

64 HISTORICAL REMARKS *on the*

selves, they would not have been *too fond* of,
 these Foreigners were sent abroad, some to
Ireland, and others to *New York*. The Parlia-
 ment of *Ireland* had voted 24000*l.* for the
 Reception of them: And I find by an Act,
 passed in the Parliament of *Great Britain*, the
 first of *George I.* c. 29. that they were not
 thought an idle, or an useless People in the
 Kingdom of *Ireland*. Those who were sent
 to *New York*, having not received the kindest
 Usage, moved from thence, and settled in *Pen-*
sylvania, where they met with an humane
 and hospitable Reception. There they invited
 Numbers of their Countrymen to join them;
 and not a Year passes, but many Thousands of
Germans go over to them. By these Means,
 the Province of *Pensylvania* is enriched to such
 a Degree, that an Estate in Land, which might
 be purchased for 100*l.* Sterling, before their
 Arrival, cannot now be had for *Three Times*
 that Sum; so greatly have they encreased the
 Wealth and Property of the *Landed Interest*.
 And the other Provinces are now using all their
 Interest, to have as many *German* Protestants
 to come and settle among them, as they can;
 a People, no longer described as useless, lazy,
 indolent,

themselves to the Cart, the Plow, or the Flail, but to
 Handicrafts, and easy Occupations: But now, when
 these *Palatines* were mostly employed in Agriculture, a
 grievous Complaint is made against them by the *Exami-*
ner, N^o 44. That they *understood no Trade or Handi-*
craft. So that either Way, Tradesmen or Husbandmen,
 the Foreigners must be condemned.