"Pride Goeth

Before a Fall."

Some proud people think they have strong constitutions, and ridicule the idea of disease. Such people neglect their health, let the blood run down, and their stomach, kidneys and liver become deranged.

Don't be foolish about your health. Use Hood's Sarsaparilla and you will prevent the fall and save your pride. Scrofulous Hip Disease - "My boy

Willie had scrofulous hip disease from a baby. Abscesses developed. Months at the hospital, with best treatment, did no good. They said he would never walk again. He was helpless and wasted away to nothing but skin and bone. Hood's Sarsaparilla had helped me, and I gave it to him. Imagine my delight at a wonderthe thing the state of the stat

Nervousness-"I was weak, nervous and very delicate, staggered in attempting to walk. Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills made me well. I feel like another MRS. LIZZIE SHERBERT, Conduit person." Mrs. Lizzie Sher Street, Ext., Annapolis, Md.

Dyspepsia—"We all use Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cured my brother-in-law and myself of dyspepsia. I owe my life to it."
M. H. Kirk, 607 Franklin St., "iladelphia.



Mining Stocks.

Toronto, May 26.—Following are to-day's closing quotations on the Toronto Mining and Industrial change:

Industrial Change.	Asked.	Bid
Foley		75
Hammond Reef	41	383
Hiawatha	25	23
Golden Star	60	593
Ohve	90	
Sawbill	42	39
Sawbill	7	6
Cariboo	137 1/2	1355
Minnehaba	25	213
Waterloo.	10	8
Cariboo Hydraulic	147 1/2	143
Smuggler	31/4	3
Old Ironsides	115	110
Knob Hill	95	91
Athabasca	40%	40
Dundee	251/2	21
Dardanelles	13½	13
Fern Gold M. & M. Co	45	::
Noble Five	28%	27
Rambler-Cariboo Con	84%	32
Tw. Friends	в	4
Wonderful Group	7	5
Van Anda	63/2	6
Republic	133	131
Big Three	2272	21
Alice A	21 1/2	20
Empress	6	7
J.O. 41,	81/	16
sentinel	181/	5
Sommander	10	4
Deer Park		10
Evening Star		ii
Iron Colt	15%	13
Iron Horse	65	57
iron Mask. Montreal Gold Fields	20	18
Monte Cristo Con	11%	10
Northern Belle	314	9
Novelty	31/4	8
St. Paul		1
Bilver Bell Con		9
St. Elmo	6	
Virginia	23	18
Victory-Triumph	81/4	7
War Eagle Con	380	878
White Bear	5	
B. C. Gold Fields	5	4
Can. G. F. S	7	- (
Gold Wille	1	
Crow's Nest Pass Cost	40.00	81
Fairview Corporation	1014	
Rathmullen	071	11.00
Brandon & Golden	30	2.
Morrison	17	1

Winnipeg. 32½ 30½

SALES:—Golden Star, 500 at 59½; 500 at 59½;
500, 500, 300 at 69½; 500, 500 at 69½. Sawbill, 500 at 42; 500 at 40. Superior, 500, 500 at 69½. Rathmullen, 500, 1,000 at 5½. Winnipeg, 1,000, 500 at 31½. Athabasca, 500 at 40; 500 at 40½. Dardanelles, 1,000, 1,000, 1,000, 1,000, 250, 1,500, 1,500 at 13. Rambier-Cariboo, 100 at 52½. Crow's Nest Coal at 10 at 35.00. Republic, 1,000 at 131½; 100 at 132; 500 at 132½. Van Anda, 500 at 6½. Big Three, 500 at 21½. St. Paul, 500 at 2. Golden Star, 520 at 53½. Hammond Reef, 500, 500 at 39, Black Tail, 1,000, 1,500 at 23½; 500 at 23; 500 at 22½. Hammond Reef, 500, 500 at 39, 600 at 40½; 500 at 40.

Local Market. A. M. HAMILTON & SON'S REVIEW London, Monday, May 29. Wheat, white, per bu......700 to 71c Wheat, red, per bu......70c to 71c Wheat, spring, per bu70c to 710 Oats, per bu......824c to 34c Barley, per bu40%c to 50%c

Today's session has been a blank as far as grain is concerned, there being no receipts. A few loads of hay

COME AND SEE OUR LINES OF Tested Seed Corn All the leading kinds.

A. M. Hamilton & Son 873 Talbot St , near King St.

Oil Markets. PITTSBURG, Pa., May 29.-Oil opened and elosed today at \$1 13.

PETROLIA, May 29.—Oil opened and closed at \$1 40.

OIL CITY, Pa., May 29.—Oil opened and closed at \$1 13.

English Markets. Ruling prices for the past four market days— The following table shows the quotations per cental at Liverpool for the three previous

market days. In prices are given.	May N		May May 26.					
WHEAT— Red Winter	8	0	6	014	6	0	6	0
No. 1 Nor. Spring			6	416		4	6	ĭ
No. 1 Cal		1	6	4	6	4	6	4
May		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July	5			10%	5	10%		936
Sept	5	8%	9	9%	5	9/8	5	8%
CORN-		•	2	6			2	534
New	3	614	3	616	3	614	3	634
May		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July		53%		514	3	63%	3	474
Sept	1.3	5%		6	13	5%	3	531
D'I AND	117	A A	117	200	118	TOS	12	A

American Markets. CHICAGO, May \$1.—The leading futures closed as follows: Wheat—No. 2 May. 74%c; July, 75%c to 75%c; Sept., 75%a. Corn—No. 2

Pork—July, Sc. 10; Sept., 24½c to 24½c.
Pork—July, Sc. 10; Sept., 24½c to 24½c.
Pork—July, Sc. 10; Sept., \$8 32½. Lard—July, \$5 02½; Sept., \$4 80. Cash quotations as follows: Flour, firm; winter patents, \$3 65 to \$3 75; straights, \$3 35 to \$3 45; spring specials, \$4 35; patents, \$3 40 to \$3 80; straights, \$2 80 to \$3 76; straights, \$2 20 to \$3 60; No. 2 spring wheat, 73½c to 74½c; No. 2 spring wheat, 63½c; No. 2 red, 76c to 77c; No. 2 corn, 32½c; No. 2 yellow corn, 33½c to 83 %c; No. 2 cats, 25c to 25½c; No. 2 white, 27c; N. 3 white, 25½c to 25½c; No. 2 rye, 62c; No. 2 barley, 37c to 41c; No. 1 flaxseed, \$1 04; Northwest, \$1 06; prime timothy seed. \$2 25; mess pork, \$8 05 to \$8 10; lard, \$4 97½ to \$5; short rib sides, loose, \$4 45 to \$4 75; dry safted shoulders, boxed, \$4 05 to \$5 05; sugars, cutloaf, \$6 50; granulated, \$5 52; clover, contract grade, \$6 30; eggs, steady, fresh, 13c.
RECEIPTS—Flour, 10,000 bbls; wheat, 22,000 bushels; corn, 143,000 bushels; oats, 563,000 bushels; serr, 24,000 bushels; barley, 3,000 bushels.
SHIPMENTS—Flour, 8,000 bbls; wheat, 15,000 bushels; corn, 171,000 bushels; eats, 285,000 bushels;

Live Stock Markets.

EAST BUFFALO, May 27.—Cattle— The offerings were 24 loads of Canada stockers, for which there was a fair demand at good, strong prices; the calf trade was on the basis of yesterday, \$650 to \$675, there being only a few head on sale. Sheep and lambs—The offerings were 26 loads; trade was dull and irregular; lambs, choice to extra, \$6 35 to \$6 50; good to choice, \$6 to \$6 85; common to fair, \$5 50 to \$5 75; sheep, choice to extra, \$5 25 to \$5 50; good to choice, \$5 to \$5 25; common to fair, \$3 25 on the close. Hogs—Trade was steady at yesterday's prices, with 22 loads on sale; heavy and mixed, \$3.95; Yorkers, \$3.90 to \$3.92½; pigs, \$3.80 to \$3.82½; roughs, \$3.25 to \$3.40; stags, \$2.50 to \$2.75.

CHICAGO, May 27.—There were not enough cattle received today to make a market, and prices ruled nominal. There was good demand for hogs and There was good demand for hogs and prices ruled stronger, with some lots 2½c higher; fair to choice, \$3 80 to \$3 95; heavy packers, \$3 50 to \$3 77½; mixed, \$3 70 to \$3 80; butchers, \$3 65 to \$3 87½; light, \$2 60 to \$3 82½; pigs, \$3 30 to \$3 70. The small supply of sheep were quickly dispersed of at reach prices; sheep ly disposed of at recent prices; sheep, \$2.75 to \$4.25 for culls and inferior lots, up to \$4.75 to \$5.50 for prime; yearlings, \$5 30 to \$5 75; Colorado lambs going at the top; spring lambs, \$6 to \$8. Receipts-Cattle, 200; hogs, 20,000; sheep,

NEW YORK, May 27.—Beeves—Receipts, 489; one car choice steers sold at \$550; feeling steady. Exports, 20 cattle 60 sheep and 547 quarters of beef. Calves—None received and no trading; feeling steady. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 2,411; sheep and common yearlings dull and weak; good year-lings and prime lambs barely steady; comp sheep easier; common to fair 4 35 to \$4 65; medium to good s, \$5 75 to \$6 12½; lambs, \$6 50 ½. Hogs—Receipts, 2,021; weak, sheer

OLD COUNTRY PRICES. Liverpool, May 27 .- Prices here and in London are steady but not changed. American steers sell at 11c to 12c per lb, dressed weight; live sheep sell at 13½c to 14½c, dressed weight; lambs, 15c per lb. Refrigerator beef is quoted

The Dairy Markets.

BELLEVILLE, Ont., May 27.-At the cheese market today 24 factories boarded 60 white and 905 colored. Thos. Walkin bought white at 8½c.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., May 27.—Sales of cheese on the board of trade today, 5,000 boxes at 8½c to 8½c for large; bulk at 8%c for New York; export about 1,000 boxes for Montreal.

COWANSVILLE, Que., May 27.— At the cheese board today 14 factories offered 1,347 boxes cheese; 3 creameries 130 boxes butter; 16% c bid on butter by H. S. Hibbard; no sales; 143 boxes cheese sold to J. Gibson for 8% c; 331 boxes cheese sold to Hibbard for 8½c: 1,203 boxes cheese sold to J. Burnett for 81/4c: 243 boxes cheese sold to P. F. Ferguson for 8%c; balance un-

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., May 27.— Twenty-two lots, 1,590 boxes, were offered; 8%c bid; no sales. Later on the street all sold at 81/4c. CORNWALL, Ont., May 27.—1,090 white and 88 colored cheese were boarded and sold here today, with the

exception of 28 colored, which were sold for 8c; all brought 84c. Lovell and Christmas got 488, Hodgson 410, Alexander 407 and Ayer 315.

CANTON, May 27.—Four hundred small cheese sold at 91/4c; 1,500 large cheese unsold; 1,200 tubs butter sold at

NEW YORK, May 27.—Butter strong; western creamery, 15c to 18½c; do factory, 11½c to 13c; imitation creamery, 17c to 18c; dairy, 13½c to 17c; do do creamery, 17c to 18c. Cheese, dull and weak; large white, 9c; large colored, 8½c; small white, 9½c to 9½c; small colored, 9c.

CHICAGO, May 27.—Butter steady; creameries, 12c to 171/c; daries, 10c to 16c. Cheese easy; creameries, 83/c to

LONDON. The demand was poor at Saturday's cheese market, and but four lots were

Some 1,128 boxes were boarded by fifteen factories. The ruling price was 814c. The offerings were as fol-

	out that represent that the second	Boxes		
	Elgin		9	
3	Maple Grove	W. L. T.	4	
	Yarmouth Center		7	
	Kerwood		6	
13	North Branch		5	
	Glanworth	Marie Co.	5	
(346)	Gladstone		10	
	Mapleton	1	14	
	Delaware	7007	5	
	Blanchard and Nissouri		11	
	Appin	••	7	
	Sifton's		6	
ı	North Street	•	4	
e	Northwood		15	
	Leitche's		6	
	LANGE TO WAR TO A STATE OF THE	-	10	
â	Total		12	

Sales-North Branch, 50; Glanworth, 50; Gladstone, 100, and Mapleton 140.

PUT POISON IN THE PIE.

Grand Haven, Mich., May 29.-Emma McMahon, a 14-year-old girl, of Spring Lake, was lodged in jall Saturday on a charge of attempting to poison her foster-parents, brother and two board-ers. She is alleged to have put rough on rats in their pie. They were taken deathly sick, but recovered. The girl acknowledges the deed, but is very cool. She says she did it because her foster-mother was very strict with

HIS NARROW ESCAPE.

Mr. John N. Babcock's Experience With Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Sharbot Lake, Ont., May 29.—No resident of this place is better known to the thousands of tourists and sportsmen who visit us annually, than is Mr.

John N. Babcock. Mr. Bab ak has had many thrilling experiences, but the narrowest escape he ever had, he tells of in these words: "After twenty years of pain, caused by Gravel and other Kidney Complaints, I am pleased to be able to state that I have been completely cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills. During these years I have spent hundreds of dollars for doctors and remedies, but only Dodd's Kidney Pills helped me."

Opposition Leader Asks a Truce With the Government.

Will Give Them a Free Hand in the Washington Negotiations

If They Will Withdraw the Re distribution Bill This Season.

The G. T. R. Trackmen's Strike-Bad Shipments of Canadian Apples-Inspection of Oil.

Ottawa, May 28.—The first Saturday sitting of the house this session was held yesterday, and although no great progress was made with the business upon the order paper, several matters of probable importance were discussed. Mr. E. F. Clarke referred to the strike upon the Grand Trunk and suggested government interference for the protection and safety of the travel-ing public. Hon. Mr. Blair, while ex-pressing sympathy with the men, thought the duty did not devolve upon the government or department of interfering, and hoped the difficulty would be settled. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who spoke in a sympathetic strain, was doubtful as to the prudence of government interference at present, but intimated that if the strike continued and the opportunity offered, the government would not be averse to assisting in bringing about a settlement of the dif-

INSPECTION OF OIL AND WHEAT. Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere introduced a bill to amend the act respecting the inspection of petroleum and naphtha. In explanation he stated that the object of the bill was to facilitate the handling of petroleum and naphtha by removing some of the most irksome regulations, with a view to cheapening the cost. He enied that the regulations were either tyrannical or useless, but they expressed a readiness to facilitate to a certain degree the work of the department in protecting the user of petroleum. The bill proposed that the inspection should be made at the refinery, and that the oil should be shipped in tank cars to any part of the Dominion; also that petroleum may be sold from tank wagons. The bill also applies to imported oil, which will be inspected before passing the customs. Sir Henri Joly also introduced a bill to amend the general inspection act. which is designed to remove the com-

CONDITION OF EXPORTED AP-PLES.

plaints respecting the unsatisfactory

condition of wheat grown in the North-

Mr. McMillan, always alert in the interests of the farming community, brought up a matter of some moment when he denied a statement, alleged to have been made in the agricultural committee, that the farmers of Canada had been in the habit of sending to England barrels of apples in which inferior fruit was placed in the middle of the receptacles, and Mr. Mc-Millan showed that the farmers do not pack the fruit, but that if any culpability exists it should be laid at the door of the middlemen, or apple-buyers, in place of the farmer, who in pretty nearly all cases sells his crop to these merchants. The minister of agriculture also showed that the article had misrepresented him, and Prof Robertson. Incidentally, Mr. Fisher reported that last season he had heard many complaints as to badly-packed apples.

SIR CHARLES ASKS A TRUCE. Sir Charles Tupper said he had read with great satisfaction that the peace commission assembled at The Hague has practically agreed to Sir Julian

Pauncefote's proposal of a board of international arbitration for the settlement of questions of controversy between the nations, and as the United States and Great Britain were parties to the peace conference, it would be most reasonable suppose they would now agree to submit the Alaskan boundary question to arbitration. He assumed, therefore, that at this moment we could hopefully forward to the reassembling of the Anglo-American commission on Aug. 2, Sir Charles called attention to an article in the New York Sun, saying that the difficulty was not due to the Liberal Government, but to the Con-servative party, which embarassed the government in dealing with the questions before the joint high commission. Sir Charles denied this. Indeed, it would be found that if the commission were to reassemble tomorrow, there were no means the British commissioners could take that would be more effective than to present the statements he had made on the floor of the house. There was his (Sir Charles') statement that Canada was absolutely indepen-dent of the United States. Then there was the power which parliament had already given the government to impose an export duty on pulp wood, logs and nickel matte. He had held that by exercising that power we could cut off the supply from which the Americans manufacture a large part of the paper used in the world, and transfer its manufacture to Canada, where we had an enormous advantage by reason of our great water power and transportation facilities. As to mining rights, Canada was now in the position, he held, that it was of more importance for Americans to obtain mining privileges in Canada than for Canadians to have similar privileges in the United States; so that it was in the interest of the United States to assimilate the mining laws of the two countries, so as to make these privileges common. We had also the advantage of practically controlling the supply of nickel. Therefore, taking all these questions, it would be seen that the attitude of the Conservative party upon them was calculated not to obstruct, but to strengthen the hands of the British His object in mencommissioners. tioning these matters was that he proposed to meet the leader of the governs ment with a flag of truce, to suggest means by which he (Sir Wilfrid) would be left more free to proceed with the work of the commission, which he regarded as more than a party question. He would suggest that, under the circumstances, Sir Wilfrid should with-draw the redistribution bill, have it published for the benefit of the country, and allow the business of the session to be properly closed by disposing of all the other questions now be-fore the house, in order that the government might give the necessary care and attention to the work of the com-mission. Sir Charles objected to the members having to spend the summer in Ottawa, away from home and business. He hoped the government would

SIR WILFRID SPEAKS.

But the honorable gentleman has made me a suggestion, which, I repeat, compain out and so gives relief. Try it, ing from one having the authority and be convinced. entitled. (Cheers.)

consideration to which it was fairly



Some smart values in Black Dress Fabrics for you this week. Splendid for separate skirts and dresses. We show the regular and present selling prices; you can form an idea of the bargains there's in this lot:

Regular 50c Black Brilliantine for......35c Regular 30c Black Mohair Broche for 19c Regular 75c Black Venetian Cord for 65c Regular 65c Black Matalassie Figure for 50c Regular 65c Black Fancy Stripe for50c

These are all new goods, and are just what they are represented to be in value. See

Millinery.

New Sailors and White Dress Hats just received from New York. A splendid Sailor

Hosiery.

Another big drive in Cotton Hosiery. Ladies' sizes, regular 20c quality, for 12½c.



we on this side of the house may be pardoned, I am sure, some feeling of satisfaction at the language just spoken by my honorable friend (Sir Charles Tupper). The wisdom of the course which I took in the month of February instead of breaking suddenly the ne-gotiations of the Anglo-American commission has been fully vindicated by what the honorable gentleman had just said. If I were allowed to refer to a past debate I might call the attention of the house to the fact that in this debate on the address my honorable friend took a very different position, and stated that the moment we could not come to an agreement with our fellow commissioners representing the United States we should have broken negotiations and come home. We thought that this course was not the course which should be followed under the circumstances.

Sir Charles Tupper-But that is prac-Wilfrid Laurier-When we left

we referred the question of the Alaska boundary to our respective gov-ernments, and stated then to the world that it would be useless to reassemble unless this matter had been disposed of. I stated at the time to my honorable friend and to the house on more than one occasion, that the matter had been referred to the respective governments, American and British, and that we were to assemble on the 2nd of August. But what would have been the use of reassembling on the 2nd of August, or any other time, if the very question which we had not been able to agree upon were then to be found in the same position as be-fore? We would not proceed with the other matters pending that consideration, but we hoped that when we assembled again on the 2nd of August that the British and American Governments, by their respective authorities, would have been able to perform what we had not been able to perform.
That is to say, settle the question of
the Alaskan boundary. We thought
that, of all the measures that had been referred to us, the most important. We might have gone on with some other questions, but, pending that, we thought it would not be advisable in the best interest of Canada to proceed with other questions. If that question could have been settled one way or the other, we could have proceeded with other questions, giving more or receiving more as the question was settled one way or the other. Sir Wilfrid said he would prefer settling the boundary question by a fair and honorable compromise instead of referring it to arbitration. But if it was to be referred to arbitration the commission would be free to take up the other questions. "I say frankly," said Sir Wilfrid, "that I do not expect that we can settle them all, perhaps, as I would like them to be settled myself to the extreme limits of our rights and pretensions; and I have hoped that we can settle the most, if not all, of those questions in an honorable and satisfactory manner to both countries. I do expect that we can make an honorable settlement—such a settle-ment as will intensify the good feeling which now prevails between Great Britain and the United States." (Cheers.) Sir Wilfrid did not agree with Sir Charles on one thing. He did not believe that either in the future or the past any policy of retaliation toward the United States would have any effect in settling differences with that country. "Even though the United States sometimes try our patience very much," said the premier, they sometimes more than try our patience, still I think it would be the part of wisdom in us under such circumstances to continue to be patient and not allow ourselves to be moved by any sentiment of irritation. If we resume our negotiation, as I believe we shall, I think we are in a fair way of making a treaty which can be settled in a very few days." (Cheers.) Sir Wilfrid said he would consider Sir Charles' invitation to withdraw the redistribution bill, though he had not been prepared for such a request. Sir Wilfrid added: "I owe it to him to place the matter before my colleagues and before my party, and we will give it the best consideration. But if we are to spend the summer in Ottawa, I do not think it will be in the legitimate discussion of the redistribution bill. We can dispose of the redistribution bill in a short time, if it receive his suggestion in the spirit in which it was offered, and give it the

is approached on both sides with a view of making it a fair measure, and

think it is drawn upon a fair basis.

Elegant Curtain Materials

A Visit to Our Store Will Repay You.

THE FINEST COLLECTION

New Roman Stripe Madras

In gold and white and blue and white.

Colored Frilled Muslin by the yard.

New Art Muslin, 10c, 121/20 and 15c.

Frilled Bobbinett by the yard.

New English Cretonnes, 10c, 12½c and 15c.

Fancy French Denims, 25c, 30c and 35c.

Also Swiss and Muslin Sash Curtains.

green and white.

EVER SHOWN IN THE CITY.

Fancy Colored Madras, in pink, green and white and gold.

which he has in this house, resting not only upon his official position, but upon his long experience and long service in Parliament—I intend, for my part, to treat with great respect, and I shall ask my friends as well to give it their best consideration. But more than this I know my honorable friend does not expect me to say today."

After a short discussion about liquor permits in the Yukon district, the house adjourned at 6:15 to Mon-

Train Wrecked by a Washout and Nine People Drowned.

Several Persons Killed and Injured and Buildings Destroyed by

a Tornado. EPIDEMIC OF STORMS.

Chicago, May 29.-Since last Friday, the States of Nebraska, South Dakota, Iowa, Wisconsin and Northern Illinois, have experienced a series of the most violent storms known in years. resulting in the loss of nearly a dozen lives, and doing damage to property and crops, that will run into the hundreds of thousands. In the States of Nebraska, South Dakota and Iowa, tornadoes, the real old-fashioned twister kind, have laid waste large sections of the country, converting hundreds of farm houses and buildings into kindling wood, killing stock and tearing up trees like weeds. At least six tornadoes have been reported since Friday. In many other sections violent wind, rain and hailstorms, accompanied by terrific lightning and thunder, have been experienced. Yesterday tornadoes were reported from Hastings, Central City and Beatrice, Nebraska, Keswick, Dows, Mingo, Fonda and Tama, Iowa, and Bijou Hills, South Dakota. At the latter place seven lives were lost and two fatally injured. Near persons were injured, one fatally. Hundreds of window-panes in Beatrice and Hastings. Nebraska, were broken by hail, while vegetation was ruined, and hundreds of birds were killed. In Hamilton county, Nebraska, \$100,000 damage was done

The State of Michigan was also swept yesterday by several electrical storms, many houses in St. Joseph and Benton Harbor and vicinity struck by lightning. At Watervliet, Michigan, an unknown man was killed

by lightning. A violent storm broke over Chicago late last night, which flooded the city and suburbs, causing much damage to property. The rain fell in flood, and the electrical display was unusually vivid. Trees were blown down all over the city and in the suburbs. The streets and basements in the downtown district and Evanston were flooded. A number of houses were struck by the lightning.

NINE PEOPLE KILLED.

Waterloo, Iowa, May 29.—The through train from Chicago to Minneapolis over the Rock Island and Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern Railway was wrecked at 1:15 yesterday morning at the crossing of Sink Creek. The train consisted of six coaches, including mail and baggage car, smoking car, two passenger coaches and sleeper. Nine were killed and 23 injured. Nine persons

The list of dead is as follows: F. L. Arnold, lumberman, Minneapolis. Minn.; W. A. McLaughlin, Muskegon, Mich.; R. H. Schwette, Alton, Ill.; Davis Sallo, Minneapolis, Minn.; F. S. Carpenter, St. Louis, Mo.; — Hawkins, Pullman conductor; George Wain-wright, train conductor; Will Schollian, Waterloo; one unknown person. Among those seriously injured were:

E. Bentley, Reuben Odell, Herman Denet and S. H. Basher, all of Waterloo, Iowa. A cloudburst had washed the san1 and gravel roadbed, leaving the track

unsupported for a stretch of 20 feet.

and two passengers were drowned.

A SIMILAR DISASTER-THREE KILLED. A passenger train on the Pecos Valley road was wrecked Friday night, near Canon City, Texas, by a waterspout undermining a culvert. One brakeman

A DEADLY TORNADO-SEVEN Chamberlain, S. D., May 29.-Word has reached here of a disastrous tornado which passed over the country in the vicinity of Bijou, 25 miles south of this city, yesterday afternoon, re-sulting in the death of seven persons and the serious injury of three others. The killed are: Charles Peterson, six children of Charles Peterson, ranging in age from 3 to 15 years. The wife and two remaining children were so badly injured that they may also die. storm destroyed a church and a school house, after which it reached the

TORNADO IN NEBRASKA. Omaha, Neb., May 29.-A tornado swept Kearney county early Saturday morning. Every building in its circuitous path was wrecked and much live stock perished. Houses were picked up and carried some distance and then dashed to splinters. Fortunately

the storm moved slowly, giving the

Peterson place.

people time to reach their cellars. Jure Yourself of Rheumatism. The application of Nerviline-nervepain cure-which possesses such marvelous power over all nerve pain, has proved a remarkable success in rheumatism and neuralgia. Nervaline acts

THE TRACKMEN

Show Little Sign of Giving In-Strong Feeling Against the Non-Union Element.

TORONTO-At a meeting of the local branch of the Railway Trackmen's Brotherhood Saturday evening, Thomas Greenfield, one of the strikers, said that, although the company was saving thousands of dollars a week in wages, the trackmen were all determined to keep up the fight, and he himself was willing to stay out six weeks if necessary. Bro. McCormack, an engine driver, and Bro. Brady, a railway telegrapher, said that the sympathies of both orders which they represented were to a man with the strik-

HAMILTON.-The men are out, and are prepared to remain out till they are granted an increase, while the officials of the company state that they are replacing the strikers with other men. The Italians sent from here to London were sent back again along the line. The farmers along the northern division refuse to supply the non-union element with water, and are making it as uncomfortable as possible for them. The foreman in the northern yard here has also gone out with his men. BELLEVILLE.-Six men employed

to take the place of striking trackmen arrived here Saturday afternoon, and they were met by a large crowd, but there was no hostile demonstration. The strikers held a meeting. The incomers finally refused to go to work. KINGSTON .- Three coach loads of

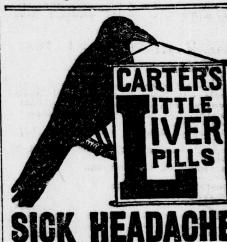
men reached here Saturday to work on the G. T. R. The men are all gone, save six, who say they did not engage as trackmen, but as blacksmiths and bridge-builders. MONTREAL.—The report that the

Grand Trunk engineers and firemen will go out on strike tomorrow is officially denied here. There is no change in the situation so far as the strike committee and the company are con-DOCK LABORERS FIGHT AT BUF-

FALO.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 29.—A fight between Italian and Polish laborers occurred on the Central tracks Friday, during which a Pole was shot in the back, and another man was cut in the face. The trouble was precipitated by the Poles calling the Italians "scabs. After order had been restored, 400 Poles marched from the docks, declining to work with the non-union Italians. The latter were discharged, and the Poles returned to work. Contractor Conners said later that he would discharge every non-union man. Semlok's injuries are not serious.

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