had a good day's work chopping down trees and brush-wood, grubbing up roots, and making huge fires to burn all up. About twelve acres were cleared sufficiently for ploughing, and this will be fenced round. In the evening, when the men all came in for supper, I showed them my plans for the new buildings, and they seemed very much pleased with them."

AT THE INDIAN SCHOOLS.

THERE are forty-eight pupils at the Rupert's Land Industrial School for Indian Children near Winnipeg, and they expect soon to increase their number to seventy. The crops on the school farm, consisting of twenty acres of grain and five acres of vegetables, are doing remarkably well.

THERE are forty-six pupils at present at the Washakada and Kasota Homes at Elkhorn, Manitoba.

THE Government Industrial School at Regina is almost ready for occupation, and the committee has already been asked to recommend to the Government officers to be placed in charge of it. The buildings cost some \$40,000, and they are planned to accommodate 200 children.

A NEW wing is being added to the Shingwauk Home at Sault Ste. Marie. It is built of stone, and will have kitchen and lavatory on the groundfloor, and reading room and dormitory above. Anewframe building is also in course of erection, the upper part of which is to be an Assembly Hall, and the lower part to be used as a drill shed and recreation room.

THE average attendance at the Mount Elgin Institution at Muncey, Ont., has lately been about seventy. The Indian Department has decided to enlarge the main building so as to afford accommodation for 120 pupils.

A NEW Home for Indian children is now in course of erection at Medicine Hat, Assiniboia. It is to be called the Sokitahpe Home, and will be worked in connection with the Homes at Sault Ste. Marie and Elkhorn.

THE largest Indian School in the United States is that at Carlisle in Pennsylvania. It has 600 Indian pupils—boys and girls; and they come from all parts of the American Continent.

THE American Government has recently established schools for Indian children at Point Barrow, Point Hope, and Cape Prince of Wales. All these places are in the Northern part of Alaska among the Eskimos, two of them being within the Arctic circle.

There are now seven Industrial Boarding Schools for Indian children in the Canadian North-west, all of them established within the last five years.