainly a song called "Fuck the System" had given me cause for concern before I bought another band content to chant mindless cliches over lame music.

MUSIC Sons of Freedom Gump

Nothing could have been further from the truth. While the album was original and vibrant, it sagged at times into dense and plodding progressions that seemed to be heading nowhere. It was, however, a promising debut that made the band one worth watching. Yet, when I heard they had parted ways with their record company, I Some critics have had problems

thought they were destined to join the other one album Canadian bands TITH A COVER sporting a that showed promise, but faded into

Last fall, the band was signed to Chrysalis in the US, and while that signing appears to be in jeopardy due to the recent buyout of the label. MCA Canada appears dedicated to developing this promising band. This second album, Gump, is an improvement in that the songs are, for the most part, shorter and less cluttered or heard the album. I feared this was than those on their debut album without sacrificing the raw power that characterized their debut.

When the band gels, as they do on the opening track "You're No Good," the music is dense and often concerned with the familiar themes of relationships and getting your act together, there is a wry and acerbic wit at work here. "You're No Good" is buoyed by the strong bass lines of Don Binns and the metallic crunch of guitarists Don Harrison and James Kingston, the band's lyricist and vocalist

Sons of Freedom feeling free to wear black.

adjusting to Kingston's style of singing and though his range as a vocalist is limited, his vocal style is a major factor in the band's unique sound. He whoops, snarls, bellows and almost yodels, and, in the slow tempo number "I Can See," his vocals are surprisingly tender. It is at once a haunting and touching moment for this band, aided by some of Kingston's most straightforward lyrics; "As we spy upon the children coming running home from school/As I tell you that I love you and you say you

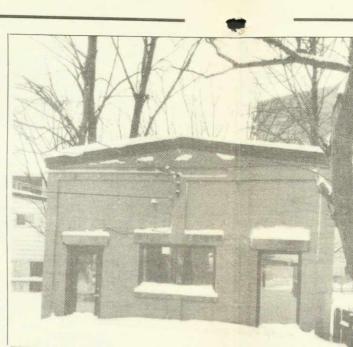
love me too," which make this one of

the most memorable songs on the album Elsewhere, Kingston takes up more serious subject matters, such as substance abuse on "Call Me," one of the album's best songs. Here, Kingston chooses not to moralize but to depict the harm of dependency on anything that brings pleasure. In this case, it is drug abuse. Kingston's lyrics suggest the frustration of the concerned onlooker; "I must be mad/Mad to try to help you though you need it/You need it pretty bad/I understand/ Standing here and begging won't change you/Help detoxify your heart.

Getting your act together is the basis of "Jesus and Jim" a harrowing look at a splintering mind. The narrator is haunted by demons, calling out to some saviour ("I tried so hard to reach you/I wanted to believe you.") And while the chorus hints that Jesus is trying to reach him with his "maker on the line," there appears to be little hope in the closing lines; "Given the chance I'd crawl back up the womb/I can't stand the sight of another day/There's no relief in the drugs that I take/So gimme a reason I should stay."

Kingston's humour is best evident in "USA Long Distance," a humorous recounting of his impressions of our southern neighbours; "The first time I saw her/She was a black marine/The next time I saw her/She was a drag show queen." There are also tow versions of "Dreamgirl," each one sporting different lyrics. The first version is driven by a machine gun back beat, and the second version ends the album. Each one is driven by the tight and muscular arrangements developed by Kingston and the three Dons.

Produced by Chris Wardman (TPOH, Tragically Hip, Leslie Spit Free-o) the sound lives up to the saw blade that graces their logo. The band occasionally falters, though. "Circle, Circle" seems to go nowhere and there are moments when the thick arrangements threaten to plod, but this song is strong follow-up album and bodes well for Sons of Freedom, regardless of whether they ever find mass acceptance.



A forgotten yet adjustable building.

BY ROBERT CURRIE

THAT KIND of museum is this?" Theresa Hubbard has been hearing that question ever since she and partner Alexander Birchler opened a museum in a forgotten South End building.

EXHIBITION

Days to be moved — A Store Room of Adjustable Items A Forgotten South End Bldg.

"This is a museum about the history of this building," Hubbard explains, "but it's also a museum that talks about history in general — it's a museum about museums."

Days to be moved — a Store Room of Adjustable Items is an exhibition in and about a former Chinese laundry on the corner of Barrington and Inglis

Streets. Sculptors Hubbard and Birchler, who act as the museum's attendants, researched the history of the 60 year old building, compiling personal accounts and records of the location's past. These documents are filed in the museum's Inventory Catalogue, available for visitors to examine.

PHOTO: ALAN BIRCHER

Hubbard and Birchler take turns acting as the museum's attendants, engaging in discussion, answering questions and inviting visitors to contribute to the museum's files.

Almost filling the building's interior is a scale model of the building itself, covered in plastic sheeting, labeled with museum-style tags. It, like the collection of books which line the building's walls, is on display, but is also in storage. The presentation of the artifacts evokes both the building's past as a storeroom and Inglis St.

Displaying history uniquely

BY R. CURRIE

∩ OMEWHERE IN THE VOID between school and career lives the twentysomething genera-V tion. Overeducated, underemployed and unabashedly cynical, they are the poverty jet-set, the downwardly mobile. Forever in the shadow of the baby boomers, they are a generation largely ignored. Until Generation X.

FICTION Generation X by Douglas Coupland

Douglas Coupland's Generation X is a primer on the irony-driven lives of Dag, Claire and Andy as they of suburbia and a fascination with about a particularly dull couple, we doesn't exist: the present.

their McJobs ("low pay, low prestige, tainment of the novel's three central low benefits, low future"). They move characters is storytelling. They tell in cycles of departure and arrival, each other "bedtime stories," intriinterspersed with picnics in the desert, cate, funny tales of exile and apocacollisions with ex-lovers and family lypse, searching and loss, like the and the odd bout of semi-intentional story of Buck the astronaut, who vandalism. And while the plot may crash-lands on the forgotten asteroid be simple, even unremarkable, this is Texlahoma, where it is always 1974. a deeply resonant novel: What follows is a perfectly off-bal-We live small lives on the periphery; we are marginalized and there's a great

deal in which we choose not to participate ... We had compulsions that made us confuse shopping with creativity, to take downers and assume that merely renting a video on a Saturday night was enough. But now that we live here in the desert, things are much, much better.

It's not success that Dag, Claire search for amusing diversions from dead celebrities. But the chief enter- find the definition of squires:

the storerooms of conventional museums, where items not on display are kept, banished from public view. How do the residents of the neighborhood react to the sudden

appearance of a museum next door? "They don't question it at all," Birchler answers. "There is hardly anybody who really questions the purpose of it. They just see and react

the building." The structure was built in 1930 for the Kee Fong family, serving as home and business. Renovated in 1974, it has recently been used to store books and as an office.

and they tell what they know about

Museum creators Hubbard and Birchler have practiced museummaking in Banff, Gdansk, Poland and elsewhere in Halifax. While trained as artists, they see their work as an alternative to the conventions of artwork and galleries.

"I find that how galleries work in general is that they focus on one audience," says Birchler. "Projects like this really encourage me, and encourage other people, to communicate.'

Birchler would like the museum to "get people to stop and reflect on their own lives - it is an interruption." Whether prompted by curiosity about the artistic and philosophical issues addressed by the museum, or a thirst for local history, a visit is certain to be an intriguing interruption. Unlike conventional museums. which encourage passive viewing, this is a museum which makes the visitor part of the contents.

Days to be moved - a Store Room of Adjustable Items is open every day from 2-7 p.m. until March 28 at 5357

Playing a sweet and sour life

BY JULIE LUOMA

HERE'S SOMETHING won- ing onions and potatoes. Shirley goodalso something disturbing about it announced she'd go nowhere in life when it hits home.

ARTS

THEATRE Shirley Valentine

Neptune Theatre

tre's latest production, Shirley Valen- thing. But what I really hated was tine, starring Nicola Lipman, lends me." Reflecting on a friendship that an enlightening perspective to didn't work out she asks "did some-"kitchen sink comedy." Written by thing happen? Or did nothing hapthe author of Educating Rita, the brilliantly paced script crackles with honest outbursts of laughter at oth- you" excuses her husband's inatten- and that she won't follow her suiters. Lipman delivers Willy Russell's seamlessly sewn text with a dazzling sense of comic timing that was greeted with a standing ovation opening quirks caused by years of housewifnight.

chips and egg for an unappreciative hubby. Alone on stage, Shirley talks bus stop. about her 42-year-old British housewife's reality and the little life she's set off on a Mediterranean voyage, a refreshing thirst quencher with a lived "when inside there's so much torn between her fear of life beyond more." The catalyst for her musing is the wall and her boredom with life as a "feminist" friend's offer to vacation "Saint Joan of the fitted units." Ulti-

ogether in Greece.

Putting away groceries and peelderfully appealing about lis- naturedly remembers her school tening to a woman lucidly re- years. One teacher rejected her corflecting on her life. But there's rect answer. Another sarcastically -and how it was just as well because her lousy Geography marks indicated she'd get lost if she tried.

In more sobering moments, Shirley remembers her school experience For all its humour, Neptune Thea- soon taught her to say "I hated everypen?" This same question applies to of living. She decides her youthful her soured marriage where "I love self got lost in "all this unused life" tion and harsh words.

Shirley's reminiscing reveals abundance of thought-provoking little ery. Like talking to the wall, "don't I The play opens with Shirley com- wall?" Or comparing women being ing home from shopping to prepare misled about orgasm to asking Shirley Valentine again. Would you Sigmund Freud for directions at the

Shirley agonizes over whether to

mately, she decides to prepare a for night's worth of dinners and leave without a word. "With a bit of luck, he won't even notice I'm not here.'

Shirley heads off hoping for liberating adventures as simple as the "excitement of not knowing what the day will hold." Her Mediterranean voyage proves fruitless when it comes to her symbolic dream of liberation: "drinking wine in a country where the grape is grown." But she unexpectedly and rapturously discovers the clitoris with a lover she names Christopher Columbus.

On a holiday romance with herself, Shirley falls in love with the idea case home. She earns her keep at Columbus' taverna and rebuffs her husband's demands to return. When she shows up to reclaim her, she announces: "I used to be the mother. I used to be your wife. But now I'm like to join me for a drink?"

A punchy mix of memoirs of a sweet and sour life, Shirley Valentine is light after taste

ance reworking of the Sleeping Beautystory: "Have you ever thought of being a rep for aloe after you retire from being an astronaut, Buck?" Coupland's biggest achievement is that he has written a sly social allegory disguised as a novel. The trio of Generation X ambassadors are part of that allegory, but just to make things perfectly clear, Coupland fills

The most common X generation subgroup and the only subgroup given to breeding. Squires exist almost exclusively in couples and are recognizable by their frantic attempts to recreate a semblance of Eisenhower-era plenitude in their daily lives in the face of exorbitant housing prices and two-job lifestyles.

This is typical of Coupland's wickedpsychographic hair-splitting. He identifies and then subdivides demographic groups with arch dedication: black holes, earth tones, yuppie wannabes and bleeding ponytails. In so doing, Coupland manages to be didactic without being preachy, rueful without whining. This is a refreshingly contemporary novel, one that looks to the past for styles to canniof the under-30 demographic. Subti- and Andy pursue — it's amusement. the margins of the book with car- balize, not for nostalgia. Generation tled Tales for an Accelerated Culture, Amusement takes many forms — a toons, definitions, slogans and as- X is a time capsule for a time which, Generation X charts the wanderings mania for media trivia, a twisted love sorted factoids. Alongside a passage according to the 60s-besotted media

