

Victoria Times

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 18, 1893.

PART 1.

ASIATIC CHOLERA

Swinburne Island Quarantining Station Becomes Populous.

DR. JENKINS LATEST BULLETIN

Bacteriological Examination Reveals Grave Facts.

Deaths and Cases Multiplying—South Carolina's Governor on the Killing of Farquhar—Cudahy and Fairbanks Offer Fifty Cent Satisfaction—Montana Merchants Boycott.

Quarantine, S. I., Aug. 12, 12:30 p.m.—At midnight Francisco Modia, aged 27, and Mariana Robarco, aged 23, died of cholera at Swinburne Island hospital. Their remains were incinerated this morning. Before noon to-day the following suspects were removed to Swinburne Island for observation and treatment: Francisco Cerro, aged 31; Francisco Beato, 34; Paola Mariana, 28; Ancio Gallo, 30; Giovanni Bandini, 27; Michael Castino, 38; Leonard Larose, 11; Francisco Dodolo, 16. A bacteriological examination proved that all the patients removed yesterday were suffering from Asiatic cholera. A census of the hospital to-day shows 17 patients, one of whom is convalescent; eight have been bacteriologically confirmed as cholera stricken and nine suspects. (Signed) Wm. T. Jenkins, health officer.

SPANISH AMERICA.

Argentina's Trials—Union of Central American States Proposed.

Monte Video, Aug. 12.—Gen. Costa, who was deposed as governor of the province of Buenos Ayres, Argentina, by the revolutionists, has arrived here. When Governor Costa was in La Plata he boarded a steamer which took him to Monte Video. He says he was badly treated by the rulers of the province. He predicts the Radical triumph will be short, and says there will be a revolution throughout Argentina.

Buenos Ayres, Aug. 12.—The Argentine Congress has authorized intervention by national authorities in the settlement of the revolution in Uruguay.

At a meeting of the cabinet to-day to discuss the question two members opposed the intervention, and it was feared a ministerial crisis would follow.

News from La Plata is more reassuring. The disarming of troops continues and order is being restored. A revolt in Potosi is expected. The Grande Rio Sal revolutionists have been active lately, carrying on a guerrilla warfare, cutting telegraph wires, etc.

Tegucigalpa, Honduras, Aug. 12.—The country is in bad financial condition, and agricultural life is at a standstill. There is a strong feeling in favor of uniting all Central America in one republic.

Ex-President Leiva has issued a circular asserting that he was forced to resign by his enemies, but he was willing to give place to Bogran. Though Bogran is much dissatisfied throughout the country, Bogran's following is increasing despite his unpopularity.

Cudahy and Fairbanks.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—N. K. Fairbanks is now ready to turn over collateral to pay his \$800,000 indebtedness for real estate. He called on most of his creditors yesterday. As soon as the Fairbank negotiations are completed, John Cudahy will make an offer of \$800,000 collateral to settle his indebtedness of \$1,000,000 on the basis of 50 cents on the dollar. There is some difference of opinion as to the giving of notes for the 50 per cent. balance. Cudahy claims that with notes out for \$800,000, no matter how far off, he would be without business credit. He says there has never been a year since he was in "business" he has not cleared from \$100,000 to \$200,000, and that with any show of a start in "business" on an equal footing with other packers he could earn money. Cudahy proposed to turn over to secure his \$800,000 indebtedness is improved central real estate in Chicago.

Tired of Existence.

Paterson, N. J., Aug. 12.—Shortly before 10 yesterday morning Mrs. Elmer Schnopper, aged 25, ended the life of her two-months-old baby by throwing it into the Passaic river, and committed suicide by drowning. She lived with her husband and two children at 32 Bergen street. The eldest child is 2. Ever since the birth of her last child Mrs. Schnopper has been sickly and frequently gave way to fits of despondency. This morning she left the eldest child in charge of a neighbor, saying she would take the baby out for an airing. The neighbor saw her leave the house and noticed that she was going toward Gafel road. This is one of the most lonely spots on the river. Her body was found by some men in a boat, who gave the alarm. The Red Mills, where her husband is employed, is not far from the spot where she ended her life, and among the employees who ran to see the dead baby was Elmer Schnopper. As soon as he recognized his wife he became frantic. His grief was augmented by the sad fate of his baby.

Spanish America.

Mangua, Nicaragua, Aug. 12.—The prevailing opinion seems to be that the truce between Granada and Leon governments cannot be maintained. Friends of the deposed president, Sacasa, desire his recall from the United States. Many business houses are bankrupt and money is exceedingly scarce. It is unsafe to go a league outside of town owing to the bands of discharged soldiers. Sentiment among the better classes is in favor of a United States protectorate, though the English and French influences are hostile to American ascen-

dancy here. The American minister is endeavoring to prevent an outbreak. He is not seconded, however, by the other resident diplomats.

Valparaiso, Aug. 12.—Horatio Lyon, manager of the South American Steamer company, has started for Washington. He will appear before the Chilean claims commission and ask for payment of \$250,000 damages by the United States government for seizure of the steamer Itata during the struggle to overthrow Balmaceda.

MONTANA MERCHANTS.

Boycott Minneapolis and St. Paul for Anti-Silver Opinions.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 12.—Information was received to-day from Helena and Butte that the merchants of Montana had declared a boycott upon the wares of the wholesale merchants of St. Paul and Minneapolis. A circular from the Butte board of trade reads as follows: "In this town, as in all others, a boycott has been instituted against Minneapolis and St. Paul jobbers on account of their unreasonable crusade against silver producing states. All merchants have pledged themselves to discontinue trade with your jobbing houses, and the merchant who fails to uphold the boycott is to be boycotted at home."

P. H. Kelley, president of the St. Paul Jobbers' Union, speaking of the boycott, said: "Yes, I have received such a circular from Butte, but have paid little attention to it. We have taken no action here in reference to the silver question. The Jobbers' Union did not see fit to act upon it. The agitation began in the chamber of commerce, which appointed a committee to confer with our union. We investigated and thought the movement ill-advised. Minneapolis is not particularly interested in the silver question, further than to know we have a good sound basis for the protection of all parties."

The jobbers of Minneapolis entertain the same view. They say the Montana merchants are unreasonable in holding the jobbers of these two cities responsible for the silver sentiment found here. They say that if the Montana merchants propose to declare a boycott against all cities where anti-free coinage of silver sentiment is strong they will hardly know where to buy goods, because Chicago, Milwaukee and New York are all strongly against free silver.

Rain to Order.

Bloomington, Ill., Aug. 12.—A canning company at Chenet recently agreed to give the Morris brothers \$50,000 if they would within five days produce a rainfall of half an inch over 300 square miles. The Morris brothers began on Tuesday at 8 o'clock, and yesterday morning at 9 a rain which yielded three-quarters of an inch set in, covering the entire tract. The canning company says it will pay the money. Last night the rain fell in neighboring localities in like quantities. The rainmakers use explosive chemicals.

Rioting Railwaymen.

Montreal, Aug. 12.—The trouble on the Baie des Chaleurs railway on account of non-payment, continues. A locomotive has been seized at Metapedia and locked up in the round house. The workmen on the road have been arrested as leaders in the riot. The case will likely come before the court of Queen's Bench.

Fire in Fredericton.

St. John, N. B., Aug. 12.—The most disastrous fire Fredericton has experienced broke out at 2 this morning in Lee's lively stable, West Moreland street, burning it, Lee's opera house, Palmer's tailor shop, Du-roy's lot, the city hotel, several wooden buildings and a number of barns and outbuildings. Over half a block was laid in ashes. The insurance is light.

Fabulously Rich.

Cripple Creek, Col., Aug. 12.—In one of the mines of the Pueblo Gold Mining Co.'s property an abundant lead of mineral has been opened at a depth of less than 100 feet, ore bearing gold in such abundance that tests give a return of \$22,600 to the ton of crude ore. This wonderful lead, while lying within the limits of the Little Crisis mine, one of the properties of the company, was discovered by a trespasser, who has attempted to locate another claim. Litigation is unavoidable, for the trespasser will not relinquish his claim to such a bonanza, but the residents of the company are all residents of Pueblo and have no fear of the result. This is the richest discovery in the history of Cripple Creek, and few equally valuable strikes have been made in all America.

Moons of St. Francis.

San Francisco, Aug. 12.—Roman Catholics of this state to-day celebrated the anniversary of the founding of the Franciscan order. The chief celebration is being held at Santa Barbara and San Luis del Rey, at both of which places the monastic order have maintained missions and monasteries for many years. The Franciscan brotherhood was founded by St. Francis d'Assisi in 1209, and the missionaries of the order were among the first settlers on the Pacific coast. The mission at Santa Barbara has been continuously occupied by the order since their first settlement, and the friars have re-established themselves at San Luis del Rey in honor of the anniversary. Wherever in the state the organization has gained a foothold the event is being celebrated.

Beyond American Criticism.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—Medals have been awarded by the jury selected to pass upon the paintings in oil and water colors at the Fair to the artists of all countries except the United States, Mexico, Germany and Austria. The report will be completed in a day or two. The officials of Belgium, Norway and Russia absolutely refuse to be considered competitors, and a number of German and Dutch artists declined to have their work judged upon by the jury of awards.

American Northwest Crops.

Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 14.—The crop prospects of this state held without a favorable change last week. The indications are for 100,000,000 bushels of spring wheat in Minnesota and the Dakotas.

The many truthful testimonials in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla prove that Hood's cures, even on all others fail. Try it

AWAKENED TO DIE

Burning of a Chicago Hotel Early This Morning.

DEATH IN ITS MOST HORRIBLE FORMS

Frantic Inmates Leap to Immediate Destruction.

Terrible Scenes at Windows—World's Fair Finances up to Date—Foreign Artists at the Fair Score the Committee's Judging—American Wheat Crop Prospects Good.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—A hotel fire resulting in the death of a number of guests took place this morning. The fire was in the Senate hotel, a three-story brick structure on Madison street, near Fifth avenue. One man jumped from a window in the top story and was killed. About half a dozen others were suffocated or burned to death. The first body to be recovered was that of Harry Godfrey, aged 7. The building and contents are a total loss, but as the structure was old and the furniture cheap the amount will not exceed a few thousand dollars. A restaurant occupied the ground floor and the Senate hotel and held 80 guests when the fire broke out shortly after 6 a. m. The rooms were separated by flimsy wood partitions and proved first-class food for fire. The blaze started in the office on the second floor and spread rapidly through that and the upper rooms, and before the guests could be warned the fire had cut their escape from the stairs, and they were caught as in a trap. J. Gooche is landlord of the Senate, and Ober is manager. As fast as the dead were taken from the ruins they were taken to the morgue. Four bodies were soon recovered. They were those of Godfrey boy and two men and a woman. The scene during the fire was an exciting one. Mrs. Ober and her daughter Annie, who slept in the front part of the third floor, discovered the fire first. A moment later they and other occupants were trying to seek an avenue of escape. Annie and her mother groped their way through the stifling smoke to a window and stood on the sill. The crowd below cried to them not to jump. With desperation they clung to the framework, keeping as far out as possible, while the smoke and flames burst through the windows around them. Although badly burned they retained their position until the arrival of the fire engine. A man named Ober, who was raised, an excited man whose identity is unknown next reached the window. The flames were already scorching his almost nude body and he clung to the stone pavement and was picked up unscathed. At this juncture that the firemen arrived. The ladders were quickly raised and the work of rescuing the imperilled inmates systematically done. Some were benumbed by flames, recovered by smoke, and with all eyes shut. Rescue for many of them was too late. The fire is said to have started from a lamp. In all five people were killed and three so badly injured that they can scarcely recover. Cook County and Mercy hospitals others are suffering so badly as to be unable to tell their names. The list of killed and injured is: Harry Godfrey, 7; a hardware merchant of Lyon, Ark., burned; Edward Short, 11; William Miller, 17, nephew of J. Godfrey, burned about head and arms, cut by glass in breaking window for air, will recover; A. Coons, Lake City, Minn., cut by glass about head, taken to Mercy hospital, will recover; Mrs. Coons, burns and cuts about shoulders and breast, taken to Mercy hospital, will recover; Flora Coons, aged 15, found suffocated and removed to Mercy hospital, recovery doubtful; R. L. Norton, Syracuse, N. Y., cut about shoulders, removed to Mercy hospital, will recover.

World's Fair Finances.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—According to the report presented to the directors by Treasurer Seeborger up to and including Aug. 10th the cost of creating and managing the World's Fair was \$23,101,321.16. This does not include the floating indebtedness, which amounts to several hundred thousand dollars. The treasurer has on hand cash, \$227,254.01. Treasurer Seeborger showed the gate receipts to be \$3,820,310.81. From other sources, \$2,326,930 has been collected. The gross daily receipts are now averaging \$80,000. The expenses are \$17,000. Since Aug. 1st an average of \$40,000 a day has been paid on account of floating indebtedness. Mr. Seeborger incorporated in his report a statement concerning the souvenir half-dollar, showing that while they have had a satisfactory sale, the demand for them is increasing with every prospect that the supply will be exhausted.

General Dispatches.

News in Brief from Various Parts of the World.

Home, Aug. 12.—The Pope has written De Courties, chief of the Swiss Catholics and organizer of the International Catholic Workingmen's Congress, stating that his holiness approves of international legislation to protect workingmen and children. The letter is designed to be a preparatory step towards holding an international workingmen's congress.

London, Aug. 12.—A train on the Taff Vale railway, running from Cardiff to Pontyfridd, ran off the track this evening while going rapidly around a curve, and rolled over a steep embankment. Seventeen persons were killed and forty injured. Several carriages were badly smashed.

Paris, Aug. 12.—The candidates who will present themselves for election to the chamber of deputies on August 20 number over 2,000. The election will be an exciting small interest. Whatever interest there is centered in M. Clemenceau's contest in Var and M. Floquet's contest in the eleventh arrondissement of Paris.

London, Aug. 12.—The Parnellites have decided to vote for the third reading of the Home Rule bill, which removes any possibility of a hitch in the last session. Gladstone calculates that the bill will leave the commons two weeks from next Friday. The premier's decision to hold an autumn session is meeting with the liveliest satisfaction in the country. The programme is to deal with popular measures.

Portsmouth, Aug. 12.—The battleship Triumph, the port guardship at Queenstown, flying the flag of rear-admiral St. John, arrived here to-day from Malta, having on board most of the survivors of the Victoria, which was recently sunk in collision with the Camperdown. The survivors added little if anything to what is already known.

Rome, Aug. 12.—The Pope has received a letter from President Cleveland congratulating him on the occasion of his golden jubilee. He sent the Pope a book containing the official papers and documents written by him during his first term of office.

Assembled Bohemians.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—It is calculated that over 100,000 Bohemians have arrived in this city during the past 24 hours to participate in the celebration of Bohemian day at the World's Fair. The demonstration has more than passing interest owing to the fact that the date was chosen a week earlier than that for the Austro-Hungarian celebration, that the Bohemians might signify their dissatisfaction with the existing relations between their fatherland and the existing ruling power. Beyond the withdrawal of the Bohemians from the Austro-Hungarian celebration, however, no action of a political character will be taken. The

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TARIFF WAR.

Increase of Duties Between Russia and Germany.

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Samson lived in New York ten years ago, and his record is said to have been bad. Afterwards he swindled in other American cities and then settled in Canada. He has been unwilling to stand his trial on September 28th. One man in this city invested about \$17,000 in his scheme, and will press a charge against him of obtaining money under false pretences.

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