



THE VICTORIA TIMES. TWICE-A-WEEK EDITION. VICTORIA, B. C. FRIDAY, MARCH 6, 1903. VOL. 34. NO. 9.

PIERCE FIGHT WITH STRIKING ITALIANS

THEY USED AXES, KNIVES AND PICKS

A Second Victim of Winnipeg Accident Dies in Hospital—Raid on Chinese Gamblers.

Winnipeg, Man., March 2.—J. M. Peterson, one of the three Minnesotans who was asphyxiated by gas on Thursday night, died to-day at the General hospital, making the second victim. Peterson remained unconscious to the end. The third and last surviving victim, W. Olson, is improved considerably and became partly conscious this morning. When asked by the doctor how he felt, he managed to whisper faintly that he was better. Doctors who have been attending the cases had got hopes that Olson will pull through. Peterson was a married man having a wife and four children. The remains will be taken to Barrett, Minn., for interment.

Old Members Elected. St. John, N. B., March 2.—In Gloucester county the election for the provincial legislature resulted in the return of the three old members, Burns, Pezier and Young, over Curran, Boudreau and Morris, all government.

Fights With Strikers. Sydney, C. B., March 2.—This morning 300 striking Italian laborers assembled at the gates of the Dominion Iron & Steel Company and attempted to prevent the iron workers from going to work. A body of strikers, armed with knives, axes and picks, was charged by the police, and a fierce fight occurred. Quiet was finally restored. Several Italians have been arrested, but the ringleaders are still at large, and further trouble is feared. The Italians who were engaged in Montreal complain they are not being paid the wages contracted for.

Gambling. Montreal, March 2.—Twenty-three Chinamen were arrested last night and brought before Police Magistrate Lafontaine this morning, four of them charged with keeping gambling houses and the other 19 with frequenting the same. Joe Loy, one of the keepers, was fined \$50, and the other keepers and frequenters \$20 each and costs.

New Appointments. Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, president of the C. P. R., to-day said Mr. Arthur Piers would be manager of the steamships for the company, and Mr. David Campbell, now manager of the Elder Dempster line, in this city, would be appointed superintendent of steamships.

J. J. Hill's Purchase. Quebec, March 2.—James J. Hill, the United States railway magnate, has purchased from Lord Mount Stephen his property at Grand Metis, which includes large water power and salmon fishing rights there. It is probable that the power will be utilized for the purpose of furnishing electric light and tramways for the whole surrounding country, as well as pulp and sawmills.

Execution on Wednesday. The Court of Appeals has denied a new trial in the case of Joseph Maturin, the wife murderer, and Jos. Gosselin, slayer of Mrs. Tremblay in Bellechasse county. Both prisoners were to-day removed from Quebec jail to Montmagny, where they will on Wednesday bear the death sentences imposed upon them by Judge Pelletier.

Elected by Acclamation. Louisville, Que., March 3.—Horvudias Maynard, Liberal, was elected for Mississauga by acclamation to-day to succeed J. H. Legris, appointed to the Senate.

North Ontario. Beaverton, Ont., March 3.—Nominations for the Dominion bye-elections to be held in North Ontario, March 10th, were made here to-day. The candidates placed in the field are Geo. D. Grant, of Orillia, Liberal, and Geo. Foster, Toronto, Conservative.

Conservative Unseated. R. L. Borden, Conservative leader, has come up to take part in the North Ontario campaign in behalf of Geo. Foster, and will address four meetings. Mr. Foster is still unwell, and may not be able to take further part in the campaign.

Judgment was delivered in the Sant Ste. Marie provincial election case to-day, unseating Campbell, the Conservative member.

Would Buy States. Windsor, Ont., March 3.—At the city council meeting last night, Ald. Leggett and Keogh offered a resolution in answer to the Durham resolution presented to the United States congress last week authorizing the mayor to sign a petition on behalf of the council to be forwarded to His Majesty King Edward, through the hand of the Governor-General of Canada, praying him to confer with the President of the United States to ascertain upon what terms, if any, consistent with the dignity of the people,

the United States would agree to the annexation or sale of the States to Canada. The resolution was referred to the market and property committee, which has charge of all transfers of property.

An Amalgamation. Montreal, March 3.—The announcement was made here to-day that the Canadian Bank of Commerce and the Halifax Banking Company have entered into an agreement for amalgamation of the two banks. The terms are not made public, but are stated to be advantageous to the shareholders of both institutions. In the Maritime Provinces, the name of the Halifax Banking Company will be retained as part of the title of the larger institution and the services of the directors will be retained as a local board at Halifax. The entire staff is to be taken into the service of the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

For a Depot. Winnipeg, Man., March 3.—The official announcement was made to-night that the Canadian Northern Railway Company has purchased 24 acres, including Fort Garry park, the centre of the city, for a station and terminal purposes. The company will build this year station facilities second to none in the West.

Strike Off. Fort William, March 3.—The strike of the International Bridge & Structural Iron Workers' Union employees engaged on elevator work here was declared off to-night, and the men resume work tomorrow. J. A. Macdonald, head of the elevator building firm, arrived from Chicago to-day, and after a conference with the men, the schedule wages as demanded, with several slight reductions, was adopted, and the recognition of the union agreed upon. The strike has lasted six days.

The Lumber Cut. Owen Sound, Ont., March 3.—There will be about 550,000,000 feet of lumber cut in Georgian Bay district this winter. Brockville Wants Money. Brockville, Ont., March 3.—The city council to-night decided to apply to draw Carnegie for funds with which to erect a public library.

IMPERIAL SUBJECTS WILL BE DISCUSSED. Resolutions Which Canadian Manufacturers Will Submit to Chambers of Commerce Meeting.

Toronto, March 3.—Resolutions to be submitted by the Canadian Manufacturers' Association at the forthcoming meeting of the Chambers of Commerce to be held in Montreal in August next have been drawn up. The resolutions adopted are twelve in number, and are as follows:

- 1. That British capital and emigration be directed more to the colonies than to foreign countries.
2. That various colonies should undertake to contribute to the expense of Imperial defence.
3. That a reciprocal preferential tariff be established within the Empire.
4. That all treaties between Great Britain and foreign countries should leave Great Britain free to enter into such relations with the colonies and dependencies as might be deemed expedient.
5. The establishment of a fast steamship service between various ports of the Empire.
6. The adoption of decimal currency and metric system.
7. The establishment of intercolonial commercial councils.
8. Imperial postage, system throughout the Empire, not only on letters, but on printed matter and parcels.
9. In all contracts for public works preference to be given British subjects.
10. An Imperial commission to visit all parts of the Empire and prepare a report pointing out the resources of various portions, and show how they may best be developed in the interests of the whole.
11. That facilities should be arranged whereby news to and from different parts of the Empire should be transmitted entirely through British channels, and not be subject, as at present, to censorship and influence of foreigners.
12. That if the large tracts of land to the north of Canada are not at the present time part of our Dominion, or of the Empire, and held with a clear title, that steps should at once be taken to have possession established.

REMOVED FROM COURT. Lady Cook Protests Against Verdict of King's Bench.

London, March 3.—J. H. Wallace, formerly secretary of the late Sir Francis Cook, obtained a verdict in the Court of King's Bench for \$3,250 damages for libel against Lady Cook, better known as Tennessee Clavin, of New York. The latter charged Wallace with conspiracy to circulate rumors that Sir Francis died an unnatural death, with the object of blackmailing her. On hearing the verdict, Lady Cook sprang from her seat and waving a bundle of papers shouted: "Lord Alverstone, I am an American, and I want you to listen to me." She continued to protest in loud tones until the Lord Chief Justice desired the ushers to remove her.

W. L. Griffith, Canadian government agent at Cardiff, Wales, has been appointed to succeed Mr. Colmer in the high commissioner's office, London, England. Mr. Griffith, before going to Cardiff, was for several years a resident of Manitoba, and experienced pioneer life there. Hon. Clifford Sifton appointed Mr. Griffith to go to Wales in 1897 to do immigration work. He has been one of the most successful agents in the Old Country, and has lost no chance in placing the advantages of Canada as a field for

LEADERS OF THE NEW MOVEMENT.



RECENTLY ELECTED EXECUTIVE OF THE BRITISH COLUMBIA MINING ASSOCIATION.

The executive of the Provincial Miners' Association of British Columbia met Tuesday afternoon, and discussed various matters affecting the organization. Committees were appointed to deal with the different subjects coming before the executive. Last evening President John Keen left for Fernie. Other members of the delegation left previously, but as some of them would have to stop over at different points, President Keen expects to reach Fernie as soon as the other members. The delegation is a well selected one. John Keen, the president of the association, is at the head of it. He has shown his ability to dispense even justice during the meetings of the convention in this city. He is a native of Richmond Hill, Surrey, England, and was born in 1844. In 1880 he came to Victoria, where he followed his profession as civil engineer. The earliest map of the city was prepared by him. He afterwards went into the interior, where he followed his profession, making Kaslo his headquarters. For some time he was mining recorder at that point, and the miners and those interested all speak in the highest terms of the methodical manner in which he conducted the affairs of his headquarters. In the last election he entered the fight against R. Green, but was unsuccessful in his candidature. During the convention in this city Mr. Keen has

gained a provincial reputation as a presiding officer. His prompt and decisive manner in the chair could hardly be over-estimated. His rulings were always fair, and won the esteem of every interest represented. Mr. Keffer, manager of the British Columbia Copper Company; A. C. Flumcroft, assistant general manager of the Granby Smelter, and W. G. Gaunce, a broker of Greenwood, represent the interests of capital on that delegation. Harry Seaman, of Rossland, who has worked in coal mines in every field on the continent, and has also experience as a quartz miner; Mr. McAndrews, of Kaslo, a practical miner, and Chris. Foley, one of the recognized leaders of

labor in the province, are representatives of the labor interests. Every man on the delegation gave evidence of moderation of views during the convention, and is hence well adapted for the task in hand. The executive committee will meet again during the session of the legislature, when the different subjects requiring to be laid before that body or the government may be attended to. Vice-President J. B. Hobson will spend a short time in the city taking a well earned rest. During the time which President Keen and Vice-President Hobson are absent from the city, the executive head will be D. W. Higgins, of this city, the second vice-president.

MINISTER PLEASSED WITH ELECTION

The Evening Journal says: "Senator Templeman, who had charge of the political campaign in Burrard, and who succeeded in having the government candidate elected by a large majority after a stiff fight, is more convinced than ever that the Chinese trouble on the Pacific coast should be dealt with. Mr. Templeman has all along maintained this in his newspaper, and has not changed his views since he became a minister of the crown. Burrard is the second bye-election that the Senator and his political friends carried since the last general election, notwithstanding that they had to face the charge that the Dominion government was not voicing the views of the people of the province in respect to Oriental immigration. To make matters worse the provincial government was passing legislation outside its jurisdiction, which would have the effect, if not vetoed, of excluding Japanese as well as Chinese. The Imperial government would not allow anti-Japanese legislation, and even if it did, the need for it has now disappeared as Japan has taken the matter up and prevented immigration to Canada. There is, therefore, the Chinese question alone to be dealt with, and it may be taken for granted that Mr. Templeman will lay the same views as forcibly and effectively before his colleagues in the cabinet as he did in the bye-elections in Vancouver and Victoria, both of which returned government supporters."

WILL STRENGTHEN THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Only Seven Straight Conservatives Returned in New Brunswick - Notes From Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 3.—Hon. A. G. Blair has returned from New Brunswick, where he was fighting for the Tweedie government, which was sustained. The contest was on party lines, the first time since Confederation that this has taken place. There are 40 seats in the province. Of these 36 Liberals were elected to support the government, two Liberals in the opposition and one Independent Conservative supporting the government. This leaves only seven straight Conservatives elected in the whole province. Hon. Mr. Blair is greatly pleased, and says the result will strengthen the Dominion government. Some newspapers were saying during the contest that Hon. Mr. Blair was at one time a Conservative. He denied this. He said that he had been a Liberal all his life, and only once under special circumstances had he voted for a Conservative.

Mr. Colmer's Successor. W. L. Griffith, Canadian government agent at Cardiff, Wales, has been appointed to succeed Mr. Colmer in the high commissioner's office, London, England. Mr. Griffith, before going to Cardiff, was for several years a resident of Manitoba, and experienced pioneer life there. Hon. Clifford Sifton appointed Mr. Griffith to go to Wales in 1897 to do immigration work. He has been one of the most successful agents in the Old Country, and has lost no chance in placing the advantages of Canada as a field for

THE ALASKA BOUNDARY TREATY

Ratifications Exchanged by Representatives of Great Britain and United States. Washington, D. C., March 3.—Secretary Hay and Sir Michael Herbert to-day exchanged ratifications of the Alaskan boundary treaty. The preparation of the two sides will proceed with all speed, as under the treaty the question must be submitted to the commission within sixty days. The treaty provided that these ratifications might be exchanged either here or in London, but it was decided to complete the treaty in Washington to save time. It will require the greatest effort on the part of the United States government to have its case ready within the appointed time. The Washington government has come into possession in recent years of a vast amount of data touching on the controversy which, to be of use, must be thoroughly studied. Secretary Hay has placed this work on the shoulders of ex-Secretary John W. Foster, assisted by Mr. Lansing. Owing to the magnitude of the task, it is doubtful, however, if they can be ready within the specified time.

Now that the ratifications have been exchanged, it is understood the personnel of the American commissioners will be formally announced. It is known officially that they will be Secretary Root, Senator Lodge and Senator Turner.

FIRE AT PORTLAND.

Portland, Ore., March 3.—Fire in the Kum block early to-day destroyed property valued at \$190,000. The principal losers are T. Kum, Lipsman, Wolfe & Co., \$100,000; and T. Kum & Co., owners of the building, \$90,000.

COMING MARRIAGE.

New York, March 3.—It is announced that Adele Ritchie, the comic opera singer, is soon to be married to George Holland, of London.

LEGISLATION PROMISED.

Mr. Balfour's Reply to Mr. Lambert's Speech in the Imperial Commons. London, March 2.—The government narrowly escaped defeat in the House of Commons last night. Mr. G. Lambert moved an amendment to the address, drawing attention to the non-prosecution of the directors of the London and Globe Finance Corporation. He suggested that the prosecution had been withheld, because titled persons were connected with the affairs of the corporation, and he read out a list of titled names in support of his argument. This suggestion was repudiated with much vehemence by the Attorney-General and the Solicitor-General, but their contention that nothing could be done in the matter deeply offended many members on both sides of the House. It was evident that opinion was very strongly against the line which the law officers of the crown had taken. At the critical juncture, when the defeat of the government seemed certain, Premier Balfour intervened, and by the promise of immediate legislation to cover future cases of a similar character, he saved the situation, and the government emerged from the division with a majority of 51.

PASSENGERS LANDED.

Dominion Line Steamer Marion Is Still Ashore—Will Probably Be Saved. Queenstown, March 3.—The remaining passengers of the Dominion line steamer Marion, from Boston on February 20th, for Liverpool, which grounded near Roche's Point, White Bay, after leaving this port on Sunday, were landed at 7 o'clock this morning, and will proceed by rail to Dublin, thence by steamer to Liverpool, where their baggage is landed. They have not suffered from their experiences. The weather is moderate, but the three tugs which made another attempt to-day to pull the Marion off failed to do so, and more powerful tugs have been sent to the scene from Liverpool. The officers of the Marion believe there is every probability of the ship being saved, although it is feared that a rock has pierced the bottom, forward.

STRUGGLED FOR PLACES IN CHURCH

CELEBRATION OF MASS BY POPE TUESDAY

Immense Throng Filled St. Peter's and Many Persons Fainted From Excitement or Fatigue.

Rome, March 3.—From early to-day all Rome was on the alert, and showing unusual animation and interest in the twenty-fifth anniversary of Pope Leo XIII. The movement was principally noticeable at the leading hotels, which were illuminated as though for a ball. The scene on the piazza of St. Peter's was magnificent. There were assembled many hundreds of Italians in various modern uniforms making a striking contrast with mediæval costumes of the Swiss Papal guard on duty at the bronze doors of the cathedral. The crowds which gathered before the first cordon of troops were impatient as they stood dripping under the persistent rain. There was a great clashing of umbrellas and a great feeling of discomfort among the sight-seers, who include many women in most varied attire, comprising foreigners of all nationalities and Italians from all parts of the country, the uniformity of the crowd being pleasantly broken by groups of sisters in the different gowns, and Catholic students picturesquely attired. When finally the doors of St. Peter's were opened an almost indescribable struggle occurred, in which all forgot the rules of politeness and strove hard with elbows and feet to reach the interior of the sacred edifice, while on all sides were heard cries of fear and imprecations not very well suited to the spot where a notable religious ceremony was about to begin. Once in the cathedral the ladies who wore lace gowns found them to be in a much mutilated condition. The tribunes were soon crowded to overflowing, and all the best standing places were taken. A period of comparative calm succeeded this great rush. The attention of the people was attracted to the gilded throne near the high altar and to the immense pillars of the basilic hung with silken draperies. Some of the tribunes on each side was filled with men and women blazing with decorations. In a group of royal personages were the Crown Princess Victoria of Sweden and Norway, the Grand Duchess of Saxe-Weimar, Duke Robert of Parm, the Grand Duchess of Mecklenburg, the Prince of Liethenstein and Prince Maximilian of Saxony. In a special tribune was the Prince's family, the diplomatic corps, the members of the Order of Malta, all in full uniform. Special interest was shown in the innovation introduced by the different detachments of the Papal guards. The Swiss guards wore red velvet knee breeches, red leggings, black shoes with red rosettes, burnished steel cuirasses inlaid with gold and steel collars, in addition to large white linen collars starched stiff, falling over their shoulders. The silver-mounted arms of the Swiss guards were inlaid with gold and its members wore steel helmets with red ostrich plumes, similar to the helmets of the sixteenth century. The noble guard wore their new uniforms of bright red. At 11 o'clock, precisely, the great bell of St. Peter's rang out a signal, which was followed by the changing of the bells in about 500 churches in Rome as they sounded the announcement that the Pontiff was on his way to the Basilica. The life of the Ancient City paused for a moment, hats were raised and the sign of the cross made. Shortly afterwards inside St. Peter's silver trumpets sounded their message and the Pontiff appeared. The people held their breath for a moment. Then all the pent up enthusiasm burst forth in a tremendous roar of welcome. From his elevation on the new Sedes Gestatoria, carried by the twelve men in costumes of red brocade, flanked by the famous spreading fans and surmounted by a white and gold canopy, the Pope appeared to be more than a human being. He seemed to be a white spirit, this impression being added by the Pontiff's white robes and white mitre, delicate features, a face as white as alabaster and thin hands moving slowly in benediction. It almost seemed as if all human attributes had been expelled from that slender venerable form, and thousands of voices shouted: "Long live Pope Leo!" Handkerchiefs fluttered in the air, the banners of various societies represented were waved, and many of those present, overcome with emotion, sobbed loudly, while others fainted from excitement or fatigue. All the while the Pope proceeded slowly on his way. When the Pope arrived at the throne the ceremony proceeded rapidly, leaving the Sedes Gestatoria the Pontiff knelt and prayed. Then he rose without assistance, and the celebration of Mass began. At the moment of the elevation of the Host a profound silence fell on the assemblage, the cards presented arms, the people knelt, where it was possible for them to do so, and from the cupola came the clear sounds of several trumpets. The Pope then administered the Papal benediction and retired to a room for restoration.

Wrecks. From N. Y. Journal. During the recent Grip epidemic a million victims or more, the efficiency of Peruna in quickly relieving this malady and its after-effects has been the talk of the continent. valuable medicine in after repeated trials, me of chronic bronchitis standing by using rana in January, 1894, ed of bronchitis I had for several win- h the use of Peruna, eaker in its severity, lower to a mere stupor ays. Now the story me any more.—O. H. an's Experience. Representatives, hington, D. C. o, Columbus, Ohio, m more than an excel- and it to be an excel- grip and catarrh. I y family and they all ending it as an excel- spectfully, George H. White, ive prompt and salu- in the use of Peruna, Hartman, giving a our case, and he will ou his valuable ad- rtman, President of atium, Columbus, O.

Go. Ld. Coes, Etc. Shoes in the dition of Bosh of our five Letter orders to Go. Ld. Co. Co. HARKS H rust 1st. Con- NAGER. rceful Mothers a bottle of our Cough o, 25c. In the house for Group, Coughs, Hoarseness, etc. It contains nothing of an injurious nature and is really very effective. Be prepared for emergencies. H. Bowes 1, Near Yates St., VICTORIA, B.C.