

noted to the rank of Major, and in the year 1777 advanced to that of Lieut.-Colonel. He was at the attack on Danbury, where he was again wounded, and narrowly escaped death. In the year 1780 he had command of the artillery at West Point. He was afterwards promoted to the rank of Brig.-General. General Lamb was a valiant soldier, a pure patriot, and an able and energetic officer. He died on the 31st day of May, in the year 1800, and his remains were buried in Trinity Church-yard, in the city of New York.

(31) MATTHIAS OGDEN joined the army at Cambridge. He was engaged in the attack upon Quebec under Arnold, and was carried wounded from the place of engagement. On his return from this expedition, he was appointed to the command of a regiment, in which station he continued until the conclusion of the war. On the occurrence of peace, he was honored by Congress with a commission of Brig.-General. He died at Elizabethtown, N. J., in the year 1791.

(32) The following facts, taken from Hawkins' *Picture of Quebec*, (pages 439-40,) relating to the disinterment of the remains of Gen. Montgomery, are unquestionably authentic.

In the year 1818 a request was made of the Governor-in-Chief, Sir John Sherbrooke, on behalf of Mrs. Montgomery, the widow of the General, for leave to disinter the remains of Gen. Montgomery, in order that they might be conveyed to the city of New York, and there re-interred, to which His Excellency acceded.

Mr. James Thompson, a gentleman of respectability, then in his 84th year, who bore arms during the siege of the winter of 1775-6, in defence of the city of Quebec, and was present when the body was found, and saw it afterwards interred, was now