TILT-BACK. A Back-tilt is a fined made of boughs, refembling the fetion of a roof; the back part is placed towards the wind, and a fire is generally made in the front.

TOM-COD. Young codfish.

TONGUE OF A DEATHFALL. A peg, which is tied to the end of the line which fupports the Cat-killer; the but end of which is placed under a fork or notch in a flake, and the point is inferted in a hole in the end of the bridge.

TONGUE OF A TRAP. A small bar of iron, which is placed on one side of the bed of a trap, and turns upon a pin: it passes over one of the jaws, and the end of it is fixed under the heel of the bridge, which it supports until that is pressed upon; when, being set at liberty, the jaws sly up.

TURN OF TIMBER. So much as a man can carry on his shoulders.

WATER-HORSE. Newly washed codish, which are laid upon each other to drain before they are spread to dry.

WHABBY. A water-fowl of the diving genus.
WHIGWHAM. An Indian tent of a conical form.

WHITECOAT. A young feal, before it has cast its first coat, which is white and surry.

WHITEFISH. A fish of the Porpoise kind.

WHITINGS. Trees which have been barked, and left standing.

WHITTLED-STICKS. Sticks from which beavers have eaten the bark.

WRAPPERS. Loofe flevee-pieces to button round the wrifts, to defend them from the froft.

YOUNGSTER. A novitiate; a person in the first year, or early part of his servitude one who has his business to learn.

