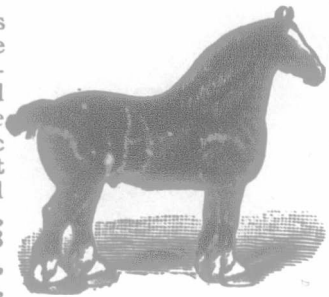


HORSEMEN!

The Souris Clydesdale Horse Association will offer for sale by public auction at the Imperial Stables, Souris, at 3 o'clock p.m., on Friday, September 11th, their celebrated imported, pure-bred Clydesdale stallion, "Montrave Ruler", No. 10598. Montrave Ruler is a light bay, foaled May 8th, 1897, bred by Sir John Gilmour Montrave, Leven, Fife, Scotland, and won the Caithness Premium of One Hundred Pounds in 1900. He has travelled the Souris district for the past five years with excellent success, his stock taking first prize at all the local exhibitions. Terms for sale, 10% on day of sale, 40% Dec. 1st, 1908, and the balance Dec. 1st, 1909, with interest at 8%, upon the purchaser providing approved security. For any further information write W. G. Hetherington, Box 234, Souris, Man.



FOR SALE Stallion Graphic

by Baron's Pride, dam Seabreeze by MacGregor. This is one of the best stock horses in the province, having travelled for six years in this district.

Apply to
A. Clark, Callmount P. O. Sask.



We have a bunch of the best bred Clydesdale fillies that could be picked up in Scotland. Every one is an outstanding individual. Four two-year-olds are bred to Scotland's most noted sires. Three colts and a few home bred fillies and mares.

Burnett & McKirdy - Napinka, Man.

Shorthorns and Tamworths

For immediate sale: Aged bull, Neepawa Chief, guaranteed sure stock getter. Red Jack, a splendid 3 year old; also 3 exceptional yearlings. In Tamworths, everything in the herd. This stock has won firsts and championships wherever shown. Pigs 8 to 10 weeks old. Write for particulars, **A. W. CASWELL, Neepawa, Man.**

SHORTHORNS

I have just sold four nice three-year-old bulls to T. McCord, of Talbot, Alberta; also one yearling bull to C. Standish, of Priddis, Alta. I have two yearling bulls for sale and some bull calves.

JOHN RAMSAY, Priddis, Alta.

STAR FARM SHORTHORNS



This prize winning herd is headed by the Imported Champion Bull Allister. Several animals for sale a number of prize winners in the lot. Farm one mile from station. Improved Yorkshire pigs and Barred Plymouth Rocks.

R. W. CASWELL, Box 13, Saskatoon, Sask.



J. C. POPE

Regina Stock Farm
Regina, Sask.

Breeder of
Ayrshire Cattle & Improved Yorkshire Swine
Stock of both Sexes and all Ages for Sale.



Melrose Stock Farm SHORTHORNS CLYDESDALES

We have a few of both sexes for sale. A four-year-old Leicester Ram also for sale.

George Rankin & Sons, Hamiota, Man.

We Do Job Printing

Right on Time Right on Quality
Right on Price

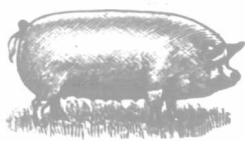
The Farmer's Advocate of Winnipeg



SHORTHORNS!

As I am giving up farming, I am prepared to quote rock bottom prices on Shorthorns of all ages. The breeding of my cattle is the equal of anything in the country. Enquiries will be promptly attended to.

H. O. AYEARST, Mount Royal, Man.



Glencorse Yorkshires

Stock from boar, Oak Lodge, Prior 36th, sired by Dalmeny D.C. Imp., bred by Earl of Rosebery, K.G., Scotland, also from the boar Markland Candidate 4th—Imp., in the dam, champion sow at Edinburgh, Scotland, two successive years. Stock not akin, in numbers to suit purchasers.

Glen Bros., Didsbury, Alta.

PURE BRED HOGS, \$10 EACH

To reduce my stock I will sell my young herd of Yorks. and Berks., aged from 4 to 5 mos., at \$10 each, f. o. b. Napinka. This offer holds to Sept. 15th, after that date price will be advanced. The Yorks. are from prize winning stock. A1 individuals in both breeds. Write for information. Also shorthorns.

**A. D. McDONALD
Sunnyside Farm, Napinka, Man.**

Yorkshires & Berkshires

We advise prospective purchasers to buy Young Pigs. They can save on the price; save on the express charges (as crates can be made very light), and develop their pigs to suit themselves. We have five Stock Boars and over twenty-five sows, and will quote prices that mean business. Write for particulars or send your orders to

WALTER JAMES & SONS, Rosser, Man.

REPUTABLE FIRMS ARE THE
ONLY KIND THAT CAN BUY
SPACE IN THIS PAPER.

Glendening Bros., Harding, Man.

RED POLLED CATTLE

We are nearly sold out of bulls but have a few females for sale.

YORKSHIRE HOGS

If you want hogs—good hogs—hogs that will make you money—it will pay you to write us. We have breeding sows, young pigs, and two stock boars in the market.

Thomas Mercer, Markdale, Ont.

now offers for sale his recent Toronto winners—the 1st prize and Champion Shire Horse, Newham's Duke (Imp.); also the 3rd and 7th prize in aged Clydesdale, in an entry of 27. The two latter horses are sired by the noted Hiawatha, dams Lady Gratley and May Rose. The weighty kind that will sire draught horses. Correspondence solicited.

Mr. A. I. Hickman, Court Lodge

Egerton, Kent, England, exports pedigree Live Stock of every description to all parts of the world. Exported during 1907 more Shetland Ponies, more Romney Marsh Sheep, and more champion Oxford Downs than any other breeder or exporter, besides large numbers of other breeds of horses, ponies, cattle, sheep and hogs. Correspondence invited. Highest references given.



STOCKMEN

Have you any stock for sale? If you have why not advertise. This is the largest circulated farm paper in the West. If you have the goods the Advocate will find the buyers. Send your adv't in to-day.

Farmer's Advocate

AND HOME JOURNAL
WINNIPEG, MAN.

The first volume of the Canadian Aberdeen Angus herd book is being circulated. The volume registers 2693 animals but does not keep bulls and cows separate. Several half tones are published of prize winners at recent large shows, but as these are not made from photographs their value is considerably diminished.

* * *

Mr. Jaques of Ingleton, Alta., is in England making a selection of Suffolk Punch horses and Suffolk sheep for sale in Alberta. The Jaques Bros. are regular advertisers in these columns and their announcements will tell of their operations from time to time. No pains are to be spared to make the Suffolk stock popular in Alberta and other parts of the west.

LOCATING FARM WELLS.

Locate the well so that surface water may not get into it, and the waste from the barns may not contaminate it. The house and its well should always be on higher ground than the stables. If you can do no other way, you can fill in about the well so that this water shall be turned away.

And no waste from the house ever should be permitted to run into the well. We may either have a good tile drain to carry the water away or a box made of good hardwood, oak if possible, in place of the tile. If neither of these ways seems prac-

clean water rinse the stones off and dip this up from the bottom of the well. Now adjust the pump, and put the platform in shape again. This is hard work, of course, but it pays.

Drilled wells are not so apt to furnish cause for apprehension, especially if they are well cased for a number of feet below the surface; but even these should be fortified by good platforms and proper attention given to the drains from the buildings.

* * *

The Gourlay piano responds in sympathy with the temperament of the artist, and places within the hands of the musician the entire range of musical effect—while it gives to the student a revelation of musical values in their correct relations.

CANADA'S NORTH LAND.

Persons interested in the possibilities of development in the northland of Canada can find much food for thought in studying the conditions in Western Siberia, particularly the remarkable progress made in that country since the opening of the Trans-Siberian Railway. The future of the great new country in Canada has been much discussed, and some months ago Mr. R. E. Young, of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, surprised a Toronto audience by a lecture, showing the value of a region beyond Edmonton



MARJORIE.

Champion Shorthorn female at the Royal. Calved January 1906; Owned by H. M. the King.

ticable, one may have a large barrel or a big pail for the house slops, and carry that out to be used in the garden or somewhere about the farm crops. Such liquids are very rich, and will do much toward bringing good crops.

Every open well should be provided with a good tight plank platform to keep out rats, mice, and other intruders. For a foot or so from the top the wall should be laid up in cement or else well pointed up with mortar so that no such creature can dig its way through to the inside of the well. Were this always done, danger from drowned vermin would be greatly lessened.

But with all these precautions, the farm well will sometimes get impure, so that the water is not fit to use. Then the only thing to do is to clean it all out. In the late summer, when the water is lower than it is at any other time of the year, is a good time to do this work. The pump may need to be taken out in order that it shall not be in the way of the man who goes down into the well. After the water has been pumped out and the pump put either to one side of the well or lifted out, let some careful man go down the stone of the well and dip up all stuff that may have found its way into the water. It is surprising how much stuff may accumulate in even a well-kept well.

When the bottom has been thoroughly cleaned out, the walls should be washed carefully, scrubbing them with an old broom. Then with good

on which no value had been set.

The following extracts are from a report on the prospects of British trade in Siberia, published by the British Government in 1905. Tiumen mentioned in the extract is on a branch of the railway in the Province of Tobolsk. In latitude it is about 250 miles north of the latitude of Edmonton. Kourgan, on the main line of the railway is about 110 miles north of the latitude of Edmonton. Omsk near the south boundary of the Province of Tobolsk, and also on the main line of the railway is in latitude about 100 miles north of Edmonton.

"The butter-making industry of Western Siberia is one of the first direct results of the construction of the railway, and, from the point of view of the general well-being of the peasant population, the most promising outcome of the changed conditions now prevailing. It is at present the main resource of the inhabitants of the entire region.

"The progress made has, indeed, been wonderful. Previous to 1893 no butter was produced in Siberia for export abroad. The first to engage in butter-making under modern methods was an English woman, married to a Russian, whose dairy-farm at Chermak, Baitchka, in the district of Tiumen, was in 1885, the only one in Siberia, and is still a well-known model of its kind. The initial difficulties encountered, she told me, were extremely depressing. No experienced hands were to be found, the peasants did not under-