under date Oct. 1st, to the Sheriff of this District, with a long string of queries, all of which at the request of the Bench of Magistrates, we publish gatuitously for the information of those

The following is a copy of the circular:-(Letter.)

"SIR, - As a means of obviating delay, and the inconvenience

eligibility of the patient for admisssion will be communicated.

"3rd—Epileptic Patients and Idiots are in all cases excluded from the present Establishment according to the Rules. "A certificate signed by two Magistrates and a Clergyman,

attesting the insanity, must accompany each patient.
"Relatives or Guardians with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, or Magistrate, are required to give, according to the best of their knowledge, precise answers to the annexed queries, or as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient proposed for admission.

1st. How long has the patient been insane?

2nd. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy in any other public asylum or by any private medical practitioner. If so, how often; and how long on each occasion; where; in what state was the patient when dismissed. What treatment was pursued, and is the case now deemed incurable?
3d. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there

any unusual depression or elevation of spirits; was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lurger, were appeared to the patient. g before lunacy, were any precursory symptoms ob-4th. What have been the prominent features of the malady?

Has any obvious change in its form occurred; and does it appear to be increasing, or stationary?

5th. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions or exacerbations. cerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times

6th. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects,

of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance?

12th. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady, to converted.

malady; to any unusual discharge; or to suppression or ob-struction of any customary discharge, to sores, cruptions, to epilepsy or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity or disease 13th. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit

occurred during pregnancy or in child-bed?

14th. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?

15th. What is supposed to be the exciting cause of the malady?

16th. Has the patient ever had a quarrel with any one; or does he bear any malice against any particular person dead

17th. State the name and age of the patient; his profession, trade or ordinary pursuits; residence; from what country, and of what religion; address of friends.

Lastly.—State any facts connected with the case of the patient

which appear important, and which the terms of the foregoing queries may have failed to elicit.

COBOURG MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

subscribers and the public, trusting that these schemes, if efficiently supported, will conduce to the moral and intellectual improvement and interest of the community, and will eventually me an attraction as well as an ornament to the town. The Committee would take this opportunity of expressing their sincere thanks to those ladies and gentlemen who, by donations in books and subscriptions, have heretofore so materially aided this public Institution, and they would again appeal to their usual the subject in stitution, and they would again appeal to their usual liberality and kindness. They would also especially appeal to the mechanics and working-men of Cobourg, urging them by every motive of self-interest, as well as of love to their fellowmen, to lend their efforts in promoting the prosperity of an Institution which is truly their own: impressing on those who are masters, that it is calculated to make such as are in their are masters, that it is calculated to make such as are in their latter, that, by such Institutions, they may obtain that know. them wiser, happier, and more respected citizens.

Scheme First-Evening Classes. These classes will be open twice a-week, (which will hereafter be advertised), comprehending Grammar, Writing, Arithmetic, Book-keeping, Geography, Algebra, &c., Geometry, French, and Latin. Fees, for the first three classes, 2s. per duarter, or 1s. per month; for the fourth, 3s., or 1s. 6d.; for the fifth, sixth, and seventh, 3s. 6d., or 1s. 9d.; for the two last, 5s., or 2s. 6d.; each student providing his own books and last on the student providing his own books and last of the student providing his own books and the st aterials. The funds will be managed by a Treasurer, elected

Scheme Second-Museum.

To consist of specimens and curiosities in Natural History and the Arts. Donors to this will please to forward along with he articles as much information as possible, as to their nature and locality where procured. It is intended to have a course of Lectures during the winter; b if possible, a Soirce will be got up. Of both which due

Reported by order. A. H. MOUAT, Secretary.

Cobourg, Dec. 6, 1845.

to require any explanation :-Hayti. - Failure of the Black Government there. - We understand that Mr. Hagan, who recently returned from a secret expedition to Hayti, to which he was ordered under the adminstration of Mr. Calhoun, has presented a long and elaborate report on the condition of the Black Government in Hayti, and which will accompany the President's message to congress. The substance of this report consists of an historical sketch extending many years back, of the progress of the negro race in Hayti and their years back, of the progress of the negro race in Hayti and their years back, of the progress of the negro race in Hayti and their years back, of the progress of the negro race in Hayti and their years back, of the progress of the negro race in Hayti and their years back, of the progress of the negro race in Hayti and their years back, of the progress of the negro race in Hayti and their years back, of the progress of the negro race in Hayti and their years back, of the progress of the negro race in Hayti and their years back, of the progress of the negro race in Hayti and their years back, of the progress of the negro race in Hayti and their years back, of the progress of the negro race in Hayti and their years back, of the progress of the negro race in Hayti and their years back, of the progress of the negro race in Hayti and their years back, of the progress of the negro race in Hayti and their years back, of the progress of the negro race in Hayti and their years back, of the progress of the negro race in Hayti and their years back, of the progress of the negro race in Hayti and the progress of the negro race in Hayti and the progress of the negro race in Hayti and the progress of the negro race in Hayti and the progress of the negro race in Hayti and the progress of the negro race in Hayti and the progress of the negro race in Hayti and the progress of the negro race in Hayti and the progress of the negro race in Hayti and the progress of the negro race in Hayti and the progress of the negro race in Hayti and the progress of the negro race in Hayti and the progress of the negro race in Hayti and the progress of the negro race in Hayti and the progress of the negro race in Hayti and the progress of the negro race in Hayti and the progress of the negro race in Hayti and the progress of the negro race in Hayti and their utter incapacity for self-government. We are also in-med that a project is on foot amongst the Spanish population of that Island, or the white inhabitants, for the purpose of reduchas been made to the United States Government. The whole document will be a curious expose of the condition of Hayti, of the inferiority of the coloured race, and their positive incapacity

United States.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

This document was read by President Polk at Washington on the 2nd Dec. inst., and we content ourselves with extracting what relates to the OREGON QUESTION: My attention was early directed to the negotiation, which, on the 4th of March last, I found pending at Washington between the United States and Great Britain, on the subject of the Oregon December 21

countries by negociation, upon the principle of compromise; but each had proved unsuccessful.

tans, should be extended to such that such that the greation in the principle of compromise; the cach had proved unsuccessful.

1824 and 1828, the two first under the administration of Mr. Adams. The negotiations took place at London, in the years 1818, Munroe, and the lates under that of Mr. Adams. The negotiations took place at London, in the years 1818, Munroe, and the lates under that of Mr. Adams. The negotiations with the Indian tribes of that territory. For this purpose I recommend that provision be made for establishing an Indian sgency, and such sub-sgencies as may be defined by either party on the northwest coast that the testing within its hown, where he will be disable that the same, be free and open for the term of the area within the same, be free and open for the term of the story within the same, be free and open for the term of the story within the same, be free and open for the term of the story within the same, be free and open for the term of the story within the same, be free and open for the term of the story through which sade they pass, I recommend that a suitable that the sums, be free and open for the term of the story through which is due to the subscriber that the same, be free and open for the term of the story information from any of the Office bearers, or by the same from the date of the signature of the prosent convention, and the Rocky Mountains; and that an adequate force of the seeks, citizens, and the subjects of the two Powers; it is not find the vessels, citizens, and the subjects of the two Powers; it is not find the vessels, citizens, and the subjects of the two Powers; it is not find the vessels, citizens, and the subjects of the two Powers; it is not find the vessels, citizens, and the subjects of the two Powers; it is not interest, to cultivate will be distant region, make it our duty as it is our interest, to cultivate with the distant region, make it our duty as it is our interest, to cultivate will be a story in the fallons with the ladian tribes of the territory. F

"Sir,—As a means of obviating delay, and the inconvenience of writing to this Institution for information, the following is transmitted for the guidance of such District Officers and Magistrates as may be consulted or referred to, for the committal gistrates as may be consulted or referred to, for the committal of Insane Persons.

"1st—All Patients, the duration of whose affliction has not exceeded two years, and who are not subject to epileptic fits, are admissible on being brought to the asylum, accompanied by the subjoined certificate, and also such answers to the within queries as it may be found practicable to afford.

"2nd—Cases exceeding the above period require that the certificate and list of queries be previously transmitted to the delay of the Columbia river south of that latitude. The parallel of the 49th degree, from the Rocky mountains to its allel of the 49th degree, from the Rocky mountains to its allel of the 49th degree, from the Rocky mountains to its allel of the 49th degree, from the Rocky mountains to its and its was further convertion, the following is convention of the 20th of October, 1818; and it was further of the convention of the 20th of October, 1818; and it was further to the wisdom of Congress.

It is submitted to the wisdom of Congress to determine where the expiration of the said term of the year's notice, any other measures may be adopted, consistently with the convention of the State to the said term of organical the submitted to the wisdom of Congress.

It allel of the 49th degree, from the Rocky mountains to its intersection with the north-easternmost branch of the Columbia, and thence down the channel of that river to the sea, had been offered by Great Britain, with an addition of a small

detached territory north of the Columbia. Each of these prositions had been rejected by the parties respectively.

In October, 1843, the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States in London was authorized to make a similar offer to those made in 1818 and 1826.—

to make a similar offer to those made in 1818 and 1826.—

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to make a simila to make a similar offer to those made in 1818 and to to make a similar offer to those made in 1818 and to make a similar offer to those made in 1818 and to make a similar offer to those made in 1818 and to wise any other mode better calculated to accomplish the same vise any other mode better calculated to accomplish the same object, it shall meet with my hearty concurrence.

At the end of the year's notice, should Congress think it terwards transferred to Washington; and, on the solution of my imgust, 1844, was formally opened under the direction of my immediate predecessor. Like all the previous negotiations, it proper to make provision for giving that notice, we shall have reached a period when the national rights in Oregon must eigenched a period when the na the two countries to the Oregon territory, with a view to establish a permanent boundary between them westward of the interest, is too clear to admit of doubt. establish a permanent boundary between them westward of the Rocky mountains to the Pacific ocean." Accordingly, on the 26th of August, 1844, the British plenipotentiary offered to divide the Oregon territory by the 49th parallel of north latitude, from the Rocky mountains to the point of its intersection with the north-easternmost branch of the Columbia river, and thence down that river to the sea; leaving the free navigation of the river to be enjoyed in common by both parties—the country south of this line to belong to the United States, and that north of it to Great Britain. At the same time, he pro-6th. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one; and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.

7th. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person, and how?

8th. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence and by what means?

9th. Is the patient prore to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?

10th. Is the patient ever insane?

11th. Before the commencement either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the national particularly and the national honor. For the information of Congress, I communicate herewith the correspondation of 1826. This proposition was properly rejected by the American plenipotentiary on the day it was submitted. This was the only proposition of free principles, and our conference or furniture?

10th. Before the commencement either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the national honor. For the information of Congress, I communicate herewith the correspondation of 1826. This proposition was properly rejected by the American plenipotentiary.

20th Is the patient married or single; and was any relative of the patient ever insane?

20th. Is the patient ever insane?

20th. Before the commencement either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the national honor. For the information of Congress, I communicate herewith the correspondation of 1826. This proposition of 1826. This proposition was properly rejected by the American plenipotentiary. The position was submitted. This was the only proposition of free principles, and the national honor. For the information of Congress, I communicate herewith the correspondation of 1826. This proposition of our settlements over our territories herewith the correspondation of 1826. This proposition of our settlements of the late negotiation.

22th Is the patient ever insane?

22th Is the patient ever insane?

22th Is the patient ever insane?

22th

part of the Oregon territory upon any principle of public law recognized by nations, yet, in deference to what has been done

At the General Annual Meeting of the Mechanics' Institute, and the Town Hall, 27th November, 1845, A. Pringle, the parallel of 49 degrees of north latitude, which had been

nd the implied obligation which their acts seemed to impos It the objects of the Institution.

In compliance with the injunction of the General Annual ceting, the Committee now beg to lay their designs before the conviction, the proposition of compromise which had been made and rejected, was, by my direction, subsequently withdrawn, and our title to the whole Oregon territory asserted, and, as is

habiting, or who may hereafter inhabit Oregon, and for the maintenance of our just title to that territory. In adopting measures for this purpose, care should be taken that nothing be done to violate the stipulations of the convention of 1827, which is still in force. The faith of treaties, in their letter and spirit, has ever been, and, I trust, will ever be, scrupulously observed by the United States. Under that convention, year's notice is required to be given by either party to the other, before the joint occupancy shall terminate, and before either can rightfully assert or exercise exclusive jurisdiction over any portion of the territory. This notice it would, in my judgment, be proper to give; and I recommend that provision be made by law for giving it accordingly, and terminating, in this manner, the convention of the sixth of August, 1827.

convention. Beyond all question, the protection of our laws and our jurisdiction, civil and criminal, ought to be immediately extended over our citizens in Oregon. They have had just cause to complain of our long neglect in this particular, and have in consequence been compelled, for their own security and protection, to establish a provisional government for themselves. Strong in their allegiance and ardent in their attachment to the United States, they have been thus cast upon their own resources. They are anxious that our laws should be extended over them, and I recommend that this be done by Congress, N.B.—Terms to Subscribers to Library are 2s. 6d. entry to the rights of membership for life.

with as little delay as possible, in the tun extent to British subjects in that territory, by their act of July the second, 1821, the rights of membership for life. civil jurisdiction within certain parts of North America. By this act, Great Britain extended her laws and jurisdiction, civil and criminal, over her subjects engaged in the fur trade in that territory. By it, the courts of the Province of Upper Canada ANOTHER PROJECT OF "ANNEXATION."—The meaning of require any explanation. The New York Herald is too clear thorized to be appointed in Oregon, with power to execute all misdemeanors," not made the subject of capital punishment, and also of civil cases where the cause of action shall not "ex-

ceed in value the amount or sum of two hundred pounds." Subsequent to the date of this Act of Parliament, a grant was made from the British Crown to the Hudson's Bay Comgon Territory, subject to a reservation that it shall not operate to the exclusion "of the subjects of any foreign States, who, under or by force of any convention for the time being, between us and such foreign states respectively, may be entitled to, and shall be engaged in, the said trade."

It is much to be regretted that, while under this Act British ships and British large and Britis

subjects have enjoyed the protection of British laws and British judicial tribunals throughout the whole of Oregon, American citizens, in the same territory, have enjoyed no such prorican citizens, in the same territory, have enjoyed no such protection from their Government. At the same time, the result illustrates the character of our people and their institutions. In spite of this neglect, they have multiplied, and their number is rapidly increasing in that territory. They have made no appeal to arms, but have peacefully fortified themselves in their new homes, by the adoption of republican institutions for themselves; furnishing another example of the truth that self-government is inherent in the American breast, and must prevail. It is idea to them that they should be supposed and provail. It is due to them that they should be embraced and protected by our laws.

the United States and Great Britain, on the subject of the Oregon Territory. Three several attempts had been precountries by made to settle the questions in dispute between the two countries by proceedings of the Rocky Mountains, should be extended to such tribes as dwell beyond them.

The increasing emigration to Oregon, and the care and pro-It is deemed important that our laws regulating trade and

the vessels, citizens, and the subjects of the two Powers; it will be doing nothing more for American citizens and the subjects of the two high confacting parties may have to any part of the said country, nor

Annexed are the copy of a circular addressed by Dr. Rees, Medical superintendent of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum, State to any part of the said country; the only object of the the same territory.

shall it be taken to affect the claims of any other Power or State to any part of the said country; the only object of the high contracting parties in that respect being to prevent disputes and differences among themselves."

The negotiation of 1824 was productive of no result, and the convention of 1818 was left unchanged.

The negotiation of 1826, having also failed to effect an adjustment by compromise, resulted in the convention of August the 6th, 1827, by which it was agreed to continue in force, for an indefinite period, the provisions of the third article of the convention of the 20th of October, 1818; and it was further provided, that it shall be competent, however, to either of the provided, that it shall be competent, however, to either of the provided, that it shall be competent, however, to either of the provided, that it shall be competent, however, to either of the provided, that it shall be competent, however, to either of the provided, that it shall be competent, however, to either of the provided, that it shall be competent, however, to either of the provided think fit, at any time

would be to doubt the justice of Congress; but, pending the year's notice, it is worthy of consideration whether a stipulation to this effect may be made, consistently with the spirit of

ther be abandoned or firmly maintained. That they cannot be abandoned without a sacrifice of both national honour and

that north of this line to belong to the United States, and that north of it to Great Britain. At the same time, he proposed, in addition, to yield to the United States a detached territory, north of the Columbia, extending along the Pacific and the Straits of Fuca, from Bulfinch's harbour inclusive, to Hood's canal, and to make free to the United States any port that the valuable harbours on the Pacific, can never, for a moment, be entertained by the United States, with the valuable harbours on the Pacific, can never, for a moment, be entertained by the United States, with the valuable harbours on the Pacific, can never, for a moment, be entertained by the United States, with the valuable harbours on the Pacific, can never, for a moment, be entertained by the United States, and the valuable harbours on the Pacific, can never, for a moment, be entertained by the United States, with a trifling addition of detached territory north of that river, and would leave on the British side two-thirds of the whole Oregon territory, including the free navigation of the valuable harbours on the Pacific, can never, for a moment, be entertained by the United States, and the valuable harbours on the Pacific, can never, for a moment, be entertained by the United States, and the valuable harbours on the Pacific, can never, for a moment, be entertained by the United States, and the valuable harbours on the Pacific, can never, for a moment, be entertained by the United States and the valuable harbours on the Pacific and the valuable harbours on the valuable harbours o

when I came into office, I found this to be the state of the negotiation. Though entertaining the settled conviction, that the British pretentions of title could not be maintained to any be attempted, will be ready to resist it at any and all hazards. It is well known to the American people and to all nations, that this government has never interfered with the relations recognized by nations, yet, in deference to what has been done by my predecessors, and especially in consideration that proposition of compromise had been thrice made by two preceding administrations to adjust the question on the parallel of fortynine degrees, and, in two of them, yielding to Great Britain the free navigation of the Columbia, and that the pending negotiation had been commenced on the basis of compromise. I deemed it to be my duty not abruptly to break it off. In consideration, too, that under the conventions of 1818 and 1827, the citizens and subjects of the two Powers held a joint occupancy of the country, I was induced to make another effort to settle this long pending controversy in the spirit of moderation which had given birth to the renewed discussion.

A proposition was accordingly made, which was rejected by the British plenipotentiary, who, without submitting any other proposition, suffered the negotiation on his part to drop, expectations of the parallel of forty-nine degrees, and in two of them, yielding to Great Britain the free navigation of the Columbia, and that the pending negotiation bad been commenced on the basis of compromise. I doministrations to adjust the question of the parallel of forty-nine degrees, and, in two of them, yielding to Great Britain the free navigation of the Columbia, and that the pending negotiation between other governments. We have never nate ourselves parties to their wars or their alliances; we have not mingled with parties in their domestic struggles; and believing our own form of government to be the best, we have never attempted to propagate it by intrigue, by diplomacy or by force. We may dependent with those of European Domacy or European interference. The nations of America are equally sovereign and independent of all foreign interposition, to make war, to conclude peace, and to regulate their internal affairs. The people of the United States cannot, therefore, view with indifference attempted to the feature of the parties to their wars or thei proposition, suffered the negotiation on his part to drop, expressing his trust that the United States would offer what he saw fit to call "some further proposal for the settlement of the Oregon question, more consistent with fairness and equity, and them anxiously to desire the establishment of what they term the "balance of power." It cannot be permitted to have any application to the North American continent, and especially to

The number of volumes in the Library exceeds 360, consisting of an excellent selection of standard Philosophical, Theological, and general Literary Works. The office-bearers were strongly recommended to the office-bearers were

and our title to the whole Oregon territory asserted, and, as is believed, maintained by irrefragable facts and arguments.

The civilized world will see in these proceedings a spirit of liberal concession on the part of the United States; and this government will be relieved from all responsibility which may follow the failure to settle the controversy.

All attempts at compromise having failed, it becomes the duty of Congress to consider what measures it may be proper to adopt for the security and protection of our citizens now in the process of the security and protection of our citizens now in the process of the security and protection of our citizens now in the process of the security and protection of our citizens now in the process of the whole Oregon territory asserted, and, as is at this day but the promulgation of a policy which no European nations should be respected; but it is discussed in the promulgation of a policy which no European nations should be respected; but it is discussed in the promulgation of a policy which no European nations should be respected; but it is discussed in the promulgation of a policy which no European nations should be respected; but it is discussed in the promulgation of a policy which no European nations should be respected; but it is discussed in the promulgation of a policy which no European nations should be respected; but it is discussed in the promulgation of a policy which no European nations should be respected; but it is discussed in the promulgation of a policy which no European nations should be respected; but it is discussed in the promulgation of a policy which no European nations should be respected; but it is discussed in the promulgation of a policy which no European nations should be respected; but it is discussed in the promulgation of a policy which no European nations should be respected; but it is discussed in the promulgation of a policy which no cordial concurrence in its wisdom and sound policy.

MIDLAND CLERICAL ASSOCIATION.

HOME DISTRICT CLERICAL ASSOCIATION, The next Meeting of this Association will be held (D. V.) at the residence of the Rev. Henry Bath Osler, Lloyd Town, convention. Beyond all question, the protection of our laws on Wednesday and Thursday, the 14th and 15th of January,

GRAVELEY & JACKSON'S, in this town. Price 1s. 8d. Cobourg, Dec. 10, 1845.

FOR 1846.

formation, and headed by a SPLENDID STEEL ENGRAVING

thorized to be appointed in Oregon, with power to execute all process issuing from the courts of that Province, and to "sit and hold courts of record for the trial of criminal offences and Price—2s. 6d.

For Sale at Ramsay, Armour & Co's., Kingston; Goodeve & Corrigal, Cobourg; Ramsay & McKendrick, Hamilton; and at the Publishers'.

H. & W. ROWSELL. King Street, Toronto.

ROWSELLS' DIARY,

LAW AND COMMERCIAL REMEMBRANCER. Price-7s. 6d.

In England such Diaries for registering appointments, business to be attended to on particular days, &c., are in general use, and the Publishers having frequently had demands for a similar description of work, have been induced to attempt the publications.

H. & W. ROWSELL,

By order.
A. H. MOUAT, Secretary. 439 Cobourg, 25th Nov., 1845.

D. E. BOULTON, BARRISTER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY AND BANKRUPTCY, NOTARY PUBLIC,

MASTER EXTRAORDINARY IN CHANCERY,

COBOURG, CANADA WEST. Lands for Sale, in Upper Canada. THE FOLLOWING LANDS are offered for sale by the Executors of the late John S. Cartwright, Esq., viz.: Township. Lot. Con. Acres. Brooke Broken lot 27, and E. part of broken lot 26 lot 26 E. half 11 19 do. ... W. ½ 17, W. ½ 27 atle ... Cartwright ... Broken lots 18 & 19
nl ... Camden East ... N. half 22, half 23
do, ... Broken lots 39 & 40
do. an Cayuga...... 5 and 6, North side Talbot Road, South Collingwood .. E. half 14 E. half 19 Part N. half 2 Broken lots 10 & 11 ... Hamilton, (Town of) } 5, 6, 7 & 12, Block No. 2 14 & 15, " " 16 Hungerford... \$ 6, 18, 22, 24 & 34

Huntingdon .. 13, W. half 14

E. half

South half I

S. half 13 11, S ½ 13, S. ½ 17

LANDS FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING LANDS, the property of several Gentler

Township.

E. half 35

W. half 1

W. half 2

FRANCIS M. HILL, 439-tf

1200 "

800 "

Woolwich Block No. 3. on the Grancing 3000 acres, now being laid out in 200 acre lots

For terms of sale and other particulars, apply,-if by letter free of

NOTICE.

LANDS FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers Lands for Sale in the following

advantageous terms, on receiving one-third or one-fourth of the

ourchase money down, and the remainder in annual instalments

Manvers, District of Newcastle 10,000 acres.

The prices and numbers can be ascertained at his Office:-

Townships in the Newcastle and Colborne Districts,

FRANCIS M. HILL.

.... N. 17, W. half 12 16

At the General Annual Meeting of the Mechanics' Institute, held in the Town Hall, 27th November, 1845, A. Pringle, Esq., in the chair, the following gentlemen were elected office-bearers for the ensuing year:—A. Pringle, Esq., President; David Brodie, Esq., Vice-President; James M. Brodie, he United States.

We must ever maintain the principle, that the people of this continent alone have the right to decide their own destiny.

Should any portion of them, constituting an independent state, propose to unite themselves with our confederacy, this will be

> as subjects for future colonization by any European nower." This principle will apply with greatly increased force, should any European power attempt to establish any new colony in North America. In the existing circumstances of the world,

The Members of this Association are respectfully reminded that the next Meeting is appointed to be held (D. V.) at Kingston, on Wednesday, the 7th, and Thursday, the 8th of January

SALTERN GIVINS, Secretary, Mohawk Parsonage, 8th Dec., 1845.

ALEX. SANSON, Secretary. York Mills, Dec. 9, 1845.

RELIGION AS SEEN THROUGH THE CHURCH A FEW COPIES of this popular little work, handsomely bound in cloth, with gilt backs, are for sale at Messrs.

ROWSELLS' SHEET ALMANAC,

& W. ROWSELL have just published their SHEET ALMANAC for 1846, containing a large amount of

Price-2s. 6d.

TUST PUBLISHED, a work with the above title, and which it is the intention of the Publishers to continue annually. It is of the size of letter paper, and contains a separate space for every day in the year, with the days of the week and month printed at the head of the respective spaces. The Calendar and a variety of other useful information is prefixed. on. It is printed on good paper, and substantially half-bound.

As only a very limited number of copies is printed for 1846, parties desirous of having them, are requested to forward their orders immediately to the Publishers,

Seymour, Hope, Clarke, 1100 Darlington, Cartwright, Cavan, Emily, District of Colborne, 800 Smith, Otonibee. 700 " The Subscriber has also Lands in the Eastern, Johnstown athurst, Midland, Victoria, Home, Simcoe, Gore, Loudon

Talbot, and Western Districts, which he would sell on the like He has several fine Farms for Sale, with extensive improve ments thereon, in the Townships of Hamilton, Heldimand, Murray, Cramahe, Hope, Otonibee, Smith, Emily, and Ops.—He has likewise for Sale several hundred

TOWNLOTS

in Cobourg, a few in Port Hope, Grafton, and Colborne, besides a number in Bond Head, on Lake Ontario, for which latter Lots application is to be made to WM. B. ROBINSON, Esq., residing in Bond Head. G. S. BOULTON.

Cobourg, 25th Nov., 1845.

THE Subscriber, having resumed the active pursuit of his profession, hereby acquaints the public that he has opened an Office in King Street, between the Church Office and that of the Montreal Bank in this town, where he will be happy to attend to the business of any of his old or new clients, who may be pleased to intrust it to his management.

THE Subscribers to the Trent Church, residing in a about Cohourg, are requested to pay their respect Subscriptions to Benjamin Clark, Esq., who holds a list their names, and is duly authorised to receive the same.

(Signed) SHELDON HAWLEY, who may be pleased to intrust it to his management.

FURS! HATS!!

JUST received direct from London, ex Lady Seaton, a splendid assortment of MANUFACTURED FURS, Stone Martin Muffs, Boas and Gauntlets. Squirrel do. do. do. British Sable do. do. do.

Stone Martin, South Sea Seal, Nutriæ Caps. -ALSO:-Paris Silk and Satin Hats. Beaver Ladies' Riding

RAL SADDLERY, consisting of every description of Saddles and Harness; 'Hunting, Tandem, Carriage and Riding Whips; English Bridles, of every description; Spurs, Horse Brushes, Mane and Curry Combs, &c.

The Subscribers would also beg leave to call the attention of Lumber Manchante and colors at a distance to the case.

November 6, 1845.

RCCLESIASTICAL MUSIC.

JUST PUBLISHED

WITH THE SANCTION OF THE HON. AND RIGHT REVEREND

Lumber Merchants, and others at a distance, to the great reduction that has been effected in the price of Saddlery in Cobourg, which makes it one of the cheapest markets in this

section of the Province.

And, while they solicit a share of public patronage, they will be equally solicitous to merit it. HENRY DAVIES. WM. PEARSON. Division-Street, Cohourg, 1845.

JOHN C. BETTRIDGE, YONGE STREET, TORONTO, HAS just received from the English, French, and America Markets, an extensive Stock of GENUINE, PATENT AND OTHER MEDICINES. Drugs, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Colours, Varnishes;

GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS; CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS, AND GROCERS. All of which he is prepared to sell,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, On as Liberal Terms as can be obtained in Canada West. An able Assistant has been engaged to superintend the Drug Department. PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPAR.ED

Toronto, July, 1845. OLD ESTABLISHED BOOK-BINDERY ADELAIDE BUILDINGS,

KING STREET, TORONTO. HUGH SCOBIE RATEFULLY acknowledges the kind and extensive patronage with which he has been favoured in the above department of his business from all parts of the Province, and begs to assure his friends that he will avail himself of every opportunity to sustain and enhance the reputation the BINDERY has acquired. None but the most EXPERIENCED WORKMEN

are employed, nor any but the BEST MATERIALS used, and those imported direct from England. An experienced Parisian Hand has been engaged, and an chased, to get up FANCY and ORNAMENTAL BINDING, in a style to command universal approbation.

Especial attention will be paid to the Binding of Law and

ACCOUNT BOOKS. Plain and Fancy Binding and Blank Books executed to any Bankers' and Merchants' Books made and ruled to order, in a very superior manner.
All Orders will be executed with the greatest dispatch, and

at the lowest possible price.
Toronto, Sept. 29, 1845. FALL AND WINTER GOODS. JOHN HOLMAN.

For Terms of sale and other particulars, apply,—if by letter, free f postage, to TAILOR AND DRAPER, RESPECTFULLY begs leave to announce to his Customers and the Public generally, that he has just received his FALL AND WINTER STOCK, which, on inspection, will be found to be much more complete than he has hitherto been enabled to offer. It consists of the best West of England of several Gentlemen enabled to otter. It consists of the best firest of Lagrange Beveringe, count, each

Broad Cloths; Beaver Cloths, of various colours; Trowserings Nos. 1 and 8 bound together, cloth bound, each Con. Acres. in great variety; Velveteens, &c. &c. together with an elegant HISTORICAL SERIES:

365 assortment of VESTINGS.
200
200
J. H. would also invite attention J. H. would also invite attention to his Stock of SMALL WARES: Such as Scarfs, Cravats, Stocks, Opera Ties, Collars, Suspenders, Gloves, Lambswool Vests, &c. &c. &c. the whole of which

he is prepared to dispose of AT AS A LOW A FIGURE as they can be purchased at in Cobourg. For Sale at the Depository of the Church Society of the University best style, and on moderate terms. Cobourg, 16th October, 1845.

BOARDING SCHOOL, FOR YOUNG LADIES, BY MRS. GEORGE RYERSON.

TERMS PER QUARTER: Italian .. Tuition to Junior Classes, under Ten Years of Age-

A Quarter's notice required before removing a Pupil.-

Quarters commence on the 9th May, 1st of September, 23rd of November, and 15th of February. MRS. RYERSON hopes to do justice to those who may entrust their children to her care, as she has had much experience in the work of instruction in the West of England, in Dublin, and in London, in the families of Noblemen and private Gentlemen. Bay Street, (between King Street and Adelaide Street) March, 1845.

EDUCATION. MRS. HERRMAN POETTER receives a limited number of Young Ladies, to instruct in the usual branches of a sound and lady-like Education.

References kindly permitted to the Rev. W. M. HERCHMER, to whom Mrs. Poetter is indebted for the superintendence of the religious instruction of her pupils,—and also to the undermentioned gentlemen, whose daughters she has educated:— THOS. KIRKPATRICK, Esq., of Kingston. GEORGE S. BOULTON, Esq., of Cobo

JOHN TURNBULL, Esq., of Belleville. Mrs. Poetter will be happy to forward her terms to any peron who may require then King Street, Kingston, Sept. 16, 1845.

EDUCATION. THE REV. J. G. GEDDES, Rector of Hamilton, having engaged a very experienced and competent Assistant, is prepared to receive a few additional Day Pupils, and has also two vacancies for pupils as boarders in his family. Hamilton, 24th Sept., 1845.

EDUCATION. MRS. T. D. CAMPBELL wishes to receive into her family a few young Ladies as Pupils, whom she will instruct with her children, and to whose health and comfort her care and attention will be unremitting. A competent Assistant will be engaged. For Terms, &c. address Mrs. T. D. Campbell, Brockville,—

TO UNIVERSITY STUDENTS, AND OTHERS.

A FEW young Gentlemen can be accommodated with furnished Lodging and Board, by a Lady residing in Toronto, and who occupies one of the best and most conveniently situated houses in that city. Reference to Thomas Champion Esq., 144 King Street, and an early application is requested.

THE Subscribers to the TRENT CHURCH, residing in and about Cobourg, are requested to pay their respective Subscriptions to Benjamin Clark, Esq., who holds a list of

February 20, 1845. Teeth! Teeth!! Teeth!!! G. S. BOULTON. upon his friends at his office or at their dwellings.

CHURCHMAN'S ALMANAC.

JUST PUBLISHED, THE CHURCHMAN'S ALMANAC FOR 1846,

CONTAINING FORTY-EIGHT PAGES Ecclesiastical, Commercial and General Information. Price Fourpence.

Price Fourpence.

Beaver do.
Ladies' Riding do.
Children's do.
Do. Beaver Bonnets.
The whole of which were made expressly to the order of the Importers, and are warranted to be of the beat quality, and as low in price as any house in the Province.

GOODEVE & CORRIGAL,
King-Street.
Cobourg, 4th Nov. 1845.

SADDLERY WAREHOUSE.
The Subscribers respectfully beg leave to inform the inhabitants of Cobourg and the public generally, that they have entered into Partnership, under the firm of

DAVIES & PEARSON,
for the purpose of carrying on the SADDLERY BUSINESS in the Town of Cobourg, where they have, and will keep constantly on hand, a large and well selected stock of GENERAL SADDLERY, consisting of every description of Saddles and Henral Saddles and Henral Saddles and Henral Saddles are selected to company the last two years has induced the Publishers to print a much larger edition for 1846, which enables them to reduce the princip to the company to promoting the circulation of this Almanac during the last two years has induced the Publishers to print a much larger edition for 1846, which enables them to reduce the princip to promoting the circulation of this Almanac during the last two years has induced the Publishers to print a much larger edition for 1846, which enables them to reduce the princip as induced the Publishers to print a much larger edition for 1846, which enables them to reduce the princip as induced the Publishers to print a much larger edition for 1846, which enables them to reduce the princip as induced the Publishers to print a much larger edition for 1846, which enables them to reduce the princip as induced the Publishers to print a much larger edition for 1846, which enables them to reduce the princip as induced the Publishers to print a much larger edition for 1846, which enables them to reduce the princip as induced the Publishers to print a much larger edition for 1846, which enables them to reduce the princip as induced the Publishers to print a much larger edition for 1846, which enables th

THE LORD BISHOP OF TORONTO, CANADIAN CHURCH PSALMODY:

CONSISTING OF A Selection of Psalm Tunes, Chants, &c. EDITED BY J. P. CLARKE,

ORGANIST OF CHRIST CHURCH, HAMILTON, THE work is in medium oblong 4to size, and consists of one bundred and sixteen pages, containing generally two Psalm Tunes on a page, with Organ or Piano Forte accompaniments, with Anthems for the principal Festivals during the year, and numerous double and single Chants, Te Deums, &c. &c. &c.

PRICE—In stiff covers, with cloth backs, 6s. 3d. each; full bound in cloth, lettered, 7s. 6d. each.

Persons desirous of having copies more handsomely or substantially bound will please send their orders to the Publishers. For sale at Ramsay, Armour & Co.'s, Kingston; Goodeve & Corrigal's, Cobourg; Ramsay & McKendrick's, Hamilton; J. F. Rogers, Woodstock; Armour & Ramsay, and J. Walt-

H. & W. ROWSELL, King Street, Toronto.

PORTRAIT 416-tf OF THE HONORABLE AND RIGHT REVEREND The Lord Bishop of Toronto.

I T is proposed to publish an Engraving of his Lordship the Bishop of Toronto, from a Painting just completed by Mr. Berthon. The size and style of the Engraving will be similar to the Portrait of His Excellency the Governor General, recently published. The Painting has been seen by numerous of his Lordship's family and friends, and is universally pronounced to be a most correct and admirable likeness. Persons desirous of securing copies of the Engraving, are requested to desirous of securing copies of the Engraving, are requested to forward their names without delay. The price will be

H. & W. ROWSELL, King Street, Toronto.

September 10th, 1845. EDUCATIONAL BOOKS. Reading Series, No. I.
Lesson Book, No. 1, per doz.
, No. 2, do. CATECHETICAL SERIES: 4. Scripture Proofs and Illustrations of the Church Catechism...
5. The Church Catechism with Scriptural Refe-

No. 1. History of England, bound, each GEOGRAPHICAL SERIES: No. 1. Elements of Geography 40 0 English Grammar with Explanatory Questions, p doz. 2 6 Wilson's Outlines of English Grammar

SCHOOL MAPS. ON CANVAS ON ROLLER, COLOURED. Ditto ditto, outline
Europe, 5 ft, 3 in. × 4 ft. 4 in. ditto ditto North America..... Scotland

Ditto, outlines For Sale at the Depository of the Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto, 144 King St., Toronto.

THE STEAMER ADMIRAL, CAPT. WILLIAM GORDON, WILL leave Toronto, for NIAGARA, QUEENSTON, and Lewiston, every day, (Sundays excepted) at 2 o'clock, P. M., and will leave Queenston for Toronto every morning, (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, and Nisgara at 9 o'clock,

Toronto, November 20, 1845,

MARRIED. In St. James' Cathedral, Toronto, on the 9th October, by the Rev. H. J. Grassett, A. M., Mr. C. Lord Helliwell, of Hamilton, to Eliza, only daughter of Mr. William Jones, late of the Upper Court, Lullesly, Worcestershire, England. At Fredericksburgh, on the 1st inst., by the Rev. Job Dea-con, Mr. Walter Ross, Merchant, of Picton, to Elizabeth, se-

cond daughter of the late Henry Thorpe, Esq., of the former DIED.

In Toronto, on Wednesday morning, the 3rd inst., after a lingering and painful disease, which he bore with the utmost fortitude, Mr. William Wilson Paton, printer, (son of the late Mr. Alexander Paton,) aged 20 years and 6 mouths. Mr. Alexander Paton.) aged 20 years and 6 months.

On Saturday, the 29th ult., at his residence, Wood Brook, Township of Hope, Canada West, William Fortune, Esq., late of Mount Mary, County Cork, Ireland, aged 74 years; a kind affectionate husband and father, a sincere friend, an humble Christian, and a steady Churchman. Having obtained and enjoyed a good old age, trusting solely in the merits of a Crucilied Redeemer, he passed into that state of blesseduess which is the undoubted inheritance of His faithful followers. Though the weather was unfavourable, the funeral was most numerousthe weather was unfavourable, the funeral was most numerous-ly and respectably attended. The line of vehicles extended be-youd a mile, and when he was lowered to his narrow bed, duyou a fine, and when he was lowered to his harrow bed, during the performance of our sublime and beautiful burial service, the long drawn sigh that broke from many a breast, the silent tear that stole down many a cheek, the lingering of the many friends around the grave till the last shovel-full of earth was heaped on his lamented remains during one of the coldest and most inclement snow storms witnessed this season, attest how fondly

he was loved, how deeply he is deplored.—Communicated.

At Morgan House, Ham Common, Surrey, England, on the 11th September last, Jane Farrel, relict of the late Charles Scott, Esq., of the Island of Ceylon. The deceased resided for several years in the town of Kingston, where her piety and Christian virtues endeared her in a singular manner to all classes in that community.

D. R. COWLES has again returned to Cobourg and will resume the practice of his profession as Dentist. Having supplied himself with new Instruments as well as beautiful Porcelain Teeth and Gold Foil, he is now prepared to wait upon his friends at his office or at their dwellings.

Letters received during the week ending A. Beautiful Porcelain Teeth (Dec. 4); Rev. Wm. Leeming, rem.; J. Mountain, Esq.; B. Hayter, Esq. (Dec. 4) rem.; F. M. Hill, Esq.; Rev. S. Givins; J. M. Babington, Esq., add. sub. and rem.; T. Champion, Esq., add. sub. and rem.; Lord Bishop of Toronto; Rev. J. Deagon tem. Letters received during the week ending Thursday, Dec. 11: 426-tf Deaeon, rem.

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