use:
is House regrets that the
it has not seen fit to intro-
ation providing that the min-
collected, and to be collected
are, from the owners of mines
thin the corporate limits of
of Rossland be divided with
unicipality, so as to give the
cipality a fair share thereof
and other municipal pur-

Mr. Shatford Replies.

tford said that he desired to
ember for Rossland to give
of the member on the gov-
ide who said he (Mr. Shat-
t to California to avoid a
challenged him to name the

d that he ever showed Mr.
a telegram.
donald asked if he said he
wed him a telegram when he
a pair.
tford said he got a telegram
Vancouver and showed it to
the Liberal whip. He got
ams. He told Dr. King that
wait until all the business
Similkameen was through be-
. He might not be the orator
Macdonald was but he was
to meet him in or out of the

ford then proceeded to refer
ident concerning the candi-
reeve which Mr. Macdonald
was preparing to explain the
utside the riding.
alled to order as it was not
l that he was the person re-
Mr. Shatford said he had
ken. (Laughter.)
donald asked Mr. Shatford if
asked him (Mr. Macdonald)

ford said he asked Dr. King.
donald said that was not an
the question.
ford said he had not asked
nald for a pair.

Bowser Apologizes.

wser, taking up the question
000 provided for in the sup-
estimates, said that only
been expended, $32,000 was
tion. No provision had been
he previous session because
expected to bring on an
The treatment by the Fed-
nment of the province had
lection necessary.
s the expenditure for selling
oint Grey and for the enter-
of the Governor-General,
not be anticipated. In all,
spent which could not be

g to specify other items in
entary estimates the Speak-
m to order because of speci-

er took in hand the defence
Commissioner Babcock. He
nk it fair to attack a civil
o was not given an oppor-
fend himself. He explained
bcock had been instrumen-
ring the fishing industry on
ento river in California by
s head of the Fishery Com-
order to preserve the fish-
itish Columbia. it had been
secure the best man possi-
government made inquiries
mon canners made inquiries
e answers were that Mr.
is the man.
er said he proposed to read
which Hon. R. Prefontaine,
inion government, had ex-
approval of Mr. Babcock
ored to secure him to take
he hatcheries under the Do-
ernment as well as the pro-
hery.
asked Mr. Bowser to read
of the member for New
that he would secure the
Mr. Babcock.
er said he had no concern

er said that the Socialist
e House had been credited
ng the policy of the govern-
past. We would defy any
point to a single piece of
which had been forced upon
nent by the member for Na-

alliance was exhibited be-
Liberals and the Socialists.
wthornthwaite took excep-
amendment proposed by Mr.
He said that if Rossland
ive treatment like this he
for recognition along the
r Nanaimo. Fernie was in
sition.
nt if the city of Rossland
the Le Roi works. it should

. Tatlow said that he did
ny member would seriously
o suggest that any part of
or timber taxes should go
n the province. The gov-
nitted that the situation at
s peculiar and had made
or compensating Rossland
this year. This he thought

dment of Mr. Macdonald
t and lost on the following

rs. King, Naden, Eagleson,
ergin, Oliver, Macdonald,
Jardine, Brewster—10.
rs. Williams, Hawthorn-
Innis, Tatlow, Fulton, Ellis,
Ross, Shatford, Thomson,
ton, Garden, Taylor, Mac-
rd, Grant, McGuire, Behn-
Young, Hayward, Mac-
Davey—25.
n that the Speaker leave
as then carried and the
into committee with Price
he chair, and the appro-
e considered item by item.
se in Committee.
propriations under public
Henderson could not get
ion he desired on some

r in this connection said
Dominion House of Com-
ation was never withheld,
sters were able to give the
nation on every item.
te for the Attorney-Gen-
ment, Parker Williams
n to the "trades union
Deputy Attorney-General
by the province, if other
rades union fees" were

nald said that he did not
the Deputy Attorney-Gen-
be placed in the position
fees paid by the province.
of the deputy was not
hould be increased.
assed.
ornthwaite on the item of
ion said there were engi-

neers who were entitled to certificates who had not got them. He also said that there should be more careful inspection of boilers before they were turned out.

Mr. Oliver said that the chief inspector was not getting the salary he could get as engineer in any large works.

On the vote for the statistical bureau, Stuart Henderson advocated the newer sections of the country receiving more attention so that settlers might be attracted to them.

Dr. Hall said he agreed with this. Nelson had last year sent an exhibit of fruit to Winnipeg which made a splendid showing. He thought the bureau should give more attention in the work to the interior parts of the province.

On the vote for assessors, John Jardine took exception to the fact that the assessors were not practical men. He referred to one who ought to be doing clerical work in the department and mechanics should be appointed to the positions.

Mr. Oliver called the attention of the committee that in connection with the New Westminster government agency, J. J. Johnson, one of the best civil servants the province had ever had, had resigned his office because he was persistently passed over in the line of promotion. Mr. Johnson, he knew, had received in writing a promise of promotion from the Minister of Finance that he would be promoted and yet he was passed over.

The Minister said there must be some mistake as he had never given any promise.

John Jardine wished that the carpenter of the parliament buildings should receive an increase. He was getting about $3 a day now and was a capable man. This was below the average earned by carpenters.

The Minister promised to look into it.

On the item of inspectors of mines, Mr. Hawthornthwaite said that the law was not enforced. The eight-hour law was not enforced. Other infractions were allowed. The inspector at Nanaimo was incapable and he should be superannuated if necessary.

The committee rose and reported progress.

The House then adjourned until 8:30 in the evening.

THE NIGHT SESSION.

At the evening sitting Dr. Hall introduced a bill to amend the Master and Servant Act, Amendment Act, 1902, and J. McInnis a bill to establish a general eight-hour day. Both bills passed their first readings.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the estimates in committee.

John Oliver raised the point that the collector of votes in New Westminster had, after names had been removed from the voters' list and certificates given to that effect, sent the lists in to be printed with these same names on it.

He wanted to know what the government intended to do in the matter.

Hon. Mr. Tatlow said it would be referred to the Attorney-General.

Mr. Oliver wanted an assurance that it would be investigated.

Mr. Hawthornthwaite said the same thing had occurred in Nanaimo. He did not know where the Attorney-General was at that time but he seemed to leave the office to the deputy and the latter's interpretation of the act was most extraordinary.

After passing the vote for maintenance of public institutions the committee rose and reported progress.

The bill to revise and continue in existence of certain companies was committed with Dr. Hall in the chair. It passed through committee and was reported.

On the adjourned debate on the second reading of the bill to amend the Coal Mines Act, J. A. Macdonald referred to this as an important bill. He said it was proposed to make valid special licences which the government had issued concerning coal lands in Southeast Kootenay which had been declared invalid by the courts. This was retroactive legislation. It was urged that it would prejudicially affect those who had refused the special licences when they considered that the licences were worthless. He thought that those who had representations to make should be given a chance to be heard before a select committee of the House. This had been asked for by Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper. He did not believe that he should appear before the bar of the House, but he did think that the bill should be referred to a select committee of the House. He therefore proposed to move for a committee.

Hon. F. Carter Cotton said that it was the intention of the government to preserve all rights which any one might have. The bill would be amended in this way when in committee. This would do away with the need of referring this to a special committee.

Mr. Macdonald thought it would be better to refer this to a special committee where an amendment might be suggested in line with the wishes of those interested.

Hon. F. J. Fulton said that his amendment would be in line with the draft of the petitioner.

Mr. Macdonald said he would, in view of this, withdraw his amendment to refer this to a special committee.

The bill passed its second reading.

On the second reading of the bill to amend the Jurors Act, Hon. Mr. Fulton said that owing to absentees from the city of many on the jurors' lists it had been found difficult in many cases to get a jury in Victoria and Vancouver. This bill was intended to overcome this.

The bill passed its second reading.

The bill to amend the Attachment of Debts Act passed its second reading.

The bill was committed with Neil F. Mackay in the chair.

The committee rose and reported the bill complete.

On the adjourned debate on the second reading of the bill to amend the Railway Act, Mr. Oliver said that the bill was objectionable as he had feared. He had consulted with the Premier before the latter left and he consented to is amendment in line with the Dominion Act.

The bill passed its second reading.

On the bill to amend the B. C. Fisheries Act, 1901, Hon. Mr. Fulton said that the bill was intended to do away with the rule prohibiting trap fishing and with the sections relating to imposing taxation, as this was dealt with in the Assessment Act. These were necessary so that the act might be brought into effect by proclamation when thought proper.

John Oliver pointed out that it was peculiar that the government should, although there was an enactment against trap fishing in the act, go to work and allow this form of fishing and then come and ask to repeal it as it was of no use.

The bill passed its second reading.

The second reading of the bill to protect horse breeders in B. C. came up for its second reading.

Mr. Oliver said there were many objections to the bill but he would postpone his objections until in committee, where he hoped to see it amended.

The bill passed its second reading.

The report on the bill to incorporate the Bentinck Arm and Quesnelle Railway company was adopted.

In adjourned committee on the bill to incorporate the Vancouver Stock Exchange the name was changed on motion of Dr. McGuire to the Terminal City Stock Exchange.

The bill was reported.

The bill passed its third reading.

The following bills were given their second readings:

"An Act to incorporate the Coldstream Telephone Company"; "An Act to incorporate the Cariboo and Pacific Mining, Smelting and Development Company"; "An Act to incorporate the Howe Sound, Pemberton Valley and Northern Railway Company"; "An Act to amend the 'Vancouver Incorporation Act, 1900'"; "An act respecting Slough Creek, Limited"; "An act to incorporate the Prince Rupert Light and Power Company."

Neil F. Mackay introduced a bill to amend the Pharmacy Act.

The House then adjourned.

A LAZY LIVER

May be only a tired liver, or a starved liver. It would be a stupid as well as savage thing to beat a weary or starved man because he lagged in his work. So in treating the lagging, torpid liver it is a great mistake to lash it with strong drastic drugs. A torpid liver is but an indication of an ill-nourished, enfeebled body whose organs are weary with over-work. Start with the stomach and allied organs of digestion and nutrition. Put them in working order and see how quickly your liver will become active. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has made many marvelous cures of "liver complaint," or torpid liver, by its wonderful control over the organs of digestion and nutrition. It restores the normal activity of the stomach, increases the secretions of the blood-making glands, cleanses the system of poisonous accumulations, and so relieves the liver of the burdens imposed upon it by the defection of other organs.

Symptoms. If you have bitter or bad taste in the morning, poor or variable appetite, coated tongue, foul breath, constipated or irregular bowels, feel weak, easily tired, despondent, frequent headaches, pain or distress in "small of back," gnawing or distressed feeling in stomach, perhaps nausea, bitter or sour "risings" in throat after eating, and kindred symptoms of weak stomach and torpid liver, or biliousness, no medicine will relieve you more promptly or cure you more permanently than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

Perhaps only a part of the above symptoms will be present at one time and yet point to torpid liver, or biliousness and weak stomach. Avoid all hot bread and biscuits, griddle cakes and other indigestible food and take the "Golden Medical Discovery" regularly and *stick to its use* until you are vigorous and strong.

Of Golden Seal root, which is one of the prominent ingredients of "Golden Medical Discovery," Dr. Roberts Bartholow, of Jefferson Medical College, says: "Very useful as a stomachic (stomach) tonic and in atonic dyspepsia. Cures gastric (stomach) catarrh and headaches accompanying same."

Dr. Grover Coe, of New York, says: "Hydrastis (Golden Seal root) exercises an especial influence over mucous surfaces. Upon the liver it acts with equal certainty and efficacy. As a cholagogue (liver invigorator) it has few equals." Dr. Coe also advises it for affections of the spleen and other abdominal viscera generally, and for scrofulous and glandular diseases, cutaneous eruptions, indigestion, debility, chronic diarrhea, constipation, also in several affections peculiar to women, and in all chronic derangements of the liver, also for chronic inflammation of bladder, for which Dr. Coe says "it is one of the most reliable agents of cure."

Prof. John King, M. D., late of Cincinnati, author of the AMERICAN DISPENSATORY, gives it a prominent place among medicinal agents, reiterates all the foregoing writers have said about it, as does also Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati. Dr. Scudder says: "It stimulates the digestive processes and increases the assimilation of food. By these means *the blood is enriched.* * * * the consequent improvement on the glandular and nervous systems are natural results." Dr. Scudder further says, "in relation to its general effect upon the system, *there is no medicine in use about which there is such general unanimity of opinion.* It is *universally* regarded as *the* tonic, useful in all debilitated states * * *."

Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Medical College, Chicago, says of Golden Seal root: "It is a most superior remedy in catarrhal gastritis (inflammation of the stomach), chronic constipation, general debility, in convalescence from protracted fevers, in prostrating night-sweats. *It is an important remedy in disorders of the womb.*" (This agent, Golden Seal root, is an important ingredient of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for woman's weaknesses, as well as of the "Golden Medical Discovery.") Dr. Ellingwood continues, "in *all* catarrhal conditions it is useful."

Much more, did space permit, could be quoted from prominent authorities as to the wonderful curative properties possessed by Golden Seal root.

We want to assure the reader that "Golden Medical Discovery" can be relied upon to do all that is claimed for Golden Seal root in the cure of all the various diseases as set forth in the above brief extracts, for its most prominent and important ingredient is Golden Seal root. This agent is, however, strongly reinforced, and its curative action greatly enhanced by the addition, in just the right proportion of Queen's root, Stone root, Black Cherrybark, Bloodroot, Mandrake root and chemically pure glycerine. All of these are happily and harmoniously blended into a most perfect pharmaceutical compound, now favorably known throughout most of the civilized countries of the world. Bear in mind that each and every ingredient entering into the "Discovery" has received the endorsement of the leading medical men of our land, who extol each article named above in the highest terms. What other medicine put up for sale through druggists can show any such *professional* endorsement? For dyspepsia, liver troubles, all chronic catarrhal affections of whatever name or nature, lingering coughs, bronchial, throat and lung affections, the "Discovery" can be relied upon as a sovereign remedy.

A little book of extracts treating of *all* the several ingredients entering into Dr. Pierce's medicines, being extracts from standard medical works, of the different schools of practice will be mailed *free* to any one asking (by postal card or letter), for the same, addressed to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., and giving the writer's full post-office address *plainly* written.

Don't accept a substitute of unknown composition for this non-secret MEDICINE OF KNOWN COMPOSITION.

WORK PROCEEDING ON RACE TRACK

Will Be Available for the Horsemen in About Ten Days Time.

"I guess we will be on the track in about ten days," stated one of the horse trainers on Friday at the race track. It is a great disappointment to the owners and trainers of the fleet footed racers that they are unable to use the track. They feel that they have waited long and patiently for the little bit of improvement which the council is according them in the way of fixing the race track and as long as the decision was forthcoming to fix the track they feel that it might as well have been done without so much delay.

As it looks at present one would wonder that a horseman ever allowed his favorites to race on such a track or to be stabled in such pens as have been hitherto provided.

The buildings are out of repair, the grounds have apparently never been raised or graded. The stables are altogether unsuited to the requirements of thoroughbreds. In fact, the whole presents a very sorry appearance.

It is not to be wondered at that horsemen threatened to take their horses away. The wonder is that they did not depart without notice. Their presence is the highest possible tribute to Victoria's climate, for they had nothing else to stay for.

At present the track is all torn up. The top is being taken off and the gravel and other filling beneath which forms the bed of the track is being taken out to make the foundation of the new portions of the enlarged track.

The draining has been completed both for the track and also for the ball grounds.

A certain amount of filling has been put in on the "sag" in the track which Ald. Fell said the horsemen never complained of. Some little plowing and scraping has been done on the track in the vicinity of the driving club's building. On the west side nothing has been done. The green sward still stretches away northward untouched by the plow. Of course the city has been hampered by the lack of teams and the bad weather. But Mr. Devereux was ready with his plans sometime ago and one of the trainers had succeeded in finding teams to put on to do the work of grading, but His Worship objected and so things were held up for a few days longer. At present the horses are being jogged on the beach daily.

The horsemen and the trainers state that they are doing very well.

"But of course we are anxious to get on the track," said one. "It is expected that order will be brought out of chaos and the raising, grading and such other work as the present small appropriation will allow, will be finished in the course of another week or so and the coursers will then be put to work in earnest."

JAPS IN MANCHURIA.

Troops Have Been Withdrawn—Railway Guards Likely to Be Reduced.

Tokio, April 13.—When the management of the Manchurian railways was transferred to the Baron Goles Company on April 1st the Japanese government commenced withdrawing troops employed in Manchuria. The work was completed on April 8th, whereupon the Imperial government at Pekin warmly thanked Japan who, it is expected, will reduce its railway guard to less than one-half the number of men as stipulated by treaty negotiations at Portsmouth, N. H., which limited the number of guards to five men per kilometre.

ONE THOUSAND IMMIGRANTS.

Arrived at Winnipeg on Friday—Many Will Settle on Farms.

Winnipeg, April 13.—One thousand British immigrants arrived in the city during the night, almost rivalling the record of the last week end, when some 1,200 people arrived. Of these immigrants 300 crossed the Atlantic on the Carteagenian, 150 on the Kensington, and 550 on the Lake Champlain. A great many will proceed further west to locate on farms, while many are coming out to work on railway construction.

NO INCREASE FOR CURRENT YEAR

CANNOT GRANT THE REQUEST OF TEACHERS

Special School Board Meeting on Saturday to Consider Question --Unsanitary School.

(From Monday's Daily.)

A special meeting of the school trustees to consider the salary question was held on Saturday last. This was a matter raised by the teachers after the estimates were passed, and as the decision of the question seemed very necessary in view of the fact that the teachers must be re-engaged at midsummer, the special meeting was called.

In the absence of Chairman Jay, Trustee McEwan, after some slight manoeuvring on the part of members of the board, was elected to the chair.

The board had before it Trustee Huggett's motion to increase salaries all round by 10 per cent. on August 1st, or if the council could not see its way clear to grant the funds for this, to raise them in the same amount on January 1st, 1908.

The general opinion seemed to be that to do this was a little unwise and unfair to the teachers at large, in view of the increases already to take effect on that date.

Mrs. Jenkins stated that though the seconder of the motion she could not support it in its present form.

Trustee McEwan thought it would be a difficult matter to raise the salaries now as the council had not the funds to grant the board.

A resolution covering the ground was then offered. This provided for a ten per cent. increase to the general salary list, to be granted on August 1st if the council could make the grant, otherwise on January 1st, 1908, to be announced not later than May 31st. At the same time was to be announced the board's policy with regard to the retention or discharge of certain teachers whose efficiency was questionable.

Trustee Huggett objected to this. Since the increases were made before the cost of living advanced, the increase should be individual, not general. If the council could not see its way clear to grant increased funds to the school board now, the latter should give the teachers to understand that they would get an increase not later than January 1st, 1908.

At this point Trustee Jay came in, and Trustee McEwan at once vacated the chair in his favor.

Much desultory discussion was then indulged in by various members of the board.

Trustee Lewis stated that while in the past he had done much for the teachers in the way of getting increased salaries, he could not at this time see his way clear to support the petition. As a matter of fact, according to the law, the board could not ask the council for any more money this year. To put it up to them in the fashion suggested was unfair to all concerned.

Trustee McEwan supported him in this position.

Several suggestions were made as to individual raises which should be granted, but after discussion it was felt, as Trustee Lewis pointed out, if the question was opened at all it would have to be gone into very thoroughly. Yet it was felt that in fairness to the teachers some definite policy should be announced at once.

At this point Trustee Huggett's motion was voted down.

Trustee Lewis then presented the following for the consideration of the board, viz:

"That while the board sympathizes with the request of the teachers, it regrets that as the annual estimates of the board's expenditure have been submitted to the council, it cannot see its way clear to reopen the question, but promises a fair consideration of the problem at the next annual revision of the salary list."

This was seconded by Trustee McEwan.

In the discussion ensuing, Supt. Eaton pointed out that while there might be individual inequalities in the case of the lower grade teachers, the salary was very fair, being indeed on a higher basis than before the cut, ten years ago. It was the principals who suffered, if any one did.

Just here a bit of unconscious humor enlivened the discussion. Trustee Lewis wanted to know how it was that there was one less room required in Victoria West school than there was a year ago.

Trustee Huggett: "I can't account for it. I've five going."

Continuing, Supt. Eaton stated that it was only fair to say that the increase from $600 to an $800 basis had been made in the face of very great difficulties. The increase this year amounted to $3,380, and applied to 62 teachers. It represented an average increase to those affected of $52, or $47 to the whole staff.

Trustee Huggett moved in amendment that the board pledge itself to a ten per cent. increase on January 1st, 1908. The other members of the board objected that this might place the board in a false position.

Trustee Huggett then withdrew his amendment, and Trustee Lewis' motion was carried.

Yeas—Jay, Lewis, McEwan and Mrs. Jenkins.

Nays—Huggett and Riddell.

The attention of the board was called to the unsanitary condition of the Rock Bay and Victoria West schools, and Trustee Riddell, as chairman of the buildings and grounds committee, was instructed to call for tenders for the remedying of the same.

The board then adjourned on motion of Mrs. Jenkins.

The first wheeled carriages were used in France in 1559.

VICTORIA GETS CONTRACT

To Salve American Steamer Northwestern Wrecked Off Coast of Alaska.

(From Monday's Daily.)

The contract for salving the steamship Northwestern lying near La Touche, Alaska, has been let to the British Columbia Salvage Company. Terms of the bargain have not been given out, but it is said a large sum of money will be paid to have the work done.

The salvors will build a watertight compartment of concrete below the main deck and extending over the damaged part of the vessel's hull. This work will be done at low water, and when finished the rest of the water in the hold will be pumped out.

With the rise of the tide it is expected that the vessel will be light enough to float clear of the rocks. As a last resort, pontoons will be used. Floating the vessel with pontoons would be a very costly operation, and it would take considerable time, as they would either have to be sent north from here or built up there. Even after their arrival they would have to be sunk and then pumped out again.

The Northwestern will only have to be floated a few inches above the rock so that a piece of canvas can be stretched around the hull. If the canvas can be so placed the pressure of the water from the outside will be great enough to stop the leak, and temporary repairs can be made. The wrecking steamer Salvor left Valdez at noon Friday for the scene of the wreck, and will start to work immediately.

INCREASING SALARIES.

Halifax, April 13.—The salaries of members of the Nova Scotia government will be hereafter $5,000 annually, in additional to their sessional indemnity of $500 as members of the legislature, and the premier will have $1,000 extra. A bill to give effect to this has been introduced in the house of assembly.

A SPRING DANGER

MANY PEOPLE WEAKEN THEIR SYSTEMS BY DOSING WITH PURGATIVE MEDICINES.

A spring medicine is a necessity. Nature demands it as an aid to enriching the blood and carrying off the impurities that have accumulated during the indoor life of the winter months. Thousands of people recognizing the necessity for a spring medicine, dose themselves with harsh griping purgatives. This is a mistake. Ask any doctor and he will tell you that the use of purgative medicines weaken the system and cannot possibly cure disease. In the spring the system needs building up—purgatives weaken. The blood should be made rich, red and pure—purgatives cannot do this. What is needed is a tonic, and the best tonic medical science has yet devised is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Every dose of this medicine actually makes new, rich blood, and this new blood strengthens every organ and every part of the body. That is why these Pills banish pimples and unsightly skin eruptions. This is why they cure headaches, backaches, rheumatism, neuralgia and a host of other troubles that come from poor watery blood. That is why the men and women who use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills eat well and sleep well and feel active and strong. Miss Mabel Synnott, Lisle, Ont., says: "I was pale and weak and suffered greatly from headaches, and I found nothing to help me until I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These have completely restored my health and I bless the day I began taking them."

But be sure you get the genuine Pills with the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" on the wrapper around each box—all other so-called pink pills are fraudulent imitations. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

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Prevent FITS, CONVULSIONS, etc.

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CONTAIN NO POISON

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WE HAVE completed arrangements with a number of the leading realty firms at all the principal towns in MANITOBA and the NORTHWEST whereby we send them particulars of all properties listed with us for sale.

If you decide to place your property with us for sale, be sure to send all particulars as to location, improvements and your lowest price, terms of payments, etc.

General Agency Corporation, Ltd.

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GRANVILLE AND HASTINGS STREETS, VANCOUVER, B. C.

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16, BOARD OF TRADE.

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SUTTON'S PEDIGREE SEEDS

Write for Catalogue of 1907 Farm and Garden Seeds to the Agents—

THE BRACKMAN-KER MILLING COMPANY, Limited.

125 Government St. Victoria, B.C.

Notice is hereby given that, 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following land in Clayoquot District:

Claim No. 1.—Commencing at a point 40 chains south of the northeast corner of the Ucluelet Mercantile Co.'s timber claim on the south shore of Pipestem Inlet, thence south 40 chains, thence east 160 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence west 160 chains to the point of commencement.

Claim No. 2.—Commencing at a point 40 chains east of the southwest corner of claim No. 1, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to the point of commencement.

WILLIAM J. SUTTON.

April 10th, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that, 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following land in Clayoquot District: Commencing at the southeast corner of Timber License No. 8023; on the west shore of Effingham Inlet, thence west to lake, thence along the south and west shore of lake to a point due west, thence west to a point 1[illegible] chains west of starting point, thence south 80 chains, thence east 110 chains, thence north 80 chains to the point of commencement.

WILLIAM J. SUTTON.

April 10th, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that, 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in the Renfrew District:

Commencing at No. 1 post on the Straits of Fuca, one-half mile west of the Sombre River, thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains east, following the coast line to the point of commencement.

No. 2. Commencing at the southwest corner of claim No. 1, thence 80 chains north, thence west 80 chains, thence 80 chains south, thence east 80 chains, following the coast line to the point of commencement.

No. 3. Commencing at the southwest corner of claim No. 2, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, following the coast line to point of commencement. All of these claims contain 640 acres each.

T. M. BAIRD, Jr., Locator.

Victoria, B. C., April 8th, 1907.

Purify Your Blood With Our Blood Purifier $1.00

Spring is the time to prepare your system for the summer.

"A stitch in time saves nine."

CYRUS H. BOWES

Chemist

98 GOVERNMENT ST

Near Yates Street,

Victoria, B. C.

Notice is hereby given that, 60 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land in Range V., Coast District, situated on the west side of Alwyn Lake, about four miles from the old South Bulkley telegraph cabin: Commencing at a stake planted at the northwest corner of J. Hodder's pre-emption, thence west 39 chains and 26 links to Alwyn Lake, thence along the shore of Alwyn Lake, southeasterly 65 chains more or less to a post planted on the west boundary of J. Hodder's pre-emption, thence north 47 chains and 38 links more or less to the point of commencement, containing 130 acres more or less.

J. A. HODDER,
A. W. Harvey, Agent.

Take notice that, 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following lands, situated in Barkley District: Commencing at a post planted about 10 chains east of N. E. corner of T. L. No. 10393 and on west line of T. L. No. 8368, thence west 80 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south to the north shore of Sarita Lake, thence following shore to point north of initial post, thence south to point of commencement.

R. S. HUGHES.
Per E. J. Conner.

New Alberni, March 18th.

Take notice that, 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following lands, situated in Barkley District: Commencing at a post planted at the S. E. corner of T. L. No. 19, thence west 160 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east 160 chains, thence north 40 chains to the point of commencement.

A. WATSON.

New Alberni, March 20th.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that, 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, in Clayoquot District: Commencing at a post planted at the head of Pipestem Inlet, on the south shore; thence east 110 chains; thence north to the south line of Ucluelet Mercantile Co.'s timber claim; thence west to a point due north of starting point; thence south to the point of commencement.

GEORGE [illegible]. FOX.

Victoria, February 20th, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that, 30 days after date, we intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, Victoria, B. C., for a special timber license to cut and carry away timber from the following described land, situate in Clayoquot District, British Columbia: Commencing at a post planted on the N. shore of Pipestem Inlet, about ½ mile from the head, thence N. 40 chains, thence E. 110 chains, thence S. 80 chains, thence W. to beach, thence N. following beach to place of commencement. Containing 640 acres more or less.

W. L. THOMPSON,
H. J. HILLIER,
Locators.

Dated Victoria, B. C., April 2nd, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that, 60 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, Victoria, B. C., for permission to purchase the following described land, situate in Clayoquot District, British Columbia, being a small Island lying in front of Lot 55, Pipestem Inlet: Commencing at a post planted at the S. W. corner of the Government Telegraph Reserve on said Island, thence N. 3 chains, thence E. 4 chains, thence S. 3 chains to beach, thence easterly along beach to place of commencement, containing 30 acres more or less, excepting therefrom the reservations allowed by law.

Dated March 16th, 1907.

H. J. HILLIER.
Sydney Child, 51 Fort St., Victoria, B. C., Solicitor for Applicant.